"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Probably fair today and tomorrow; rising temperature; wind south.
For full weather report see Page 21.

VOL. LXVI...NO. 21,689. NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JUNE 12, 1917.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES.

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BRITAIN BACKS PRESIDENT IN NOTE TO RUSSIA

Says She Approves Principles Laid Down in His Historic Message to Congress.

WAR NOT ONE OF CONQUEST

Rejoices Russia Has Announced Intention of Rescuing Poles from Germany.

WISHES HER GODSPEED

Expresses Readiness to Examine, and If Need Be, Revise Treaties Made with Allies.

LONDON, June 11.—In reply to the Russian Government's request for a statement of the British war aims, Great Britain has forwarded to Petrograd a note in which is expressed hearty acceptation and approval of the principles which President Wilson laid down in his historic message to Congress. The British Government believes, broadly speaking, that the agreements made from time to time with Britain's allies are conformable to these standards.

The purpose of Great Britain at the outset, says the note, was to defend the existence of the country and enforce respect for international agreements. Since then there has been added that of "liberating populations oppressed by alien tyranny." The note bespeaks not only the liberation of Poland by Russia, but of that section of Poland within the dominions of the Germanic Empires. Following is the text of the document:

"In the proclamation to the Russian people inclosed with the note it is said that free Russia does not purpose to dominate other peoples or take from them their national patrimony or forcibly occupy foreign territory. In this sentiment the British Government heartily concur. They did not enter the war as a war of conquest; they are not continuing it for such object. Their purpose at the outset was to defend the existence of their country and enforce respect for international engagements. To those objects have now been added that of liberating populations oppressed by alien tyranny.

"They heartily rejoice, therefore, that free Russia has announced her intention of liberating Poland, not only Poland ruled by the old Russian autocracy but equally that within the dominion of the Germanic Empires. In this enterprise the British democracy wish Russia godspeed.

"Beyond everything we must seek such settlement as will secure the happiness and contentment of peoples and take away all legitimate causes of future war.

"The British Government heartily join with their Russian allies in their acceptance and approval of the principles laid down by President Wilson in his historic message to the American Congress. These are the aims for which the British peoples are fighting. These are the principles by which their war policy is and will be guided.

"The British Government believe that, broadly speaking, the agreements they have from time to time made with their allies are conformable to these standards, but if the Russian Government so desire they are quite ready, with the allies, to examine and, if need be, to revise these agreements."

FRENCH APPROVE NOTE.

Say It Shows the World Must Unite to Vanish Autocracy.

PARIS, June 11.—President Wilson's note to Russia today occupies a prominent position in the French newspapers. The general current of editorial opinion strongly approves of it. The Journal des Débats says the note is in reality a message to the Russian people and all the Allies, showing the indispensable necessity of all States based upon liberal principles pursuing the war until victory establishes this liberal principle throughout the world and puts an end to autocracy.

"Mr. Wilson shows," the newspaper continues, "that the entire world, caught in the meshes of Germanic intrigue, is absolutely compelled to break the chains in order to liberate itself. It is necessary, he demonstrates, either to vanquish or to submit to autocracy, that we either must dominate or be dominated."

"Mr. Wilson unmasks the sophism of re-establishing peace on the basis of the status quo ante bellum. While he is against conquest he requires the righting of wrongs and guarantees against their renewal; he wishes no people to be forced to accept a sovereignty, yet each nationality affected will readily understand his meaning."

The Temps gives a prominent place to the note, but makes no comment on it.

La Presse says:

"The document has an elevated philosophic character, which is marked by moderation of purposes expressed and a firm intention of attaining those purposes."

Georges Berthoulat says in La Liberté:

"President Wilson's note to Russia is a compendium of universal democracy that the American Republic invites Russia to study. It is striking, logical, profound and human. Will the Russian democracy in its cradle listen to the American democracy in its full experience?"

LAUDS PRESIDENT'S NOTE.

British Paper Calls It Powerful Piece of Analysis.

LONDON, June 11.—The Manchester Guardian, in a long leader, describes President Wilson's message to Russia as an extraordinary and powerful piece of writing. The paper finds little new in his statement of principles affecting a peace settlement, but says that his

Continued on Page 3.

Germany Decides to Hold Americans Taken by Moewe

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Germany has notified the United States that she regards the seventy-four American merchant sailors brought in by the raider Moewe as prisoners of war, and that they will be treated as such.

To insure them adequate care in the prison camp, this Government has arranged to supply the men with additional food and other necessities through Switzerland.

300,000 REGISTER HERE ON FIRST DAY

Clerks Overwhelmed as State War Census Starts with a Rush.

NO DISORDER REPORTED

Names Recorded by 40,000 Volunteer Men and Women —Mayor Enrolls Early.

More than 40,000 men and women began yesterday the taking of the State military census of all persons between the ages of 16 and 50 years, and at 11 o'clock last night Ernest P. Goodrich, director of the census for New York City, announced that about 300,000 had registered, of whom 100,000 were in Brooklyn and 20,000 in Queens. There are about 4,000 registering places in the city, and most of these were open by 8 o'clock in the morning, while hundreds were ready for business an hour earlier. In many instances the work of registration was delayed owing to the non-delivery of registry cards and other needed documents, but by this morning, it was announced, every registration place would be fully supplied.

At noon the first reports began to come into census headquarters at 261 Broadway. These showed the registration was well within the estimated daily average figured on by the directors. In a few districts enthusiastic registrars reported that if the day's rush was maintained for the rest of this week those districts would have been finished with. In some districts the supply of registration cards ran out in the early afternoon, but the deficiency was quickly made up.

There was no disorder reported in any part of the city, even the shyest of women, according to the registrars, telling their ages without a moment's hesitation. Every schoolhouse is a registration office, as are also most of the libraries and many of the public buildings. One of the busiest of the registry places was the one in the Museum of Natural History. Fifty-three women volunteers helped in the work there.

The Census Office issued this statement last night:

Eager to Register.

"The force of 40,000 volunteer workers for New York City was literally overwhelmed by the rush. At the headquarters, 261 Broadway, a crowd of persons eager to register and a larger crowd of those seeking information on numerous points of residence, citizenship, and exemption from militia duty jammed the offices. A large store on the ground floor was pressed into service as an emergency registration place, and fifteen volunteer registrars were at work. At the time of closing 522 persons had been registered at this office.

"Two questions were raised repeatedly during the day. One was regarding the rule for absentees from the city. Hundreds of persons called for blanks to take out of town to persons who would not be in the city during the period of registration from June 11 to June 25. Owing to the fact that no way existed for ascertaining the identity of the persons for whom the blanks were sought, the rule against giving blanks to take away from the registration places had to be strictly enforced. Inquirers were directed to send in a written application giving the names and address of persons for whom blanks were needed, and blanks will be sent to them by mail. These blanks must be sworn to before a notary public in order to comply with the law regarding absentees.

"Another question was about exemptions from military duty. The State regulations require that each male citizen or alien between the ages of 18 and 45, who has taken out his first citizenship papers be served with a notice of enrollment in the State militia. On the back of this form is a notice to the effect that persons claiming exemption are required to file an affidavit setting forth their claims of exemption with the County Clerk of the county in which they reside. This led to much confusion in the County Clerk's offices in New York, Kings and Queens Counties, according to report.

File Exemption Claims.

"Nearly 1,000 men appeared at the office of County Clerk William F. Schneider to file claims of exemption, and hundreds more thronged the offices of the County Clerks in Brooklyn and in Queens. It was explained at the census headquarters that the County Clerk was authorized to grant exemptions only to men in the service of the United States in the army or navy, post office, and custom house departments, and to marines engaged in active sea service. The County Clerk cannot take notice of any other claims of exemption because these are the only classes that are exempt under the rulings of the Adjutant General to date. If a draft of men is ordered for the State militia it is understood that the same procedure will be followed as for a Federal draft, and all persons called out will have to present their claims for exemption on account of dependents, injuries, or other causes, to an Examining Board to be named subsequently. It should be plainly understood that the County Clerk cannot grant any exemptions whatever, nor can he recognize any claims but the four classes already mentioned.

"Mayor Mitchel registered in the afternoon at the City Hall. His enrollment was taken by Director Goodrich, and he was served with a notice of enrollment in the State militia. The Mayor's answers to the questions, 'Do you desire to enlist in the United States Army, the United States Navy, the United States Marine Corps, the New York National Guard, the New York Naval Militia,' were all in the negative. The Mayor said he believed he was best fitted for service in the infantry, and that he could operate a power boat or an automobile. Governor Whitman will also enroll before Director Goodrich, either at Albany or in the New York City

Continued on Page 2.

BRITISH CAPTURE ANOTHER MILE OF LINE IN BELGIUM

Seize German Trench System Southeast of Messines in Early Morning Attack.

TAKE SEVEN FIELD GUNS

Successful Raids Carried Out at Various Other Points of the Front.

FRENCH REPEL ASSAULTS

Enemy Makes Several Futile Attempts to Gain Ground on the Aisne.

LONDON, June 11.—By striking another blow at the southern end of their new front in Belgium today the British captured the enemy's trench system over a front of about a mile near La Poterie farm, just one mile due west of Warneton. The operation, which was in the nature of a surprise attack, as seen by the fact that General Haig's troops took seven field guns, was carried out early this morning. During the day the British gained further ground in this area.

Elsewhere on the British front the day has been marked by spirited raiding operations, particularly at several points along La Bassée salient, between Lens and Armentières, which is the only important salient left in German hands along this front.

The text of tonight's statement reads:

Our progress southeast of Messines has continued. Early this morning we captured the enemy's trench system in the neighborhood of La Poterie farm on a front of about a mile, and during the day our troops gained further ground in this area.

In addition to some prisoners, seven German field guns have been captured by us today as a result at these operations.

The early statement said:

There was considerable artillery activity on both sides during the night east of Ypehy. Bodies of hostile troops assembling in this area were dispersed by our fire.

We made a successful raid last night southwest of La Bassée. Much damage was done to the enemy's trenches and mine galleries, and eighteen prisoners were captured. Parties of our troops also raided German positions east of Vermelles and south of Armentières. They inflicted a number of casualties on the enemy.

Our own and the enemy's artillery showed great activity last night south of Ypres. Our line has again been advanced slightly south of Messines.

Guns Raging on Front in Belgium.

BERLIN, June 11, (via London.)—There was a considerable increase yesterday in the artillery activity in the sector of the dunes on the Belgian front, near Nieuport and east of Ypres, says today's Army Headquarters announcement. The text of the statement reads:

Army Group of Crown Prince Rupprecht: In the sector of the dunes, near Nieuport and east of Ypres, the firing activity yesterday increased considerably in intensity from time to time. The firing also increased toward evening in the battle area east of Wytschaete and Messines.

After a vigorous surprise bombardment at night, British companies advanced against our lines west of Hollebeke and Vambeke. They were repulsed. South of the Douve, British attacks during the evening against the pottery west of Warneton failed.

On both sides of La Bassée Canal and on the southern bank of the Scarpe our destructive fire near Festubert, Loos, and Monchy prevented British attacks in preparation from being carried out. On the La Bassée-Bethune road, northeast of Vermelles and near Hulluch, enemy reconnoitring advances were repulsed.

Army group of the German Crown Prince: On the Chemin-des-Dames, to the west of Cerny, East Prussian and Westphalian thrusting troops broke into the French trenches in a surprise attack and annihilated the occupants with the exception of those who fled. Our men returned with some prisoners. The lively firing which began here extended to adjacent sectors. Elsewhere the firing remained unimportant.

Army group of Duke Albrecht: There is nothing new to report.

MESSINES BATTLE A STUNNING BLOW

Examination of Captured Ground Shows Terrible Effect of the Modern Weapons of War.

By PHILIP GIBBS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WAR CORRESPONDENTS' HEADQUARTERS, June 11.—The effect of the British capture of Messines and Wytschaete has been such a stunning blow to the enemy that he has not as yet made any attempt at counterattacking on a big scale. The rapid advance below the further slopes of the ridge and the rush forward of the guns made it impossible for him to rally his supporting troops quickly, and as the hours pass it becomes more impossible for him to storm his way back. His early attempts to assemble troops in the Warneton neighborhood were annihilated in-

Continued on Page 2.

British Patrol Boat Destroys German Seaplanes Off Dover

LONDON, June 11.—Two of five hostile seaplanes that were sighted by a drifter of the Dover patrol today were destroyed by the British craft, it was officially announced tonight. The Admiralty statement announcing this incident says:

"The Vice Admiral at Dover reports that about 5 A. M. today one of his Majesty's drifters, while on patrol duty, encountered a group of five enemy seaplanes, and engaged them. One machine was destroyed, the pilot being rescued by another enemy machine. This machine was in turn attacked by the drifter, and both pilots were taken prisoners, the machine being so badly damaged that it sank while being towed into the harbor.

"The remaining three enemy seaplanes made good their escape."

MEETING OF REDS TRAPS SLACKERS

U. S. Marshal Arrests Thirty at 'Protest Against Draft' Without Registration Cards.

WARNS AGAINST DISLOYALTY

"I Will Arrest This Goldman Woman," He Says, "if She Organizes More Such Meetings."

Leon Samson, a pale-faced Columbia University student, who when asked if he had a registration card replied meekly: "I am only 20 years old," and Emma Goldman, the anarchist agitator, staged a mass meeting which they styled a "protest against the selective draft law by the Collegiate League for Peace and Harmony," at 10 West 114th Street last night, and by so doing made it possible for United States Marshal Thomas D. McCarthy to round up a number of men of conscript age who had defied the law by refusing to register last Tuesday. The round-up came at the end of the meeting and took the anarchists and their youthful dupes, among them a score of girls still in their teens, entirely by surprise. The result was a wild scramble for the exits, but at every door stood one or two policemen and several National Guardsmen. Every man who was of draft age had to show his card and those that could not were taken into custody.

In all thirty men were detained pending an investigation of their status by the proper Federal authorities. At midnight two had confessed that they had willfully disobeyed the law and were ordered locked up. The other twenty-eight, who during the meeting had shouted and applauded when President Wilson was sneered at, the Liberty Loan denounced, and the army and navy referred to in jeering terms, were meek as lambs and pitifully begged for permission to go home. Some said they had left their cards at home, others said they had lost them, while still others insisted that they had given them to relatives for safe keeping. Seventeen were finally let go, but eleven were detained until their cards are produced.

"We are sick and tired of these disloyal meetings in New York," said Marshal McCarthy as he surveyed the line of frightened men lined up in single file against the wall in the hall where the meeting at which all things American were denounced was held. "And, furthermore," the Marshal added, "I want it clearly understood that in the future we are not going to permit these unpatriotic and disloyal gatherings. We can't stop free speech as contemplated by the Constitution, but we can put an end to disloyalty, and we are going to do it.

"We would have been entirely justified in arresting every man who attended this meeting, and they can be thankful that we did not. The United States is at war, and the people who attend and applaud anti-American utterances are not good Americans. They are not friends of the United States. I have informed this Goldman woman that in the future we will not permit her to organize such meetings. If she does she will be arrested if I have to do it myself. This goes for all of her kind, too."

Hates "the American Kaiser."

The meeting place was a small hall on the second floor of Lenox Hall on 114th Street, near Lenox Avenue. Some other organization had used the hall for a meeting Sunday night, and those who attended happened to be of the kind who think the United States is a pretty good country and is worth fighting for, and they had put some American flags on the wall. The result was that the meeting was held under the Stars and Stripes, a fact that proved a matter of chagrin to those who applauded like wild Indians when Samson shouted that "as much as we hate the German Kaiser, we hate still more the American Kaiser." Everybody present realized whom he had in mind.

As was the case at the anarchist gathering in the Bronx, a week ago the police were prepared to handle any sort of a demonstration last night. The four little searchlight automobiles were on hand early. Two hundred uniformed men were in reserve nearby, while an equal number were scattered in and about the hall. The police lines were established a block on either side of the meeting place and inside those lines only authorized persons were permitted to go. The hall will hold 1,000 persons when crowded, but the police did not permit more than 500 to enter.

At 8 o'clock Samson, who was then defiant of attitude and utterance, arose to open the meeting. On one side of him sat a young man named Rabinovich, who said he represented the College of the City of New York. Charles Francis Phillips, the former Columbia student, who goes on trial tomorrow for conspiracy to dissuade men from registering, was listed among the speakers, but Phillips, who has had a change of heart, did not appear. Owen Cattell, son of Professor Cattell of Columbia, under indictment with Phillips, showed up, however, but he took the advice of the police and negotiated a speedy exit. Miss Grace Grumbecker of Hunter College was also scheduled for a speech, but she was not there or she did not make her presence known. Daniel Cooper of Harvard, the other speaker, also failed to make his scheduled utterance.

Samson, in his opening harangue, devoted much of his time to the Workmen's and Soldiers' Council of Russia. He announced that he was about to organize such a council to run things in the United States, and when he said that the young girls and the young men of conscript age applauded for a full

Continued on Page 2.

QUENCHES THE THIRST.
HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE. A teaspoonful in a glass of water is very refreshing, especially when thirsty. Try a bottle to-day.

'SPY OR TRAITOR' GOT NAVY SECRETS, DANIELS CHARGES

Interrupts Frelinghuysen Asking Question Based on Anonymous Letters.

ABOUT DEFECTIVE SHELLS

Senator Retorts and in Later Statement Says He Notified Daniels of Letters' Contents.

UPHOLDS UNKNOWN WRITER

Incident Stirs Senate Committee—Daniels to Ask Attorney General to Investigate.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Secretary Daniels caused a stir today before the Senate Committee on Naval Affairs by charging that "either a spy or a traitor" had stolen records from the navy's confidential file and communicated information taken from them to Senator Frelinghuysen of New Jersey. The Secretary stated that he would put the matter in the hands of the Department of Justice, and every effort would be made to discover his identity. The information divulged is supposed to relate to defective ammunition.

The name of Senator Frelinghuysen's informant was not divulged. Senator Frelinghuysen, who is a member of the Naval Committee, told the committee that he did not know the man's name. His informant, he said, had written a letter postmarked Detroit, and efforts to locate him had been futile. In a statement issued tonight he said that he had endeavored to produce facts, touching upon the administration of naval affairs that would be of advantage to this country and not to Germany. He remarked:

"In the words of Patrick Henry, I can only say to Mr. Daniels, 'if this is treason, make the most of it.'"

The Naval Committee resumed today its hearing on the Frelinghuysen resolution for an investigation into the death of two Red Cross nurses on the Mongolia and the premature explosion of shells on the St. Paul, St. Louis, and Philadelphia. The hearing had hardly begun when Senator Frelinghupsen, holding in his hand some typewritten papers, began to question Secretary Daniels.

The Secretary immediately leaned over and exclaimed:

"What you have there shows that a spy has been at work stealing records from the confidential files of the Navy Department. This is scandalous. It is something that will be investigated."

Senator Frelinghuysen replied that he knew nothing about any spy, but had allegations about ordnance matters on which he wanted enlightenment. Secretary Daniels retorted that whatever the Senator had was furnished to him by a spy.

"It is the work of either a spy or a traitor," he went on. "It is confidential information of the navy."

"Are you resentful because this matter is false or because it has been divulged?" asked Senator Phelan.

"Some of it is false and some of it is true," said Secretary Daniels. "I am resentful because the confidential files of the department have been revealed."

It then came out that Secretary Daniels had been informed by Senator Frelinghuysen of the information that had come to him from an anonymous source. The New Jersey Senator protested that he had no other idea in asking questions of the Secretary than to ascertain whether there was anything wrong with the management of the navy. He wanted it known that he was not spreading information, conveyed to him by a "spy or traitor."

Senator Swanson, Chairman of the committee, suggested that the matter appeared to be of such a serious character that the committee should go into executive session, and this followed. At its conclusion Senator Swanson said that the committee had discussed the question of revealing the information, imparted to Senator Frelinghuysen, but had decided not to do so for the present. The information, Senator Swanson said, touched too closely upon matters relating to the war.

Chairman Swanson said that the committee would endeavor to get the man's name and summon him to reveal all he knew.

Secretary Daniels said after the Senate hearing that he would arrange for the Department of Justice to make a complete investigation into the "theft" of records from the navy files. The Secretary seemed to think the unknown informant was some former employe of the Department.

Frelinghuysen's Statement.

Senator Frelinghuysen later gave out this statement:

"In one of the afternoon papers I find the following paragraph: 'Either a spy or traitor has been divulging confidential information of the Bureau of Ordnance, Secretary Daniels today told the Senate Naval Affairs Committee.'

"It had not been my intention to make public certain information which has come into my possession, but the course which Secretary Daniels has pursued makes this necessary.

"On May 25, 1917, I submitted to the Senate a resolution providing for a 'careful and searching inquiry into the causes of the recent accidents on shipboard, due to defective ammunition or otherwise, with a view to preventing similar occurrences hereafter.' This resolution was adopted by the Senate May 28, 1917.

"In accordance therewith the Naval Affairs Committee held a session on June 2, 1917, and another today, with a view to performing the function assigned to it.

"Shortly after announcement was

Continued on Page 4.

GREAT BEAR SPRING WATER.
Ask the man who has prepared bottled milk.

$200,000,000 NEW LOAN SUBSCRIPTIONS; NEW YORK SETS OUT TO RAISE A BILLION; COUNTRY-WIDE RALLY FOR GREAT TOTAL

Day's Gains In the Final Rush to Raise Federal Reserve Districts' Full Quotas of the Liberty Loan

District.	Quota.	Shortage Up to Friday Night.	Subscribed Since Friday Night.	Present Surplus.
†New York	$600,000,000	$12,000,000	$28,000,000	$16,000,000
				Present Shortage.
Philadelphia	140,000,000	79,000,000	18,000,000	61,000,000
Boston	240,000,000	105,000,000	8,300,000	96,700,000
*Richmond	80,000,000	45,000,000	.....	45,000,000
Atlanta	60,000,000	38,000,000	8,000,000	30,000,000
Chicago	280,000,000	122,000,000	50,000,000	72,000,000
Cleveland	180,000,000	27,000,000	21,000,000	6,000,000
*St. Louis	80,000,000	53,000,000	.....	53,000,000
Minneapolis	80,000,000	30,000,000	10,000,000	20,000,000
Kansas City	100,000,000	66,000,000	11,000,000	55,000,000
Dallas	40,000,000	20,000,000	5,000,000	15,000,000
*San Francisco	140,000,000	103,000,000	.....	103,000,000
Total	$2,000,000,000	$700,000,000	$159,300,000	**$540,700,000

†The report for the New York district ends with Saturday. It is known that in this district about $24,000,000 was subscribed yesterday. This, with amounts probably subscribed in the districts not reporting, brings the total subscribed since Friday to about $200,000,000, making the grand total to date $1,500,000,000 and leaving $500,000,000 to be subscribed in the three remaining days.

*No report of subscription since Friday.

**Net shortage indicated.

U-BOAT SINKINGS ARE RISING AGAIN

London Paper Says Recent Losses Are Above Average of Previous Four Weeks.

MORE SUBMARINES AT WORK?

But British Food Conditions Are Better and Confidence in Victory Is General.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Tuesday, June 12.—The Chronicle's Parliamentary correspondent says this morning:

"The optimism created by the marked diminution in our shipping losses in the last three weeks is not shared in informed circles. It is true that greater success is being achieved with our anti-submarine devices, but the falling off in sinkings disclosed in the recent official returns is chiefly due to the fact that fewer U-boats were operating during this period, as many had gone home to refit.

"This was admittedly a surmise, and its correctness is proved by the fact that our most recent losses are decidedly heavier than the averages for the previous four weeks."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 11.—Opinion in well-informed circles here is largely but not entirely in accord with the views expressed by the Parliamentary correspondent of The London Daily Chronicle. It may be said that, while optimism has been produced by the lessened sinkings by U-boats, officials have reserved judgment. The feeling that headway was being made in the war against submarines was tempered by the thought that Germany might begin a more intensive campaign.

Some officials share the view expressed by The Chronicle writer that many submarines returned to port to refit for a resumption of operations. At the same time this suggests to observers here that the U-boat losses recently must have been heavy, as otherwise it would have been possible for many submarines to remain out and in active warfare.

While, therefore, not a few persons accept the theory that the lessening of sinkings was probably due to the withdrawal of U-boats to port to refit, many other officials hold that the improvement in the U-boat situation has been due to some extent to the arrival of American destroyers in European waters.

Information reaches here that the coming of American destroyers has had the effect of reviving the spirit of British destroyer crews and that a friendly rivalry has ensued that is having a good effect. It is also pointed out that soon after the arrival of Admiral Sims in London contact mines were distributed off German harbors, and it is reported that some submarines have been sunk by these.

The disposition is general here to suspend judgment as to the meaning of the decreased U-boat activity of the four weeks ending on June 3, but there is some optimism based on the belief that close co-operation between British, French, and American destroyers has been a considerable factor.

BRITAIN FEARS NO FAMINE.

Economy Has Conserved Supply So Far and Public Are Cheerful.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 11.—Changes in England are not startling in three months' time, but on the whole England is much more confident of victory than when I saw it in February.

People will not tell you how or when, but that the Allies will win they are unshakably certain.

Whereas three months ago both press and public had their doubts about President Wilson, they are now really unBritish in their superlatives and generally accord him first place among the world's statesmen.

The first feeling noticed here is the relief over the submarine situation. England is as far from famine as on March 1. Whatever diminution in food supply has been caused by the submarines has been made good by general co-operation in economy. Signs in front windows of private houses announce that the dwellers are in honor bound to the rationing system.

General good faith has been practiced with the result that the food supply

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URGE PRESIDENT TO PUSH FOOD BILL

Congress Must Grant Control by July or Be "Too Late," Labor Leaders Say.

WILSON IN HEARTY ACCORD

May Address Congress or Summon Statesmen—Food Control Measure Reported Out.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The campaign for sweeping war food legislation gathered fresh impetus today.

Representatives of organized labor, headed by Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, went to the White House this afternoon and told President Wilson that there was danger of serious unrest among the workingmen of the country unless Congress, without further delay, adopted food administration legislation which would make possible an effective fight upon inflated war prices.

Meanwhile the Administration's Food Control bill, conferring such sweeping powers as to make the President virtually food dictator, was agreed to by the House Agricultural Committee by a vote of 12 to 3, an immediate report of the bill to the House being authorized. Chairman Lever expects that the House will pass this bill with less than two weeks' debate. The Administration's first food bill, which is designed to stimulate production, is now in conference.

At the White House conference Mr. Gompers, as spokesman, laid before the President reports received from many sections of the United States. With this information before him, the President was asked either to go before Congress and personally request speedy action or to call before him at the White House the leaders of both legislative bodies and use all of his influence to get the Food Control bill on the statute books at the earliest date possible. Full confidence was expressed in Herbert C. Hoover, selected by President Wilson to head the food administration.

President Wilson was informed that he would have the full backing of organized labor and that representatives in every part of the country would be asked to start a concerted drive on their Senators and Representatives. Action along the latter line was taken at a recent meeting of the labor union men and a dozen Congressmen, among them the members known as the "labor group," at the American Federation of Labor Building.

President "In Hearty Accord."

Just what action President Wilson would take in the matter was left open, pending developments. Before he received Mr. Gompers and the other members of the delegation he was in conference for nearly an hour with Mr. Hoover, and they went over the situation carefully. It was generally believed tonight that the President would go before Congress or invite a White House conference, if opposition threatening to delay action should develop in either house. It is expected that the crisis in the situation will be reached within the next few days.

At the close of the conference Mr. Gompers made the announcement that "we found the President in hearty accord." The members of the delegation were smiling and in high spirits as they left the White House grounds, but they would not discuss the deliberations in detail, having agreed that Mr. Gompers should act as spokesman. Here is what Mr. Gompers had to say:

"We laid before the President the fact that the people of the United States, as we have had an opportunity to learn, have made frequent protests and complaints against the high cost of living, and have expressed an immediate need for legislation to meet the situation.

"Their wages have remained practically stationary, and the cost of living has gone up from 100 to 200 per cent. Their tables are meagre and they are having to do the best they can under the circumstances. It was explained that many are doing without proper nourishment.

"It is needful that this legislation be passed immediately, lest there be discontent among the people that will be of the greatest injury. Unless this legislation is on the statute books by July 1 we may have to write above it, 'Too late,' as did England—'too late' because by that time contracts will have been made, and wheat, particularly, will already be moving.

"We found the President in hearty accord."

May Go Before Congress.

It is possible that the delegation of labor representatives, headed by Mr. Gompers, will go before Congress; none of the delegation would discuss the plans.

Among those who saw the President

Continued on Page 3.

"Summer Homes on the Islands North Shore of Massachusetts" See Page 11.—Adv.

TOTAL OF $650,000,000 HERE

Allotment to New York District Now Exceeded by $50,000,000.

NEW FIGURES A STIMULUS

Bankers Feel Sure High Mark Will Be Reached in the Time Specified.

SPEED UP SUBSCRIPTIONS

Huge Electric Dials in Times Square District Record Progress Daily.

Subscriptions to the Liberty Loan gathered by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York now exceed the $600,000,000 allotment for the district, made by Secretary McAdoo, by more than $50,000,000, but the total is still short of $1,000,000,000, the mark the bankers here set at the start. The New York district is the only one of the twelve which has received subscriptions in excess of the Secretary's theoretical allotment. The publication of figures for subscriptions actually in hand has acted as a stimulus, and yesterday banks reported that individuals had suddenly awakened to the fact that only three and a half days remained before the closing of the books, and that the campaign was gaining in momentum. The prospects for getting the $1,000,000,000, it was said, were encouraging.

The Liberty Loan Committee announced last night that the subscriptions received up to noon Saturday amounted to $616,000,000, compared with $588,000,000 in hand on Thursday night. Besides this increase of $28,000,000 over the totals mentioned in the Treasury Department's Sunday night statement, there were received yesterday in the mails more than $24,000,000, and local banks sent in additional applications for large amounts, the total for which will become available today. The clerical work required in tabulating the subscriptions is so extensive that the committee expects to be one day behind in its figures.

Regarding the subscription figures published in yesterday's Washington dispatches, the Liberty Loan Publicity Committee gave out the following statement:

Billion Mark Set at Beginning.

"Announcements from Washington indicate that New York has practically reached the total of $600,000,000 allotted to it by the Treasury Department on the basis of $2,000,000,000 proportionately divided among the twelve workers in this district. The Liberty Loan Committee desires to say with the greatest emphasis that it has never set before itself a mark below $1,000,000,000. In other words, this committee and the other committees throughout the Second Federal Reserve District have constantly refused to stop at the figures named by the Government, and have from the beginning worked to raise half the total sum required by the Government."

A number of subscribers announced yesterday the filing of additional applications, and it is expected that several of the big corporations, insurance companies, and wealthy individuals will double their original subscriptions.

According to the allotments made by the Liberty Loan Commitee, New York City proper is expected to take $717,000,000 of the $1,000,000,000 and the rest of the district, which includes the balance of New York State, twelve counties in New Jersey and one county in Connecticut, is expected to subscribe to the remaining $283,000,000. At the close of business Saturday, New York City had taken $550,000,000, or about 77 per cent. of its allotmen, while the rest of the district had to its credit $66,000,000, or a little over 23 per cent. of its allotment.

The First National Bank, it was announced yesterday, has collected subscriptions aggregating $81,000,000; the Bankers Trust Company has filed to date $45,000,000, and the Liberty National Bank reported a total of $10,000,000, part of which had previously been entered on the books of the Federal Reserve Bank, while part is new and therefore not included in the total given out by the committee. The New York Life Insurance Company yesterday doubled its subscription by applying for another block of $5,000,000, its total of $10,000,000 being exclusive of the $600,000 subscribed in behalf of employes. The Standard Oil Company of New York subscribed to an additional $1,000,000, and Eugene Meyer, Jr., & Co. announced a subscription of $1,500,000 filed through the Hanover National Bank. Carl H. Pforzheimer & Co. have applied for $1,100,000. The New York Trust Company filed an additional subscription of $2,000,000, making the total to date of $12,000,000.

Frank A. Vanderlip, President of the National City Bank, and Charles V. Rich, one of the executive managers of the bank, subscribed $1,000,000 and $500,000, respectively, through the Women's Committee in appreciation of their excellent work.

Other subscriptions announced were William Salomon & Co., $7,502,850, of

which $1,500,000 was for the firm's own account. And $1,000,000 for E. L. Doheny, President of the Mexican Petroleum Company; $1,000,000 for the Mexican Petroleum Company, $400,000 for the Advance-Rumely Company, $250,000 for the New Orleans, Texas & Mexico Railroad, and the balance spread among 881 individuals and corporations; Remick, Hodges & Co., $1,500,000; Captain J. R. De Lamar, $1,000,000; Dominick Brothers & Co., $800,000; Myron T. Herrick, $200,000; Bernard, Scholle & Co., $250,000 additional, making $1,-250,000 thus far; N. Erlanger Blumgart & Co., $100,000; I. M. Stettenheim, $100,000; bond booth in the store of B. Altman & Co., has obtained subscriptions totaling more than $1,000,000; Sinclair & Valentine Company, $200,000; Schulz & Ruckgaber, $190,250, and Cyrus J. Lawrence & Son, $600,000. Messrs. Klaw & Erlanger, the theatrical men, subscribed for $125,000 bonds each.

$2,700,000 for Watertown.

R. F. Buck of Watertown, N. Y., appeared at the Federal Reserve Bank yesterday with a check for $2,700,000 as a subscription from the people of his town. He said he was very much grieved over the announcement that Watertown had contributed only $451 to the loan, compared with an allotment of $2,027,000, as announced in the Sunday newspapers. The $2,700,000 check represented the subscriptions of 4,454, giving the town a per capita subscription of $90.

The engineering firm of Cyrus Robinson & Co. have arranged for the purchase of Liberty bonds for their employes on a partial payment plan. The Crocker-Wheeler Company has subscribed to $50,000 worth of the bonds on behalf of their employes. In four days the Bethlehem Steel Corporation employes have subscribed to a total of $3,745,700. Of the 45,000 employes canvassed 87 per cent. have subscribed.

The Liberty Loan Publicity Committee gave out yesterday copies of the following telegram sent by J. P. Morgan to Louis Lipsitz, President of the Chamber of Commerce of Dallas, Texas, the first public utterance of the banker on the subject of the Liberty Loan:

I am glad to learn that you are holding a meeting for the purpose of arousing additional interest in the Liberty Loan. This loan furnishes the soundest possible security to an investor. The final provision of the loan which gives the holder the right to convert into any subsequent loan issued during the present war is sure to prevent any permanent decline in the market value of the present loan. But entirely apart from the question of security and yield, the one essential fact which all must remember is that every individual why buys a Liberty bond is helping the country to win the war.

The Hudson Trust Company and the Broadway Central Bank will remain open until midnight tonight for the purpose of receiving subscriptions.

Two great white dials to indicate the progress in purchases of Liberty Loan bonds were placed yesterday at two of the city's busiest corners, where thousands of persons pass daily and view the results of the nation's response. One of the enlarged clocks was placed on the Fifth Avenue side of the Astor Trust Building at Forty-second Street. The other was hung from the front of the Rialto Theatre Building, Times Square, At Seventh Avenue and Forty-second Street.

Clocks Fourteen Feet High.

That the figures might be seen distinctly by night as by day an electric flood light system was installed above each clock. The two clocks are of sheet metal and are the forerunners of twenty similar clocks painted on linoleum, which will be placed today in other well-traversed sections of New York City. The clocks are fourteen feet in diameter. There are forty units of figures about the circumference of the dial —each indicating a $50,000,000 subscription sale. The figures start at "$50,000,-000" and are ended at "$2,000,000,-000."

The two hands of the clock indicate the subscription totals from the New York district, which includes all of New York State, the northern part of New Jersey, and Fairfield County, Conn., and the totals for the country. The red indicator will show New York district's total while the black will serve as the country's total.

To give the clocks a proper "winding," there was a patriotic Liberty Bond Concert last night on the terrace of the Public Library, directly opposite the Astor Trust Building.

Not less than $1,500,000 subscription to Liberty Loan bonds by employes of automobile, tire and accessory dealers will be obtained in a three days' campaign, is the expectation of Horace De Lisser, Chairman of the special automobile dealers committee appointed to push the sale of the bonds. At a meeting at the Hotel Woodward yesterday afternoon the plans of the committee were laid before a large representation of dealers. The bonds will be offered to the employes on the basis of paying in fifty installments. Prichitt & Co., bankers, will carry the bonds for the dealers while the payments are being made.

Six hundred Boy Scouts set forth into the highways and byways of the city yesterday, seeking subscriptions to the Liberty Loan. They were speeded on their mission by speeches by Mayor Mitchel, Frank A. Vanderlip of the National City Bank, T. W. Lamont of J. P. Morgan & Co., and Mortimer L. Schiff of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. The Mayor lent a practical touch to their task, which is to last for four days, by buying a bond from one of the scouts before they left the assembly place at 50 Wall Street.

Mayor Encourages Scouts.

"You boys are doing a national service," said Mr. Mitchel; "you are helping to keep the soldiers in munitions. In a sense you are taking your places in the national army. Go out and sell bonds. Sell all you can. I hope from the bottom of my heart you contribute in a large degree to the success which is so vital. Go out and win."

Mr. Vanderlip told the boys that they should remember that their work was to make the world a better place for the generations to come.

"War is terrible," he said, "but it will be worth the cost if it brings closer to us the ideals upon which this Government was founded. You boys, as you camp together and train together and work together in the name of your country, are cultivating a spirit of devotion to the common interest which ought to, and I believe will, extend beyond the war service."

Mr. Lamont told the Scouts that they were on the firing line, that when they grew up they could tell their children and grandchildren that they "did their bit" by selling Liberty bonds. Mr. Schiff in his address referred to J. P. Morgan & Co. as the banking house which had done more than any other in the country to make the world safe for democracy.

The scouts were marshaled by James E. West, Chief Executive of the organization. They paraded up Wall Street after the speech making to Broad Street and reached Broadway by way of Exchange Place. The Columbia Park Boys' Band of San Francisco played the stirring tunes, and the financial district was packed with men watching the youngsters go by. There were more than 400 scouts from Manhattan, 100 from Brooklyn, and 75 from Staten Island.

The scout troop at Irvington, N. Y., under the direction of Scout Master J. W. Rutter of the Stock Exchange firm of Rutter & Ream, brought in $25,000 worth of orders as the result of three days' toil, ended last Sunday.

Publication of the names of cities in the Federal Reserve district with their allotments and total subscriptions on Sunday stimulated returns yesterday. It apparently helped to hurry subscriptions also. Albany, for instance, gained $700,000 on Saturday and Sunday, bringing the total up to $4,361,000, compared with an allotment of $7,891,000. Rochester, Binghamton, Elmira, Syracuse, Buffalo, Stamford, Newark, and other cities were reported by the Loan Committee yesterday to be picking up in an encouraging manner. The towns of Millbrook, Sparkhill, and Winthrop in New York and Verona in New Jersey have fully subscribed their quota.

Cloverville, on the other hand, with an allotment of more than $1,250,-000, had not reported its subscriptions late yesterday afternoon, and Astoria and Hempstead were two there in the same class. Weehawken's allotment is $753,000, without any returns to date. The Liberty Bond Committee of Railroads, headed by A. H. Smith of the New York Central, has sent out word that the lists will be closed June 13. So far railroad workers have subscribed for $18,000,000 of the bonds. Mr. Smith sent a telegram yesterday to all officials of the New York Central urging them to speed up the work in the final [illegible] hours.

The International Typographical Union subscribed for $50,000 through the Liberty Loan Committee, and the combined contributions of the various locals [illegible] nearly $20,000 more.

[illegible] employes in Manhattan [illegible] amounting to more than $900,000 of the bonds. The Fire Department leads with $106,850, and the Police Department stands second with $80,400. On a percentage basis the License Department leads with $26,650, or 17 per cent. of its payroll subscribing. In the Queens Borough Hall 302 employes subscribed for $32,000 of the bonds yesterday, and a campaign was begun to make the total $50,000 before today noon.

Subscriptions for bonds made on blanks from the Rotogravure Section of THE TIMES were:

Previously reported.....$2,273,500
Reported yesterday:
Through Butler Banking Company, Hood River, Ore.—
Sydney Gorham Babson..... 200
Through Westchester County National Bank, Peekskill, N. Y.—
Mrs. Sarah Hooley..... 50
Through the Union National Bank of Houston, Texas—
Two subscriptions.
Amounts not given.
Through the Treasury Department—
Four subscriptions 200

The Japanese Association of New York at a meeting yesterday at the Miaka restaurant in Fifty-eighth Street passed resolutions urging the members to subscribe to the loan.

At a Liberty Loan street meeting at Ninety-sixth Street and Broadway last night, conducted by the Outdoor Speakers' Committee of the Liberty Loan Committee, $8,500 was subscribed by 11 o'clock, the average subscription being under $100. There were two subscriptions of $3,000 each. The figures were given out by Jerome A. Myers, Chairman of the Outdoor Committee. Other speakers besides Mr. Myers were J. N. Lotsch, Assistant Cashier of the Broadway Central Bank, and L. Adler, a committee speaker. There will be a similar meeting tonight at Thirty-ninth Street and Broadway.

A DAY'S WORK FOR THE LOAN.

New England Responds to Appeals —Subscriptions Elsewhere.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., June 11.—Unless the people of New England subscribe to $90,700,000 between tomorrow morning and Friday noon, this district will fall to reach its minimum quota of $240,000,-000 of Liberty bonds. Thus far New England has been subscribing at the rate of $4,622,580.65 a day. Figures given out at the Federal Reserve Bank tonight show a grand total to date of $143,300,000 subscribed. Since the close of business on Friday night the records show that subscriptions approximating $8,300,000 have been received.

The average subscriptions a day during thirty-one days have been $4,622,-580.65. Plans have been made in every city and town in all the New England States to try to raise the required quota before Friday. In Boston every newspaper, every billboard, every store window, every street car and hundreds of vehicles carry the legend "Buy your Liberty bond today." The motion picture houses are sending wagons through the streets announcing that one week's receipts will be devoted to the purchase of bonds.

Philadelphia Takes $18,000,000 More.

PHILADELPHIA, June 11.—Vigorous efforts were made here today following the report from Washington that Philadelphia had accounted for but $61,-000,000 out of its minimum quota of $140,000,000 of the Liberty Loan. The Washington report, according to the local campaign managers, represents the amount of subscriptions turned in officially through the Federal Reserve Bank, but falls far short of the actual total. Although the Federal Reserve Bank officials decline to give out figures as to the total received, unofficial estimates place the sum subscribed thus far as close to $160,000,000. It was known last week, days before the Treasury Department made its announcement, that the subscriptions had passed the $125,000,000 mark.

The Washington report of $61,000,000 subscribed was represented by the returns of 500 banks out of 1,040 such institutions in the whole district. Few Philadelphia banks have reported their subscriptions to Washington thus far. Similiarly, investment houses have withheld their subscriptions.

Today's subscriptions aggregated $18,-000,000. The largest single subscription was that of employes of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation and subsidiary companies, amounting to $4,113,065. The Bethlehem plant alone took $2,612,000. The average subscription a man for the whole corporation amounted to $91.50. Of the Bethlehem employes 75.3 per cent. subscribed. Another large subscription received was $3,000,000 from the Reading Company. The Philadelphia National Bank, with more than $9,000,000, heads the list of banks reporting in full thus far.

Richmond Expects to Fill Quota.

Special to The New York Times.

RICHMOND, Va., June 11.—Bankers of Richmond held a special meeting this afternoon and discussed means for increasing subscriptions to the Liberty Loan in this district. Telegrams went forward to every part of the district urging renewed action. It is said that the amount actually subscribed in this district is $45,000,000 or more, but only $35,000,000 of the $80,000,000 quota has been reported.

Mercantile houses and other corporations are subscribing for bonds in large amounts and giving their employes eighteen months in which to pay for them. Local bankers feel confident that the district will subscribe the amount apportioned to it before the time expires.

McCord Assails Atlanta Slackers.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., June 11.—That well-to-do professional and business men of the Atlanta Reserve District are not measuring up to their duty in the matter of buying Liberty bonds, but are becoming the rankest sort of slackers, is one of the reasons assigned by Governor Joseph A. McCord of the Reserve Bank why the district is not nearer to its quota. Governor McCord said tonight that these men were buying $100 bonds, or none at all, when they were able to buy heavily.

The statement from Washington that the Atlanta Federal Reserve District has subscribed only $22,000,000 of the $60,000,000 allotted to this district was verified by Governor McCord today. These were the figures up to last Friday night. Since then numerous subscriptions have been received, but the district is still far behind in the subscriptions allotted to it. According to estimates, the subscriptions since last Friday up to tonight will not exceed $8,000,000 in the district, and are probably less. Governor McCord is disappointed at the lethargy of the well-to-do and fairly wealthy men of Atlanta and district.

"Big financial and business institutions and the little fellow with a salary are measuring up to the patriotic duty before them in fine shape," said Mr. McCord, "but the professional and business man with a comfortable income and a tidy fortune laid by is doing next to nothing.

"This sort of thing cannot be kept up indefinitely. Sooner or later the general public will know the kind of patriots these people are."

As for the big corporations with investments in the South who are investing in bonds in other centres where they have headquarters there appears no remedy. One corporation with tremendous investments not only in Atlanta but extending over the entire South has bought $5,000,000 of bonds in New York, which amount goes to the credit of the New York Federal Reserve Districts subscription. These conditions are placing a tremendous handicap upon the Atlanta Federal District, despite which Governor McCord believes the district will make a good showing. A great drive is being made this week in order to reach approximately the sum allotted to this district.

Chicago Subscribes $30,000,000.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 11.—Every time the clock ticks off an hour between now and noon on Friday, the Chicago Federal Reserve district must subscribe $1,000,-000 to the Liberty Loan unless it desires to be recorded as a "slacker." Spurred on by the figures showing that the district had subscribed only 53 per cent. of its minimum allotment of $260,-000,000, there was earnest work for the loan today. There were more $50 and $100 bond buyers in evidence than at any time since the subscription books were opened. Several great concerns doubled their previous subscriptions. Men of wealth came to the fore with increased purchases. The City Council authorized the Controller to purchase not to exceed $2,000,000 of the Liberty bonds, the money to be taken from special funds.

Levy Mayer increased his subscription from $1,000,000 to $1,500,000. On June 6 Marshall Field & Co. and the Field estate subscribed $4,500,000, but Mr. Mayer is the largest individual subscriber. The First National Bank and First Trust and Savings Bank announced subscriptions of $10,000,000 jointly, while customers took $12,000,000, a total of $22,000,000 for the two Forgan institutions.

William Salomon & Sons announced that they would enter subscriptions for $5,592,000 of the bonds, of which $2,500,-000 was for the firm's own account and the remainder as follows: Mexican Petroleum Company, Limited, $1,000,000; E. L. Doheny, $1,000,000; Advance Rumely Company, $400,000, (additional;) Mexico Railway Company, $250,000; Iroquois Iron Company, $50,000, and subscriptions from individuals, $892,000.

From Stockholm, Sweden, came a dispatch from Ira Nelson Morris, United States Minister to Sweden, to the Merchants' Loan and Trust Company ordering the purchase for him of $500,000 worth of Liberty bonds. The Armour Grain Company announced its subscription of $250,000, in addition to the $1,-000,000 taken for the personal account of J. Ogden Armour and the subscriptions of the Armour Company and other Armour concerns.

President John Fitzpatrick of the Chicago Federation of Labor announced a subscription of $100,000 by the Illinois United Mine Workrs and minor contributions of $500 and $300 by the Bridge & Structural Iron Workers and Cigar Makers respectively, in addition to $10,000 by the American Federation of Labor. The Loop department stores reported heavy sales at their booths, Marshall Field & Co. now being in the lead with sales totaling $1,561,980.

The majority of the big financial institutions of Chicago have yet to announce their subscriptions. The same is true of several large Chicago corporations, whose purchases have not been made known.

Estimates of subscriptions from last Friday night to the close of business tonight are more or less a matter of speculation, since many of the outlying parts of this Federal Reserve district have not been heard from. In and around Chicago the subscriptions of Saturday and today are estimated at about $50,000,000, leaving $72,000,000 to be subscribed to cover this district's minimum allotment.

Cleveland Nears Its Goal.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, June 11.—Cleveland tonight was within $6,000,000 of the $180,-000,000 goal set by the Government in its Liberty bond campaign, with the prospects good of reaching the goal by Friday, when the campaign ends. On Friday Cleveland was $27,000,000 behind its allotment in the sale of bonds, but by Saturday noon $7,000,000 had been subscribed, mostly by the large iron ore and shipping interests. On Saturday afternoon and today the subscriptions totaled $14,000,000, leaving $6,000,000 to be obtained between now and Friday.

A systematic house-to-house canvass by Boy Scouts and volunteer bond salesmen started early this morning and will be continued until Friday noon. The City Sinking Fund Commission invested $100,000 in bonds today, and almost all the large business concerns in the city received subscriptions from their employes. Mayor R. L. Ireland of Bratenahl, a suburb, made a canvass among wealthy residents today and obtained subscriptions of $2,000,000. More than 40,000 individuals have subscribed to the loan thus far, and it is expected that this number will be increased to 75,000 by Friday. Bond salesmen who volunteered their services this morning brought in $2,000,000 subscriptions from their house-to-house calls.

Northwest Is Speeding Up.

Special to The New York Times.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., June 11.—The deficit in the Ninth District's quota of subscriptions to the Liberty Loan began melting today, when 1,400 men throughout Minnesota, Wisconsin, the two Dakotas, and Montana began the final drive. On Friday the Ninth District was $30,000,000 short. The quota is $80,000,000.

It is estimated that approximately $10,000,000 in subscriptions has come in in two days. The shortage now is $20,-000,000.

Canvassers in automobiles are touring the country districts in Minnesota under the direction of Non-Partisan League and Farmers' Educational Cooperative Union of America. The Non-Partisan League, the farmers' political organization, has been accused of discouraging subscriptions to the loan, earnest efforts are being made.

L. B. Hanna, former Governor, returning to Fargo today after a long trip, said that the farmers of the patriotic zeal would subscribe their quota. He explained that the poor crop last year and the late Spring had made some of them hesitant.

Montana takes the palm in the Ninth District. That State today reported that it had oversubscribed its quota by nearly $3,000,000. An additional $500,000 was subscribed today. This will be further increased when reports come in from the so-called "highline" counties on the Canadian border, where a very active campaign is in progress.

Governor Theodore Wold of the Ninth District Federal Reserve Bank today sent out an "S O S" call to citizens of the Northwestern States. He told them that there could be no such thing as failure in the campaign.

Kansas City Shows Improvement.

Special to The New York Times.

KANSAS CITY, June 11.—Estimating the flood of subscriptions received at Kansas City Liberty Loan headquarters today at a minimum of $5,000,000, the Tenth District thus far has subscribed at least $45,000,000 to the loan. This is an increase of $11,000,000 over the amount reported to the Treasury Department on Friday night. The process of putting small subscriptions through banking channels is causing delay. Information at headquarters is to the effect that a possible $10,000,000 in subscriptions from country banks will appear in the reports before the close of the campaign. Reserve cities, including Kansas City, it is conservatively estimated, will bring the total subscriptions up to $75,000,000.

Telegrams have been sent to the larger banks in the district urging a strenuous final campaign, and in Kansas City every effort is being made to cover thoroughly the same ground that was gone over once or twice previously by canvassers.

J. Z. Miller, Jr., Governor of the Federal Reserve Bank, said today that 65 per cent. of the business done in Kansas City was transacted through branch houses of Eastern industrial concerns which had bought their Liberty bonds largely in New York and Chicago. Packing houses, railroads, harvesting machinery and implement companies, and the motor car industry are included.

Dallas Subscribes $5,000,000 More.

Special to The New York Times.

DALLAS, Texas, June 11.—It is estimated that at the close of business tonight the Eleventh Federal Reserve District was $15,000,000 short of its allotment for the Liberty Loan. Heavy subscriptions in Dallas have brought subscriptions since last Friday night up to approximately $25,000,000, an increase of $5,000,000.

A vigorous campaign of publicity and personal solicitation is being carried on throughout the district. Men and women of average means have responded more liberally than men of wealth in this district. Federal Reserve Bank officials are hopeful that the minimum allotment will be taken.

Big Campaign in San Francisco.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 11.—George K. Weeks, executive manager of the Twelfth District Liberty Loan Committee, estimates that 75 per cent. of the $140,000,000 allotted to the Twelfth Federal Reserve District has been subscribed. The $37,000,000 which Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo credits to the district is only the amount on which cash payments have been made, he says, and excludes pledges of many millions.

San Francisco had brought her total subscription to $30,000,000 out of an allotment of $42,000,000 at the close of business tonight. Approximately $6,-000,000 of this has been subscribed since Friday night. A vigorous campaign to make up the full quota in this city by Friday noon is being carried on, with the realization that it will mean doubling the past daily subscriptions.

LOUISVILLE EXCEEDS QUOTA.

But McAdoo Urges City Not to Cease Its Efforts.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 11.—Appealing to business men today not to relax in their work for the Liberty Loan, Secretary McAdoo said that there were "slackers in this country just as there are in every other; and here, as everywhere else, the men of the highest courage and the largest patriotism must bear the greatest burdens." The Secretary had just been informed that Louisville, having oversubscribed its allotment of $5,000,000 by more than 40 per cent., the local campaign on behalf of the loan had been called off. After addressing the men who had taken part in the great campaign, Mr. McAdoo was the guest at luncheon of the Louisville Transportation Club, where he again spoke.

FARMERS BUYING BONDS.

Loan Committee Hears Encouraging Reports From Rural Districts.

The Liberty Loan Committee has canvassed the leading agricultural periodicals with the purpose of getting opinions on the reception accorded the bonds in rural communities. Here are some of the replies received by the committee by telegraph, and made public yesterday:

Holstein Friesian World, Syracuse.—We believe from reports received here and from Worcester, Mass., where the annual meeting of the Holstein Friesian Association of America has just been held, that Holstein breeders throughout the United States are making substantial personal subscriptions to the Liberty Loan issue. The Holstein-Friesian Association of America has just subscribed $100,000 to the issue. This association is the largest of its kind in the world, having 10,000 members, numbering the leading farmers in their communities. They can well afford to make personal contributions to the issue, and we believe they are responding generously.

New England Farms, Hartford, Conn. —The active farmers of New England see and read your appeals in full sympathy, but almost without exception are themselves snort of capital for their own patriotic plans to increase production in the face of 100 per cent. advance in all labor, feed, fertilizer, and seed costs. Thousands of acres of arable lands still lie pitifully idle in sight of hoarded capital withheld from both these good uses.

YALE BUREAU FOR PARIS.

Will Keep in Touch with University Men at the Front.

Yale University has decided to establish a Yale Bureau in Paris for the period of the war. This will be a branch of the University Secretary's office. Professor George H. Nettleton of the Sheffield Scientific School of Yale will act as Director, assisted by recent graduates.

The bureau is designed to meet, in cooperation with the Yale Alumni Association of Paris, the needs of Yale men, as European headquarters, and as a bureau of information, advice, and help. It will be of special service in enabling parents and friends to keep in touch with Yale men at the front; more than 100 Yale undergraduates are already in France in military service, and thousands of students and graduates are fitting themselves to go over later. Professor Nettleton will go abroad soon to arrange for starting the work.

MEETING OF REDS TRAPS SLACKERS

Continued from Page 1.

minute. He said the time had come when "we are going to refuse to stand up and shoot down our brothers." The war, he declared, with great solemnity, is "a dollar war," and he reached his climax by prophesying a draft riot which, he added, would be more than a riot. "It's going to be a draft revolution," he said. It was about this time that he mentioned the "American Kaiser." He was careful not to mention President Wilson by name.

After him came Emma Goldman, who was so excited that her face looked like a prize red poppy at a flower show. She denounced everything in sight. She said the anarchists now on trial for conspiracy to defeat the purposes of the draft law are being rushed to prison "by perjured testimony." The Home Guard she dubbed "a lot of parasites and rapists." The State is taking a census, she added, to draft men into the militia to shoot down the laboring men.

When the Goldman woman stopped speaking, as much from exhaustion as anything else, young Samson stood up and started a plea for peace. A tall, square shouldered man then walked down the aisle. He was Lieutenant Barnitz of the New York police force, who has devoted all of his time since the war started to running down and arresting persons who think more of Germany than the United States. Barnitz motioned Samson to stop speaking.

"How old are you?" demanded Barnitz. The young man's face turned as white as a newly laundered sheet.

"Twenty, only twenty," he murmured in a voice so low that only Barnitz heard it. Barnitz returned to the rear of the hall and had a conference with Marshal McCarthy, Assistant United States District Attorney Harold A. Content, and Inspector Ryan of the police.

"I don't know of a better place than this to begin the roundup of slackers," said Marshal McCarthy, as he looked about the room. Samson in the meantime was making a heroic effort to resume speaking, but he was very nervous, and his words were uttered with difficulty. Men turned in their seats and looked at the Federal officials in conference. Two or three started to leave.

"Return to your seats," said a policeman at the door.

"I want to go home, I promised my wife I would be back at 9:30 o'clock," one of the men said.

"Well, maybe you can telephone her that you are detained," the policeman answered, and the men sheepishly returned to their seats.

"The meeting's over," shouted Samson suddenly and the crowd started for the exits.

"Women and girls may go, but all men of conscript age must show their registration cards," Marshal McCarthy announced. A young fellow tried to edge himself out between two girls. A guardsman pulled him back.

"Where's your card?" the guardsmen asked.

"I haven't got it now, my mother's keeping it for me," the frightened man answered. He was escorted to a deserted corner of the room. More than 100 men were in that corner by the time the room had been cleared. Just one woman remained, Emma Goldman. Marshal McCarthy ordered her put out. She shouted her defiance, but policemen got behind her and gave her a push. A guardsman gave her another, and she went out at express speed. Then began the census of the prisoners.

Samson was among those detained. He is said to have admitted being in doubt as to how old he is, but the police mean to be sure about it.

Herman Woskow, 21 years old, of 128 Second Avenue, said he was born in Russia, and had taken out citizen papers, but added that he had no intention of registering. He will be arraigned in the Federal Building this morning. Philip Levine, 2 years old, of 79 Division Street, also admitted he had not registered and said he had no intention of doing so. He will be arraigned with Woskow.

Hyman Bessner of 1,062 Southern Boulevard, had a card unlike any other seen by Marshal McCarthy. He said he received it from the official registrar last Tuesday, and is held while his story is investigated.

The anarchists announced last night that they will hold a mass meeting in Madison Square Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. There is reason to believe that the meeting will not take place.

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DANIELS URGES NAVY TO TAKE BONDS

Exhorts Officers and Men to Support the Federal Loan Liberally.

WOMEN ISSUE AN APPEAL

Tell Their Sisters That by Their Subscriptions They Help the Nation's Defense Work.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Every effort is being made by the Treasury Department to overcome the announced shortage of $700,000,000 in subscriptions to the first issue of $2,000,000,000 of the $5,000,000,000 war loan authorized by Congress. The telegrams and letters to the committee from all parts of the country indicate a quickened interest in the bonds.

Secretary Daniels sent the following message today to every ship and station:

Subscriptions for Liberty bonds close at noon June 15. Bring matter to attention of every officer, enlisted man, and civil employe in the naval establishment. All who subscribe need pay only 10 per cent. with application and balance in nine monthly installments. Call this patriotic duty to attention of every one in the naval service.

I earnestly hope that every one in the active and reserve service will subscribe. The navy should lead the first line of defense in subscribing to the Liberty Loan as well as it was in sending its destroyers to Europe. The country will be cheered if on the 15th we can announce subscriptions from all who uphold the reputation of the navy.

The Women's Liberty Loan Committee, of which Mrs. W. G. McAdoo is the head, sent today to the 25,000 women who are affiliated with the committee an appeal for redoubled efforts in the next four days to swell the volume of bond subscriptions. The appeal follows:

In view of the fact that the Secretary of the Treasury has announced a shortage of $700,000,000 in the subscriptions to the Liberty Loan, which will close at noon on Friday, June 15, it becomes the task of the women of America to supplement the work of the men by devoting their individual efforts to the purchase and promotion of Liberty bonds. Every woman in the United States who is able should, as a patriotic duty and as an excellent investment for herself, buy a Liberty Bond.

Any woman who has $1 before noon of Friday, June 15, and who can secure $9 by June 28, $10 by July 30, $15 by Aug. 15, and $16 more by Aug. 30 should buy a $50 Liberty bond.

Every woman who can not make this arrangement, but can get in touch with the thousands of agencies throughout the country which will sell Liberty bonds on the installment plan, should buy a Liberty bond at once.

Every single $100 Liberty bond, Liberty bond purchased is certain of its allotment, whether or not it is bought on the installment plan. The Secretary of the Treasury has made this positively clear.

Any woman who has a savings account need not lose by the purchase of a Liberty bond. Interest on the money which she may wish to draw out on June 28 for the payment of the second installment on her bond. The Secretary of the Treasury has provided an arrangement whereby, for individual allotments not exceeding $500 of bonds, the money to pay for such bonds on June 28 will not lose the interest due on July 1. Many of the savings banks of the United States have made the arrangement directly. All that any depositor need do to secure the midyearly interest on the amount of money needed to meet the second payment on the Liberty bond is to show proof of subscription for the bond. Where the bank has not made this arrangement the depositor has only to give to the Federal Reserve Bank of her district an order for the money, which will not be presented until the savings bank pays.

The women of the United States are hereby informed that every purchaser of Liberty bonds will be given, upon payment of the first installment for purchase, a receipt which will show her subscription to the Liberty Loan. She will receive receipts for each payment made on June 28, July 30, Aug. 15 and on Aug. 30. On Aug. 30, when the final payment is made, she will turn in these receipts and receive her Liberty bond. These receipts, until turned in for the bond, are as secure as the bond itself, and a Liberty bond, being a United States Government bond, is the best security any woman can ask for.

The woman who buys a $50 Liberty bond is buying a security on which she can raise money at any time. Besides that, she is serving her country by helping to raise a fund that will feed, clothe, and provide munitions for the soldiers and sailors of the United States. The men of America are going to give their lives to put an end to an unrighteous war forced upon the world by autocracy. Will the women of America fail to protect them to the best of their power? By their subscription to the Liberty Loan, by their purchase of Liberty bonds, they will give their answer.

In order that the women of America may prove to their country and to the world their appreciation of the blessings of American womanhood, the Woman's Liberty Loan Committee urges every organization to use every means at its command to present these facts to American women before the closing of the Liberty Loan issue at noon of Friday, June 15.

Woman's Liberty Loan Committee.
Mrs. W. G. McAdoo, Chairman,
Mrs. Antoinette Funk,
Mrs. George Bass,
Mrs. Frank A. Vanderlip,
Mrs. Francis L. Higginson,
Mrs. J. G. Miller,
Mrs. Guilford Dudley,
Mrs. Kellogg Fairbank,
Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt,
Mrs. George Thacher Guernsey.

Archbishop G. W. Mundelein of Chicago, in addition to subscribing personally for $10,000 of Liberty Loan bonds, at a conference of the priests of his archdiocese said:

"I recommend that every congregation of this diocese take at least $100 worth of bonds. If you have not the money in your treasury, borrow it. I have also decided to accept donations for religious purposes in the shape of Liberty bonds at a value of 105, so that the donor of $1,000 will be given credit for $20.

"I want to demonstrate to the people of Chicago, and especially to the Catholics, that the Church considers it a positive duty to assist this nation in every way possible in gratitude for the peace and liberty which the Church has ever enjoyed in the United States. I state this because I want to fulfill the promise which I made when we entered the war, that we will render every assistance and give every support to our country."

The investment of municipal funds in Liberty bonds has been decided upon by Mayor Hosey of Fort Wayne, Ind. The amount so invested is $150,000.

A resolution by Senator Ashurst of Arizona, authorizing the Secretary of the interior to invest in Liberty Loan bonds millions of dollars of Indians' tribal moneys, was passed today by the Senate. At least $11,000,000 of such funds now lie idle, drawing no interest, or less than that of the Liberty bonds.

Jackson Barnett, reputed to be the wealthiest Indian in the United States, today subscribed $640,000 to Liberty Loan bonds through his guardian, Carl J. O'Kernett of Henryetta, Okla. Secretary Lane's ruling that Barnett, who is a ward of the Government, might do this opens the way to many Indian subscriptions.

Barnett, son of a Creek chieftain, derived his wealth from oil lands near Tulsa, Okla., which he at first indignantly rejected, declaring the tract fit only for coyotes and jackrabbits and in no wise suited to an Indian who merely wanted to fish and hunt as he pleased. The discovery of oil and the lease of Barnett's land made the Indian a millionaire—he had $735,885 cash on deposit May 1 last—but he was unable to handle his financial affairs, and a guardian was appointed for him. Barnett has never accepted more than $125 a month of his income, and shows little interest in the size of his fortune. Last year he paid an income tax estimated at $50,000.

URGES THRIFT TO AID LOAN.

Campaign Among Industrial Workers Discussed at Bankers' Club.

A discussion of saving among men in industry and how thrift of industrial workers could aid in the Liberty Loan campaign was held at a luncheon given in the Bankers' Club yesterday by Adolph Lewisohn, Newcomb Carlton, and B. H. Fancher. Representatives of the Young Men's Christian Association told of the success of their "thrift campaign" in all parts of the country.

It was urged by Mr. Lewisohn that the success of the Liberty Loan campaign would be aided greatly by a campaign throughout the country urging and teaching thrift. John Sherman Hoyt, Chairman of the Industrial Department of the Y. M. C. A., said that a sub-committee of six or eight men, working with the International Committee of the Y. M. C. A. could carry on such a campaign with the Y. M. C. A. by spending only $10,000.

Present at the luncheon were Colgate Hoyt, William Loeb, Jr., Edward C. Delafield, Samuel S. Lewisohn, Jesse I. Straus and several other business men and officers of the Y. M. C. A.

BACKS PRESIDENT IN NOTE TO RUSSIA

Continued from Page 1.

"application of them to the present situation in Russia almost startles by its boldness and blunt downrightness." The Guardian concludes:

"It is a powerful piece of analysis, and if it is read and understood in Russia it will settle the future not only of Russian liberty, but of the world's."

British Note Pleases Washington.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—As a result of the statement of America's objects and ideals in entering the war against the Prussian autocracy there is likely to be a restatement of the aims of the allied nations in the great European struggle. While the fact is not officially confirmed, it is evident that, taking its cue from the statement of President Wilson, the Russian Provisional Government has asked her partners in the war to indicate clearly what they hope to attain out of the world conflagration.

As an evidence of good faith Russia has made a statement of her own aims which, in addition to announcing an intention to liberate both Russian and German Poland gives general acceptance of the principles laid down by President Wilson in the note to the Provisional Government made public simultaneously in Russia and the United States on Saturday and published in newspapers in both countries on Sunday.

It is believed here that a tremendous impetus to the war aims and ideals voiced by the President will be the outcome of their indorsement by the Governments of Great Britain and Russia. It is felt that nothing could be more generous and whole-hearted than the manner in which the British Government has indorsed what was said by the President in his note to Russia, as for example the willingness if the Russian Government so desires to examine and need be revise the agreements between the Allies in conformity with the standards laid down by the President. This tremendous compliment to President Wilson is bound to have an excellent effect on the relations between the Allies, including Russia.

To those on the inside the hearty indorsement of the President's principles is no surprise. Before he left Washington Mr. Balfour, who, as Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, probably wrote the British note to Russia, made public today, read the statement of President Wilson to the Russian Provisional Government. This statement has very generally been approved by representatives of friendly foreign nations to whom the opportunity of reading it was given before its presentation to the public and there is every indication that among Governments at least it has had a markedly favorable effect.

NOTE STARTLES GERMANS.

Newspapers Await Instructions Before Commenting on It.

THE HAGUE, June 11.—President Wilson's note to Russia was published today in Germany. The newspapers made no comment on it, as the Foreign Office had given instructions that comment should be postponed until tomorrow.

The document is reported to have caused a sensation in Germany.

GORKY ASSAILS ALLIES.

Says It Is Useless Further to Parley with Them.

PETROGRAD, June 11.—Commenting on the French and British notes to the Russian Government, Maxim Gorky's newspaper, Novaia Zhizn, argues that further pourparlers with the French and British diplomatic representatives would be useless, and says:

"The French Government presents as a basis for agreement with democratic Russia all the fundamental points of an imperialistic program, with an emphatic and, some say, provocative clarity. Here are indemnities and guarantees permanently enfeebling the enemy, and the military retention of Alsace-Lorraine."

Enemy-Trading Bill Reported.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The Administration Trading-with-the-Enemy bill was favorably reported to the House today by unanimous vote of the Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee. It would penalize by heavy fine and imprisonment trading with an enemy or enemy ally, provides for the administration of enemy property where necessary, and authorizes the use of patents held by enemies.

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Every single one of our employees, from president to office boy, has bought at least one bond.
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ITALIANS STRIKE IN THE TRENTINO

Begin New Offensive on Asiago Plateau, Seize Mountain and Agnello Pass.

TAKE 512 PRISONERS ALSO

Drive Started Simultaneously in Upper Chiesa Valley and Tonale Pass, Northwest of Trent.

ROME, June 11.—The Italians have begun an offensive in the region southeast of Trent and have captured two important points of vantage from the Austrians, according to the official communication issued today. Monte Ortigara, east of Cima Undice, and the Agnello Pass, both were taken, in addition to more than 500 prisoners. The statement reads:

Throughout the whole of the mountain zone of operations there was more fighting than usual yesterday, especially between the Adige and Brenta Rivers. Last night the enemy was driven back and followed up at the Tonale Pass, in the Upper Chiesa Valley, on the slope of Dosso Casina and in the Posina Valley.

On the Asiago plateau our artillery destroyed the enemy's complex system of defenses at several points. Our infantry, attacking during a violent storm in the direction of Mounts Zebio and Forno, carried the pass of Agnello and captured nearly the whole of Monte Ortigara, (6,924 feet high,) east of Cima Undice. This surprise attack, which was strongly pushed home, left 512 prisoners, including seven officers, in our hands.

Our aircraft at the same time, notwithstanding adverse atmospheric conditions, successfully bombed the enemy's areas in the rear and his heavy batteries in the upper valleys of the Astico and Assa. All our machines returned safely.

On the remainder of the front there were desultory concentrations of fire on the part of the enemy to which we replied. On the Carso attacks on our line south of Castagnevizza were completely repelled. We took some prisoners.

CARSO VICTORY COMPLETE.

150,000 Troops, with 2,000 Guns, Fail to Recover Lost Positions.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ITALIAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS, June 11.—General Boroevic, commanding the Austrian Army on the Carso front, massed there 150,000 rifles and 2,000 cannon, but his counteroffensive has broken down completely. The recent Italian offensive, which attained all its objectives, deprived him of formidable fortifications on the middle Isonzo and the Carso, and his failure to recover them will, it is believed here, have a far reaching effect in Austria-Hungary.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The Austrian counteroffensive has broken down completely, according to official advices received here today from a member of the Italian Cabinet. The positions at Faite and Jamiano, captured by the Italians in their offense, have been successfully held against the extremely heavy counterattacks of the Austrians, the dispatches report. In the Carso alone 150,000 troops and 2,000 big guns were used by the Austrians in their attacks.

The Italians have adopted a new system of machine gun warfare that was used to great advantage in the recent fighting. The machine guns have been detached from infantry regiments and organized as independent commands, giving them a mobility in mountainous terrain heretofore impossible.

"The Austrian counteroffensive on the Carso has been broken," the dispatches read. "The furious attacks against our defenses at Faite and Jamiano have been repulsed with heavy losses and the advance of the enemy was stopped at the banks of the Timavo River.

"The brave defenders of our brilliantly won advanced positions held with the utmost tenacity despite the fact that on the Carso front alone the Austrians hurled 150,000 troops and the concentrated fire from 2,000 big guns against us. The counteroffensive was directed by the Austrian General Boroevic.

"The Austrian counteroffensive on the Middle Isonzo and the Carso, although having reached an extremely violent stage, failed miserably. In every sector the Austrians failed to reach their objective.

"The Austrian counteroffensive was ordered for the purpose of overcoming the political and financial effect of the Italian advance.

"From a military point of view the Austrian counterattack proved abortive. Even Austrian writers on the war now admit that the Italian offensive succeeded in its objective and that the efforts of the Italian arms deserve the highest admiration.

"The correspondent of the Kölnische Zeitung writing from the Austrian Great Headquarters, says that after two years of fighting the Italian army has reached its highest state of efficiency. Only such an army, with the necessary equipment, could have gained the results achieved during the offensive—a struggle that perhaps the army of no other great nation has had to make.

"Machine gun companies, acting independent of other units, played an important part in the Italian offensive, the Austrian correspondent continues. The added mobility of these troops, the writer says, enables them to perform the work of four companies of infantry in mountain fighting."

Theatre of New Italian Offensive

In the new offensive begun yesterday by the Italians in the Trentino section of the front a blow was struck successfully in three places—in the region of Tonale Pass, (1,) where the Austrians were driven back; at Agnello Pass, (2,) which was captured, and on the Asiego Plateau, at Monte Ortigara, which is 6,924 feet high, almost the whole of which was taken.

CRISIS IN ROME CABINET.

Question of Albanian Independence Brings Old Quarrel to a Head.

ROME, June 11, (via Paris.)—A crisis in the Italian Cabinet has developed when least expected, only a few days before the reopening of Parliament, which is fixed for June 14. For some time a disagreement between the members of the Cabinet has been known to exist, especially between Baron Sonnino, Minister of Foreign Affairs, and the other Ministers.

The friction reached a climax when the members of the Italian mission had to be selected. Then Baron Sonnino put his veto on the appointment of several persons whom the other Ministers considered most suitable for the task, and declared that he would resign if their appointment was insisted upon. Wishing to avoid a crisis in such a grave moment of the nation's history, the Cabinet ceded to Sonnino's opinion.

This was one of the chief causes of delay in appointing the mission, in addition to the refusal of the Duke of the Abruzzi to return to America for personal reasons. The life of the Cabinet, however, seemed assured, particularly after the recent successes on the Carso front, when suddenly a proclamation was published announcing the independence of Albania under an Italian protectorate.

As the Foreign Minister has admitted that it would perhaps have been better to submit the proclamation of Albanian independence to the Council of Ministers before publishing it, hopes are entertained that an agreement will be reached before the reopening of the Chamber. Naturally those already strongly antagonistic to the Premier are desirous of a discussion in the Chamber and Senate with a view of giving some indication to the King of the best means to solve this crisis. Some still trust that the influence of the King and the patriotism of Premier Boselli and the other Ministers may be strong enough to keep the Ministry in office. The King has arrived in Rome from the front and will take the situation in hand.

Among those Ministers who have threatened to resign are Leonida Bissolati, leader of the Reformist Socialists; Signor Bonomi, also a Reformist Socialist and Minister of Public Works; Signor Comandini, Republican, and Signor Fera, Minister of Posts.

NORTHCLIFFE HERE AS MISSION'S HEAD

Says His Task Will Be to Coordinate the Work of British Agencies.

NO TIME FOR SOCIAL EVENTS

Sailed 33 Hours After He Accepted Appointment — Pleased to Return to America.

Lord Northcliffe, proprietor of The London Times, The London Daily Mail, and forty other English publications, arrived in New York yesterday on his way to Washington to take up his duties as head of the British Commission in the United States. He will divide his time between this city and Washington. Lord Northcliffe announced at once on his arrival that, owing to the pressure of work for his Government, he would not be able to attend any social entertainments. He courteously declined to comment on the war, the censorship, and similar topics which were suggested to him.

From the time the post was offered to him by Premier Lloyd George until he sailed for America only thirty-three hours elapsed. His office staff will arrive in a few days.

After going to a hotel Lord Northcliffe met some of the members of the British Commission stationed in New York and afterward went for a walk in Central Park. When asked for an interview he gave out a statement which he had prepared on the voyage, which he declined to amplify. The statement reads:

"The War Cabinet has designated me head of the British War Mission to the United States, and I have been instructed to try to co-ordinate the work of the various admirable British organizations already established here. These are charged with the task of supplying our war and other needs. Until I present my credentials at Washington it is impossible, of course, for me to make any further statement.

"I can, however, express my very great personal pleasure at being again in America, which I have so often visited and which has many delightful associations and friendships for me; nor is it saying too much when I add that the whole British people have a profound sense of grateful appreciation of the magnificent welcome accorded Mr. Balfour and his associates and the complete success of his mission.

The new head of the British commission appeared to be in the best of health and full of vigor. He wore a blue serge suit, soft gray hat and red-checked tie, and carried a Malacca cane. Golf and motoring will be his recreations, when he takes any, during his stay in this country. He brought his golf outfit on the ship.

It is understood that the special mission of Lord Northcliffe will be to see that the British sub-commissions in the United States on ammunition, food, aviation and other branches of war needs shall co-operate, not only among themselves, but with the other commissions of the Allies in this country.

FRENCH REPULSE ATTACKS.

Germans Attempt Two Surprise Enterprises North of the Aisne.

PARIS, June 11.—The official communication issued by the War Office tonight reads:

Two enemy surprise attacks on our outposts near Courcy met with no success.

There was intermittent cannonading over the greater part of the front, but in the region of Mont Carnillet the artillery of both sides was very active.

The afternoon announcement follows:

There was rather unusual activity of the artillery on both sides north of the Somme and in the region of Cerny. To the west of the village the enemy attempted a new surprise attack and was repulsed.

Patrol encounters occurred near Hill 304 and in the Woevre. The night was calm on the remainder of the front.

CANADIAN LOSSES 65,549.

OTTAWA, June 11.—Canadian casualties at the French front between June 30, 1916, and June 5, 1917, totaled 65,549. It was announced here tonight. The number of recruits secured during that period totaled 74,510. Casualties from Feb. 1, 1917, to April 30, 1917, were 17,645, and enlistments during that period were 19,684.

Of the 65,549 casualties during the last year 12,084 were killed in action, 3,810 died of wounds, 911 died of sickness, 1,328 are presumed to be dead, 608 are missing, 45,825 were wounded, and 1,010 are prisoners of war.

Of the 17,545 casualties during February, March, and April, 3,071 were killed in action, 942 died of wounds, 302 died of sickness, 426 are presumed to be dead, 12,248 were wounded, 490 are missing, and 61 are prisoners of war.

KRONSTADT REBELS AGAIN DEFY CABINET

Henderson Tells Petrograd Council the Kind of Peace British Labor Wants.

By HAROLD WILLIAMS.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, June 10.—The conflict with Kronstadt has again become acute. After the visit of Ministers Tseretelli and Skobeleff to the refractory islanders a compromise was patched up in the shape of a formal recognition by the Kronstadt Council of the authority of the Provisional Government. The recognition was a very limping one, and contained a wholly unsatisfactory clause to the effect that Kronstadt should have the right to elect a representative or Governor in the island.

This tottering settlement lasted only one day. As soon as the Ministers had left the Maximalist agitators got to work, the decision of the local council general was reversed, and on Thursday evening a delegation came to inform the Provisional Government that the declaration of independence still remained in force.

Meantime very strong feeling had been rising in Petrograd against Kronstadt and even from the distant province of Saratoff a meeting of peasants telegraphed a protest against the laxity of the Government in permitting such open defiance of authority. The Provisional Government decided on Thursday night to take strong measures and on Friday at a full meeting of the Petrograd Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates it was resolved to sharply condemn the Kronstadt Council and to demand immediate and complete submission to the Provisional Government.

On Saturday the Provisional Government issued a strongly worded order for submission, and this firm display of authority, supported energetically and without reserve by the Petrograd Council, had a greatly bracing effect here, whatever the result may be in Kronstadt.

So far the country has hardly had an opportunity to realize that the humane and amiable men who form the Russian executive are actually a Government. The Kronstadt incident is both stupid and dangerous, but it is a good test case, and if the Government is able to act firmly here it means that the principle of authority is beginning to take root in revolutionary Russia.

The very fact that the Government feels itself able to adopt a stern tone and that it received complete support from the Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates is a recognition of the definite trend of public opinion. Public sentiment, for all its chaotic character, does most obviously, apart from a small but noisy minority, demand one thing, and that is authority and order.

Up till Saturday evening the stern order of the Government had not disturbed the normal course of life in Kronstadt. It is rumored that probably the ships will obey orders, but the attitude of the garrison is still undetermined. In the meantime the rebel local council ejected the Government Commissioner and has taken the administration of the town into its own hands.

Yesterday afternoon Arthur Henderson by invitation had a long interview with the Executive Committee of the Petrograd Council of Delegates, and many questions were considered, including the organization of labor in England industrially and politically. The conditions of the conference of allied Socialists which the Labor Party has decided to hold in London engaged serious attention, as also did the international congress convoked by the council. The committee decided to consider the question as to whether the Petrograd or London conference might be regarded as preliminary to the international conference.

Henderson described the kind of peace considered desirable by the British democracy. "It must be real peace, such a peace as would prevent the possibility of ourselves or our children being ruled by brute force," he said. Members of the committee asked other questions, to which Henderson gave exhaustive answers that seemed to satisfy the majority of the committee.

REFUSES TO CANCEL SOCIALISTS' PASSPORTS

British Government Acting on Advice of Henderson and Ambassador to Russia.

LONDON, June 11.—The Government has declined to cancel the passports of James Ramsay MacDonald and Frederick W. Jowett, who have been prevented from sailing for Petrograd to meet Russian Socialists by the National Seamen's and Firemen's Union. The Government explained that they were issued in response to the request of the Russian Government upon the advice of Arthur Henderson, member of the War Council and representative of labor, who is now in Russia, and the British Ambassador, Sir George Buchanan.

A motion to adjourn the House tonight as a protest against the granting of the passports was defeated without division after Mr. Bonar Law, Chancellor of the Exchequer, had made the foregoing explanation.

The position of MacDonald and Jowett is still uncertain. They are still at the port from which they intended to depart, with George H. Roberts, the Labor Whip, who considered it inadvisable to proceed while others were detained. But Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst and some of the other delegates sailed.

According to a Central News report MacDonald and Jowett have signed an acceptance of a guarantee that they would insist upon restitutions to allied merchant seamen for the murder and destruction committed by German submarines, which would mean that the Seamen's and Firemen's Union would withdraw their embargo. This, however, is not confirmed officially.

The British Seafarers' Union of Glasgow has offered to supply a crew to take them to Russia.

The National Seamen's and Firemen's Union has asked the American union to prevent the departure of pacifists who may attempt to leave American ports. The union offered no opposition to the departure of Mrs. Pankhurst and Mr. Roberts.

CZAR'S PALACE FOR ROOT.

American Mission Expected to Reach Petrograd Today.

PETROGRAD, June 11.—The special train which is bringing Elihu Root and the American Commissioners to Petrograd is due here tomorrow evening. Representatives of the Russian Government and the entire staff of the American Embassy will meet the commission at the station. The commission will be conducted immediately to quarters arranged for them in the Winter Palace, which will be thrown open for the first time since the revolutionary flag replaced the insignia of the old empire.

The Commissioners were met at Perm last night by Barone Lamzai, representing the Russian War Office, and Basil Miles, special representative of the State Department at Petrograd. Baron Lamzia and a Captain representing the navy will be attached to the commission during its stay in Petrograd.

The arrival in Petrograd of the Americans will be in the nature of a surprise, as the journey of the commission has been conducted with such expedition and secrecy that the press and public have not yet been even informed that they have left Vladivostok.

The Foreign Office declared today that it expected great results from American co-operation.

"America has shown us since the revolution greater friendship and sympathy than any other nation," said a Foreign Office official. "She was the first to recognize the new Government and she has shown her willingness to assist us in many ways. We are eager to receive the American Commission, and regard its visit here as a still further symbol of the proof of the bonds of friendship and understanding which unite the two countries."

URGE PRESIDENT TO PUSH FOOD BILL

Continued from Page 1.

of fine and imprisonment, and the President is empowered to take over storage houses, mines and factories to meet any food crisis.

The committee included fuels in the bill, but eliminated "shoes, clothing and other necessities of life."

Control of Storage Warehouses.

The President is authorized "to purchase and provide for the production or manufacture of necessaries; to store them and provide storage facilities for them by construction, purchase, lease, or otherwise; to sell them; and to require any person having the control of any necessaries to furnish the whole or any part of such necessaries or storage space to the Government in such quantities, at such times and at such prices as shall be determined by the President to be reasonable."

It is provided that if the President commandeers storage places, mines, or manufactories, and the price set by him is not satisfactory to the owner, the later may sue in the Federal Courts for the difference claimed.

The President is authorized to requisition and take over for the Government any factory, mine, or other plant "whenever the President shall find that it is impossible by license or voluntary arrangement or agreement to assume an adequate and continuous supply of necessaries."

Should the President establish regulations for the conduct of exchanges and boards of trade, or clearing houses in conjunction therewith, persons who violate such regulations are subject to a fine of not more than $10,000 or imprisonment of not more than four years, or both. A fine of not more than $5,000, or imprisonment not more than two years, or both, is provided for persons who violate regulations which the President may issue regarding the use of foods and food materials in the manufacture of alcoholic and non-alcoholic beverages.

CONSCRIPTION BILL OFFERED IN CANADA

OTTAWA, June 11.—A bill for compulsory military service by Canadians between the ages of 20 and 45 years was presented to the House of Commons today by Sir Robert Borden.

The Premier said that on Jan. 1, 1915, he had authorized the enlistment of 500,000 men for overseas service and the offer was taken as a pledge that the number would be raised. Under the voluntary system, he declared, more than 400,000 men had been raised and their services had brought cheer to the British and glory to Canada.

Lately the number of men volunteering had fallen off while the demand for men increased, Sir Robert explained. To date Canadians had suffered casualties to the number of 90,000. In April and May last 11,790 men had been enlisted in Canada, while there had been 17,322 casualties among Canadians at the front. There were under arms enough Canadians to supply reinforcements for some time to come, but for military reasons he could not say how long.

But during the next seven months, to keep four Canadian army divisions in the field the enlistment of 70,000 men was needed and to keep five divisions in the field 84,000 men were needed, he pointed out; there was a greater number of suitable men in Canada. It had been decided that they should be brought to arms by compulsion. All Canadians under a law which had been on the statute books for forty-nine years, were liable for the defense of the country and liable to be sent abroad if the Government decided that in defending the country they should fight beyond its boundaries. Today the first line of Canadian defense was in the North Sea with the British fleet and in the trenches of France with the Canadian divisions. When the Canadians at Ypres barred the Germans from Calais on April 22, 1916, they barred the way also to London, to Halifax and to Montreal.

MESSINES BATTLE A STUNNING BLOW

Continued from Page 1.

stantly by an enormous shell fire directed by the new observation the British gained at Messines, and during the past twenty-four hours, up to the time I write, he shows no further sign of asking for trouble, but is obviously engaged in reorganizing his forces demoralized by defeat and getting his guns into safer positions.

Many of his guns lie battered and buried about the battlefield and some of his batteries, put out of action by the British bombardment, remain between the new lines and his, but are so covered by the British fire that he has a poor chance of getting them away. His loss in guns, trench mortars, and machine guns is most alarming to him, for I have no doubt at all, after seeing the frightful effect of the bombardment, that these were destroyed on a large scale, so that the number of trophies will not at all represent his actual loss in weapons and material of war.

More terrible to the unfortunate soldiers of the German Army is the devilish punishment inflicted upon them during the past ten days, culminating on that day of the battle when every weapon for the slaughter of men, from the heaviest of high explosives to boiling oil and gas shells, was let loose upon them in one great tempest of destruction, which blew them out of the earth and off the earth, and frizzled them, and blinded them, and choked them, and mutilated them, and made them mad.

Many Prisoners Stark Mad.

One German boy of not more than 15 years of age was found yesterday lying in a shell hole by the side of a dead man who had been shot through the temple, and he was a gibbering idiot through fear. Not the only one. German officers say many of their men went raving mad under the strain of the British bombardment and tried to kill their comrades or themselves or fell into an ague of terror, clawing their mouths with all the symptoms of the worst shell shock.

Many prisoners believe they were betrayed and were sacrificed coldly and deliberately by their higher command. Before the battle an order of the day was issued to them telling them to hold out if surrounded and to fight their way back with the bayonet because behind them would be fresh divisions ready to support immediate counterattacks. Those fresh divisions never appeared. They had no chance of getting near the British lines because of the far-reaching fire and the activity of the aircraft—and the men of Messines and Wytschaete and all the ground south of St. Eloi were cut off and captured if they didn't die.

After the first British assaults the enemy, panic-stricken, were more concerned in getting away their guns than in protecting their troops, and they were left to the mercy of the British. Walking about those monstrous mine craters which were torn out of the earth at dawn on June 7 and across the old German lines beyond St. Eloi on the left of the attack southward by Wytschaete and the lower slopes of Messines today as after the morning of the battle I pitied any human souls who had to suffer what these German soldiers must have suffered in the agony of fear before death came to many of them. All this great stretch of country is blasted and harrowed and holed with monstrous pits.

There was at least one great shell to every nine yards, and at 200 yards its flying steel has killing power. No idea of it can be conveyed by words describing this upheaval of sand bags and barricades and trenches and redoubts and this sieve of earth, pitted by countless shell craters. All the woods where the Germans lived—Oaten Wood and Dam Strasse Wood and Ravine Wood down to Wytschaete Wood and Hell Wood—are but gaunt stumps sticking out of ash-gray heaps of earth.

The German dead lie here and there in batches or in rows as they were shot down by enfilade fire, but I have seen very few bodies, for most of them were buried in the upheaved earth, as one can tell by the foul vapors which creep out from the smashed trenches, where great dugouts have collapsed and tunnels fallen in, so that all this battleground is a graveyard of men buried as they died or before they died.

Three men escaped by some wild freak of chance from a mine crater under the mound of St. Eloi. I stood on the lip of it today, high above its shelving sides, and found it hard to believe any living thing could have escaped from its upheaval. But the Germans had many dugouts in the old craters which existed here before this last one was blown and after that ferocious fighting a year ago when we lost this ground. One of those dugouts remained firm when a British mine was touched off four days ago, and out of its mouth crept two days later three haggard men, still shaking and dazed, who had been deep in the ground when all about them the earth was hurled sky-high with a rush of gas and flame and monstrous uproar. They were unscathed except in their souls, where terror lived.

By my side today as I looked down into this pit of hell stood a man who had worked for a year in the making of it, an Australian officer of engineers. He stood smoking a pipe on the edge of the shell crater and said in a cheerful way:

"It is good to be in the fresh air again."

The fresh air did not seem to me very good there this morning. It was filled with abominable noises which are the menace of death—the savage whine of German shrapnel flung about between the Bluff and St. Eloi in a haphazard way and heavy crumps searching for the British batteries in their new positions and British shells whistling over in long flights, hideous sounds in the ghastly scene which filled me with nausea, but I understood this Australian's craving for an open air life, even such open air as this, when he told me he had been working underground for nearly two years, in dark saps pierced under the German lines and running very close to German saps, nosing out of the way and sometimes breaking through to the British saps so that the men clawed at each others' throats in these tunnels and beat each other to death with picks and shovels or were blown to bits by mine explosions.

Buried for 48 Hours Alive.

It is always a race for time to blow up the charges, and sometimes the enemy was first and sometimes the British, and once the enemy in a great attack against the Canadians got in and blew up their shafts and sapheads and cut off the British tunnellers. That Australian officer was one of those. For forty-eight hours he was buried alive, and had to dig his way out, so now, after his job is done, he likes the open-air life.

"No more underground work for me after this war," he said. "I've had enough of it."

The German ground hereabouts was taken by those troops whose fighting across the Dam Strasse and in Ravine Wood I described yesterday. Through them went another body of troops, whose fortunes I described in other battles, including some Irish lads, who have a padre for a hero, and English country troops, who knew the look of Vimy Ridge before the Canadians reached the crest of it. They had to make the final assault to the furthest line of attack, passing through the masses of men who had taken the first lines. All this was rehearsed in the field behind the battle ground so thoroughly that the men could have gone forward blindfolded.

It all went like clockwork, and although the enemy fought hard on that last line beyond Dam Strasse by Rose Wood and Bug Wood, one post holding out with machine guns, the men captured it with few casualties. They took 300 prisoners that day, with six field guns and their spirit is high after the victory. Next morning the Irish padre was seen sitting outside a shell hole with a clean white collar and white socks, with his boots off. "Well done, boys!" he said, and they were glad to see him there.

All the men were wonderfully inspired by belief in their guns, so that they walked close behind the frightful barrage. Each body of troops vied with other regiments in friendly rivalry. There was a race between the South and North Irish as to whether the green flag or the orange should be placed first above the ruins of Wytschaete. I don't know which won, but both flags flew there when the crest had been gained.

Baron von Plener, Aviator, Killed.

AMSTERDAM, June 11, (via London.)—A Berlin dispatch reports the death in action in Flanders of Baron Ernst von Plener, one of Germany's most celebrated aviators.

American Casualties Reported.

OTTAWA, June 11.—Lieutenant J. M. Stevenson, Marlboro, Mass., and H. Davidson, New York City, wounded; and J. M. Horne, Austin, Tex., ill, are Americans named in today's Canadian casualty list.

BULGARIAN PREMIER CONFERS WITH KAISER

Radoslavoff Predicts the Eventual Success of Peace Negotiations with Russia.

AMSTERDAM, June 11, (via London.)—Premier Radoslavoff of Bulgaria was summoned to Homburg Castle on Saturday night, after his arrival in Berlin, and spent Sunday in conference with the German Emperor and Field Marshal von Hindenburg. Later he departed for Vienna.

The Berlin Lokal-Anzeiger reports that its Saturday evening issue was suppressed for publishing a report that a peace deputation from the Austrian Army had arrived at Petrograd. The report was taken from Petrograd dispatches to English newspapers.

COPENHAGEN, June 11, (via London.)—The unsuccessful attempt made recently by M. Rizow, Bulgarian Minister to Germany, to open negotiations for a separate peace with Russia through letters to Maxim Gorky and the Russian Ministers at Christiania and Stockholm, is publicly approved by Premier Radoslavoff of Bulgaria in an interview in the Vossische Zeitung of Berlin. M. Radoslavoff expresses the conviction that in time the efforts will be successful.

BERLIN, June 11, (via London.)—Bulgaria has no intention of trying to carry the war into Greece, according to a statement made by the Bulgarian Premier in an interview given to the Berlin newspapers on Saturday. M. Radoslavoff said that the Bulgarians were in a position successfully to assume the offensive against General Sarrail's army, but added:

"It is not in the direction of our politics, however, to carry the war into Greece."

The Minister declared that the political and economic situation in Bulgaria was wholly satisfactory. He said that the crops, both in Bulgaria and Serbia, promised to be the best in recent years.

WAR COSTS BRITAIN $39,420,000 A DAY

Bonar Law Tells Commons We Have Lent England $2,000,000,000 Since 1914.

LONDON, June 11.—Andrew Bonar Law, Chancellor of the Exchequer, announced in the House of Commons today that the average daily expenditure of the Government in the first nine weeks of the fiscal year worked out as $39,420,000.

In reply to a question Bonar Law announced that since the beginning of the war Great Britain had borrowed from the United States a total of $2,000,000,000.

U-BOAT SINKINGS ARE RISING AGAIN

Continued from Page 1.

has been conserved. Potatoes were unobtainable for a while, but now the use of seed potatoes only is prohibited and a new crop is available, the only question being the price.

At Ranelagh Club on Saturday they gave the American Ambassador, a guest, only three tiny lumps of sugar for two portions of tea. People are learning to use less sugar, and to their own advantage. The bread ration of three pounds a week is made by a Government recipe. It is a great improvement on the former bread and saves white flour, whole wheat being utilized.

Vegetables and fruits are dear but comparatively plentiful, and there is enough meat for everybody if used in moderation. Owing to the general and profitable employment, the high prices are not burdensome. A greater area of land was planted, but there is much fallow land. Owing to labor shortage numbers of women are working the land. If the danger of a reduction of England by the submarine exists, one encounters no sign of it anywhere.

Just now there is considerable buoyancy on account of the Messines victory, but even aside from that conditions are cheerful. The streets are crowded, trade is good, the darkening of cities has been modified, and what remains is no longer depressing, as it is daylight until 10 o'clock.

The Lloyd George Government is somewhat less popular, but still invulnerably strong.

Lord Northcliffe's absence creates a relaxing atmosphere. One imagines that there is less bite in that portion of the press. I learn that he was most reluctant to drop the reins and accept the mission offered him, much as he enjoys visiting America.

General Pershing and his staff are getting a typical British welcome, just the sort the General himself likes for its quietness and restraint. To compare the Pershing demonstration here to the welcomes to Joffre and Balfour in New York is to liken a Summer zephyr to a Kansas cyclone. Everybody, from the King down, has saluted General Pershing and his party with becoming and appropriate courtesy, but the fact is that the English do no know how to yell.

A like comment applies to Mr. Balfour's return. No popular demonstration awaited him. The papers all gave him editorial approval for the success of his mission and about sticks of matter under a two-line head in the news columns.

In black calfskin or tan russia.
Price $11.00.

J. & J. SLATER
415 Fifth Avenue
Between 37th and 38th Streets

Smoky Fireplaces Made to Draw
Also expert services on general chimney work, heating and ventilating.
No payment accepted unless successful.
FREDERIC H. WHITLEY
Engineer and Contractor
217 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N.Y.

ADVERTISEMENT.

White Rock

Unsurpassed Mineral Water

James Lee Co., Jersey City, N. J.
Francisco & Jacobus, Architects.

"Turner for Concrete"
15 years' training makes possible the service we are giving the
U. S. Navy (Brooklyn Yd).
Scovill Mfg. Company (ammunition).
Nat'l Biscuit Co. (food).
Endicott Johnson Company (shoes).
And 36 other speed jobs.
TURNER Construction Co

Phoenix Hosiery Antedates The "Pure Silk Law"

THOSE droll law-makers! Ye merrie milkman may be thrown into ye cheerless dungeon for selling watered milk, but ye bull-necked bailiff daren't handcuff ye merrie silk-man for selling "dipped" silk, weighted with tin or glue.

To be safe, buy only *Phoenix Silk Hosiery* which is every wisp Pure Silk—soft, sleek, and with a shimmer everlasting.

I show *Phoenix Silk Hosiery* in a full span of Summer Colors to tally with every tint of Suit or Scarf.

Men's 55c, 80c, $1.05 pair
Women's 80c, $1.05, $1.50

JOHN DAVID
Stein-Bloch Smart Clothes
Broadway at 32nd Street

344,436.
The average net paid circulation of The New York Times for the six months ended March 31, 1917, as reported to Post Office Department, was 344,436 copies.—Advt.

FRANKLIN SIMON & CO.'S
HAND-TAILORED
Khaki Uniforms
at $16.00
are worth considerably more

Hand-Tailored to Order
or Ready-for-Service
Uniforms of Olive Drab Serge - $29 to $43
Uniforms of Olive Drab Melton - $36
Army Overcoats of Olive Drab Melton $43

Khaki is symbolical of sacrifice, and at $16 we are making some sacrifice ourselves.

We are not in any sense of the word competing with contractors who produce Khaki in bulk.

We are simply catering to those men who want to carry the refinements of hand-tailoring into the service.

Our Khaki uniforms conform strictly to Army regulations, but instead of being machined in thousand lots, they are cut singly like civilian clothes and hand-tailored clean through from shoulder straps to shoes.

Khaki Uniforms $9.00
NOT Hand-Tailored, but far superior to the rank and file of machine-tailored Khaki.

Men's Clothing Shop—8 West 38th Street
A Separate Shop on the Street Level

Franklin Simon & Co.
Men's Clothing Furnishings Shoes
FIFTH AVENUE

The Manhattan "Oxford"—
a White Shirt for
Town and Country Wear

It looks as appropriate under a tweed suit downtown as it does with white flannels at the seashore or with knickerbockers at the golf club.

White mercerized Oxford of unusually good quality—a typical Manhattan Shirt fabric; with the neat smartness and perfect fit which characterize all Manhattan Shirt products.

Made in regulation negligee style, with French cuffs or stiff cuffs; or for athletic purposes with a smart attached collar and either short or long sleeves.

One of the best values in shirts we have ever offered—$1.75.

Weber and Heilbroner
Clothiers, Haberdashers and Hatters—Eleven Stores
241 Broadway 345 Broadway 775 Broadway 1185 Broadway
44th and Broadway 1363 Broadway 58 Nassau 150 Nassau
20 Cortlandt 30 Broad 42nd and Fifth Ave.
Clothes at: 30 Broad, 241 Broadway, 1185 Broadway, 44th and Broadway, 42d and Fifth Ave.

A&F Co.

"Where the Blazed Trail Crosses the Boulevard"

Madison Avenue and Forty-fifth Street

Countryside Comforts

Spots for the country-house lawn where one may compose himself from thoughts which travel across a troubled ocean.

Peeps of sunshine and shade in between the khaki and tweed moments of a busy Summer.

Restful awning hammocks and spreading sunshades.

Specialties of this great Outdoor Headquarters—as much as the tents and the home-spuns—the rifles and the fishing rods.

Lawn bowls and archery, clock golf and duck-on-a-rock—the games of country gentlemen and gentlewomen, helping to maintain that lighter vein which is our saving grace.

Army Officers' Uniforms and Camp Conveniences

Uniforms promptly made to measure, of regulation materials and with proper insignia.

Wrist watches, money belts, regulation pistols and holsters, Helio unbreakable mirrors, toilet rolls, first-aid cases, puttees, tobacco pouches, pocket lighters.

Army shoes of the best lasts and most durable leathers—including a special cruiser boot much favored by the men in the trenches.

Tennis and Golf Apparel and Supplies

English cricket flannel trousers, correctly cut for tennis, $9.

White or gray flannel trousers, from $7.50.

White duck trousers, $2 to $3.50.

Tennis and golf shirts, of special A. & F. design and materials, $1.50 up.

Knickerbocker or long-trouser golf and country suits for men, of imported tweeds and homespuns, $25 up.

Tropicloth town-and-country suits, $35.

Madagascar grass hats, flannel and silk hats—complete assortments of Summer knock-about hats and sporting caps.

Celebrated A. & F. custom strung tennis bats, handmade golf clubs, balls and supplies for court and links.

Tennis bats restrung while you wait.

Women's Outdoor Clothes for Forest or Beach

Khaki suits for the camp and country, from $10 up—swimming suits, $4.50 up.

Abercrombie & Fitch models for every Summer activity.

Durable, simple, town-and-country suits of tweeds, for the automobile and general sport wear, from $25.

Casino suits, *comme il faut* for the race meet, the club house or the garden party—up to $125.

Skirts and shirts for sport wear—appropriate hats, hosiery and boots for every outing costume.

Write for New Booklet on Spring and Summer Sporting Clothes for Women. Also New Folder on Women's Khaki Clothes

Abercrombie & Fitch Co.

Ezra H. Fitch, President

Madison Avenue and 45th St.

The Greatest Sporting Goods Store in the World

STRONGLY OBJECT TO ADVERTISING TAX

Middle Western Publishers Call 2 Per Cent. Levy "Almost Destructive."

WOULD SHARE WAR BURDENS

But Ask Senate Committee to Consider Those Under Which They Already Labor.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—A protest against the 2 per cent. special advertising tax tentatively written into the War Tax bill by the Senate Finance Committee was made today in a statement by Urey Woodson of Kentucky, representing the Inland Daily Press Association, comprising newspapers published in cities of 10,000 to 50,000 population in ten Central Western States.

The committee is reconsidering its decision to substitute the flat advertising tax for the zone system increases in second-class mail rates of the bill as it passed the House.

Mr. Woodson's statement says:

"We have learned with deepest concern of proposals to put upon the newspapers a tax which would be almost destructive of our property in view of the recent increase in the cost of newsprint paper, amounting to 100 per cent. or more to many publishers. We are here to earnestly appeal to the committees of Congress not to put this crippling burden upon our business. The proposed tax on advertising receipts would be a tax upon gross sales. Advertising space is the only commodity that a newspaper has for sale, receipts from circulation being, as is well known, more than absorbed by the cost of materials alone. Even if the newspaper business could bear this burden, we are unable to see why this business should be taxed on its gross sales unless the tax is equitably distributed by a similar levy upon all other business.

"It is very well known that in times of business depression the merchant's first thought of economy is to cut down his advertising. He cannot get his rent reduced, nor his heat, light, or power, nor can he discharge his clerks; but when business is dull he feels he must drop out his advertising. Thus, a tax on gross advertising receipts would be especially dangerous and harmful. Why should advertising, the greatest promoter of business in all lines, be thus penalized? The press of this country could not submit to this dangerous precedent without the most earnest protest. If a 2 per cent. tax should be placed upon our gross advertising now, why not 4 per cent., or even 10 per cent., a year from now, when the country's war obligations may be quadrupled?

"Newspaper publishers emphatically subscribe themselves as not only willing but anxious to bear their just and full share of the burden of war financing. They do not believe that they should bear an unjust burden, or that the life of their business should be threatened as it now is and has been for many months by the unparalleled combination of the paper mills, and with this proposed Congressional action as a final blow which the weaker ones cannot stand."

INCOME TAX SECTION RADICALLY CHANGED

Senate Committee Strikes Out Retroactive Levy—Alters Corporation Profits Provision.

WASHINGTON, June 11. — Radical changes in the income tax section of the House War Tax bill, previously agreed to tentatively, were finally approved today by the Senate Finance Committee. The retroactive tax on 1916 incomes, designed to raise $108,000,000, and the so-called Lenroot amendments increasing surtaxes on incomes of more than $40,000 to bring in about $66,000,000, were stricken out.

The committee spent the entire day on the income section, and at adjournment a proposal by Senators Penrose and Lodge for further reduction of surtaxes on incomes exceeding $40,000 was pending.

Important amendments regarding income taxation of corporations' stock dividends and receipts from subsidiary corporations were adopted. Stock dividends, the committee proposes, shall be taxed on the amount of earnings or profits so distributed, in accordance with the present Treasury Department practice. To prevent double income taxation of corporation profits, it was decided to exempt from taxation income received by a holding or other corporation from another corporation upon which the income tax has once been paid. This change has been urgently advocated by representatives of corporations.

Formal approval was given on amendment to repeal the present special tax of 12½ per cent. on war munitions. This had been informally agreed to on the ground that munitions manufacturers must pay the proposed increased income and excess profits taxes.

Most of the day's debate centred upon the Penrose-Lodge proposal further to reduce surtaxes on incomes of more than $40,000. It is understood that Senators La Follette, Gore, Thomas, McCumber and others vigorously opposed any further reduction in view of the committee's action in rejecting the Lenroot amendments. The present House surtaxes on such incomes range from 6 per cent. on those between $40,000 and $60,000 to 33 per cent. on incomes of more than $500,000. The amendments proposed would reduce the minimum and maximum rates to 7 and 20 per cent. respectively, with corresponding reductions in intermediate grades.

The committee plans to conclude the income tax section tomorrow and proceed to settle the rate on excess profits, with an increase from the House rate of 16 per cent. to at least 20 per cent. generally predicted. Settlement of the tax on newspapers, magazines, and other publications, it was indicated tonight, might be delayed several days.

GERMANS HINT BRITISH MAY INVADE HOLLAND

"Inspired" Writers Discuss the Possibility of an Attack from That Direction.

COPENHAGEN, June 11.—The German writers are now turning their attention with remarkable unanimity to the question of Holland's neutrality, picturing the possibility of a British attempt to violate this in order to turn the flank of the Germans, and inferentially the necessity of German countermeasures.

Count von Reventlow, chief editorial writer of the Tageszeitung; Captain von Salzmann, military critic of the Vossische Zeitung, and Lieut. Gen. Baron von Ardenne, military expert of the Tageblatt, are among those following the lead of the military press authorities in this respect, which obviously is intended as a threat and warning to the Netherlands. The question is coupled with an interesting discussion of the possibility that events will force another and decisive meeting of the German and British fleets.

Germany's War Press Bureau continues to turn out long reports and discussions of the military operations in the Wytschaete sector of Belgium to prove that the result of them was really a German success. If dilates upon the tremendous losses which it is sure the British must have had, despite Field Marshal Haig's report to the contrary, and upon the "swampy and indefensible nature" of the country abandoned, ignoring the fact that the German positions ran along the Wytschaete-Messines Ridge, the only high ground in the vicinity.

Most of the ostensible military critics follow the explanations given out by the Press Bureau, but Major Moraht, who, despite his recent transfer from the Berliner Tageblatt to the Deutsche Tageszeitung, continues to be the only Berlin military writer indulging in independent criticism, declares frankly that the British attained a tactical success, and, although citing semi-official assurances that the German front stands absolutely fast, says it is necessary to wait and see what will be the further results of these struggles in Flanders.

Major Moraht refers to Germany's submarine campaign as yet having shown no effect on the munitions supplies to the armies in France, and declares that as far as the effect upon the home population in France and England is concerned the reports in Germany's newspapers about a ferment among the laboring classes can scarcely be relied upon—that the wish in many cases is father to the thought, and that the respective allied Governments have the situation well in hand. Major Moraht also refers to the possibility of France undertaking an offensive in the Vosges Mountains and south of that region.

Cool, smooth, fragrant — the ultimate perfection in mixing—

Club Cocktails

are invariably in the best taste.

'SPY OR TRAITOR' GOT NAVY SECRETS

Continued from Page 1.

made in the public press of the introduction of my resolution, I received a communication under the date line of Detroit, Mich., purporting to give certain data concerning defective ammunition, and the inspection and testing thereof. Other communications followed from the same source.

"I did not then know the identity of the writer, nor do I now. As his charges against the Navy Department were serious, I finally, last Friday, sent him a telegram at Detroit, asking him to reveal his identity and source of information.

"The Western Union Telegraph Company advised me that the party addressed could not be located in Detroit.

"The next day I addressed the following letter to the Secretary of the Navy:

Dear Mr. Secretary:

I inclose herewith copies of three letters which I have received from a person in another city who desires his name withheld.

Inasmuch as the person makes certain charges and claims to give certain information of grave moment I feel in all fairness that you should be informed. I have neither instigated nor inspired these letters. I do not know the person who has written them. However, I feel that the correspondence he mentioned should be produced. I did not attach any importance to the letters until the last one was received, when I thought it well to bring all three to your attention.

"With my letter to Mr. Daniels I submitted copies of the communications I had received. Thus I made him fully acquainted in advance with the charges made against the efficiency of his department, that he might be equipped to answer them at the hearing before the Naval Affairs Committee today. In other words, I did not care to take snap judgment against him, preferring to treat him with a degree of generosity which I would like to have shown myself under similar circumstances.

"At today's hearing I presented the letters in question at an executive session of the committee.

"Mr. Daniels, it seems, has given publicity to the matter, and has denounced as 'either a spy or traitor' the writer of these letters. This is a remarkable use of the words 'spy' and 'traitor.' Whether or not the information given by the party in question is correct or incorrect, significant or insignificant, is a matter to be determined by the Committee on Naval Affairs.

"One thing seems perfectly clear, however: The object sought to be obtained by the writer of these letters, whoever he may be, has been the welfare of the country, to the end that no more Red Cross nurses shall be killed by dangerous ammunition, and that there shall be no repetition of the St. Louis fiasco, where 25 per cent. of the shells fired proved defective, or of the Philadelphia affair, where 60 per cent. of the shells fired exploded prematurely.

"Whoever the writer of these letters may be, his purpose is to aid the American and not the German cause. In the words of Patrick Henry, I can only say to Mr. Daniels, 'If this be treason, make the most of it.'

"These letters were written to me in confidence. I sent copies to the Secretary in confidence. They were submitted to the committee today in confidence. Upon Mr. Daniels rests the responsibility of giving publicity to the affair."

Following the "spy" incident, Admiral Earle, Chief of the Naval Ordnance Bureau, repeated, before the committee, evidence he gave at the previous hearing, when he said that defective mouth cups on the 6-inch shells used in the guns on the Mongolia, St. Paul, Philadelphia and St. Louis, were responsible for the accidents on those ships.

"Are you still using the brass cups on the 6-inch shells"? asked Senator Poindexter.

"Oh, no, we've abandoned them," was the reply. "Naturally, we wouldn't use them after learning that they were liable to cause premature explosions."

Senator Frelinghuysen read from a report of the Lieutenant in command of guns on the St. Louis telling of the explosion of three shells in the guns of the ship during her first trip to Europe. The Lieutenant reported that the lining of the guns was "gouged out." Senator Frelinghuysen wanted to know why the guns had not been removed if they were disabled.

"The guns were not put out of commission," replied Admiral Earle. "Nearly every day we fire guns whose rifling has been gouged out. It doesn't mean that they are disabled."

Senator Frelinghuysen offered a report of Lieutenant King of the Philadelphia, telling of premature explosion of five shells out of nine fired during a trip in May, the Lieutenant urging that, as the Philadelphia was a mail ship and often carried besides naval officers officials of the Diplomatic Service of this country and its allies, it ought to be provided with perfect ammunition. The Lieutenant referred to the gun batteries as damaged.

"That's right," assented Admiral Earle, "and we removed those guns as soon as we got the report. They will be relined before they are issued for service again."

Senator Poindexter remarked that Admiral Earle disagreed with the reports of the Lieutenants in command of gun squads on the vessels that the guns were not disabled.

"I say the guns could be used afterward, even though the rifling had been damaged," insisted the Admiral.

Admiral Earle said he knew of no other premature explosions on American ships than those mentioned, but he had heard of one on a French liner recently, in which parts of the brass cup flew back to the liner's deck.

"I do not think there ever was another accident aboard ship such as that on the Mongolia and the French ship," he added.

The Admiral, in reply to Senator Poindexter, said the navy had put guns on 363 ships since April 1, these being: Liners, 53; coastguard vessels, 7; yachts, 17; auxiliaries, 5; tugs, 13; patrol vessels, 231; merchantmen, 14; lighthouse tenders, 4; British merchant ships, 12; Russian vessels, 10.

None of the merchantmen had been equipped with 6-inch guns, he said, since the experience with them on the four steamers.

Admiral Earle thought the accident aboard the Mongolia was not "such an unusual one," even if it had not happened before. A brass cup might boomerang at any time, he said, although it usually would go straight out from the mouth of the gun and do no harm.

WOMEN TO RAISE BUDGET.

Propose to Supply $50,000 Needed for Defense Work.

Mrs. Willard Straight presided at the meeting of the Mayor's Committee of Women on National Defense in the City Hall yesterday afternoon, as Miss Ruth Morgan, Chairman, was ill. Mrs. Charles Cary Rumsey, Chairman of the Committee on Finance, suggested that the women should not only do their work but support it by supplying their own budget of $50,000. There was general expression of approval and the matter was referred to the Executive Committee with power to act.

Miss Virginia Gildersleeve, Dean of Barnard College and Chairman of the Committee on Agriculture, said farmers must be made to see the value of women's service on the farm. She said that when they accepted the women it was usually found that they wished them to assist with the kitchen work, which they all strenuously refused to do. The General Committee will form a home guard of women to act as chaperons at dances and entertainments which may be given when large numbers of the soldiers are in the city. Miss Anne W. Goodrich said there had been a favorable report from nurses' training schools, which had been asked to cut down their three years of training to two—which is the time required by the State—to obtain a supply of nurses more quickly.

New Holding Company in Norway.

CHRISTIANIA, June 11, (via London.)—The Northern Holding Company has been established here to buy and negotiate foreign securities. Its capital is 2,000,000 kroner, and the Chairman of the Board of Directors is M. Volckmar, President of the Norwegian Bank of Commerce. The Directors include James Dunn, President of the American Nickel Company of London.

DRAFT SLACKERS ORDERED ARRESTED

Period of Leniency Ends and Gen. Crowder Takes Steps for Vigorous Prosecution.

DRAGNET COVERS COUNTRY

All Governors Wired to Bring to Justice Men Who Evaded Registration—Ohio Leads Enrollment.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The period of leniency ended tonight for men between the ages of 21 and 30, inclusive, who failed to register for the war army last Tuesday. Provost Marshal General Crowder sent to the Governors of all the States a message asking them "to inaugurate from tomorrow a vigorous, aggressive and effective enforcement of the penal clause of the selective service law against all who have by their failure to register brought themselves under these provisions."

The penalty for failure to register on June 5 is imprisonment for a year and enforced registration, but General Crowder immediately after registration day recommended that local registration boards provide further opportunity for delinquents.

The Department of Justice today notified United States attorneys to release those already arrested for failure to register, provided they have now registered.

General Crowder has nearly completed a draft of regulations to govern exemptions and exemption boards and expects to lay it before Secretary Baker in a few days for approval. The General believes that no class should be exempted as such, but that local boards should decide on the circumstances in each individual case. He favors use of some device, such as a jury wheel, for drawing the names of those to be examined by the exemption boards. The regulations will be made public in detail after Secretary Baker and President Wilson approve them.

When the Provost Marshal General's office closed tonight thirty-three States had sent in complete returns. They showed a total registration of 6,358,388, compared with census allotments totaling 7,063,482. The returns during the day about kept up the percentage of previous reports, and prediction as to the grand total that would be shown by all the States ranged today from 9,000,000 to 9,250,000.

In the thirty-three States reporting the white registrations were 4,817,980, colored 830,586, aliens 482,439, and enemy aliens 58,304. The possible exemptions indicated were 3,439,527.

Among States reporting so far, Ohio stands first in the proportion of registration to the census estimate, with 113 per cent. Illinois has 104.7 per cent., Wisconsin 104.6 per cent., New Hampshire 102.9 per cent., North Carolina 103 per cent., Iowa 101.8 per cent., and Connecticut 100.9 per cent. Washington is the lowest State, with 80.9 per cent.

A request that labor men be appointed to all exemption boards has been presented to the Provost Marshal General's office by Samuel Gompers.

Whitman Orders Aggressive Action.

ALBANY, June 11.—District Attorneys and Sheriffs of New York State were called upon tonight by Governor Whitman to exercise their full duties in an aggressive campaign to detect and arrest persons subject to the Federal registration of June 5, but who did not register. The Governor directed the officers to bring each case promptly to the attention of the nearest representative of the Federal Department of Justice.

Another McCoy Arrested.

ROANOKE, Va., June 11.—The Federal net sweeping the feud districts of the mountain country for anti-draft conspirators today brought in Calvin McCoy, a relative of William V. McCoy, already under arrest and charged with being at the head of the "revolution" which was to have murdered all the landed people of the vicinity and taken their property.

AMHO

E.F.S.CLOTH

UNION SUITS

For Men

are deservedly the highest-priced knit underwear for men made in America.

LOOK FOR THIS LABEL

Amerhosi Hosiery Co., New Britain, Conn.

Mountain Water & Accessibility

30

MOUNTAIN LAKES RESIDENTIAL PARK

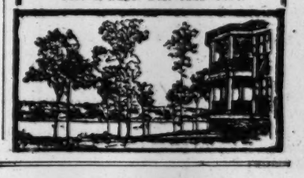
Is Worth While.

Live where fresh water boating, bathing and fishing are at your doorstep. Live where rolling hills, virgin woodland and green fields unfold before your eyes at every glance. Live where the air is clear and fresh and the climate is healthy, where epidemics are unknown. Live where social and community life is the kind you desire and where your home is less than an hour from your city office.

Write for list of new houses that are for sale.

PUBLICITY SECRETARY OF MOUNTAIN LAKES, N. J.

New York Office, 2 Maiden Lane, Cor. B'way. Tel. 1523 Cort.



J.M.Gidding & Co.

384 386 388 Fifth Avenue AT 46TH ST

SEMI-ANNUAL

Clearance Sales

GREATEST VALUES OF THE HALF YEAR—

TAILORED SUITS—at $28, $38
FORMERLY TO $95. For Town or Country.

COATS AND CAPES—at $25, $45
FORMERLY TO $95. For Street and Sports Wear.

GOWNS AND DRESSES—at $45, $65
FORMERLY TO $125. For Day or Evening.

HANDSOME WRAPS—at $75, $95
FORMERLY TO $225. Of Rich Silks and Satins.

WRAPS A small group to close. Originally to $125—at $35

STREET AND SPORT HATS—at $5, $10
FORMERLY TO $30. Handmade and Trimmed Styles.

SUMMER FURS—IN MOST LUXURIOUS QUALITIES AND VERY ADVANCE DESIGNS—AT 20% BELOW NORMAL PRICES

Annual Spring Sale

Special Clearance Prices on

Cloth and Silk Coats

For Evening, Street, Motor and Sport Wear

Cloth Coats $20 $30 $50
Silk Coats $25 $40 $55

Fur Capes and Stoles

in various furs and combinations

Greatly Reduced

Fox Skins

Choice Collection for Summer Wear

Silver Foxes	$150 up
Cross Foxes	65 "
Natural Blue Foxes	65 "
White Foxes	40 "

Revillon Frères

Fifth Avenue at 53d Street
New York

Universal Service

Is one of the oldest laws in the Brill Stores.

And never has it been so rigidly and persistently enforced as now. Most men are easy to please, easy to fit, easy to satisfy and easy to sell, but there is also a great army of men who want just what they want and won't be happy until they get it. To serve them, to fit them and to satisfy them, the resources of one of the greatest clothes-selling organizations in the country and one of its greatest clothes-making institutions, with a combined clothing experience of more than eighty-five years, are at your command when you step into a Brill store to see and to choose either Brill Clothes or

Kuppenheimer Clothes From $20 to $40

Brill Brothers

1456 Broadway. Broadway, at 49th St. 44 East 14th Street.
279 Broadway. 2 Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn. 47 Cortlandt St.
125th Street, at 3d Avenue—Open Evenings.
The Kuppenheimer Houses in New York and Brooklyn.
Come In or Write for Style Book.

B. Altman & Co.

MEN'S GOLF SUITS

at $25.00

are being specially featured in the Men's Wear Department (First Floor) as the Summer season opens.

The Suits consist of Norfolk-style coat (made with wide inverted plaits and bellows pockets) and either knickerbockers or long trousers. They are made of fabrics appropriate for the purpose and are very well tailored, offering unusually good value for the price.

MEN'S WARM-WEATHER SUITS

at prices ranging from $9.50 to 22.50

(according to the material used) are also specially featured.

These are Two-piece Suits, with skeleton-lined Norfolk or sack coat. The materials of which they are made have been carefully selected with a view to service in sultry weather, among them being flannels, tropical worsteds, cool-cloth and Shantung silk.

(Men's Wear, First Floor)

Fifth Avenue - Madison Avenue, New York

Thirty-fourth Street — Thirty-fifth Street

Stern Brothers

West 42nd and 43rd Streets

Will Continue, To-day, their

Important Offering of

Women's Coats

at $15.75 & 27.50

Remarkable Money-saving opportunities are provided.

101 IRISH LEADERS TO FORM CONVENTION

Lloyd George Tells Commons of Plans and Carson Promises His Full Support.

ALL FACTIONS TO ATTEND

Ulster Leader Eulogizes William Redmond and Hopes to See Vexing Problem Solved.

LONDON, June 11.—One hundred and one men, representing every faction in Ireland and every walk of life, will compose the convention to be convoked to settle the vexing Irish problem. It will be presided over by a Chairman of its own selection, or, failing that, by a man chosen by the Government.

The convention will be a purely Irish assemblage. County, borough, and urban district councils will select their own representatives. The churches will be represented by their Bishops, or, in the case of the Presbyterians, by their Moderator, while the Chambers of Commerce of Dublin, Belfast, and Cork will name their own delegates, as will each political party. There will be five labor representatives.

In announcing the composition of the convention this afternoon in the House of Commons, Premier Lloyd George said that the Government had planned to make it representative of every-day life in Ireland, and so had invited the county councils and had asked each of the borough councils to send its Chairman. The urban councils had been invited to send two representatives each.

John Redmond, the Nationalist leader, would be invited to nominate five members of the Irish convention; Sir John Lonsdale would be invited also to nominate five members, and William O'Brien two members. There would be ten Irish reprsentative peers, five members of the Irish Unionist Alliance, five Sinn Feiners, and fifteen members nominated by the Government. The Irish Unionist Alliance represents the Unionists of the South of Ireland.

The fifteen members to be nominated by the Government, said the Premier, would be taken from among leading Irishmen of all sections. The Government, he added, would prefer that the convention nominate its own Chairman, but the Government was prepared to nominate one if necessary, and submit his name to the King.

The prelates in the convention would include four Catholic Bishops, the Primate and Archbishop of Dublin, representing Protestants, and the Rev. Dr. John Irwin, Moderator of the Presbyterian Assembly.

Mr. Lloyd George eulogized William Redmond, whose death from a wound, received at the front, was announced Friday. He said that Mr. Redmond was above all Irish, and felt that the war was Ireland's great opportunity for winning liberty for herself by fighting side by side with Great Britain in the world struggle for freedom.

Mr. Asquith associated himself with the Premier's tribute, and Joseph Devlin, Nationalist, thanked them for the references they had made.

Sir Edward Carson, First Lord of the Admiralty, in adding his tribute to that of the Premier, said he had never had a bitter word with Mr. Redmond in public or private.

He mentioned the fact that he had just returned from the Ulster conference and had strongly advised its members to enter the Irish convention. They could not disconnect in their minds, he continued, the calling of the convention and some incidents which had taken place, of which Mr. Redmond's death was one.

The Premier had told, said Sir Edward, how Mr. Redmond had been cared for and treated by Ulstermen on the battlefield.

"If in the trenches they could fight side by side in the common cause of liberty," added the speaker, "certainly so far as I am concerned I will do all in my power to assist in some solution of the Irish question which will meet the ideals of liberty of all parties in Ireland."

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Tuesday, June 12.—The Chronicle's Parliamentary correspondent says this morning that Mr. Balfour's name is being mentioned in connection with the Chairmanship of the Irish convention.

KILLED IN SINN FEIN RIOT.

Police Inspector at Dublin Receives Fatal Blow After Arrests.

DUBLIN, June 11.—Police Inspector Mills was injured last night while preventing the holding of a meeting called to protest against the imprisonment of Irish rebels and died early this morning.

Lieut. Gen. Mahon, commander of the British forces in Ireland, had forbidden the holding of the meeting, but in spite of his order 2,000 persons gathered opposite Liberty Hall. Count Plunkett, member of Parliament and Sinn Feiner, who was arrested in connection with the revolt of last year, and other defiant members of the Sinn Fein, attended the meeting with the intention of speaking.

Count Plunkett, Cathal Brughet, James Kenny, Rody Kelly and Martin Weisn were arrested. While taking them to jail Inspector Mills was struck with a stick or stone and knocked down. His assailant has not been arrested.

PRESIDENT PLANNING AN IMPORTANT SPEECH

Said to be a More Comprehensive Statement of Our Aims in the War.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—President Wilson is planning one of the most important speeches of the war for the Flag Day celebration here June 14.

Officials believe it will be a more comprehensive statement of the aims and position of the United States than even his message to the Provisional Russian Government.

MISS BURDEN ENTERS PLEA.

Her Bail Fixed at $1,500 on Charge of Customs Law Violation.

Miss Evelyn Byrd Burden, sister of J. Townsend Burden, appeared before Judge Howe of the Federal District Court yesterday and pleaded not guilty to an indictment charging her with having violated the customs laws by taking part in a plan to bring into this country foreign-made goods without paying the duty. Bail was fixed at $1,500. The indictment of Miss Burden is another phase of the long continued inquiry into the charge against Mrs. Charlotte A. Warren, wife of Whitney Warren, of having placed a value of only $1,500 on goods brought by her from France in November, 1915, which were declared to be really worth $11,607.

The indictment charges Miss Burden, who came home with Mrs. Warren, with having declared that part of the wearing apparel belonging to Mrs. Warren which was seized by the customs officers was made in this country. It is charged that when she made this statement she "well knew said article of apparel was not of American origin and manufacturer," and was subject to duty. The trial of Mrs. Warren, which was to have been begun last week, has been again delayed because several of the important witnesses are abroad.

Norway Sending a Commission.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Norway is sending a mission to the United States headed by Dr. Fridtjof Nansen, the famous explorer, to discuss questions of importation and exportation.

ACCUSED OF SLAYING KIDNAPPED BABY

Warrant Issued for Dick Carter and Nation-Wide Search Is Begun for Him.

WAS NEAR SCENE OF CRIME

10,000 Turn Out in Springfield to Witness Burial of the Murdered Child.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., June 11.—Baby Lloyd Keet, who was drowned in a well by the persons who stole him from a carriage in front of his home two weeks ago, was buried today. Thousands of Springfield citizens were at St. Paul's Methodist Episcopal Church, where the services were held, and in the cortèges that followed the little white casket to Maple Park Cemetery. Grief for the stricken father and mother had overcome the lust for vengeance which manifested itself Saturday night and Sunday morning, when 10,000 persons, paraading the streets, demanded the lives of the six persons suspected of complicity in the crime.

J. Holland Keet, the baner, and his wife bore up bravely through the ordeal of the afternoon. The baby's grandmother, Mrs. Kate Keet, was unable to attend.

The services were simple. Several hymns were sung and prayer was offered. The body was then taken to the cemetery.

But the holding of the funeral did not stop the authorities from going ahead with the search for those who threw little Lloyd into the old well on the deserted Crenshaw farm, eight miles southwest of here. Paul O'Day, Prosecuting Attorney of this county, announced the issuance of the first warrant charging direct complicity in the death. It named Dick Carter, 26 years of age, of Springfield, as having suffocated Lloyd by wrapping blankets around the body until the baby was smothered. The warrant was issued late Saturday night.

The warrant against Carter was sworn out, authorities said, after statements had been made to them by W. L. Warner of Everton, Mo., who said that on the day after the baby's disappearance he looked into one of the windows of the deserted house on the Crenshaw farm where the body was found, and saw two men, one crouched on the floor, while the other, peering from behind a door, demanded of Warner what he wanted. Warner excused himself and departed. Complete descriptions of the men seen in the house were given to the authorities.

Private detectives, Federal agents, and the police of more than 100 cities have been asked to aid in capturing Carter.

Four of the six suspects, whom a mob surrounded at Stockton, Mo., early yesterday and threatened with death, still were in jail at the little Cedar County town. Two others—C. J. Piersol and Cletus Adams—were in jail at Kansas City, Mo., and again were subjected to questioning by Judge Johnson of the Greene County Criminal Court.

The departure of Federal agents from here to Kansas City was thought possibly to foreshadow developments in the case there. Little yet has come to the surface to show the reason for the activities of the Federal agents except the allegations that Piersol and others of the prisoners had discussed the abduction of a St. Louis munitions maker as part of a German plot to thwart traffic in war materials to the Allies.

At least one person whose name has not yet been announced is being sought by the authorities.

The letters sent to Mr. Keet after the baby's disappearance were made available today. While the context of the first letter had become generally known, Mr. Keet, following the abductor's instructions, had kept the last two letters secret. The first letter, received the day after Lloyd was stolen and which sent the father on a drive over the Ozark hills, instructed him minutely as to the composition of the $6,000 he was to pay over the return of the infant.

PRECIOUS STONES
GOLD and PLATINUM
JEWELRY

REED & BARTON
ESTABLISHED 1824
SILVERSMITHS
FIFTH AVENUE AT 32nd STREET

STORE CLOSES THIS SATURDAY AT ONE P. M.

Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Sts.

Will Close Out TO-DAY

Women's High-Class Coats

Dressy, Tailored, Motor or Travel Coats

No Credits *No Exchanges*

Of Poiret twill, gabardine, serge, burella cloth, wool velour or chamoisine; also silk or satin coats.

18.50

Heretofore $29.50 to $59.50

On Sale Coat Shop—Fourth Floor.

Gimbel Brothers
33rd St.-Broadway-33rd St.

Victrola XI.—$100

The Victrola for the June Bride

The $100 Victrola

"I have a dear little wife—
I have a pretty little home—
I have a beautiful Victrola!"
(Man's voice in June.)

Nothing adds more charm to the bride's new home, aside from the bride herself, than a Victrola.

No gift receives such a happy ovation! The Victrola is the gift that brings the world's best music into the new home!

It is essential from the start. After-honeymoon guests are shown the various gifts that were given by the bride's and groom's friends.

The guests hear and are entertained by the Victrola!

In anticipation of the season, Gimbels have recently received an unusual assortment of $100 Victrolas.

The different wood finishes are Mahogany, Weathered Oak, Golden Oak and Early English.

And they can be purchased, if desired, on very low terms.

$5 DOWN—$5 MONTHLY

Other Victrolas, $15 to $350.

VICTROLA SALON—Eighth Floor

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service.

Macy's
Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

"There's Music In The Air"

Here's a tireless camp musician who will play and sing for you, making your hours in camp more pleasant than they have ever been before.

A Phonograph at $8.74

Carefully constructed of metal, smaller and lighter than a wooden machine—yet in no sense a toy. It is practical, cannot warp and is not likely to be damaged. It reproduces tone with sweetness, clearness and accuracy. So light it can be carried without any trouble.

Macy's—Fourth Floor, 34th St., Rear.

Cravats, $1.89

Italian Grenadine makes up into very smart cravats—a good variety of which we are showing in large open-end shapes. Fine pin dot effects, single stripes, broad moire stripes and the new heather mixtures.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Belts, 94c

Two equally good styles at this price, each fit to be seen when you toss aside your coat. One, of black calfskin, tubular style, with buckle to match; the other of genuine English pigskin with brass finished buckle. Sizes 30 to 44.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Men's Clocked Lisle Hose at 47c

Medium weight, full fashioned, elastic tops, reinforced toes, soles and heels. Colors include white or champagne with black clock, dark or light gray, champagne, navy, tan, white or suede with self clock. All sizes.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St., Centre.

A Kit of Camp Necessities, $2.84

A rubberized Khaki Cloth Kit, fitted with all the toilet articles necessary to a man's comfort and good appearance. Included are: Barber Comb, Hair Brush, Tooth Brush, with aluminum case; Shaving Soap Stick, Shaving Brush, Safety Razor, with six extra blades; Tooth Paste, Soap Box, with cake of soap, Metal Trench Mirror.

Macy's—Main Floor, 34th St., Rear.

Sensible Shoes for Men Who Want Comfort

Flexible Shank Boots of Black Glazed Kid with broad toes and heels, Goodyear welts, lace styles. Good workmanship and materials equal to those found in shoes at higher prices elsewhere. $6.49

Macy's—Main Floor Balcony, 35th St., Rear.

Is Your Watch Keeping Good Time?

If it is not running correctly, accurately, let us look it over, clean it, and regulate it.

Macy's—Jewelry Repair Dept., Main Fl. Balcony, 34th St.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other House, but for Cash Only.

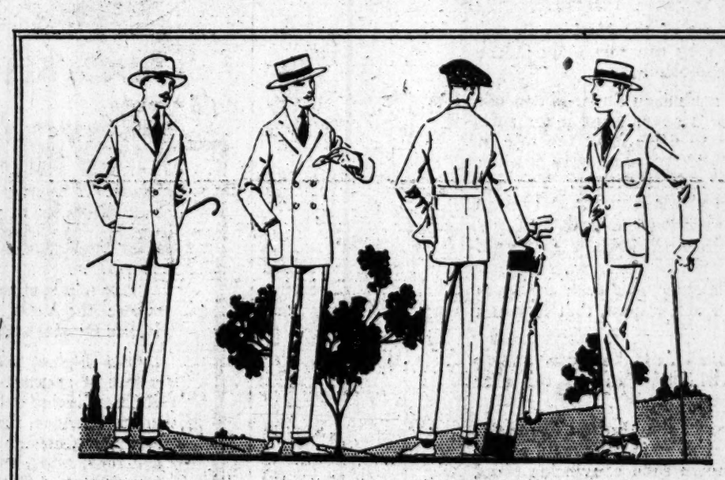
COME ACROSS! Buy Your LIBERTY BOND TO-DAY 4 Days Left

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service.

Macy's
Herald Square, B'way, 34th to 35th St.

LIBERTY LOAN—To Make It a Success Subscribe Now!

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other House, but for Cash Only.



The Style You Are Looking For Is Among These

SUITS at $19.75

For MEN and YOUNG MEN

The variety of fabrics and models is so large that you will easily find a suit which will meet with your ideas of how your new summer suit should look.

Judged from the standpoint of style, quality of material and tailoring, garments of equal quality would cost you more elsewhere.

Models	*Fabrics*
English Sack Coats	Fancy Mixed Cheviots
Conservative Models	Unfinished Worsteds
Pinch Backs and Norfolks	Cassimeres and Homespuns
Double Breasted Styles	Flannels and Serges

Other suits, $17.50 to $39.75

Golf Suits at $19.75

Plenty of freedom in these two styles; one a Pinch Back Model with stitched-on belt; the other a Norfolk Model with pleated front and belt all around; both with patch pockets. Well tailored of tweeds or homespun mixtures in gray, green, tan or brown.

Extra knickers or long trousers, $5.75 and $6.75.

Other Golf Suits, $19.75 and $24.75

Direct Elevators on 35th St. Side

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Broadway, Front.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

ONLY FOUR DAYS MORE

The Liberty Loan will not be a success unless everyone subscribes now. "Do Your Bit."

ATHENA UNDERWEAR
FOR WOMEN AND CHILDREN

For daintiness, comfort and wear, ATHENA Underwear is matchless.

Women find that it is made to fit them exactly without being stretched into shape and with no unnecessary and annoying folds of fabric at any point. The shoulder straps stay in place, there is just the right fullness over the bust and at the hips, and the perfect fit at the waist prevents wrinkling under the corset. The patented seat and non-strain gusset provide ease and comfort to be found in no other undergarment.

All ATHENA garments are made full over the bust and narrow across the back.

Cut low in front. Straps cannot slip down.

Patent pocket-like seat stays closed and is always comfortable.

ATHENA Underwear is sheer and cool
All sizes and qualities

PRICES:

For Women...Vests and Tights...55c and 65c
For Women...Union Suits.....55c to $1.75

Marshall Field & Co., Makers.—Saks & Co., sole New York Distributors.

For soft, lustrous beauty and the perfect shapeliness that exacting fashion demands ask to see the nationally famous and wonderfully durable

PHOENIX SILK HOSE

Made only of pure-dye thread silk, in all shades

Women's Silk Hose—$1.10, $1.50, $2
Women's Lisle Hose, 55c
Men's Silk Hose—55c to $1.50
Men's Lisle Hose—30c

Buy Your "Liberty Bond" Today
Only 5 Days More in Which You Can Enter Your Subscription.
(Full details at "Liberty Bond Booth" on Main Floor.)

GREENHUT'S "THE BIG STORE"
Meet me at the Fountain
SIXTH AVE. 18TH TO 19TH STREET

Summer Sales Successes

Banner events, recently ushered in, which make strong appeal to our public, and which are meeting with splendid response.

Summer Merchandise of All Kinds at Unbeatably Low Prices

Whatever you need is here, sir or madam, be it YARD GOODS, WEARING APPAREL, THINGS FOR THE HOME—INDOORS AND OUT—TABLE SUPPLIES, THINGS FOR OUTDOOR SPORT, and so on.

Put briefly, GREENHUT'S IS YOUR IDEAL SUMMER STORE, and the more you patronize it the stronger is this impression made manifest.

Our customers are invited to register in the State Military Census at our store during the weeks of June 11th and 25th.
Registration Booth, Main Floor.

Fly "Old Glory" on "Flag Day"

Thursday, June 14th, is the day. Flags of all kinds at prices which compare more than favorably with those quoted elsewhere in New York.

"Sterling" All Wool Flags—sewed stars and stripes from a 2x3 foot at $2.95, to a 12x18 ft. at $44.75

"Defiance" Bunting Flags—sewed stars and stripes; 4x6 ft. at $4.45; 5x8 ft. at $6.50

Taffeta Silk Flags—size 5½x7 inches; mounted on staff; each 15c

Printed Silk Flags—size 11½x17 inches; mounted on staff; each ..... 35c and 59c

Cotton Bunting Flags—mounted on white wood staff; size 11½x18½ inches each at 12c; size 15x24 inches; each at 20c

Printed Silk Flags—size 11½x17 inches; Belgium, Italy, Russia, France and England; at 50c

Auto Flag Sets—consisting of 5½x7½-inch American, French, and English flags; complete with holder 69c

Flag Poles and Flag Pole Holders at moderate prices

We give S. H. Green Trading Stamps as usual. Ask for them. Double S. H. Stamps till 12 o'clock. Single S. H. Stamps Thereafter. Single "Sperry" Gold Stamps All Day

'SNOWBALL' ROLLS FOR MARINE CORPS

Australian Method of Recruiting Put to Test on Hike to Philadelphia.

SERGEANT AND PRIVATE GO

They Will Pick Up All Who Will Follow, and Hope to Lead Hundreds to League Island.

For the first time in this country the Australian "snowball" method of recruiting was yesterday put to an actual test when Major Frank Evans, in charge of marine recruiting for the New York district, sent two members of the United States Marine Corps on a hike to Philadelphia to pick up along the way as many recruits as would be willing to follow them. The "snowball," made up of Sergeant Ray Trulock and Private Henry J. Clifford, rolled out of New York at 9 A. M. and will reach Philadelphia within four or five days. When it tumbles into the League Island training camp there, recruiting officers expect the ball to be several hundred times its original size.

The "snowball" was the principal feature which New York contributed yesterday to the opening of a nation-wide drive to raise 4,000 recruits for the United States Marine Corps by Saturday. After this increase is obtained the Marine Corps will still be about 2,000 below war strength.

New York has been assigned a quota of 250 men out of the 4,000 that must be raised by Saturday. This means a daily average of more than 40 men. The first day of the campaign found this city fairly responsive, more than thirty men being enlisted. Captain Evans said there was no doubt that New York would more than fill its quota by Saturday.

Among the first men to respond yesterday was Nathan Dixon McClure of Lake Forest, Ill., a Yale junior and manager of the Yale soccer team. Being less than 20, McClure was too young to take an examination for a commission and enlisted as a private. He was put in charge of the other marine recruits when they left New York for the League Island Training School. Captain Evans received the following telegram from Governor Whitman:

"The fact that the marines are the 'First to Fight' makes it not only advisable but imperative that we recruit our marines corps to war strength with all possible speed. It is appropriate to call the attention of our citizens available for service to the fact that the Marine Corps was the first of the regular services, having been organized Nov. 10, 1775, by the Continental Congress. The marines are neither soldiers nor sailors but both, and the importance of full strength for the corps in the present stage of our military preparations is sufficiently indicated by the fact that even enlisting have immediate opportunity for service in France and with the fleet. I earnestly hope that the citizens of New York will contribute largely to recruiting the corps to its full war strength of 30,000 by the 1st of July; and that the present recruiting week will be made the immediate means to this end."

Colonel R. D. Walsh, in charge of regular army recruiting, reported that 250 men had been enlisted, which is just about the daily average that New York must supply to fill a quota of about 4,500 men by July 1.

Navy recruiting approached its usual Monday record of about 100 enlistments. Twenty-five men enrolled yesterday in the Naval Coast Defense Reserve, bringing the enrollment in this branch up to 8,662 men, or 1,838 short of the 10,000 required under the Navy Department orders. The men now needed are cooks, steam and power boat engineers, deck officers, marine machinists, wireless operators, oilers, and firemen who have had sea experience.

The ranks of the National Guard are being rapidly filled up, and some of the regiments are now nearly up to full war strength. Among the organizations that are making the most progress are the First, Third, and Seventh Regiments. The Fifteenth Infantry, which is the colored regiment, is setting the pace for all other organizations. This regiment has not only reached its war strength, but has gone beyond the 2,000 mark and is now recruiting for its depot unit.

IDAHO SEVENTH STATE TO FILL ARMY QUOTA

Has Furnished 658 Recruits Since April 1 — Needed Only 650 — New York Again Takes Lead.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 11.—Idaho yesterday joined the list of States that have filled their quotas of recruits for the regular army, making a total of seven States that now have attained this honor. The other States are Indiana, Montana, Nevada, Oregon, Utah, and Wyoming. Idaho's quota is 650.

New York again was the leader in the recruiting during Saturday and Sunday, furnishing 189 of the 1,490 obtained in the two days. Pennsylvania was second, with 166, and Illinois third, with 100. The total recruited for the country since April 1 is 110,728, leaving 73,172 needed to raise the army to war strength. The daily statement for army recruiting issued by Adjutant General McCain follows:

	Obtained June 9 & 10.	Total to June 10.		Obtained June 9 & 10.	Total to June 10.
Alabama	12	1,182	Nebraska	33	2,069
Arizona	1	174	*Nevada	5	559
Arkansas	4	710	New Hamp.		265
California	82	3,670	New Jersey	47	3,277
Colorado	7	1,057	New Mexico	7	176
Connecticut	19	867	New York	189	10,535
Delaware	14	90	N. Carolina	18	906
Dist. of C.	4	245	N. Dakota	7	403
Florida	24	375	Ohio	53	4,752
Georgia	32	2,780	Oklahoma	39	1,499
*Idaho	9	658	*Oregon	15	2,054
Illinois	100	10,938	Pennsylv'a.	166	12,418
*Indiana	28	6,411	Rhode Isl'd	16	301
Iowa	48	3,267	S. Carolina	8	703
Kansas	11	2,644	S. Dakota	17	554
Kentucky	19	2,050	Tennessee	10	1,483
Louisiana	14	1,140	Texas	43	4,114
Maine	6	486	*Utah	15	1,184
Maryland	10	303	Vermont		70
Mass.	90	4,265	Virginia	19	942
Michigan	56	5,828	Washington	19	1,315
Minnesota	29	2,267	West Va.	11	1,030
Mississippi	4	350	Wisconsin	14	1,292
Missouri	53	5,168	*Wyoming	4	385
*Montana	52	806			

*Quota obtained.
Total quota, 183,898.
Total obtained June 9 and 10, 1,490.
Total obtained since April 1, 110,726.

This is FISK TUBE WEEK

THE best time in the year to safe-guard your casings for the coming season. You can't afford to chance ruining perfectly good casings with worn-out tubes. Forestall inconvenience. See to it that your tube equipment is right and ready to meet all the conditions of summer driving. **Replace all your old tubes now—before Fisk Week goes by.**

How long has it been since you examined your tubes? Look them over carefully and replace any which you are not sure will stand the strain.

New Fisk Tubes NOW will give you better tire satisfaction and lower upkeep costs for the balance of the season. This is the time to buy.

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AUTOMOBILES FOR ALL.
The Automobile Exchange in The New York Times makes the acquisition of low-priced cars of all makes a possibility any day of the week. Telephone 1000 Bryant.—Advt.

"I Would rather be Right than be President"
H. Clay

TO have the right standard and faithfully live up to it, this is the working motto of the Firestone Organization. Since Mr. Firestone founded the Company seventeen years ago, there has been no swerving from this quality rule. Success has come because the Firestone standard is "right" and every member of the Organization upholds it.

In the case of the Firestone super-size Cord Tire you will find that standard far above anything you have experienced. Strength and sturdiness are combined with a most responsive pliancy. The easy glide, the long coast mean the ride delightful, economical and sure.

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Speedway Test That Further Proves Hudson Endurance

Four Cars Entered—Four Finished. First Place in the Free-for-all; Second, Seventh and Ninth Places for Hudson Super-Six Specials in the 250-Mile Cincinnati Memorial Day Sweepstakes Races.

The Hudson Super-Six was not designed for racing.

The aim was a car that would endure. All its records were made in tests that prove endurance.

With some changes a stock car is made suitable for racing, capable of out-performing most cars that are specially built for racing. The reason for this is the patented Super-Six motor which minimizes vibration.

Hudson Super-Sixes are entered in almost every race this year. Except for the championship events, they are entered by men whose only interest is to win prizes. These men are given no inducement to drive Hudsons, save the advantage the Super-Six gives in its performance. No price concessions are made them. They must make their cars suitable for racing at their own expense.

Ira Vail was the first driver to recognize the racing possibilities of the Super-Six. He bought a dealer's demonstrating car, removed the touring body, shortened the frame to racing length, mounted a racing body and in the 150-mile Metropolitan trophy race at Sheepshead Bay won second place and a $2,000 prize.

Now other drivers are doing what Vail did. There could be no stronger endorsement of the Hudson Super-Six. These experts want cars they can rely upon in the hardest trials known to the automobile.

You are not urged to buy a Hudson Super-Six to use as a race car. We know you will never want it for such purpose. You won't ever care to drive it at the rate of 102½ miles an hour, or to equal its record of 1,819 miles in 24 hours, both officially made by a stock chassis. You will never care to make a round trip across America in 10 days and 21 hours, the record excelling each way that of any other car, made by a Super-Six seven-passenger touring car.

But that the car you own is capable of such service is proof that there is no task you will impose that it is not more than equal to.

That is why the Hudson Super-Six is the largest selling fine car with a price above $1,200. Can any car offer greater proof of its endurance?

There are eight body types of the Hudson Super-Six chassis. Each car is in keeping with what you would expect to find on a chassis that has shown such convincing proof of its endurance.

You can get a Hudson Super-Six in eight different body types:

Phaeton—7 Passenger	$1,650	Cabriolet—3 Passenger	$1,950
Speedster—4 Passenger	1,750	Touring Sedan	2,175

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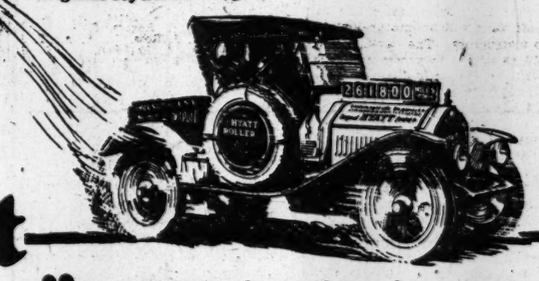
COMING

—the "Hyatt Roller". This veteran Buick, official figures prove, has gone farther than any other automobile—261,800 miles, equal to ten times around the world. It is making a circuit of the U. S. A. still running on its original Hyatt Bearings.



See the "Hyatt Roller" When it arrives in New York City.

This trip is showing motorists everywhere the wear and tear that Hyatt Roller Bearings can actually stand.

The original bearings are located at points of greatest strain. Eight years old, but having delivered thirty years of normal service, they are still on the job, still giving perfect Hyatt Service—quiet, self lubricating, self cleaning, requiring no adjustment from the driver.

The bearings in your Hyatt-equipped car are identical in quality with these. You can measure the satisfaction you may expect from your Hyatts by their demonstrated record.

261,800 miles, the world's record for mileage—long drives over the roughest of country roads—winter drives through hub-deep snow, the abuse of livery and haulage service.

And now, sturdy indifference to the most strenuous conditions that cross-country driving or daily use can present.

Make sure your new car is equipped with Hyatt Quiet Bearings.

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Don't refuse that invitation because of a poor complexion

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All druggists sell Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap. For a free sample of each, write to Dept. 11-N, Resinol, Baltimore, Md. You'd better try them!

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Frequently the demand for The New York Times exceeds the supply. This is likely to occur oftener in the future, because of conditions of paper manufacture, and regular readers are cautioned to order their copies of The New York Times delivered or reserved. —Advt.

SPECIALIZED TUITION FOR OFFICERS' CORPS

Beginning Next Week, Students Will Divide Into Various Arms of Service.

RUDIMENTARY WORK ENDING

New York Men at Plattsburg Apply for Assignments—Cantonment Sites Chosen.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The end of the present week, it was announced today, would mark the close of the general preliminary training for the 40,000 young men in the sixteen training camps for reserve officers. After that the young men will begin their specialization in military science and will cease to be "rookies."

The camps were opened May 15. All candidates except the engineers have pursued the same course in the fundamentals of military science. The second period begins June 18. It is of eight weeks' duration, closing Aug. 11, with the termination of the first series of camps. During the second period the students will be grouped by arms and pursue the corresponding course for each arm. During the initial period the 2,500 men in each camp were formed into infantry regiments and drilled as infantry. Special instruction was given only to the engineer candidates.

For the second period those students who are studying for appointment as infantry officers will continue to drill as infantry, and will receive instruction in the more advanced principles of infantry work, but the cavalry, artillery, and engineer candidates will be divided into appropriate groups for special instruction.

Most of the courses outlined for infantry candidates are so important to cavalry officers, however, that to avoid a duplication of instruction cavalry students will attend many of the conferences scheduled for infantrymen.

Artillery candidates will devote most of their time to drill and firing practice. Engineers will receive specialized instruction in the theory and practice of military engineering. Most of the engineer candidates are qualified as civilian engineers, but untrained as soldiers. Their courses have been arranged to enable them to become familiar with many phases of infantry work not ordinarily included in the scope of training for engineer troops, but having important bearing on the tactical application of military engineering. The last days of the camps, Aug. 8 to 11, will be devoted to manoeuvres in which all the arms will take part.

Curriculum for Infantry.

For infantry the curriculum of the second period includes range practice with rifle and pistol, physical drill, company and batallion drill, field work, and a series of conferences on military regulations, tactics, court-martial manual, hygiene, first aid, and the like. Much of the intensive training will be in bayonet fighting, use of machine guns, and in trench warfare.

Because the cavalry candidate must attend infantry conferences his working day will be forty-five minutes longer than that of the infantryman. The extra time is needed for the cavalry courses. Limited time is allowed for mounted work, and individual riding by students off duty will be encouraged by the camp instructors. The cavalry candidate will be taught to groom and care for horses. Instructions also includes equipment and the drill of platoon, troop, and squadron. A two-hour conference will be held each Saturday on cavalry science and the probable employment of mounted troops in the war with Germany.

Stable management, firing instruction, battery drill, signaling, material instruction, and conference on artillery science will make up the studies of the candidate for an artillery commission. The specialized period outlined for engineers has as its chief object to prepare the officers for their duties in the training of new organizations. Their instruction will include courses in organization and equipment, conferences on the use of engineers in war, engineer drill, tactical employment of military engineering, and equitation.

The engineer candidates will be instructed in what is expected of them in the theatre of war, the course including reconnoisance, pioneering, sapping and mining, demolitions, railroading, castramentation, and the care and feeding of animals. When the camps close Aug. 11 students who have demonstrated marked ability will be assigned to service with the selective draft army of 500,000 men.

After the first 500,000 troops have been organized it will be the policy of the Government to obtain officers by promotions from the regular army, National Guard, and selected forces. To supplement the number of officers promoted from troops in service, however, a second series of training camps will be held from Aug. 27 to Nov. 26, preference being given to applicants more than 31 years old. This period will be devoted to training and selecting officers for the second increment of 500,000.

Ten Camp Sites Chosen.

Camp sites for four additional cantonments for the new national draft army and six camps sites for the National Guard were announced by the War Department today as follows:

National Army cantonments: Little Rock, Southeastern Department; Louisville, Ky., and Battle Creek, Mich., Central Department; Fort Sam Houston, Texas, Southern Department.

National Guard camps: Fort Worth, Texas; Deming, N. M.; Waco, Texas; Houston, Texas; Ft. Sill, Oklahoma, Southern Department, Linda Vista, Cal., Western Department.

The selection of Petersburg, Va., for use as a National Army cantonment, announced last week, was today revoked.

TELL CHOICE OF SERVICE.

New York Student Officers Apply for Preferred Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., June 11.—All the students in the New York training regiment have indicated their preferences for the various branches of the service in which they desire to become officers. Out of the 2,776 men in the New York camp, 1,857 chose arms other than infantry, leaving 1,419 who hope to lead foot soldiers. With the exception of field artillery, most of the branches were oversubscribed. There were 238 students who applied for 150 cavalry places, 178 for the quota of 150 engineers, 111 for 9 aviation places, 362 for 100 coast artillery places, and 568 for 570 field artillery places. Most of those who applied for the Aviation Corps indicated field artillery as their second choice.

Major Edgar T. Collins, senior instructor of the New York regiment, made a recommendation which was sent to Washington that all the engineer and coast artillery applicants be sent to the special camps.

"We will never get a better class of men than we have here now, and I hope that the facilities of Fortress Monroe and Belvoir can be increased to care for them," he said.

The following is the preferential poll of the New York camp:

COMPANY 1.—V. J. Colletti, aviation; H. J. Rea, aviation; A. E. Garnsey, aviation; F. M. Horrigan, aviation; N. T. Kenyon, aviation; G. Kingston, aviation; J. C. Millard, aviation; T. Achelis, inf.; G. Ackerman, C. A.; W. Aitken, C. A.; E. Allen, Inf., E. V. Amy, E.; A. K. Atkins, inf.; L. W. Baldwin, F. A.; O. C. Barrett, F. A.; L. M. Baum, C.; D. Beers, C.; D. Bennett, F. A.; R. E. Brady, C. A.; R. M. Brown, F. A.; R. C. Brunaugh, inf.; T. H. Buell, C. A.; L. Burke, inf.; B. Burkman, inf.; H. F. Byrne, C. A.; E. C. Bacon, F. A.; H. De B. Bruch, F. A.; A. Cameron, C. A.; G. B. Campbell, inf.; F. Carnahan, F. A.; W. H. Chandler, F. A.; A. M. Clarke, Inf.; C. J. Coe, F. A.; S. C. Cogswell, inf.; H. C. Cole, inf.; R. E. Conklin, F. A.; L. Connick, F. A.; M. Cooper, inf.; A. Coster, inf.; H. E. Covell, F. A.; L. Cox, C. Inf.; W. T. Crozier, C. A.; H. C. Cushing, 3d, F. A.; W. L. Custer, inf.; S. Cutler, inf.; J. T. A. Doolittle, C.; B. B. Davidson, F. A.; H. W. Darnington, Jr., F. A.; W. E. Dodge, inf.; J. W. Donaghua, inf.; E. Doudera, F. A.; N. D. Dubois, inf.; H. M. Dwyer, inf.; J. R. Eldridge, F. A.; R. H. Ewell, C.; W. P. Fay, inf.; F. Forester, inf.; C. Frieder, F. A.; F. W. Gannon, F. A.; W. Gardner, inf.; G. Garrett, F. A.; R. M. Gildersleeve, inf.; D. Goe, C. A.; E. F. Graham, F. A.; F. Grumpelt, F. A.; E. Hackett, F. A.; W. G. Hanford, C.; H. W. Harper, Jr., C.; H. Harrington, inf.; A. Martin, F. A.; J. L. R. Harris, inf.; A. H. Henderson, F. A.; T. B. Hermes, C.; R. Hodges, inf.; E. C. Horan, inf.; L. Hughes, C. A.; D. G. Harris, inf.; A. Ingersoll, F. A.; D. Iselin, inf.; E. E. Jacobson, inf.; J. N. Jennings, F. A.; E. P. Jones, F. A.; W. B. Kapper, inf.; F. P. Kellem, inf.; R. B. Kery, Jr.; C. H. H. Ketcham, C.; H. L. King, E.; R. H. Kittle, F. A.; A. Knapp, C. A.; F. G. Kranstrand, inf.; V. J. Loughrin, E.; K. Lorenz, inf.; J. R. Lowry, inf.; H. Lyman, F. A.; P. McAllister, inf.; J. V. McCabe, F. A.; T. M. Mallett, inf.; J. B. Martin, E.; W. Mendes, F. A.; J. F. Milde, inf.; C. D. Miller, inf.; I. Morey, inf.; H. Morrison, inf.; V. V. Munger, inf.; E. S. Murphy, F. A.; C. Murray, C.; A. Newton, inf.; R. C. Noel, inf.; A. A. Norling, F. A.; W. W. Nissley, C.; S. W. Oppenheimer, inf.; E. Palmer, F. A.; V. E. Pattou, F. A.; O. Perrin, F. A.; F. F. Peters, inf.; B. Polley, inf.; T. Post, F. A.; B. Purcell, inf.; M. T. Quigg, inf.; P. T. Quinn, F. A.; R. B. Randel, inf.; D. Remer, inf.; B. H. W. Robinson, C.; C. Rooms, C.; R. Russell, F. A.; T. Roosevelt, Jr., C.; G. Roth, inf.; A. Richard, F. A.; A. B. Roosevelt, inf.; H. P. Sampers, inf.; H. C. Sampter, F. A.; H. V. Scanlan, C.; E. Schmidt, F. A.; W. Scott, inf.; S. Shaw, Jr., F. A.; W. Shurtleff, inf.; P. Simmons, inf.; A. Smith, inf.; F. Smith, C. A.; S. Smith, F. A.; A. L. Sopp, C.; G. P. Southworth, inf.; M. Steinhardt, inf.; A. Stobo, F. A.; L. Sullivan, F. A.; T. Sweet, inf.; C. S. Tator, inf.; W. Thompson, F. A.; L. D. Thornton, inf.; P. L. Thorne, C. A.; F. B. Tiebout, inf.; M. J. Troy, F. A.; A. W. Tweedy, inf.; A. R. Ulrich, E.; A. G. Vanderpoel, inf.; H. E. Walker, E.; S. Walch, Jr., inf.; W. F. Webb, C.; F. L. Wilkinson, inf.; C. S. Williams, Jr., inf.; F. Willis, F. A.; L. Wolfe, inf.; G. W. Worden, inf.; W. H. Young, inf.; Wall, inf.; Bruckhausend, F. A.

COMPANY 2.—S. V. Aldridge, inf.; G. C. Almon, F. A.; C. Amory, Jr., C.; H. J. Amy, F. A.; J. C. Andes, inf.; E. A. Bannerman, F. A.; D. C. Bathholomew, C.; E. T. Bemish, C.; T. E. Beatty, C. A.; W. H. Beers, inf.; G. F. Begoon, C. A.; H. A. Berthold, C. A.; W. C. Betsch, C. A.; Belmont E. Beverly, A.; C. B. Blakeman, inf.; R. O. Bondurant, inf.; W. H. Bradshaw, inf.; D. L. Braine, E.; T. Brannan, F. A.; R. M. Brown, F. A.; G. A. Burden, C. A.; O. H. Brandt, inf.; D. Campbell, inf.; D. W. Carlson, F. A.; T. M. Carnegie, inf.; S. M. Chambers, F. A.; A. Cheatham, inf.; A. B. Clark, F. A.; R. L. Cleveland, C.; A. W. Cooke, inf.; A. C. Cordier, inf.; P. Coster, Jr., inf.; G. H. Cote, F. A.; J. M. Crummey, inf.; F. L. Cunningham, C.; J. Cunningham, C.; J. Curtis, inf.; George Dobson, F. A.; L. M. Davidoy, C. A.; F. B. Dean, F. A.; C. Deerham, Jr., inf.; F. G. Delker, C.; C. W. Doll, inf.; W. H. Draper, inf.; J. F. Duffy, inf.; H. T. Eaton, E.; R. S. Edmohson, inf.; Harold G. Ells, F. A.; F. J. Feibel, inf.; W. J. Flynn, C.; D. P. Foote, F. A.; W. P. Foss, Jr., inf.; R. C. Fowler, inf.; R. Freud, F. A.; B. Gatins, C.; R. W. Gilmore, inf.; S. J. Gilmore, C. A.; H. B. Glover, inf.; G. E. Graftmueller, inf.; H. K. Grafton, C. A.; E. Greider, C. A.; H. Groesbeck, Jr., inf.; A. H. Gunn, F. A.; John G. Halpenny, E.; L. P. Hagglund, C. A.; E. D. Haight, F. A.; A. D. Hammett, inf.; A. H. Hansen, C. A.; J. H. Hare, C. A.; L. Harrington, inf.; S. N. Haskell, F. A.; W. J. Hever, inf.; C. G. Hoffman, F. A.; G. L. Hubbell, Jr., C. A.; P. J. W. Husband, C. A.; D. R. Hyde, F. A.; J. W. Ingle, Jr., C. A.; G. A. E. Irving, C. A.; H. Iselin, C.; H. W. Jervey, C. A.; J. C. Joyce, inf.; J. E. Kelly, Inf.; D. C. Kerr, inf.; P. King, E.; P. J. Kingsley, C. A.; A. E. Kupfer, inf.; E. J. Lamarche, F. A.; R. D. Lapham, inf.; J. K. Lasher, Jr., F. A.; H. M. Lewis, E.; R. V. Lewis, Jr., inf.; M. La Boutillier, F. A.; M. Loughborough, inf.; M. G. Lowry, inf.; A. K. Lucas, inf.; N. H. Ludwig, C.; R. T. McCarthy, C. A.; D. T. McFarland, inf.; R. G. McKay, inf.; J. B. McLoughlin, inf.; K. G. McVaugh, F. A.; J. H. Mallory, Inf.; S. G. Marlow, inf.; J. B. Marsh, C.; J. Mason, Jr., inf.; C. B. Meredith, Inf.; H. H. Miller, C. A.; Dudley Miller, F. A.; Danforth Miller, C. A.; C. A. Minten, inf.; G. A. Mullinar, A.; L. W. Newbury, C.; T. B. Niles, F. A.; H. H. Nute, F. A.; P. J. O'Brien, Inf.; F. R. Otte, Inf.; A. E. Peterson, F. A.; H. F. Pete, F. A.; O. D. Pfaelzer, F. A.; N. A. Pillow, F. A.; M. Queen, F. A.; T. J. Quinlan, inf.; J. Raphael, F. A.; W. P. Rauch, C.; C. S. Reinhart, F. A.; P. A. Rieser, inf.; A. F. Robinson, inf.; E. C. Rogers, F. A.; C. F. Roland, C. A.; T. J. Ross, Jr., F. A.; T. J. Ryan, F. A.; A. S. Rothwell, C.; E. G. Spencer, inf.; L. B. Sargent, inf.; W. W. Schachtel, inf.; I. Schlechter, inf.; W. H. Schosler, A.; J. E. Schuyler, inf.; T. B. Scott, F. A.; R. Shearman, inf.; W. H. Skelly, C. A.; H. Sillman, inf.; F. A. Slocum, Jr., inf.; R. McE. Smith, F. A.; C. J. Speicher, F. A.; R. H. Staats, inf.; E. L. Steckler, C. A.; P. Stern, inf.; M. H. Stevens, E.; G. A. Stumpf, F. A.; A. Tait, A.; C. B. Ten Eyck, F. A.; R. F. Thomas, F. A.; L. A. Thompson, F. A.; G. A. Turley, inf.; W. E. Tuttle, C. A.; K. E. Walser, F. A.; S. C. Webster, inf.; E. B. Wells, C. A.; R. H. Whitcon, C.; McG. S. Wightman, F. A.; B. Wilson, inf.; E. J. Wilson, F. A.; H. C. Woodward, inf.; G. L. Wrenn, inf.; J. D. Williams, inf.; C. P. Young, A.; D. Young, inf.

COMPANY 3—R. I. Aitken, Inf.; C. O. Anderson, E.; G. W. Bacon, Inf.; W. E. Bagnell, F. A.; G. L. Ball, Inf.; J. A. Ballard, Inf.; C. L. Barnwell, C. A.; R. W. Barrows, C.; E. F. Bateman, F. A.; J. M. Batte, Inf.; H. W. Bergman, Inf.; D. J. Birmingham, Inf.; A. C. Blanchard, Inf.; H. L. Bodman, C.; J. Bogart, A.; F. Boyle, C. A.; B. Bulger, Inf.; H. F. Ball, Inf.; G. Burns, C.; J. C. Butler, C. A.; R. Crippen, Inf.; W. K. Carlebach, 1st A. G.; B. Caster, F. A.; H. Cavendish, F. A.; H. W. Cayzill, Inf.; A. R. Clayton, Inf.; J. H. Cleveland, Inf.; J. Cobb, Jr., F. A.; L. Cooney, Inf.; F. N. Countiss, Inf.; C. E. Daniels, F. A.; W. A. Darcey, Inf.; H. Davis, F. A.; T. Delehanty, C.; J. Demarest, Inf.; J. L. Diaz, Inf.; L. Dinel, Inf.; J. A. Dix, F. A.; J. H. Donaldson, Inf.; T. P. Dubois, Inf.; T. P. Dunnell, Inf.; T. Engleton, Inf.; H. W. Eldred, Inf.; J. L. Forman, Inf.; H. E. Foster, Jr., Inf.; H. K. Franc, Inf.; R. G. Freeman, F. A.; L. French, F. A.; S. H. Gibson, F. A.; E. P. Glover, Inf.; C. G. Goldsmith, Inf.; E. I. Gorha Jr., S.; C. V. Graham, F. A.; J. T. Griffin, F. A.; R. Griswood, Inf.; C. Hayes, F. A.; W. C. Hecht, C. A.; H. P. Henshaw, C.; F. R. Hewten, C.; J. Hicks, Inf.; J. L. Hoare, Inf.; A. J. Hoffman, c.; R. T. Hollander, inf.; D. Holliday, Inf.; E. D. Hood, inf.; H. E. Hornbeck, Inf.; D. W. Howe, a.; R. G. Hurley, Inf.; K. Huttinger, Inf.; H. Ives, f. a.; T. J. Jackson, inf.; D. K. Jay, inf.; A. F. Jenks, c.; C. F. Johnstone, inf.; E. A. Judge, inf.; I. E. Kaplan, c. a.; O. W. Kean, f. a.; G. V. Kendall, f. a.; W. Kennedy, c.; R. C. Kipp, c. a.; G. H. Lamm, inf.; H. W. Lehmkuhl, inf.; H. V. Leonard, inf.; J. A. Leslie, inf.; F. R. Lewis, c.; R. R. Livingston, inf.; L. Lyple, c.; J. A. McCaffery, c.; H. F. McElroy, 3d inf.; E. McGarvey, Jr., c. a.; J. McGunnegle, inf.; C. R. McGuire, inf.; P. H. McNulty, a.; J. R. Mitchell, c.; W. J. Macheski; inf.; C. G. Mandeville, f. a.; W. H. Mandeville, f. a.; G. A. Marshall, c. a.; I. A. Matheweon, c.; G. R. Maulborgne, inf.; H. C. Minuth, f. a.; H. E. Montgomery, 2d inf.; H. T. Moore, inf.; G. F. Morgan, inf.; C. W. Morton, c.; E. C. Mueller, c. a.; G. Mygatt, inf.; E. R. Norris, inf.; H. O'Connor, f. a.; E. F. O'Dourherty, inf.; T. C. O'Sullivan, c. a.; J. F. R. Packard, inf.; W. Pfeiffer, f. a.; E. S. Pinney, f. a.; C. A. Poser, f. a.; R. A. Rague, C. A.; W. Ralston, F. A.; R. A. Reese, A.; A. Renshaw, E.; J. T. Reynard, F. A.; J. J. Riordan, inf.; H. B. Ripley, C. A.; W. Roberts, F. A.; C. L. Rooms, C.; E. W. Ruscher, C. A.; C. D. Ryan, C.; V. P. Ryan, C.; H. E. Sawyer, Jr., inf.; A. A. Schaefer, F. A.; R. Schmidt, inf.; R. B. Sewell, C.; A. B. Siegel, C. A.; H. M. Simon, inf.; J. Simons, inf.; C. C. Smith, F. A.; R. P. Smith, inf.; J. B. Snow, inf.; F. A. Soule, C.; R. W. Stevenson, C.; J. N. Stone, inf.; N. L. Stone, inf.; F. F. Sutherland, inf.; H. Taylor, inf.; A. G. Thatcher, inf.; G. C. Thayer, F. A.; R. Thomas, inf.; D. G. Thomlinson, F. A.; J. M. Thompson, C. A.; T. E. Tuthill, inf.; H. Vaughn, inf.; H. Welsch, Jr., inf.; W. A. Walsh, inf.; H. Webbe, inf.; R. E. Weeks, inf.; R. Westley, inf.; G. R. White, A.; W. White, inf.; F. L. Whitemarsh, inf.; A. S. Wiener, inf.; P. K. Wiggins, A.; C. H. Wilmerding, Jr., F. A.; F. J. Winant, inf.; A. M. Wolff, inf.; W. H. Wright, inf.; S. B. Waite, inf.; F. H. Young, inf.

COMPANY 4.—J. C. Affleck, Jr., C. A.; H. W. Arnold, inf.; G. Ball, C.; P. V. Barklew, inf.; W. F. Barnaby, F. A.; J. W. Barney, C. A.; C. Bassenville, Jr., inf.; C. Belknap, inf.; H. A. Bissell, inf.; M. Blumenthal, A.; C. Boyes, inf.; G. B. Boyd, F. A.; G. M. Bryan, F. A.; F. A. Bryant, C.; C. L. Bull, Jr., inf.; C. W. Butler, C.; W. F. Britten, inf.; A. Cady, F. A.; W. S. Callaghan, A.; L. E. Campbell, F. A.; J. H. Church, inf.; A. F. Cohn, C. A.; H. D. Colgan, F. A.; L. C. Collins, inf.; F. Carper, C.; H. Cook, lin, inf.; A. E. Cooper, inf.; J. S. Coughlin, F. A.; G. Crane, inf.; R. P. Currier, inf.; E. R. Dwelle, inf.; M. Devita, inf.; F. M. Dielman C.; R. E. Dole, F. A.; A. K. Dwood, inf.; E. R. Downe, E.; F. W. Doye, inf.; J. A. Doyle, F. A.; F. E. Duffy, inf.; F. G. Dumont, inf.; J. P. Drullard, inf.; D. Eastman, inf.; F. Eberstadt, F. A.; H. N. Fairchild, Inf.; J. M. Faust, inf.; J. D. Filley, Inf.; E. Foster, A.; W. F. Fowler, F. A.; H. A. Franck, C.; F. M. Gaby, inf.; E. M. Gardner, Inf.; M. R. Gates, Jr., inf.; J. H. Gordon, A.; M. G. Gannwold, F. A.; L. F. Harder, E.; P. E. Hassinger, A.; J. R. Hay, Inf.; S. P. Hebard, A.; L. L. Heller, C.; E. R. Hewitt, inf.; C. K. Higgins, Inf.; J. M. Hoffman, F. A.; L. L. Horstmann, F. A.; C. W. Horton, Jr., C.; J. K. Hoyt, C. A.; R. Imperatori, C. A.; C. A. Jacob, Jr., Inf.; T. W. Janeway, C. A.; D. B. Jarvis, Inf.; C. A. Johnson, C. A.; J. S. Jones, Jr., F. A.; T. S. Kenyon, Inf.; J. R. Kelper, Inf.; G. L. King, Inf.; S. Kingsbury, C.; H. Knaack, A.; A. C. Koch, C. A.; R. P. Lawrence, Inf.; E. E. Leffler, C. A.; J. W. Legate, Inf.; H. B. Lever, Inf.; O. Levine, Inf.; H. Lillibridge, F. A.; A. Loomis, F. A.; D. L. McQueen, F. A.; R. H. MacDonald, Jr., Inf.; J. W. MacMaster, F. A.; E. Marshall, Inf.; G. R. Maxson, E.; J. W. Meany, inf.; A. D. Merritt, F. A.; F. R. Miller, inf.; L. C. Millar, E.; C. H. Mills, inf.; Morschauser, Jr., inf.; C. Muller, inf.; L. Meisel, inf.; W. Nicoll, inf.; J. H. O'Donnell, F. A.; J. O'Hanlon, inf.; J. S. O'Neale Jr., C.; A. A. Oppenheim, inf.; W. H. Osborn, inf.; B. Osterhout, C. A.; G. G. Peck, inf.; J. D. Perry, A.; R. Phares, C.; C. V. Pickering, inf.; L. F. Praeger, C. A.; B. Proctor, inf.; L. C. Quackenbush, A.; C. V. Radcliffe, inf.; H. S. Rade, C. A.; R. G. Reece, C. A.; O. D. Reich, C.; F. L. Rich, inf.; E. P. Riley, F. A.; A. Rives, inf.; J. F. Roberts, inf.; O. M. Robertson, inf.; F. D. Sanford, inf.; B. Schapiro, inf.; T. J. Scully, F. A.; L. W. Sellers, inf.; P. H. Senior, C.; G. E. Shaw, inf.; S. O. Shotter, A.; R. Siegal, F. A.; H. Speakman, inf.; M. G. Spooner, Inf.; O. J. Sprague, Inf.; H. A. Stevens, Inf.; W. Strahl, C.; J. B. Streit, C. A.; A. H. Stump, C.; M. J. Summerfield, F. A.; B. Staver, F. A.; H. F. Thomas, F. A.; J. F. Trounatine, Inf.; R. J. Turnbull, C.; T. H. Tweedy, F. A.; R. L. Tyner, Inf.; G. L. Usher, F. A.; R. J. Vanepps, Inf.; H. Van Nostrand, A.; C. Van Vorhees, Inf.; P. F. Walsh, F. A.; E. Wanser, C. A.; G. S. Warren, Inf.; I. H. Washburne, F. A.; C. H. Welling, F. A.; C. Wheeler, F. A.; J. H. Wiepert, F. A.; W. C. Winton, Inf.; A. J. Wiley, C.; C. E. Willis, A.; B. L. Winn, Inf.; F. R. Wolff, Inf.; M. L. Woodruff, E.; W. F. Wyman, F. A.; S. F. Weaver, Inf.; B. Williams, A.; H. O. Young, Inf.

COMPANY 5—J. M. Adrian, Jr., C.; C. R. Auchincloss, Inf.; B. H. Bailey, Inf.; W. Baldwin, Inf.; B. Barrett, Inf.; R. Beechinor, Inf.; P. Biglin, F. A.; M. Bijur, Inf.; T. Bolton, Inf.; A. P. Borden, Inf.; L. P. Braine, Jr., F. A.; J. B. Brandreth, Inf.; E. T. Brennan, C.; L. J. Brightman, Inf.; R. F. Brown, Inf.; T. S. Buchanan, A.; J. C. Calhoun, Jr., Inf.; H. E. Carter, F. A.; W. Chalaire, Inf.; W. B. Chamberlin, Inf.; E. Church, Inf.; M. J. Cichy, Inf.; R. D. Clarke, Inf.; L. C. Cochey, F. A.; J. Conaty, Inf.; J. L. Corcoran, F. A.; H. Cowing, Inf.; F. Y. Cowle, Inf.; F. P. Cragin, Inf.; G. W. Curtiss, C. A.; P. Daly, Inf.; T. Davis, E.; J. H. Deering, E.; W. S. Deuel, C. A.; R. L. Diggs, Inf.; C. Dodge, C.; J. J. Dooling, F. A.; D. Dows, E.; A. K. Duffner, A.; J. A. Edgar, Inf.; J. A. Eggleston, A.; O. F. Eibers, F. A.; J. A. Farrell, C.; C. E. Fetherstone, Inf.; W. Fleming, C.; L. B. Fowler, F. A.; J. Fox, Jr., Inf.; R. A. Fuller, F. A.; B. E. Gaegin, Inf.; G. Gallagher, Inf.; W. H. Geis, Inf.; L. W. Georgeson, inf.; E. M. Gilbert, inf.; F. Gilbert, C. A.; W. F. Gipps, C.; G. Goodspeed, F. A.; D. B. Green, Inf.; H. Haly, C. A.; F. J. Hammel, E.; H. K. Hardon, inf.; T. W. Hastings, inf.; J. M. Heath, inf.; C. Hemingway, inf.; W. M. Henry, F. A.; R. L. Hill, Inf.; G. Holahan, Inf.; G. W. Hubbell, inf.; E. J. Hunt, Inf.; T. Huston, C.; W. E. Hoyer, inf.; H. Jacot, F. A.; H. D. Johnson, inf.; G. H. Jones, F. A.; W. Jutte, F. A.; E. M. Kaiser, C. A.; D. M. Kelly, C.; H. Kemper, F. A.; D. P. Kinne, F. A.; F. A. Kleinfelder, C. A.; J. Knapp, F. A.; A. R. Knott, inf.; G. W. Krug, Inf.; R. I. Lagrean, F. A.; C. C. Lawrence, C.; A. Lochhead, C. A.; J. Long, F. A.; E. S. Lubbers, A.; J. S. Lynch, C.; A. McCartney, F. A.; A. MacDougall, F. A.; F. B. McKee, C.; F. J. McNamara, Inf.; H. J. Mandell, F. A.; R. McC. Marsh, F. A.; A. H. Martin, Inf.; G. Martin, F. A.; H. C. Merritt, Inf.; B. H. Miller, C. A.; K. Moore, F. A.; G. Morgan, C. A.; B. Mott, Inf.; I. K. Moyse, C.; H. D. Newson, Inf.; G. A. Nee, Inf.; J. O. Norris, F. A.; J. W. Norton, C.; G. O'Gallaghan, F. A.; N. O'Connell, C. A.; G. E. Orlivie, F. A.; H. M. Oskison, C.; R. E. Pardee, Inf.; O. H. Perry, F. A.; C. Pfefferkorn, Inf.; H. H. Pike, Jr., F. A.; P. Plough, Inf.; A. Pratt, Inf.; E. Quigley, Inf.; J. Randolph, Inf.; W. R. Reid, Inf.; H. Rinckhoff, F. A.; J. S. S. Richardson, Inf.; R. H. Richter, Inf.; R. F. Ryan, A.; H. T. Spooner, inf.; W. Scanlon, F. A.; F. M. Schell, Inf.; P. N. Scudder, Inf.; R. H. Shaw, Inf.; R. N. Shields, Inf.; A. C. Smith, Inf.; W. H. Smith, F. A.; A. J. Spain, Inf.; E. A. B. Spencer, C. A.; L. D. Stapleton, F. A.; A. W. Starin, Inf.; H. Stone, C.; A. A. Straley, A.; H. P. Sullivan, F. A.; A. H. Sulzberger, F. A.; J. A. Swett, Inf.; C. M. Swezey, Inf.; S. Spiegelberg, F. A.; J. H. Taber, C. A.; A. Talley, Inf.; H. Townsend, C.; J. C. Tyler, Inf.; R. Tarantous, E. E. R. Underwood, C.; F. M. Van Horne, Inf.; L. G. Wallace, C.; R. K. Wallach, C. A.; R. D. Ward, C. A.; N. E. Weaver, Inf.; A. Weinmore, Inf.; M. G. B. Whelpley, F. A.; L. D. White, Inf.; C. C. Wigglad, Inf.; J. Wilcox, F. A.; C. B. Willard, Inf.; F. Wilson, Inf.; E. H. Winterburn, Inf.; H. D. Whitefield, C.; W. M. Woody, Inf.; A. O. Wyrker, Inf.; R. A. Zwemer, Inf.

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BARS SPEECHES AT DRAFT LAW TRIAL

Judge Mayer Shuts Off Lawyer from Discussion of Conscription.

GOVERNMENT'S CASE IS IN

Becker, Defendant, Declares That He Does Not Owe Any Obligation to This Country.

Louis Kramer and Morris Becker, who proudly acclaim themselves anarchists who are opposed to all Governments, and Joseph Walker and Louis Sternberg, who are not so outspoken, were placed on trial before Judge Julius M. Mayer in the Federal District Court yesterday charged with having conspired to persuade men of conscript age not to register as required under the provisions of the selective draft law. The prisoners were represented by Harry Weinberger, who sometimes speaks at anarchist meetings, while Assistant United States District Attorney Harold A. Content appeared for the Government.

When the case was called for trial at 10:30 o'clock yesterday morning the corridor outside the courtroom was jammed with men and women prominent in anarchist circles, among whom were Emma Goldman and Alexander Berkman. Emma Goldman failed to get inside the courtroom. Judge Mayer let it be known as soon as the selection of the jury began that he would permit no undue delays in the progress of the trial and when court adjourned at 6 o'clock there was every indication that the first trial in the United States for a violation of the selective draft law would be ended by noon today. Judge Mayer during the examination of the first talesman said he would not permit the case to be developed into a discussion of conscription.

"I will not permit you," Judge Mayer said to Weinberger, the lawyer for the accused, "to ask tentative jurors if they are for or against conscription. That is not the issue here. You may only inquire as to prejudice. Neither can you ask a juror his personal opinion as to the war. Your only inquiry can be in relation to a possible prejudice. One man was excused because he was a member of the National Guard and another because he had a relative in the regular army. The objections in both cases were by the defense. The foreman of the jury is Thomas G. Smith, a builder of 1,391 Walton Avenue, the Bronx, and the jury box was filled in less than one and one-half hours.

Detective Sergt. John J. Finan testified that at the Socialist mass meeting held in Madison Square Garden the night of May 31 Kramer had distributed pamphlets issued by the so-called No-Conscription League and had handed him one. Kramer, he said, told him that if enough men of conscript age refused to respand as required by the selective draft law there were not enough soldiers and policemen to force them to register.

James Silverman, a Sergeant of the Eighth New York Coast Artillery, said he arrested Kramer after hearing him advise several men not to register. Silverman also testified that Kramer had remarked that the country would be better off "if President Wilson was dead." On cross-examination Weinberger stormed at the witness, but was unable to shake his testimony at any point. When he asked Silverman if he was one of the guardsmen who tried, as he claimed, to break up the anarchist meeting at Hunts Point last week, Judge Mayer informed him that the Hunts Point meeting did not figure in the present trial.

Clifford Heard, Walter Henry, William J. Morony, and Harry Bauland, all National Guardsmen, and Lawrence Bevins, an enlisted man of the navy, were the other Government witnesses. Each testified to having seen one or more of the prisoners distributing the anti-conscription documents. Cross-examination failed to shake the testimony of any of them, and when Bevins left the stand the Government announced that its case was closed.

Morris Becker, pale of face, who says frankly that he was an anarchist, and ago, and is not a citizen of the United States or any other country, was the first of the defendants to take the stand. Every time the man without a country was asked a question he tried to answer by making a speech. He shouted that he would rather be shot than go to war and shoot at somebody else. He said frankly that he was an anarchist and when asked what anarchy means answered that it meant justice and brotherhood.

"Are you opposed to Government?" asked Judge Mayer.

"Yes, to all Governments maintained by force."

"Don't you feel that you owe any obligation to this country?"

"I don't feel under obligation to any Government."

Joseph Walker followed Becker. He said he was not against conscription and that the pamphlets found in his possession when arrested had been given to him by Kramer. He had no intention, he swore, of violating the law. When Walker left the stand Judge Mayer adjourned court until 10 o'clock this morning.

REGISTRATION CARDS SOLD.

Police Will Arrest All Involved That They Can Discover.

Edward F. Boyle, Executive Officer of the Central Board of Control, who supervised the registration for the selective draft law in New York city last Tuesday, said yesterday that he had evidence that some foreigners who registered on June 5 were selling their registration cards. Several persons have communicated with the Board of Elections either personally or by telephone, saying they have lost their cards or they have been stolen and asking for duplicates. All these inquirers are referred to the headquarters for the assembly district in which they live. Where the police find a registration card held by one person and its certificate of registration held by another both will be arrested.

Accused of making a speech in which he urged resistance of the selective draft law, Morris Katz, 32 years old, a cloth presser of 636 East Eleventh Street, was held in $5,000 bail yesterday by United States Commissioner Hitchcock for examination today. Katz was arrested Sunday at Orchard and Rivington Streets, on the complaint of Sydney Wertell of 55 Delancey Street, formerly a Corporal in the United States artillery service, who asserted that Katz, speaking in Yiddish, was urging a group of about twenty-five men to disobey the conscription law. According to Wertell, Katz declared there should be a revolution in this country, and that it was better for fathers to cut the throats of their sons or put their eyes out than to allow them to go to war. Katz is said to be a native of Russia and has been in the United States five and a half years.

PRISONER WOULDN'T REGISTER

Mongo Rejects Chance and Is Held for a Hearing Tomorrow.

Benjamin Mongo, 22 years old, of 670 Hopkins Avenue, Brooklyn, was arrested yesterday by United States Marshal James M. Power, charged with having failed to register as required by the Conscription act. When questioned by United States District Attorney Melville France he said that he knew nothing about the law on the matter. Mongo was offered the opportunity to register, but refused, and was held by United States Commissioner McGoldrick in $2,000 bail for a hearing tomorrow.

Tony Broperchunck and Stephen Vachinsky, both of Maspeth, were arrested by Policeman John J. Glaser of the Long Island City station charged with failure to register. George Shemander of 107 Ocean Avenue, Rockaway Beach, and William Murezkis of 251 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn, were brought in by Deputy Marshals for the same offense. All four were paroled until June 21.

EXPECT FIGHT ON WOOLSEY.

Democrats Ask the President to Withdraw New Yorker's Name.

WASHINGTON, June 11. — Senator Overman of the Judiciary Committee today asked President Wilson to withdraw the nomination of Lester H. Woolsey of New York as solicitor of the State Department.

Democrats of the committee object to confirming a Republican, and have raised some question over Mr. Woolsey's legal qualifications.

UNIONS WIN FIGHT IN SUPREME COURT

Injunction Proceedings Against Carpenters Here Dismissed After Long Litigation.

TRADE CONSPIRACY CHARGED

Court Holds That the Government Only Can Bring Restraining Proceedings Under Sherman Law.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Injunctions against labor unions under the Sherman Anti-Trust law, the Supreme Court decided today in dismissing proceedings against New York carpenters' unions, can be obtained only by the Government and not by private persons. Justices McKenna, Vandevanter, and Brandeis dissented. Injunction proceedings brought by "open shop" woodwork manufacturers to restrain New York carpenters' unions and others from refusing to work on their products were dismissed by the court.

A nation-wide conspiracy in restraint of trade through a union rule against carpenters working on "open shop" or "unfair" mill work and trim, was charged in the non-union manufacturers' suit. The unions contended that the embargo was confined to New York and that the plaintiffs had not been specially injured by it nor were they the subjects of special discrimination. That, the unions declared, differed from the boycott held illegal in the "Danbury hatters" case.

Although passed after their suit was begun, the manufacturers contended that the Clayton act authorized the issuance of injunctions to them. Its prohibition of anti-union injunctions, they asserted, operated only in suits between employers and employes and not between individuals and unions.

UPHOLDS RESERVE ACT.

National Banks May Act as Trustees, Court Decides.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—In the first case involving the Federal Reserve act, the Supreme Court today upheld as constitutional the law's clause authorizing national banks to act as trustees, executors, administrators, and registrars of stocks and bonds. A test suit of the Detroit and Grand Rapids trust companies against the First National Bank of Bay City, Mich., was dismissed by the court, which reversed a Michigan decree holding the clause void as in excess of Congressional power.

The clause of the Federal Reserve act, which was attacked as unconstitutional by the trust companies, is a subsection of Section K—11, providing that: "The Federal Reserve Board shall be authorised and empowered * * * to grant, by special permit to national banks applying therefor, when not in contravention of State or local law, the right to act as trustee, executor, administrator, or registrar of stocks and bonds, under such rules and regulations as the said board may describe."

The trust companies contended that such functions were private, subject to local and not Federal regulation, and beyond the power of Congress to confer on national banks, through the Reserve Board.

Among other decisions handed down by the Supreme Court today was one refusing to disturb Ohio decrees which held that John D. Rockefeller could not be taxed in Cleveland by the Treasurer of Cuyahoga County because he asserted he was a New York resident. The court declined to review an appeal of the County Treasurer.

In the South Dakota express rate case the Supreme Court annulled in part, so far as they exceeded the State's powers, injunctions of State courts against the American and Wells Fargo Express companies which required them to maintain certain lower interstate rates despite Interstate Commerce Commission tariffs permitting higher rates to prevent discrimination against Sioux City, Iowa.

The court, through Justice Brandeis, reaffirmed its ruling in the Shreveport rate case and held that the Federal Commission, in regulating interstate rates, had power to disturb intrastate rates fixed by local State authorities.

The court handed down a decision today in favor of the Government in a test suit of the Insurance Company of North America. The company's reserves for "unpaid losses and claims," the court decided, were subject to and not exempt from taxation. The decision prevents a very large annual loss in Federal income tax revenue from insurance companies and by Treasury refunds of several million dollars already collected.

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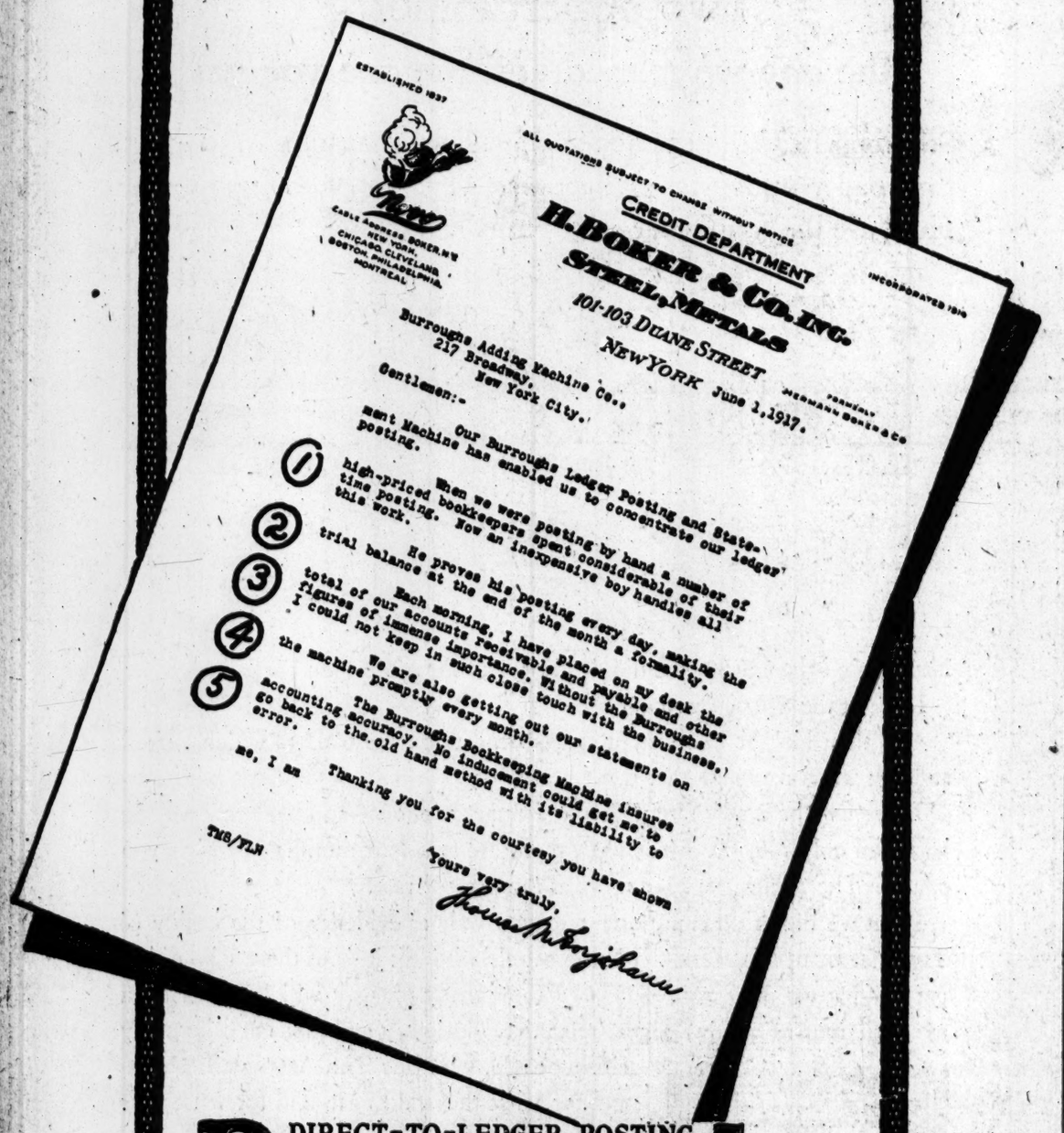
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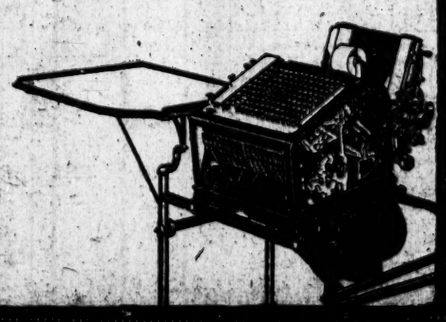

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WILLING TO DISSOLVE CHINA'S PARLIAMENT

President Prepares a Mandate, but Wu Ting-fang Refuses to Sign It.

MAY BLOCK THE WAR PARTY

Dissolution Would Postpone a Declaration Against Germany for Six Months.

PEKING, Sunday, June 10, (delayed in transmission.)—President Li Yuan Hung has announced a willingness to accede to the demand of General Chang-Hsun that Parliament be dissolved and has drawn up a mandate of dissolution. Dr. Wu Ting-fang, the acting Premier, however, has declined to countersign the decree, and his signature is necessary to give effect to it.

If Parliament is dissolved it will make impossible a declaration of war by China on Germany for six months, as it takes this time to elect and assemble a new Parliament.

General Chang-Hsun, who recently arrived at Tientsin from the southern provinces, refuses to come to the capital until the mandate dissolving Parliament has been issued. He now demands a pronouncement from the Government that all members of the present Parliament be excluded from re-election. There are serious differences of opinion between the General and other military leaders on the question of the retention of President Li Yuan Hung and the selection of a new Premier.

Politics Clouds the War Issue.

Special Correspondence of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PEKING, May 8.—Most of the prophets in Peking would have predicted that before this China would have declared war against Germany, but now the outlook has become confused and the war issue is clouded with party politics.

To explain this it is necessary to revert to the events of March last, when China severed diplomatic relations with Germany. Parliament's consent to this course of action was obtained under a misapprehension, for Premier Tuan Chi-Jui and his Cabinet had been led to believe that the Entente would agree to certain wishes of the Chinese Government and so informed the House of Representatives and the Senate. The Premier was not guilty of bad faith, but he himself had been—well, to put it kindly—misled; I cannot say by whom, because the censor might exercise his prerogative and use his pencil. At any rate, it must be understood that the Chinese were deceived, and consequently the Premier finds himself in a false position. Had there been no deception the Government would never have presented to the seven allied Ministers the document embodying China's wishes which they did on March 14, nor would they have attempted to bargain with the Entente.

[The rest of this letter should be read with recollection of the fact that the Chinese Premier has been forced to relinquish office since it was written.]

Naturally the Premier does not wish to confess that he has been duped because awkward questions would be asked in Parliament. As it is, certain members wish to know what has become of the desiderata which he informed Parliament the Entente would grant to China on the latter agreeing to declare war on Germany. This issue Tuan Chi-jui prefers to evade. Parliament was invited to consider the question of war on higher grounds—the cause of suffering humanity and the maintenance of international usages. But Parliament is not in the mood to be swayed by sentiment, and it looks as if the Premier would have to take Parliament into his confidence or risk an adverse vote in both houses.

It must be conceded that the Kuomingtang is anxious to overthrow the Premier, whose "strong policy" is not appreciated by these stalwarts of republicanism as understood in China. The Peking Gazette describes his methods as Prussian, and professes to be alarmed lest constitutional government be endangered, but it must not be forgotten that, while the Constitution provides for Parliamentary assent before the President can declare war, it cannot be contended that the Parliament as at present constituted is a representative body—a fact which may be quoted in support of any action deemed necessary for the disciplining of this organ.

Opinion in China is decidedly in favor of war. Even intense pro-German elements in official circles have been converted to this view. The President favors war, so does the Cabinet, and so does the Parliament. Yet war has not been declared. The only obstacle is party prejudice, and China suffers in consequence by delaying her entry into the war.

LAUDS INDUSTRIAL PATRIOTS

Schwab Tells Salesmen They Do as Good Service as Soldiers.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, June 11.—Asserting that "when the history of this war is written, as much credit for the victory over our enemies will be given to the men who make up America's great industrial army as to the military leaders and men in the trenches," Charles M. Schwab warned 4,000 persons gathered today at the opening session of the World's Salesmanship Congress against practicing "economy to an extent that will jeopardize business." Mr. Schwab provoked an outburst of cheering when he declared that the Bethlehem Steel plant was absolutely at the disposal of the United States Government.

"My associates and myself," he said, "do not reckon what the profits may be, nor do we care, if we can serve our country and her allies in this war. I hold myself a lucky man, indeed, that the opportunity has once more been thrown my way to help my country.

"There will be no shortage of steel for the motor car industry," said Mr. Schwab," after his address. "Next to the munitions industry, the motor car industry is the most important in the country at this time. The motor car is most essential to the conduct of modern warfare, and the Government's demand for steel for shipbuilding and munitions will not be so great as to work any hardship on the motor car business.

"This country was never more prosperous, and, in my opinion, there are no reasons for any business hesitancy."

POST TOASTIES
THEY'RE THE FLAKES WITH THE DANDY CORN FLAVOR!
SAYS Bobby

THREE ROADS TIED UP BY UP-STATE STORM

New York Central's Montreal Express Marooned Near Utica—3 Persons Killed by Flood.

UTICA, N. Y., June 11.—Three known dead, much live stock lost, three railroads tied up, and great property loss was the toll completed tonight of this section's greatest rainstorm in twenty-five years. Manufacturing plants are hard hit, and many buildings have been washed from their foundations.

The storm started about 2 o'clock this morning, and heavy rain fell until late this afternoon. Two residents of Oriskany Falls lost their lives, and a man was drowned at Oneida when a dam went out as he was standing on it.

The most violent phases of the storm were experienced in Oriskany Falls and vicinity, due to the going out of dams at Solsville and the Fisk and Lyons Ponds, south of Oriskany Falls. Horsemen rode ahead of the torrent, warning the people in its path to flee to higher ground.

Two bridges used by the Ontario & Western Railroad were carried away near Oriskany Falls, and the roadbed for miles in that section was destroyed. The Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad suffered in the Sauquoit Valley, just south of Utica, and trains have been unable to use that road in this vicinity.

The Montreal Express of the New York Central System, running from New York to Montreal, was marooned near Holland Patent all day, due to a culvert going out just after the train crossed and another being swept away just before it reached it. Nearly 100 passengers have spent the day in the village, while some have come back to Utica by automobile.

The Adirondack trains leaving Utica today have been rerouted by way of Herkimer and have reached Lake Placid and other mountain resorts many hours behind schedule.

SURGICAL SUPPLIES SHORT.

Trade Associations in Convention Discuss Danger to Army and Navy.

The United States is threatened with a serious shortage of surgical instruments, needles, and other appliances for the army and navy, not to mention a shortage in such supplies for ordinary hospital requirements, it was declared yesterday at the opening session of the joint convention of the American Medical Trade and Wholesale Surgical Trade Associations, held at the Hotel Astor.

Nearly 100 members of the two organizations, representing the manufacturing, jobbing, and retail branches of the trade, attended the morning session, at which E. F. Mahady of Boston, President of the American Medical Trade Association, told of the condition confronting the trade.

Mr. Mahady said that the great American armies authorized must be equipped with adequate surgical appliances, and added that the manufacturers and wholesalers were responding in a whole-hearted and patriotic manner.

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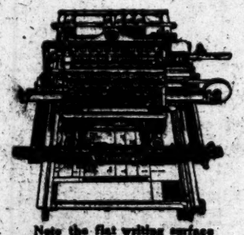

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M'GRAW'S MEN HIT FAST STRIDE AND PUT FRED MITCHELL'S CUBS TO ROUT

GIANTS HAVE EASY TIME WITH BRUINS

Batter Phil Douglas for Ten Hits, Including Two Home Runs, and Win, 8 to 2.

BENTON MASTER OF CUBS

Rube Toys with Chicago's Batsmen and Bangs a Three-Bagger, Scoring Two Tallies.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 11.—New York's Giants showed up the Cubs this afternoon and won as they pleased, 8 to 2. McGraw's men showed some of the class that is expected to carry them through to a National League pennant, and the game was more one-sided than the 8-to-2 score indicates. They got away with everything that a major league club could, while the poor old Bruins were booting and kicking the ball and in every other way performing like bush leaguers.

Phil Douglas, looked upon as the leading Cub pitcher, was touched for ten hits, five of them for extra bases, including two home runs, which were made in the same inning. Phil was forced to travel the full route, and when the Giants were not hitting him the Cub [illegible] were missing the ball around. They made five errors which show in the box score, and about ten more that do not show. It was a wild exhibition, the worst the North Siders have put up this season.

Old Rube Benton, discarded from Cincinnati because he wasn't good enough for the big leagues, had the honor of checking the Cubs, and it was far from a hard job. The two runs made by the home team came after the Giants were far enough in the lead to permit them to play around, and at least one of the tallies was an out-and-out gift from the visitors, who were taking pity on the Bruins. While the Cubs garnered nine hits off Benton, they only slow balls in the box score, and about ten more that do not show. It was a wild exhibition, the worst the North Siders have put up this season.

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Almost every Cub player on the field had a part in burlesquing the contest. Zeider is credited with two errors, but he made two or three on runners stealing second, which do not appear because the runners in question received stolen bases. Merkle made a wild throw that cost another run, and once Doyle, Williams, and Wolter surrounded an easy Texas Leaguer back of second, off Zimmerman's bat and let it fall safe while Neale made three bases on it. He came home on Williams's wild throw to third.

Just previous to this Benny Kauff had slammed the pill into left field bleachers, and Fletcher, coming up after Zim, duplicated Benny's stunt with a drive in almost the same spot. This was about the only unusual happening of the day. The Giants had the happy faculty of bunching their blows off Douglas, for they scored two runs in the first on three hits, two in the fourth on three drives, and three in the seventh on three blows.

The Giants stepped out in the first inning and gathered in two runs. First Burns hit a roller to Zeider, second, Herzog followed with a bunt to Zeider, which went for a single. Kauff hit to Merkle, and Zeider dropped Fred's toss to force Herzog, filling the bases. Zimmerman popped out in this pinch, but Fletcher repped out a doube to count Burns and Herzog.

In the fourth three more hits counted another brace of tallies, and none other than Rube Benton drove them in. Robertson and Rariden singled. Sandwiched in with Rariden's out this brought up Benton. Rube proceeded to wallop a triple to deep centre, bringing in Robby and Rariden.

With two down in the seventh, Kauff drove his four baser into the bleachers. Wolter muffed Zimmerman's fly, and Fletcher's home run added three to the score.

In the eighth Holke singled and went all the way to third when Rariden rolled out to Merkle. Holke continued on home when Merkle threw wide to Deal.

The score:

NEW YORK, (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Burns,lf	5	1	1	3	0
Herzog,2b	5	1	1	2	3
Kauff,cf	5	1	1	2	0
Zimm'n,3b	5	1	0	1	4
Fletcher,ss	4	1	2	3	5
Robert'n,rf	4	1	1	3	0
Holke,1b	3	1	1	11	1
Rariden,c	4	1	1	5	0
Gibson,c	0	0	0	1	0
Benton,p	4	0	1	0	1
Total	39	8	10	27	14

CHICAGO, (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Zeider,ss	4	1	2	0	3
Wolter,rf	4	0	1	3	0
Doyle,2b	4	0	0	1	3
Merkle,1b	4	0	0	15	1
Williams,cf	4	0	1	1	0
Mann,lf	4	1	1	1	0
Elliott,c	4	0	0	4	0
Deal,3b	4	0	1	0	1
Douglas,p	3	0	0	0	6
Zeider,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	35	2	0	27	14

Errors—Zeider, (2.) Wolter, Merkle, Williams.

New York	2	0	0	2	0	0	3	1	0—8
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1—2

Two-base hits—Fletcher, Zeider. Three-base hit—Benton. Home runs—Kauff, Fletcher. Stolen bases—Burns, (2.) Mann, (2.) Elliott, (2.) Sacrifice hit—Holke. Double play—Fletcher, Herzog, and Holke. Left on bases—Chicago, 6; New York, 5. First base on errors—New York, 2. Hits and earned runs—Off Douglas, 10 hits, 4 runs in 9 innings; Benton, 9 and 2 in 9. Struck out—By Douglas, 6; Benton, 5. Wild pitches—Benton, Douglas. Time—1 hour 45 minutes. Umpires—Klem and Bransfield.

CARDS WIN IN FIFTEENTH.

Gonzales Steals Home with Run That Beat Phillies 5 to 4.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 11.—Gonzales stole home in the fifteenth inning with the run that gave St. Louis victory over Philadelphia today, 5 to 4.

In the fifteenth Gonzales doubled and took third when Miller was thrown out. Hornsby was purposely passed and stole second. As Oeschger wound up to pitch to Cruise, Gonzales dashed home with the winning run.

Philadelphia got four runs in the first on two singles, a stolen base, two bases on balls, a sacrifice hit, a fielder's choice, and Long's error. St. Louis tied the score in the sixth on two singles, a double, and an error by Niehoff.

Philadelphia got a man as far as third in the eighth, but thereafter only one player, McGarigan, who replaced Bancroft, when he was hurt trying to tag J. Smith at second base in the ninth, reached first.

The score:

ST. LOUIS, (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
J.Smith,cf	7	0	2	2	0
Gonzales,lb	6	1	1	10	2
Miller,2b	7	0	2	2	2
Hornsby,ss	6	2	4	3	7
Cruise,lf	5	1	0	3	0
Smart,rf	5	1	3	3	1
Lavan'stone,cf	6	0	0	1	2
J. Smith,3b	5	0	0	1	1
Doak,p	6	0	1	0	9
Total	53	5	13	45	23

PHILADELPHIA,(N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Paskert,cf	6	1	1	1	0
Bancroft,ss	5	1	1	1	2
McGarigan,ss	2	0	1	2	3
Stock,3b	5	0	1	2	3
Cravath,rf	6	1	0	5	0
Whitted,lf	6	1	1	5	0
Luderus,1b	5	0	0	16	1
Niehoff,2b	6	0	0	2	3
Killifer,c	6	0	1	9	2
Oeschger,p	4	0	0	0	4
Total	49	4	6	*14	18

*Two out when winning run was scored.

Errors—Long, Niehoff.

St. Louis	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1—5
Philadelphia	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—4

Two-base hits—Long, Gonzales. Stolen bases—Paskert, Stock, J. Smith, Hornsby, Gonzales. Sacrifice hits—Stock, Gonzales. Sacrifice fly—Long. Double play—Bancroft, Niehoff, and Luderus. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 4; St. Louis, 9. First base on errors—Philadelphia, 1; St. Louis, 1. Bases on balls—Off Oeschger, 2; Doak, 3. Hits and earned runs—Off Oeschger, 12 hits, 4 runs, in 14 2-3 innings; Doak, 6 and 1 in 15. Hit by pitcher—By Oeschger, (F. Smith.) Struck out—By Oeschger, 9; Doak, 10. Wild pitch—Oeschger. Time—3 hours. Umpires—Byron and Quigley.

YANKS' GIFT TO REGIMENT.

Bats and Balls Galore Presented to First Reserve Engineers.

The owners of the New York American League Baseball Club have presented a complete outfit of baseball paraphernalia to the First Reserve New York Engineer regiment, which is now in camp at Fort Slocum. The soldiers made use of the outfit Sunday and played several practice games.

The Yankees will give a benefit at the Polo Grounds for this regiment next Sunday, when there will be a band concert, followed by a regular league game between the Yankees and the St. Louis Browns. The entire regiment has been invited to attend the game.

American Association.

St. Paul, 6; Minneapolis, 5.
Indianapolis, 1; Milwaukee, 0.
Kansas City, 6; Louisville, 5.
Toledo, 8; Minneapolis, 4.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
All games postponed.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
New York, 8; Chicago, 2.
Cincinnati, 3; Brooklyn, 2.
Boston, 2; Pittsburgh, 0.
St. Louis, 5; Philadelphia, 4. (15 innings.)

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Chicago	33	15	.688
Boston	29	15	.659
New York	24	20	.545
Cleveland	26	25	.510
Detroit	20	24	.455
St. Louis	18	27	.400
Washington	17	29	.370
Philadelphia	15	27	.357

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Philadelphia	26	15	.634
New York	26	16	.619
Chicago	29	21	.580
St. Louis	25	21	.543
Cincinnati	23	23	.451
Boston	16	22	.421
Brooklyn	16	23	.410
Pittsburgh	15	30	.333

Where They Play Today.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Chicago at New York.
(Game begins at 3:30.)
St. Louis at Boston.
Cleveland at Washington
Detroit at Philadelphia.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
New York at Chicago.
Brooklyn at Cincinnati.
Boston at Pittsburgh.
Philadelphia at St. Louis.

DODGERS RALLY, BUT LOSE.

Brooklyn's Exciting Ninth Inning Rush Falls Against Reds.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, June 11.—Despite a frenzied ninth-inning rally today, the Dodgers were unable to accumulate enough runs to offset the three previously gathered by the Reds, and they dropped the third game of the series, 3 to 2. Young Hod Eller, who has acted as relief pitcher for the Reds since he joined the club last Fall, started against the Dodgers today, and also finished. It must be admitted that Eller is quite a twirler. Until the ninth Ivan Olson was the only Brooklyn player who seemed to be able to solve the problems Eller presented. Two blows were the Dodger portion up to the ninth, and Olson was the author of both. He annexed his third safety in that inning, but not enough of his mates could follow suit to put the ball game on the right side of the ledger.

Larry Cheney and his moist ball were working for the Dodgers, and both did well. But for a lucky homer for Neale and an error for Olson, Larry would have won. As it was, he made things exceedingly interesting, and has the consolation of knowing it was not his fault the boys lost.

With the score 3 to 0 in the ninth, Johnston batted for Cheney and whiffed, after which Olson whistled his third hit to left. Daubert hit a hard one to Shean, who kindly booted it, and all hands were safe. Hickman strolled. Stengel, who has hit well throughout the series, banged a single to right, scoring Olson and Daubert and sending Hickman to third. Stengel, however, was thrown out trying to make second on the blow. This put the issue squarely up to Zach Wheat, but Zach could not do it, popping to Wingo.

Cheney walked Thorpe after Wingo had gone out in the fifth, and Neale hit a legitimate double to right. The pesky ball rolled through the gate in right field, however. Stengel did some fast work in retrieving it and caught Neale at the plate, but the umpires called it a home run and allowed Neale's score to count because the ball was hit out of the playing field.

The Reds got another in the sixth, when Olson pegged wildly on Chase's grounder behind singles by Kopf and Roush.

The score:

CINCINNATI, (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Groh,3b	4	0	2	0	2
Kopf,ss	4	0	1	4	2
Roush,cf	3	1	1	5	1
Chase,1b	3	0	1	4	0
Wingo,c	3	0	0	7	1
Thorpe,rf	2	1	0	2	0
Neale,lf	3	1	1	1	0
Shean,2b	2	0	1	4	1
Eller,p	3	0	1	0	1
Total	28	3	7	27	8

BROOKLYN, (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Olson,ss	4	0	3	2	3
Daubert,1b	4	1	0	7	0
Hickman,cf	3	0	0	1	0
Stengel,rf	3	0	1	2	0
Wheat,lf	3	0	0	2	0
Cutshaw,2b	3	0	0	3	2
Mowrey,3b	3	0	0	0	1
Miller,c	3	0	0	6	0
Cheney,p	1	0	0	0	3
aJohnston	1	0	0	0	0
Total	28	2	4	24	10

a Batted for Cheney in ninth.

Errors—Shean, Olson, Cheney.

Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	—3
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	—2

Two-base hit—Groh. Home run—Neale. Sacrifice hit—Roush. Double plays—Kopf, Shean, and Chase; Wheat and Cutshaw; Olson and Daubert. Left on bases—Brooklyn, 3; Cincinnati, 4. First base on errors—Brooklyn, 1; Cincinnati, 1. Bases on balls—Off Cheney, 2; Eller, 4. Hits and earned runs—Off Cheney, 7 hits, 2 runs in 8 innings; Eller, 4 and 0 in 9. Struck out—By Cheney, 4; Eller, 5. Time—1 hour 24 minutes. Umpires—Rigler and Orth.

MANY PITCHERS, FEW HITS.

Pirates Fare Ill Against Trio of Braves' Twirlers.

PITTSBURGH, June 11.—Three pitchers were used against the Pittsburgh team here today, and all proved effective, Boston winning, 2 to 0.

Nehf was removed in the sixth inning, with two men on bases and one out, Allen, who took his place, retired the side scoreless. In the eighth inning he was removed after passing the first man, and Tyler, who took the box, also retired Pittsburgh without a tally. The score:

BOSTON, (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bailey,cf	4	0	1	4	0
Evers,2b	4	0	1	2	4
Wilhoit,rf	4	0	1	2	0
Magee,lf	4	0	0	2	0
Konetchy,1b	4	1	1	8	1
Smith,3b	3	1	1	0	2
Tragesser,c	4	0	2	6	0
Rawlings,ss	4	0	0	1	2
Nehf,p	2	0	0	0	2
Allen,p	0	0	0	0	0
Tyler,p	1	0	0	0	0
Total	34	2	7	27	12

PITTSBURGH, (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Carey,cf	3	0	0	2	0
Pitler,2b	4	0	1	2	4
King,rf	4	0	0	1	0
Hinchman,lf	4	0	1	6	0
J.Wagner,					
1b,3b	4	0	1	7	1
W.Wagner,c	3	0	0	2	2
McCarthy,3b	2	0	0	3	0
Brief,1b	0	0	0	4	0
Ward,ss	3	0	1	0	0
Miller,p	1	0	0	0	x
aBaird	0	0	0	0	0
Grimes,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	28	0	4	27	10

a Batted for Miller in eighth.

Errors—Smith, Pitler, W. Wagner.

Boston	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—2
Pittsburgh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Stolen bases—Konetchy, Smith. Sacrifice hits—W. Wagner, Miller. Double play—Rawlings, Evers, and Konetchy. Left on bases—Boston, 7; Pittsburgh, 6. First base on error—Pittsburgh, 1. Bases on balls—Off Nehf, 1; Allen, 2; Miller, 2. Hits and earned runs—Off Nehf, 2 hits, no runs in 5 1-3 innings; Allen, 2 and 0 in 2; Tyler, 0 and 0 in 1 2-3; Miller, 7 and 0 in 8; Grimes, 0 and 0 in 1. Struck out—By Nehf, 1; Tyler, 2; Miller, 2. Wild pitch—Tyler. Time—1 hour 49 minutes. Umpires—O'Day and Harrison.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

AT ROCHESTER.

										R.	H.	E.
Rochester	2	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	—7	8	2
Buffalo	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	—2	6	0

AT TORONTO.

										R.	H.	E.
Toronto	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—3	7	0
Montreal	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1	6	0

Richmond at Baltimore, postponed; wet grounds.
Newark at Providence, postponed; rain.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Newark	26	14	.650
Providence	26	17	.605
Baltimore	23	19	.548
Toronto	24	19	.558
Rochester	24	19	.558
Buffalo	18	27	.400
Montreal	14	26	.366
Richmond	14	31	.311

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Newark at Providence.
Baltimore at Richmond.
(Two games.)
Buffalo at Rochester.
(Two games.)
Montreal at Toronto.
(Two games.)

Southern Association.

Atlanta, 5; Nashville, 4.
Birmingham, 5; Chattanooga, 3.
Memphis at Mobile.
(Postponed; rain.)
(Other games not scheduled.)

CLAIMS BALTIMORE CLUB WAS IGNORED

Goldman Says Terrapins Had No Voice in Settlement of Federal League War.

PHILADELPHIA, June 11.—Testifying in the $900,000 suit of the Baltimore Federal League Club against organized baseball growing out of the peace agreement of December, 1915, whereby the Federal League went out of existence, L. Edwin Goldman, a Director of the Baltimore Club, said his club knew absolutely nothing about negotiations to put the league out of business until the peace agreement had been reached. He emphasized his denial that the Baltimore Club was consulted in the negotiations.

The suit was brought under the Sherman and Clayton anti-trust laws, the Baltimore Club charging that the agreement between the Federal League and organized baseball was a violation of the anti-trust laws and tended to monopolize the business of baseball. The club also charges that the agreement disrupted the Federal League and that the club suffered damage to the extent of $800,000, for which, under the anti-trust laws, it is asking triple damages.

Mr. Goldman on direct examination said that the Federal League signed up players who were under contract with clubs in other leagues. On cross-examination by Frank P. Prichard of Philadelphia, counsel for the American League, he explained the Federal League did sign players who had reserve clauses in their contracts with the major leagues because the Federals did not respect these clauses on the ground that they considered them as illegal. After the Baltimore Club had learned of the peace agreement, Mr. Goldman said, Stuart S. Janney, a Director in the club and chief counsel in the suit, went to New York to try to negotiate for a major league club in Baltimore, but was unsuccessful.

During Mr. Goldman's examination the peace agreement was read to the jury. Its contents are generally known, but there was one clause which has not heretofore been made public. It recited that no agreement had been reached with the Baltimore and Buffalo Federals, and that a committee of seven was agreed upon to arrange a settlement with those clubs. This committee was to consist of the three members of the National Commission, President Barrow of the International League, President Gilmore of the Federal League, a representative of the Buffalo Club, and one representing the Baltimore Club, both to be named by Mr. Gilmore. The Baltimore representative was never appointed, Mr. Goldman said.

He further testified that all the eight clubs in the Federal League finished the last season in which the league existed, but that there were but six clubs in the organization when it was disrupted in December, the other two having become financially embarrassed.

George Wharton Pepper of counsel for the big leagues, in his opening statement as to what the defense would show, declared that baseball was not a commercial business and not coming within the Federal anti-trust laws. He also indicated there was no attempt to monopolize baseball by the major leagues, declaring that the peace agreement with the Federal League was made necessary to end a costly war and to restore public confidence in the management of the national sport. He further asserted the Baltimore Club tried to get a major league franchise for Baltimore before the peace agreement was signed, but failed because no club in either of the big leagues desird to sell its franchise or have it transferred to Baltimore.

David L. Fultz, President of the Players' Fraternity, was on the witness stand testifying to the operations of players' contracts, the reserve clause, the release clause when court adjourned. There was every evidence today that the case would be bitterly fought.

WILLARD BUYS CIRCUS.

Heavyweight Champion Obtains Control of Wild West Show.

Jess Willard, world's heavyweight boxing champion, yesterday took over the control of the Buffalo Bill Wild West Show and Circus, which heretofore has been owned by Edward Arlington, a local showman. News of the transaction, which makes Willard the owner of his own circus, reached this city yesterday in the form of a telegram from Holyoke, Mass., announcing that the heavyweight champion had paid Arlington the sum of $105,000 for control of the organization.

Roy O. Archer, secretary to Willard, attended to the details of the sale, and the purchase included two trains of cars, 200 horses, and all equipment. Archer, a lifelong friend of Willard's, was formerly in the banking business. In the telegram it was stated that the show started operating under the management of Willard yesterday, and it is the ambition of the champion to own the finest tent show property in this country.

In the management of the show Willard will be assisted by Melville B. Raymond, a local showman with offices in the Knickerbocker Building, and the details of mapping out routes and railroad schedules will be looked after by Arlington, the former owner, who has had considerable experience in this line through his connections with other shows.

LEONARD BEGINS TRAINING.

Lightweight Champion at Work for Monday's Bout with Nelson.

Benny Leonard, world's champion lightweight boxer, started training yesterday for his ten-round bout with Johnny Nelson of Philadelphia, which is scheduled for next Monday night at the Harlem S. C. Nelson, although practically unknown in local boxing circles, has appeared in bouts against several of the country's leading lightweights, including Leonard and Charley White, against both of whom he held his own. This bout will mark Leonard's first local appearance since gaining the title.

Jack Farrell of the Harlem S. C. returned last night from a trip to Philadelphia, where he completed negotiations with Nelson. Farrell says that the officials of the Harlem club are having the interior rebuilt to some extent in anticipation of a record crowd. The stage, which occupied one end of the club house, has been torn down and in its place will be constructed room for new seating accommodations which, with other alterations, will provide an additional capacity of 1,500, bringing the total capacity of the club, sitting and standing, up to about 4,500.

DUFFY IN RING TONIGHT.

Will Box Patsy Cline at Pioneer S. C.—Other Bouts.

Jimmy Duffy, the sturdy west side lightweight, and Irish Patsy Cline of Harlem, will clash for ten rounds this evening at the Pioneer S. C. in what will be the most important bout of his career for the west sider. If he can successfully combat the cleverness of the Harlemite there is the possibility for Duffy of securing a match with the new lightweight champion, Benny Leonard. Cline is among the cleverest boxers in the lightweight ranks, but in Duffy he will be facing a steady, aggressive boxer. Another ten-round bout will bring together George Ashe, the Pennsylvania middleweight, and Paul Samson of Harlem.

Heavyweights will occupy the centre of the stage at the show to be held this evening at the Broadway S. C. of Brooklyn. Two ten-round bouts are scheduled, the principal one of which will have as its contestants Bob Devere, the Kansas City heavyweight, and K. O. Bill Brennan of Chicago. In the other bout of ten rounds Joe Egan of Boston, the New England welterweight champion, will oppose Johnny Kid Alberts of Elizabeth, N. J.

At the Harlem S. C. of Rockaway Gunboat Smith, the veteran California heavyweight, and Al Benedict, a local boxer, will be opponents in the main ten-round bout.

BASEBALL TODAY, 3:30 P. M.—N. Y. Americans vs. Chicago. Polo Grounds. Adm. 50c—$2.

U. S. HAS HARVARD ELEVEN.

Members of Crimson Team That Played Yale All in National Service.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., June 11.—The Harvard football eleven that played Yale last November in Uncle Sam's eleven now. Today the line-up of the team, now representing the United States follows:

Harte, right end, Plattsburg; Caner, right tackle, Norton-Harjes Ambulance unit, France; Snow, right guard, Naval Reserve; Harris, centre, Plattsburg; Dadmun, Captain, left guard, American Ambulance unit, France; Wheeler, left tackle, Naval Reserve; Coolidge, left end, Plattsburg; Robinson, quarter back, Plattsburg; Casey, left half back, Naval Reserve; Thacher, right half back, Plattsburg; Horween, full back, Naval Reserve.

COUNT SALM WINS TWICE.

Defeats Rickey and Anderson in Terrace Club Matches.

Only four matches were played in the tennis tournament at the Terrace Club in Brooklyn yesterday. In a first round encounter George Throckmorton defeated Gerald Donaldson, Sr., 6—2, 6—4. Count Salm defeated Roy Rickey at 6—2, 6—3 in a second round match, and George Throckmorton defeated J. Anderson at 6—4, 7—5. In a third round match, Count Salm added to his laurels by defeating Fred Anderson at 6—3, 6—0.

AUTO RACE FOR WAR FUND.

Motor Derby in Chicago Attracts Crack Racing Drivers.

CHICAGO, June 11.—The feature of the military, motor, and athletic fete, to be held at the local Speedway for the benefit of war funds on Saturday, will be the 250-mile Chicago auto Derby. Thirty-three cars have been entered for the event, and these are now being tuned up for an attack on the speed records.

Saturday's program will start at 9:30 A. M. with the mobilization of cadets in Grant Park and a military parade to the Speedway. This will be followed by the field and track meet of the Chicago High Schools Athletic League. At the conclusion of this there will be "an attack on the trenches," a demonstration by 3,000 high school volunteers. The 100-mile non-professional auto race will start at noon, and two and one-half hours later the Derby will begin. The non-professional race has started eight entries to date, the following cars and drivers being in the field: Mercer, John Canfield; Mercer, Harold H. Logan; Mercer, Arthur Bromstedt; Mercer, Andrew Ortmayer; Haynes, Percy Ford; Locomobile, D. B. Cooper; Peerless, I. P. Fetterman, and Cadillac, Frank Warren.

Among the more prominent professional drivers entered for the 250-mile event are the following: Barney Oldfield, Ralph De Palma, Ralph Mulford, Ira Vail, Louis Chevrolet, and Gaston Chevrolet.

Because of the superior speed of the Packard and the craftiness and experience of its veteran driver De Palma, rules favorite for the 1917 Auto Derby. There is no car fast enough to pass him, according to the railbirds of the gasoline circuit. They look for the Italian to go to the front at the start and set a terrific pace. There is only one way to beat De Palma, they claim. The Packard must break down before the 250 miles are covered. The De Palma jinx must be on the job as it was at Cincinnati May 30 when a splinter from the board track punctured the radiator and changed the Trolo Terror from a race leader to a spectator.

If the Packard holds up under the gruelling grind and De Palma shakes his proverbial hoodoo, the critics not only look for Ralph to take premier honors in the auto Derby, but also predict that he will shatter the 250-mile world's record, now held by Johnny Aitken and the Peugeot. Aitken covered the two and one-half centuries in the 1916 Astor Cup race in 2 hours 25 minutes and 7 seconds, an average of 104.83 miles per hour.

Next to De Palma's Packard, the three Frontenacs, designed and built by Louis Chevrolet, are considered the fastest cars in the field. In the Memorial Day race at Cincinnati the Frontenacs, driven by Louis Chevrolet, the winner, and his brother Gaston, hit a 102-mile-an-hour clip for 250 miles, and should better this average on the local course, which is considerably faster than the Cincinnati track. If they have an even break in the luck the Frontenac drivers will lose no time at the pits as their mounts are expected right, easy on tires, and carry sufficient gasoline, water, and oil to cover the distance without a halt for replenishment.

HONOR MEMORY OF DWYER.

Well-Known Turfmen to be Pallbearers at Funeral Today.

At a meeting of the Directors of the Brooklyn Jockey Club held yesterday morning resolutions were passed expressing sorrow at the death of Philip J. Dwyer, who was founder of the club and its President. Mr. Dwyer was also President of the Queens County Jockey Club, which is scheduled to hold a race meet at Aqueduct, June 25 to July 12. The race meet will be held as scheduled and will be managed by Colonel M. S. Winn, who has had charge of Mr. Dwyer's racing interests in recent years.

The funeral services will be held this morning at 9:30 at St. Bernard's Church, West Fourteenth Street. The pallbearers, all of whom are well known in the turf world, will be as follows: H. K. Knapp, Schuyler L. Parsons, Thomas Lally, Andrew Miller, Edgar G. Murphy, Price McKinney, James Butler, James Shevlin, Colonel M. S. Winn, Matthew Corbett, Thomas Monahan, and Edward S. Salt.

Norwood G. C. Nets $1,010.

As a result of medal play handicap competition over eighteen holes held on Saturday and Sunday, the Norwood Golf Club at Long Branch, N. J., collected the sum of $1,010 for the benefit of the Red Cross Society. It was announced yesterday. The competition was held under the auspices of the New Jersey State Golf Association, which last Saturday conducted a golf campaign for the benefit of the Red Cross. Louis Gimbel accounted for the medal offered to the golfer with the best net score for the competition, with a net of 78. About 100 golfers took part in the play.

Crescent A. C. Tennis Today.

The invitation women's tennis tournament which was to have started yesterday at the Crescent Athletic Club grounds at Bay Ridge, was postponed until today, owing to the rain. Many of the prominent contenders in the metropolitan section will begin competition this afternoon, among them Mrs. C. V. Hitchins, Miss Marie Wagner, Miss Helene Pollak, and Miss Helen Gilleaudeau. Play will begin each afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Jack Dillon Enlists in Navy.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., June 11.—Jack Dillon, the Indianapolis boxer, has enlisted in the navy. He submitted to the final examination here today, and will remain here awaiting orders to report at a naval training station. Dillon says he chose the navy, fearing that if sent into the army he would suffer rheumatism.

New York State League.

(All games postponed.)

Eastern League.

(All games postponed.)

15c Ea. 2 for 30c

VOSHELL AND BAGGS VICTORS IN DOUBLES

Defeat Inman and Mahan in Five-Set Encounter at Westchester C. C.

Spirited tennis marked the final round of the Westchester Country Club invitation doubles yesterday afternoon, when S. Howard Voshell and Fred C. Baggs defeated Fred C. Inman and Lyle E. Mahan in a five-set encounter at 4—6, 6—3, 0—6, 9—7, 8—6. The score well shows the ups and downs which prevailed during the contest; also that Inman and Mahan were several times within sight of victory after having taken the third set at love from their opponents.

The steadiness of Inman and Mahan, however, was finally overtopped by the brilliance of Voshell, who closed the contest with a bit of play that swept all opposition aside. The match did not start until late, and when it closed the first shadows of twilight were lengthening across the courts. Perhaps it was partially due to this that Voshell scored four service aces in the last game of the match; at any rate, such was his record, and it brought victory after Inman's service had been broken through in the game previous.

From the result of the first three sets there was nothing to indicate that the next two would produce such close tennis as that which was played. When Inman and Mahan, playing with fire and dash, took a love set there was hardly one of the spectators who would have predicted that Baggs and Voshell would be able to pull the contest out of the fire. Yet this they did by play such as marks few doubles contests in the course of a season, and almost never at so early a date in the Summer as now.

Voshell seemed all at once to have come full-fledged into the fullness of his ability on turf courts. He was the particular luminary in yesterday's contest, but this in nowise detracts from the sterling play which was put forth by the others during the entire match.

It may truthfully be said that it was Voshell's steadiness, combined with wonderful flights to the heights of tennis skill, that turned the balance in favor of himself and his partner. While he has had little conditioning for a five-set match of such proportions as that of yesterday, he played through to the finish confidently and with little show of fatigue until the match was actually closed to his credit. Baggs, his partner, was an able supporter of Voshell, even though he did not equal him in brilliancy or steadiness. Baggs did his best work close up at the barrier, his shots for placement being sent with telling effect into the opponent's territory.

Mahan continued to show the same remarkable play in yesterday's match that he did on Sunday. His long reach and towering height made cross-courting and lobbing extremely difficult. Mahan combined with his strong net play and unlooked for ability and sureness on his ground strokes which were hit hard and true to the points of vantage. Inman, too, played a steady game, and was particularly effective in his work at the net, where he put off drives that threatened aces with only a few mistakes.

Inman and Mahan opened the match with a swift march to victory, Baggs and Voshell being helpless before the spirited attack that was sent against them. They swept off four games in a row and not long after led at 5—2. They eventually took the set at 6—4. The second set, however, turned against them, the breaking down of Mahan's service in the second game being the turning point in the contest. Nothing daunted by suffering defeat in this second set, Mahan and Inman swept along in the third set without a flurry of opposition to bar their path. Voshell and Baggs seemed hypnotized by the success of their opponents and there was a quick ending of the match foreshadowed in the ensuing set, the fourth.

The completion of things changed with kaleidoscopic rapidity in the fourth set. Instead of giving ground with the ease which had characterized their work in the third set, Voshell and Baggs recovered their effectiveness, and Inman and Mahan faced a situation which eventually overwhelmed them with defeat. It was the last two sets of the match, both deuce affairs, that supplied the keenest competition of the day. Not until the fourth set had gone repeatedly to deuce did Voshell and Baggs assert their supremacy.

The fifth set was of like kind, spirited rallies and driving duels being of frequent occurrence. This set was

FRANCE TO HANDLE GREEK SITUATION

Sends Senator Jonnart, Who Represents Britain and Russia Also, and Has Full Powers.

JANINA A BASE FOR ARMY

Greek City Occupied in Connection with New Italian Supply Line Across the Adriatic.

PARIS, June 11.—Senator Jonnart, who has just arrived in Athens, represents not only France, but England and Russia, as High Commissioner of the powers protecting Greece. He has plenary authority to deal with the situation.

The principal questions Senator Jonnart will have to settle are whether the neutral zone between the Venizelist forces and the Royal Greek troops shall be retained without modifications and how to prevent the crops of Thessaly from being monopolized by King Constantine to the detriment of the dissident Greeks.

Senator Jonnart was Minister of Public Works in the Casimir-Perier Cabinet in 1893, Minister of Foreign Affairs in the Cabinet of 1913, and Governor General of Algeria from 1900 to 1911.

Athens Preparing to Fight.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Tuesday, June 12.—Delayed dispatches from its Athens correspondent are published by The London Times this morning. In a message dated June 7 the correspondent says:

"Radical measures appear to be at hand for settlement of the Greek question. This, at least, is the conclusion generally drawn from the arrival in Greek waters of M. Jonnart, who reached Salamis yesterday in a French warship, and after stopping there a few hours, continued his journey to Saloniki. M. Jonnart is understood to have come with plenipotentiary powers from the French Government, acting in concert with its allies. After a conference with General Sarrail and M. Venizelos, he will return to Salamis, perhaps interview political personalities here at Athens, and then report to his Government upon the measures demanded by the situation.

"It became known today that the French Minister, M. Guillemen, is departing on leave, and it is expected that should the report of M. Jonnart's mission be that the only solution of the Greek question is a military one, the British and Russian Ministers will also leave the city. The initiative of the departure of the French Minister is thought significant."

In a dispatch two days later the correspondent says:

"Every one believes that with the occupation of Janina yesterday by the Italians Athens is nearing the end of its long tether, and the possibility of this is openly discussed in the newspapers. Nearly every prominent Venizelist has left the capital, and a number of final departures are taking place quietly today.

"What has particularly moved public opinion is the fact that several allied destroyers and what are believed to be two transports are cruising in the Gulf of Corinth off the bays of Antikyrrah and Itea, M. Gounaris, the pro-German ex-Prime Minister, declared to some followers this morning, and the news spread rapidly that the Allies actually had landed at Itea, but official confirmation is lacking.

"Complete silence envelopes the Palace and the King has not been seen in public today. It is known that General Doumanis and other chiefs of the Germanophile group are nightly elaborating plans for resistance. Troops and reservists are certainly being recalled. Two nights ago when a vessel appeared off Phaleron with lights out she was thought to be a Venizelist destroyer. Last night there was some mysterious firing in the neighborhood of the Acropolis."

The Times, commenting on the Jonnart missioin, assumes that part of his task will be to see that the Thessalian harvest is not allowed to fall into the hands of King Constantine's pro-German advisers, but it says that thi sis by no means the only aspect of the situation. It goes on:

"The position of Constantine may be involved, and in regard to this matter also we trust that Jonnart has taken or will take adequate steps to meet whatever emergencies may a rise. There must be no repetition of the unfortunate blunders of last December.

"Whether Constantine fall in with the High Commissioner's demands, whether he offer armed resistance or whether he vacate voluntarily the position which his autocratic methods and his equivocal conduct toward the protecting powers have rendered him unfit to hold, it is expedient that the situation be handled firmly and that it be cleared up with the least possible delay."

The Daily Chronicle after enumerating the cases wherein King Constantine has broken his pledges to the Allies, says:

"It has long been a question, not whether Constantine deserved drastic treatment at the Allies' hands, but whether it was expedient for the Allies to treat him drastically. We take it that their hands have been held chiefly by military considerations, but also by the fear of diplomatic differences to which drastic action might have given arise among a number of the allies whose views on the Greek questions generally were far from being identical. But the problem of the Thessalian harvest has overridden these restraining motives. It has compelled the Allies to act and to prevent the King from recovering power to defy them. The question is now whether, having gone thus far, they might no go farther and at last take the definite step, inevitable sooner or later, of deposing the King."

Importance of Janina to Italy.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, June 11.—The occupation of Janina by Italian troops occurred in full accord with the Allies and in the most pacific manner without the least opposition from the Greek garrison authorities. The occupation has a purely military character, to secure the communications of the Italian expeditionary force operating in Albania and Epirus, which might otherwise be threatened by roving bands in Epirus.

Owing to the demobilization of the Greek Army, the Greeks were not able to maintain security of the roads, which from Janina go into South Albania and along the coast of the Corfu Channel, and are the most accessible routes for sending reinforcements and supplies to the Italian troops operating in conjunction with the allied army in Macedonia.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Occupation of Janina, in Northwestern Greece, near the Albanian frontier, by Italian troops was a "military necessity," according to official dispatches received here today from the Italian Government. The occupation was necessitated, the dispatches say, to guarantee the stability of conditions in the occupied territory of Albania and to establish a shorter and safer route for Italian transports and supply ships across the Adriatic.

AIRMAN AN AUTO SPEEDER.

Clarence Gaynor, About to Join Allies, Fined $100.

"The faster I go the easier I can dodge 'em," explained Clarence Gaynor, 25 years old, a student, of 151 West Eighty-eighth Street, to Magistrate House in the Traffic Court yesterday. Gaynor, who goes abroad this week to join the Allies' air forces as a pilot, was halted by Motor Cycle Patrolman Carrigan at Riverside Drive and Eighty-fifth Street, after he had sped five blocks at a pace reckoned by Carrigan at 38 miles an hour.

Gaynor had been warned twice before against speeding on the Drive, Carrigan testified. Magistrate House imposed a fine of $100 with the alternative of fifteen days in the Tombs. Gaynor paid his fine.

MUSIC MEN SEEK HARMONY.

Dealers to Ask Publishers for Standard Rates and Discounts.

The National Sheet Music Dealers' Association began its fourth annual convention in the Green Room—though the association has no theatrical leanings—of the McAlpin yesterday, and will continue there tomorrow and Thursday, after waiting over today while the Music Publishers' Association meets at the Hotel Astor. The dealers' membership yesterday worked up a few questions that will today come before the big magnates, the "House of Lords" of the music trade, composed of forty or more firms controlling the sale of sheet music in America, and exercising a practical veto power over proposals from the larger assembly of the men who make the sales. There were a hundred members from all over the country at yesterday's sessions, and double that number due tomorrow.

The dealers want standard rates and discounts, as in the book publishing trade. They sent out 2,500 circulars to their members, asking for war figures as to cost of doing business, and they got eleven replies. Undismayed, the convention leaders set their delegates talking more freely on the same lines. They say they want a business that won't cost 40 per cent. to sell a piece of music on which the publisher grants them only 33 1-3.

Some of the "popular" music sellers, the ten-cent thrillers are so convinced of the association's value that, whereas they formerly refused all invitations to a national meeting, they are asking now to come in on their own account at rising war rates. The old cutthroat game, one dealer said yesterday, is over permanently as far as rival dealers are concerned. The next step, which the present convention is confidently expected to take this week, is to persuade the big publishers that "harmony" is a good thing, not only in their music, but also in their methods with their agents and distributers. It's a get-together campaign.

All the men with new patriotic songs to offer turned up early yesterday, making a massed drive on the convention, as thousands of them have hitherto besieged individual music stores in as man States as there are stars in the "spangled" banner. The convention gave these composers the glad hand. It could afford to do so, for, as President Homeyer and Secretary Heffelfinger explained, the nation's music dealers would be only too glad of a winning song to sell, provided the authors would go up to the Astor today and get the publishers there to sponsor it.

Last evening the dealers dropped business and made up theatre parties for some of the attractions, not necessarily musical, now current in town. Tomorrow the local Entertainment Committee, in charge of Michael Keane, J. Martin Priaulx, and others, will invite the delegates to go in a body to a suburban picnic dinner at City Island, with salt-water fare just caught out of Long Island Sound and a cabaret of broilers fresh from Broadway.

MILITARY NIGHT AT FESTA.

Brilliant Throng in Macdougal Alley to Greet Soldiers and Sailors.

Soldiers and sailors took Macdougal Alley by storm last night, for it was Army and Navy night at the festa. The throng was so great by 9 o'clock that difficulty was experienced in clearing space for the drill.

Viewing the parade and drill from Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney's balcony restaurant were Major Gen. J. Franklin Bell and Rear Admiral Usher and their staffs, also Colonel Augustus P. Gardiner, all of whom were her guests at dinner.

Mrs. Vincent Astor, Lady Lister Kaye, Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, and Mrs. Reginald Vanderbilt were among others at dinner last night who joined afterward in the activities of the festa. Bob Edwards, called the Troubadour of Greenwich Village, sang ballads about the villagers in the Café Chantant. The Liberty Bond booth, with Mrs. F. Burrall Hoffman in charge, did a rousing business both afternoon and evening.

The closing festivities tonight will include the big allied ball and pageant. The alley is to be floored with canvas for the dancing. In the pageant Columbia, represented by Miss Ethel Barrymore, will be welcomed by the allied nations, impersonated by other stage celebrities.

Dr. W. de Kerlor is to appear for the first time in séances tonight at the Bien-etre du Blesse booth as an added feature to the House of Mysteries. During the afternoon two airplanes will fly from Mineola, L. I., and will drop Liberty Loan and enlistment literature over the alley and Washington Square.

NORA BAYES AT THE PALACE.

She Returns to the Varieties with New Songs—Bert Levy's Cartoons.

Nora Bayes returned to the varieties yesterday at the Palace after a long absence, during which she has been her own manager. Miss Bayes's return was paradoxically both fortunate and unfortunate for vaudeville. Fortunate because of her genuine artistry, unfortunate because of the sorry contrast many of the other variety entertainers made with her. Miss Bayes sang some new songs and several of the best from her own program which she presented here recently.

George White danced as vigorously as ever, this time with Emma Haig, a recruit from the Ziegfeld school. Miss Haig proved more agile than graceful, but she looked well in several attractive costumes. She might, however, dispense with the red cross above her left knee in one of them and with the use of "Onward, Christian Soldiers," as a dance tune. Bert Levy with his cartoons and a boys' band from San Francisco were the best among the other numbers.

E. R. STETTINIUS BUYS HOME

Morgan Partner Purchases Old Residence of A. R. E. Pinchot.

Edward R. Stettinius, a partner in the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co., has purchased for his city home one of the finest houses in the upper Park Avenue district. It formerly was the home of Amos R. E. Pinchot. The transfer was recorded yesterday in the Register's office to Mr. Stettinius's wife, Judith C. Stettinius, subject to a mortgage of $100,000. Mr. and Mrs. Stettinius are now living at 16 East Seventy-third Street.

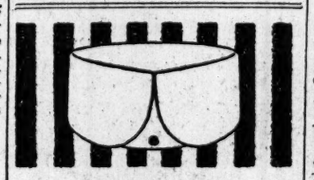
The Pinchot home was erected about ten years ago on the northeast corner of Park Avenue and Eighty-fifth Street. It is an imposing four-story dwelling, fronting 42.2 feet in Park Avenue and 82.2 feet in Eighty-fifth Street.

Among other features, it contains a large ball room and a music room. Adjoining it on the north is the Reginald de Koven house.

The Pinchot house has been occupied under lease this season by J. C. Baldwin, Jr., of Mount Kisco, the rental being $20,000 a year. The property is assessed at $210,000, of which $135,000 is land value. The announcement of the sale was made last Fall, but the name of the purchaser has been kept secret.

An Acknowledgment.

THE NEW YORK TIMES acknowledges receipt of $2 from Lucille and Rosalind Greenberg to be applied to the fund for The After-Care of Infantile Paralysis Victims.



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NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JUNE 12, 1917.

TAXATION AND REPRESENTATION

The Ways and Means Committee of the House of Representatives is indignant at the changes in its tax proposals by the Senate. The committee has heard somehow that its bill may be returned to it with alterations of everything except the enacting clause. The committee, through its Chairman, Mr. KITCHIN, therefore declares that the Senate changes are dictated by the "interests," and that the bill in the Senate form will be satisfactory only to those friendly with the capitalists. Mr. KITCHIN declares that if the Senate bill should be passed the country would promptly declare that "this is a rich man's war, and a "poor man's fight, and a poor man's "pay."

By chance the United States Chamber of Commerce throws light upon the question on the same day that the Senate is criticised so severely. The Chamber has been considering the subject since April. A committee not second to the committee of the House in its representative or authoritative membership proposed eight formulas of procedure regarding taxation, and the referendum upon the suggestions has just been completed. The proposals were made when it was not known what the House would do, and the result of the referendum is announced in ignorance of Mr. KITCHIN'S arraignment of the Senate's amendments. It is not possible that the referendum should be regarded as taking sides between the Senate and the House. It is colorless in tone, a mere statement of facts which carry their own weight with them. The voting was in proportion to membership, and was cast throughout the country in ignorance of the vote anywhere else. The largest vote cast in the affirmative was 1,312. The largest negative vote was 340. Every proposal of the committee was carried by a thousand majority, more or less. There is no suggestion anywhere of any reluctance to bear increased taxes. But there is ample reflection of dislike of the proposals of the House which Mr. KITCHIN defends so warmly.

The proposal of the House for retroactive taxes is specifically condemned by one of the most striking votes in the list. Proposals favored by the referendum which the House ignored in its action are for the increase of first-class postage rather than second class, for excise taxes on luxuries, for stamp taxes to the amount of $250,000,000. The Chamber sustains the House in reducing the exemption on the individual income tax and in its increase of the excess profits tax, but it must be said that the manner of the increase by the House is not approved specifically. The Chamber differs from both the Senate and the House in an original suggestion for an increase of customs duties by $100,000,000. The current news carries the fact that the Senate has altered the House's bill in the respects favored by the Chamber, particularly the excise tax on sugar and the bank check tax. The eight proposals of the Chamber would together raise less than the proposal of the Treasury approved by the House, and would approximate the Senate's figures.

Mr. KITCHIN would derive more instruction than pleasure from considering the report of the United States Chamber of Commerce. The same may be said of such authoritative expressions of opinion as those by the Chambers of such cities as Boston and New York. There is at least a moratorium, if not amnesty, between Government and business. There should be the same comity between the lawmakers and business. It might almost be said that the war could not be prosecuted without the assistance of the gentlemen for whom Mr. KITCHIN has such slight esteem. The irresistible tide of events is overwhelming with innocuous desuetude, if not obloquy, many measures conceived in the temper of Mr. KITCHIN'S remarks. He invites the country to decide between the House and the Senate. It does not seem to occur to him that the country is holding an assize upon the representative character of its Representatives.

It may be pertinent to inquire why Mr. KITCHIN reiterates just at this time his well-known views upon the principles of taxation. Subscriptions to the Liberty Loan were large in number and of generous volume at the time his tax bill was reported, for which he declared that he would vote "with his eyes shut." Subscriptions were instantly checked. Just now, in the few days remaining for completing the work, a special effort is making to secure the subscriptions needed to round out the two billion total. It is at this critical moment that Mr. KITCHIN propounds again his personal views about taxation, rages at the Senate for changing his bill, and assails the rich, from whom, chiefly, subscriptions must come. Is Mr. KITCHIN really trying to defeat the Government in its efforts to raise money for a war of which he does not approve?

IT IS YOUR DUTY.

Three days remain for the completion of the subscription to the first issue of Liberty Bonds. That is a fact which every American citizen who has not yet subscribed according to his circumstances should take to heart. The subscription must be completed at the specified time; it will be, but for the national honor it should remain to the end what it was designed to be, a popular loan. The larger the number of bondholders the greater the triumph will be. Few citizens cannot afford to purchase at least one of the smaller bonds, paying for it by installments. Personal sacrifice is expected, it is essential.

If your mother or wife were in imminent peril and you could save her by the payment of a small sum of money, would you hesitate because you might use that money for another purpose? If your son or daughter were threatened with danger which you could avert by the use of money, would you not deny yourself luxury or do without something which would increase your comfort to accomplish that object? Your country is in danger. The freedom you have rejoiced in, the equal opportunity for all of which you have boasted, are threatened. Will you hesitate to buy at least one small Liberty Bond when the money you thus invest is absolutely essential to the Government and will not only be secured, but will return to you a reasonable profit every six months?

The country can be saved from its present danger only by the willingness of all its citizens to submit to personal sacrifice, to act in unison, to make their patriotism practical, to feel that the common cause is theirs.

ANNEXATIONS AND INDEMNITIES.

President WILSON'S clear statement of our aims in the war cannot fail to have a powerful effect in Russia. The chief danger is that it may be in some measure neutralized by German influence; it is known that there are hordes of German agents actively at work there. The first object to be achieved, which is all-important, is to convince the Russians that the declaration of their Government against annexations and indemnities is in accord with the proclaimed purposes of the Allies, and the President speaks not only for the United States but for its partners in the war, since they have a common purpose.

Mr. WILSON makes it entirely clear that there is no thought of punitive indemnities, none will be insisted on "except those which constitute pay- "ment for manifest wrongs done." Germany has committed wrongs for which in simple justice she should be required to make compensation. It is plain that there should be payment to Belgium, reparation should be made for the wanton destruction of property, for no military reason, in the French territory so long occupied by Germans. This would be entirely compatible with the principle enunciated by the present Government of Russia.

Certainly no member of the Russian Government, unless he were affected with a German bias, could deny that what Mr. WILSON has to say upon the subject of territorial changes is based upon sound reason and the principles of eternal justice. It would be preposterous to interpret the Russian slogan of "no annexations" as an insistence upon the restoration of the status quo. It is only in German minds, and in the minds of those who would look with favor upon the accomplishment of German aims, that that idea could find favor. As Mr. WILSON points out, "it "was the status quo ante out of which "this iniquitous war issued forth." The ambitious plans of domination which the Imperial Government sought to carry out involved annexations on a tremendous scale, "widespread domination and influence" outside the empire. The military "projection of "power all the way from Berlin to "Bagdad and beyond" was "directed "against nothing else than the peace "and liberty of the world." To break the meshes of that intrigue it is necessary that wrong already done should be undone, and not less important that "adequate measures must be taken to "prevent it from ever again being re- "woven or repaired." The undoing of past wrongs, the righting of old acts of territorial rapine, must be considered essential to the safeguarding of peace in the future. The restoration of Alsace-Lorraine to France and of Italia Irredenta to its rightful owner would not be "annexations," they would be a restoration of property forcibly seized. To the re-establishment of lawful ownership over these territories the Russian Government could not object, unless it is determined to do the will of Germany. The territorial changes the Allies have in mind would grant that freedom to oppressed nationalities of which mention is made in the British note to Russia, now made public. These changes are not imperialistic annexations, not that carving up of States against their will in which the Hohenzollerns, the Hapsburgs, and the Romanoffs were wont to indulge at the conclusion of successful wars. These are changes made to satisfy the national yearnings of peoples ruled against their will.

The changes to be wrought in Austria-Hungary, if justice is to be done and peace safeguarded, are no doubt considerable, but they are nevertheless essential if we are to prevent, in the President's words, "any such hideous thing" as this war from ever happening again. A writer in The New Europe, that exceedingly well-informed, fair-minded, and authoritative publication, which has given so much intelligent consideration to the problems of the new adjustments in Southeastern Europe, says upon this point:

> It would not be an "annexation" were the Poles of Russia, Austria, and Prussia to be reunited in some form of independent polity. It would not be "annexation" were the Czechs of Bohemia and Moravia, with the Slovaks of Moravia and Northwestern Hungary, to be united in an independent State; nor would it be "annexation" were the whole Serbo-Croat-Slovene race to realize the aspirations of its political seers, and join in forming a united, albeit federated, Southern Slavia. Similarly with the Austrian Italians and with the Austro-Rumanians and Little Russians of Hungary and Austria. The formula "no annexation" would, in this sense, operate against the Hapsburgs, and the Magyars, who, in the words of the parody:
>
> ". . . clutched the hair of diverse populations,
> And, having clutched, keep tugging there,"
>
> and, to this extent, would involve that "dismemberment of Austria" of which our pacifists, like our Tories of the sixties, the German "Imperial Royal" Socialists, and the pro-German Italian Socialists, are so singularly suspicious. The Magyars and the Germans of Austria would naturally retain this right of self-determination, but would lose the power of oppressing the non-Germans and the non-Magyars, which was one of the contributory causes of the war.

We know little thus far of the reception accorded to the President's letter in Russia. It was published there simultaneously with its appearance here, publication having been delayed, it is explained, by a misunderstanding about the giving out at the same time of notes from the other Allied Powers. Our allies were informed of the contents of the President's note, and it is manifest that it represents their opinions and intentions. Indeed, that is expressly stated in the British note. Great Britain's attitude is exactly that taken by Mr. WILSON in behalf of the United States. There are some hopeful indications of returning reason and steadiness in Provisional Government circles in Petrograd. Business men, representing a sober-minded view of Russian interests, have spoken in a manner very satisfactory to the Allies. Recent efforts on the part of Germany to further her schemes of a separate peace with Russia have been balked, and the Cossacks of the Don, the best fighting men in Russia, declare their loyal support of the Government and protest against the furthering of German purposes by senseless radicals. To all of these the President's letter should bring a powerful reinforcement. It is not too late to entertain the hope that Russia may loyally resume her relations with the Allies, giving them the aid in the prosecution of the war which they have the right to expect of her.

THE IRISH CONVENTION.

The murder by Sinn Feiners in Dublin of a Police Inspector who, in obedience to orders, was preventing a meeting called for seditious purposes is not a good omen, perhaps, of the success of the Irish Convention. On the other hand, the heroic death in battle of Major WILLIAM REDMOND, brother of the Nationalist leader and himself an influential member of the Irish contingent in Parliament, lends a new glamour to the achievements of the Irish in the war. All the chroniclers testify to the glorious work accomplished by the Irish soldiers on the western front. They all feel, as the Prime Minister said of WILLIAM REDMOND in his eulogy in Parliament yesterday, that "the war is Ireland's "great opportunity for winning vic- "tory for itself while fighting side by "side with Great Britain in the world "struggle for freedom." REDMOND shed his blood for Ireland. The prompt and sincere English recognition of his heroism cannot fail to have its effect.

Yet on the eve of the calling of the convention the result of this unprecedented and obviously hazardous plan to put the settlement of the Irish question in the hands of the Irish themselves cannot safely be predicted. The announcement of the composition of the convention by Mr. LLOYD GEORGE does not indicate that the Imperial Government intends to restrict its freedom of action in any way. It seems to be assured that if Ireland will be content with such a government as Great Britain has freely bestowed on Canada and Australia she can have it. But inevitably the irreconcilables who insist on complete separation will be voluble in the debates. Much depends on the tact and patriotism of the Ulster delegates and the Protestant clergy. These will include the representatives of the Ulster County Councils, the Belfast Chamber of Commerce, the Primate and Archbishop of Dublin, the Moderator of the Presbyterian Assembly, and the five members to be appointed by Sir JOHN LONSDALE. It is not likely that any faction will be enabled to control the convention. The labor men, the Sinn Feiners, and the Irish peers will all be represented. Mr. LLOYD GEORGE has changed his mind in regard to the Chairmanship. He would prefer to have the convention nominate its own presiding officer. The appointment by the Imperial Government of a man of the strict judicial temperament, who has never been involved in political controversies, it seems, would be the safer plan.

THE MESSINES VICTORY.

The second of the long succession of British blows against the German line has fallen. Its local purpose was to straighten out the Ypres salient, and, that having been brilliantly accomplished, the likelihood is that Field Marshal HAIG'S next blow will fall in a different region. The object of his campaign is that of GRANT in 1864—not so much to reconquer territory and take positions as to wear the enemy out. His campaign of 1916 had three objects, the relief of Verdun, the diversion of the threatened attack on Russia, and attrition of the German strength. This year two of these objects are not present, and only the third remains.

Therefore HAIG struck heavily along the Arras line, and when he ended that enterprise he struck his next blow, this time at Ypres. Bearing in mind that his object is attrition, and that when one gains his object he has won a victory, it would be even a greater gain for him to inflict heavy losses on the enemy than to straighten out the Ypres salient. He took over 7,000 prisoners, and, according to the usual way of figuring, this would mean 30,000 killed and wounded. HAIG himself lost 10,000. From every point of view, therefore, the Ypres attack was a victory.

HAIG'S policy this year, so far as developed, is that of striking steady, heavy, alternating blows; hammering. He hammers first at one point and then at another. The points at which he strikes them are not accidentally determined; that is, he does not first strike a blow at one point, and then look around for another. On the contrary, the Ypres attack was in preparation long before the blow on the Arras line was struck. There is no present intention of breaking through the German line. What is intended is to thin it out and depress its morale by a long succession of such blows as this, until it shall have weakened enough to make it possible to break it. That time may be far in the future.

This plan is as well known to Germany as it is to HAIG himself, and therefore the rejoicings of HINDENBURG and the Kaiser over imaginary British defeats, whenever HAIG comes to the end of one of his blows, are thoroughly insincere. When HAIG finished his blow at Arras and struck no more, but went ahead with his preparations for his blow at Ypres, the Kaiser made the air ring with shouts of pretended joy over this "defeat." Probably he will repeat the performance as soon as activity, which is already slowing down at Ypres, ceases there; and so with HAIG'S next blow. But HAIG, entirely undisturbed, methodically goes along getting his next blow launched; and this is likely to be the history of the campaign throughout the rest of the year. How long it will take the German people to discover the hollowness of the Kaiser's rejoicings it is impossible to say; but of course the Kaiser himself is not in the least deceived.

The use of the word "British" instead of the word "Allies" is warranted by the fact that the bulk of the offensive work is falling entirely on the British. The French, apparently, intend to conserve their men. This was JOFFRE'S policy, while NIVELLE'S was more aggressive. NIVELLE'S attack seems to have been more expensive in men than the policy of attrition of the enemy warrants, and since then the French have been standing more on the defensive. With Russia still out of the war, Rumania waiting on Russia, the burden of the offensive has fallen upon the British in the west and the Italians in the south, with such aid to the British as it may be expedient for the French to render from time to time.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Lynching Out of the Ordinary.

Several peculiarities are to be observed in the behavior of the mob that took from a Missouri Sheriff the man PIERSOL, suspected of complicity in the kidnapping and murdering of the Keet child, and in that of PIERSOL himself. As for the members of the group of citizens who started out to avenge that truly atrocious crime, they showed themselves decidedly unlike and above the majority of such gatherings in that they had obvious compunctions, and rather strong ones, against putting an innocent man to death.

The usual mob starts with its mind made up, on evidence often inadequate, and its underlying desire seems to be to assuage a rage that is more or less well justified by killing somebody—preferably, but not necessarily, a guilty somebody. The Missouri lynchers, like many others, demanded a confession before they took final action, and they showed the old confidence in torture as a means of extorting the truth, but—what is most uncommon—when the tortures did not bring the admission which [illegible]

A Modern Order of Knighthood.

More strikingly than ever before there has been illustrated in the battle for the Messines Ridge the fact that the airplane as an engine of war has capacities far beyond those originally ascribed to it and even beyond those with which until very recently it had been credited. Even before the present great struggle it was fully realized in military circles all over the world that strategy and tactics had been materially changed by the airplane as a means of gaining information of an enemy's operations and in directing artillery fire. No long experience was required to reveal that for scouting work of every kind this machine was vastly superior to anything and everything previously employed for such purposes.

Then came the discovery that though submarine cannot fight submarine, airplane can fight airplane, and for months past aerial battles have been everyday occurrences on the western front, and not rare on the others. Now it is manifest that the man who flies can do still more. He can carry aloft with him considerable quantities of explosive bombs and light but deadly quick-firing guns well supplied with ammunition, and with these weapons he can attack, with often startling success, the batteries that are assailing his own army and the infantry groups that are in the trenches or marching toward them.

In no small degree it is thanks to the airplane that the British officer's description of modern war as "dirty, dull, and dangerous"—with the favorite British intensive before each—has lost a good deal of its original accuracy. Surely no chronicles of old-time campaigns had anything more of the romantic and the adventurous in them than was to be found in the many recent dispatches telling the marvelous exploits of the aviators. To say that they are more courageous than the other soldiers would not be true, but as a class they are brave in a different way—a way full, as yet, of the startling and the sensational.

They are the survivals, or the revivals, of the knights errant, and they need not be too much pitied for their many casualties. Theirs is personal glory, as well as personal prowess, and they live much, if not long.

A FLAG INCIDENT.

William Meyer Shows That He Acted Upon a Patriotic Impulse.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Permit me to direct your attention to a paragraph which appeared in THE TIMES on June 2, under the caption "Insult to United States Flag Cost $50." I take exception to the heading as being misleading, and to the subject matter as falling so far short of the truth that it conveyed to your readers an impression diametrically opposite to that which they would have received from a full recital of the facts.

This article concerned myself and was written in such a way as to cast doubts upon my sympathies and my patriotism, two things which have never before been questioned, and I feel myself entitled to register a most emphatic protest against the injustice that has been done me. Call it a large and legitimate kick if you like. However, read the facts and judge for yourself.

A shop at Fifth Avenue and Forty-fifth Street is managed by a man of notoriously pro-German sympathies, who made a prominent display in his windows of the Kaiser, von Hindenburg and the Emperor of Austria until this country actually declared war. Two paper American flags had been placed on the window of the shop by indignant American citizens, and certain of my friends and myself noted that day by day pieces of the flags were being torn off in an effort to remove them.

On Friday evening, June 1, I was in company with several friends, one of whom has lost his only son fighting for France at the battle of Verdun. In passing the shop, we noticed that a sign composed in the German colors, red, white, and black, was flaunted above the remnant of the American flag, upon which I indignantly wrote in pencil "Look at the German colors above it."

While the propriety of my act and the interpretation of the significance of the German colors are of course open to criticism, the act in itself was essentially inspired by patriotic motives and a desire to challenge what appeared to all of us to be a flagrant and open affront to all Americans.

That full justice be done to myself, it is my conviction that this letter should be published and given a prominence equal at least to that of the article referred to.

Incidentally, I wish to say that I am a native of Denmark and became an American citizen sixteen years ago.

WILLIAM MEYER,
25 West Forty-sixth Street.
New York, June 11, 1917.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Under date of June 2 there appeared in your esteemed paper an article indicating that upon complaint of Miss Charlotte Fairchild William Meyer, a lace importer of 25 West Forty-sixth Street, was fined $50 by Magistrate Corrigan in the Men's Court for having written across an American flag, printed on a placard and displayed in a shop on Fifth Avenue and Forty-fifth Street, the words "Look at the German flag above it."

Your very large circulation not only in the city, but out of town, in this instance unfortunately for us, has caused the President of our corporation, Mr. William Meyer, a namesake of the offender, considerable annoyance and embarrassment as a result of the mistaken identity.

The President of our corporation established this business in 1885, and is well and favorably known throughout the entire country. The Directors, officers, and stockholders of our corporation are all American citizens in the fullest sense of the word, and so we feel quite sure you will be glad to use your columns for the purpose of differentiating between the two William Meyers.

WILLIAM MEYER & CO.,
George Pohlmann, Treasurer.
New York, June 7, 1917.

IN THE RUSSIAN PRISONS.

A Revolutionist's Answer to Charges of Cruelty.

New York, June 11, 1917.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The Associated Press correspondent the other day informed the American public that the army and navy officers suspected of actively sympathizing with the autocracy who are held in the Kronstadt prisons are treated horribly.

I am utterly out of sympathy with the so-called Kronstadt republic, but I firmly protest against the attitude of those who try to raise American public opinion against revolutionary Russia.

The correspondent asserts that the cells are overcrowded, unventilated, windowless, &c. No doubt they are. But one must not forget that these prisons were built, not by revolutionary Russia, but by the Government of the Czar, and were originally intended for revolutionists. Had the builders known that the time would come when they themselves would have to inhabit those prisons, they would surely have made them more comfortable.

Admiral Kurosh, one of the prisoners, complained to the correspondent that the prison food (the correspondent admits that it is the food of a private soldier) has ruined his health. I am very sorry if it did. But in times of war and revolution even civilians must be satisfied with the food they get. "Babushka," Breshkovskaya, Vera Zasulich, Maria Spiridonova, Vera Figner, Herman Lopatin, Prince Kropotkin, and multitudes of others during many years of their imprisonment would have been lucky to get the kind of food that Admiral Kurosh gets.

And, as the correspondent tells us that the prisoners are allowed to read newspapers, to buy tobacco, to write and receive letters, (although censored,) and even to complain to The Associated Press correspondent, I really do not see where the "horrors" are.

Russia, which has known the tortures of Riga prisons, the executions of Rennenkampf, the horrors of Siberia, would surely not be amazed by such "horrors" as those described by the correspondent. And if the American public will read George Kennan it will admit that the revolutionists are very good-natured people after all.

MARK WEISBAUM,
Editorial Staff of Russky Golos.

Those Who Claim Exemption.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the registration blanks that were filled out by the young men of this country on Tuesday, June 5, one of the questions to be answered appears to me to be obscure. I refer to the claim of exemption. Inasmuch as I am one of the millions whose duty it was to be registered, I was faced by a puzzling problem. It is not easy for anybody with a conscience to claim exemption; that is to say, to register himself as unwilling to perform his duty. My opinion is that the greater part of the citizens of the United States will not hesitate to carry out cheerfully the obligations that are proper to their station in life and, at the same time, to others in identical or similar circumstances. I think that the statement of this willingness would have been much more satisfactory than the answer of "Yes" or "No" to a claim for exemption. This last question, in its vagueness, (because we do not know what constitutes exemption,) sets a premium upon cowardice, or, at least, upon caution. I would not blame any man for answering "Yes" to this question if he has any dependents or any good and sufficient reason to believe that he should not be drafted. The fact remains that it is not exactly fair to the man who, though he may not really be more honorable, reads a somewhat different meaning into the question than his neighbor.

From the advance reports it seems probable that some 60 per cent. of the men registered have claimed exemption. It appears to me that the resulting situation is going to be very embarrassing not only to the persons who have filled out blanks but to those who must examine the records. Moreover, the outcome of selection from such material is doubtful in the extreme. If the question as to the "claim for exemption" had been omitted from the registry forms, or had been put in such a way that the American people could understand what was meant by "claim" and what by "exemption," much better results could have been obtained for all parties concerned.

JOHN VAN HORNE.
Iowa City, Iowa, June 9, 1917.

The Aberdeen Charities.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your excellent account of the service at St. John the Evangelist last evening one statement appears which is open to misunderstanding. Bishop Darlington did not "question" the charities in Ireland in which Lord and Lady Abgrdeen are deeply interested. He did ask questions concerning them so that the congregation might know more fully concerning the noble work that is being done for the children of Ireland by the association represented by Lord and Lady Aberdeen. JOHN A. WADE,
Rector St. John the Evangelist Church.
New York, June 11, 1917.

THE RISING WIND.

The wind's in the South today—
Down come,
Cherry and plum,
Pear-blow—
White snow—
For it's the end of May
And the wind's in the South today!
Pink—pink—pink
Are the almonds, the apple-buds,
Honeysuckle—
Hear that oriole chuckle,
Making up for lost May!
Drink, humming-bird, drink!
How he scuds
To his yellow treasure,
His spicery-bin,
His breath of the Isles,
Taking him back a thousand miles!
How he pricks the air in his pleasure
With notes like a pin!

Clang-clang!
Clang-clang!
When the wind's in the South I can hear,
Sometimes far, sometimes near,
As the wind grows or stops,
The sound of the Drops—
The Drops that weigh a thousand pounds—
Cutting steel into rounds:
Hear the little hammers go "clop—
Clop-clop-clop—clop-clop-clop"—
Worse than the Drop,
For the men say
You can't get away
From the tearing clamor
Of that every-second hammer.
The air is so sweet today,
And I—am I shirking
While men are working
Down in that furnace, punching strips of steel?
They, too, could feel
This soft breath, hear these birds!
Each day,
Now, there's a line to say
So many Americans killed over there.
The wind of War's in the East.
Slowly it comes
At first—no drums.
Lightly it blows—
No blare.
But it grows—oh, it grows!—
The Beast!
Just a growl of him—just a glare—
Hidden yet—but he's *there!*
Listen—the wind's in the East!

DOROTHY LEONARD.
Somewhere Up-State, May 31, 1917.

PLANS OF THE RED CROSS.

Davison Explains How $100,000,000 Fund Will Be Used.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The specific purposes to which the Red Cross expects to devote the $100,000,000 it has asked the American people to contribute are enumerated in a statement made public today by Henry P. Davison, Chairman of the War Council of the Red Cross. President Wilson has set aside the week of June 18 to 25 as Red Cross Week, and Mr. Davison hopes to obtain contributions for the full amount of the $100,000,000 war service fund during that period.

"Our first obligation is to render such service as comes within the province of the Red Cross to our soldiers and sailors at home and abroad," the statement says. "Consideration of the vastness of this undertaking alone as compared with any other situation ever known to us will impress one with the impossibility of forming a definite budget or specifying in particular the amounts of money required to care for our countrymen.

"After making every provision necessary for this purpose, our endeavor will be to supplement the efforts of our allies in caring for their sick and wounded.

"We shall help provide the bare necessities of life to the homeless in devastated France; to aid them to rehabilitate themselves and thus strengthen the man power of the French Army.

"We shall strive to hearten Russia, by providing additional ambulances and other relief for the sick and wounded along the battlefront. We shall try to succor the homeless and wandering peoples of Poland, Lithuania, and Western Russia.

"We hope to extend aid to those who are fighting the battles of liberty in Rumania, Serbia, and Italy—indeed, to relieve human misery everywhere among our allies.

"We have set $100,000,000 as the minimum of our need. It is evident that we could use many times that amount. To administer these funds economically and efficiently we are developing an organization headed by some of the most competent and experienced business men in the country. They serve without pay."

LONDON, June 11.—The Chicago Red Cross unit left London today for France, where it will take over a hospital of 500 beds. The unit numbers nearly 200 persons. It was headed by Major Collins. It was the latest American medical unit to arrive in England, and its departure leaves as the only American medical officers still here a number of Americans from Boston engaged in orthopedic work.

LOAN BONDS FOR RED CROSS

Two Offers of $25,000 Each Accepted by the War Council.

Offers of two contributions of $25,000 each in Liberty bonds have been made to the Finance Committee of the American Red Cross, Cornelius N. Bliss, Jr., member of the Red Cross War Council, announced yesterday at the campaign headquarters. The offers were accepted.

The prospective contributors told members of the Finance Committee that after investing in Liberty bonds they had no other funds available to aid the Red Cross. They realized, they said, that the Red Cross was facing the most serious call in history, and that they would be pleased, therefore, if their entire purchases of Liberty bonds were accepted, in lieu of cash, as their contributions to the $100,000,000 war fund of the American Red Cross.

The Captains of the men and women teams who will direct the field work during the campaign for funds, beginning June 18—the first day of what has been officially proclaimed Red Cross Week by President Wilson—will meet tomorrow in the Bankers' Club. Plans for the campaign will be discussed at a luncheon.

INVESTIGATES GERMAN LIES.

Washington Starts Inquiry Into Cables Telling of Interment Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Extracts from German papers reaching the State Department by cable show that misrepresentation of American conditions is continuing in Germany. A dispatch to the department today stated that the Hamburger Fremdenblatt on June 8 printed a dispatch as having been received from New York to the effect that the Senate has ordered the internment of every German who had arrived here in the past three years. State Department officials doubt that these messages were ever sent from New York. On June 8 a German paper printed what purported to be an interview with Secretary Baker. The Secretary denied that he had given such an interview.

The naval censors in charge of the cable offices have been ordered to make an investigation, the object being to trace the source of the alleged leak of information from correspondents in New York City to German newspapers. While a formal report has not been made by the censors, and the investigation is still in progress, enough has been learned to warrant the statement that the trace of the June 8 message to a German newspaper has yet been found. The copies of the messages filed are being examined very closely to ascertain whether by any possibility any of those filed on or about June 3 could have been twisted into serving as a basis for what the German paper printed. The extract from the Hamburger Fremdenblatt follows:

"The American Senate has already passed regulations which provide that every German who has in the last three years arrived from Germany shall be interned. Wilson has laid before the Senate a draft of a law relative to spies which is far more drastic than anything previously in force in Russia."

JEWS PLEASED WITH VOTE.

Indications That 500,000 Ballots Were Cast Throughout the Country.

The election machinery of the American Jewish Congress is still occupied with the counting of votes cast on Sunday for delegates to the congress. Judging that close to 150,000 ballots were cast in New York alone, the leaders of the movement were firm in their belief that close to half a million Jews must have voted for delegates from the whole country. Reports from all the larger cities indicated that heavy voting had taken place.

At the headquarters of the American Jewish Congress Committee in the Metropolitan Building yesterday scores of counters were employed all day long in opening the ballot boxes, which were sent in from the various districts. Up to a late hour yesterday fully 120,000 ballots had been sent in, together with a total of $12,000 raised during the election through the imposition of a tax of 10 cents on each voter. When all the returns are completed the committee expects to have $15,000 to cover the expenses incurred by the election in this city.

It was announced on behalf of the American Jewish Congress Committee that the leaders of the congress were highly pleased with the results of the election. The number of ballots cast, the committee said, was a sufficient indication that the congress had the strong support of a big portion of American Jewry in spite of the opposition that had developed from various directions on the ground that the liberation of Russian Jews had made it unnecessary to hold the proposed congress.

The names of the candidates who were actually elected to the congress from this city will not be announced for another day or two. After the ballots are all counted, it was said yesterday that the committee would proceed at once with the preparations for the holding of the congress in Washington on Sept. 2.

Truman H. Newberry Commissioned

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Truman H. Newberry of Detroit, former Secretary of the Navy, has been commissioned as Commander in the Naval Reserve, and ordered to report for duty this week at Washington. Mr. Newberry is 52 years of age and served as Naval Lieutenant in the Spanish war.

DARTMOUTH RECASTS FACULTY DISCIPLINE

Check on Extreme Utterances Provided by Admitting Professors to Share Control.

MAY FORECAST WIDE MOVE

Greater Protection for Normal Freedom of Speech—Full College Activity During War.

Special to The New York Times.

HANOVER, N. H., June 11.—Action taken by the Board of Trustees of Dartmouth College at its meeting last week, as announced today, may forecast a movement among the leading colleges and universities of the country to check extreme utterances of individual professors or instructors on subjects in connection with which their collegiate position might give their views unwarranted prominence. Appointments and dismissals, at Dartmouth hitherto the exclusive privilege of the Board of Trustees, are now to be made with the advice of a Faculty Committee. The Faculty thus has won a far greater share in the protection of its members in freedom of speech than it theoretically had before, although in practice Dartmouth has been little troubled with difficulties of this sort. With this privilege, however, goes a share of the responsibility for such disciplinary action as may be necessary.

It was also announced that the college would continue with the full curriculum and teaching staff, despite the war, and that the resultant deficit, estimated at more than $100,000 for the first year, would be funded and treated as a war debt of the college.

The provisions now announced are embodied in resolutions passed by both the Board of Trustees and the Faculty upon the recommendations of a conference committee representing the two bodies. Heretofore, according to the charter of the college, members of the Faculty were appointed "to assist the President in the education and government of the students," and might be dismissed by the vote of a majority of the Board of Trustees.

Functions of Faculty Advisers.

The new situation is expressed in the resolutions of the two bodies as follows:

"In accordance both with precedent and the inclination of the board, the procedure shall be continued under which an election to a professorship or associate professorship should be considered as on the basis of permanency, rather than as a term appointment. Official action relating to appointments, reappointments, and refusals of reappointment to positions above the grade of instructor shall be taken only after consultation with a committee of the Faculty appointed as advisory to the President for this purpose; the committee to consist of six members—five chosen by the President from a group of eight nominated by vote of the Faculty and the Dean. In the case of instructors such official action shall be taken only after consultation with the acting head of the department concerned.

"The Trustees would like in this connection to call attention to the occasional need for the good of the service that a member of the Faculty shall be demoted, or even dismissed, and would wish to have the indorsement of the Faculty upon the proposition that to the extent that this committee is given participation in the policies having to do with the advancement of members of the Faculty, in like manner it shall share responsibility in the occasional perplexing problems connected with inefficient service or non-ability to make their work of advantage to the college.

"Every college teacher shall be entitled, before dismissal or demotion, to have the reasons upon which the action is proposed stated in writing, and to have an investigation of those reasons before the above-mentioned Advisory Committee, unless the committee, together with the President, shall unanimously agree that for the good of the college the dismissal or demotion should take place without such presentation of reasons and investigation. In case such an investigation is desired and conceded, the committee shall have the power, or at the request of the President shall be required, to make public a full account of its proceedings."

Provides Standing Committee.

A standing conference committee of three members of the Faculty and three of the Trustees is instituted. "These votes," says the statement, "in connection with the vote passed by the Trustees earlier in the year making the committee on award of honorary degrees a joint committee of the Trustees and Faculty rather than as in the past of the Trustees alone, brings the legal administration of the college and the instruction corps on basis of joint action unusual heretofore and establishes an intimate relationship which seems calculated to obviate many misunderstandings which otherwise might arise through lack of acquaintanceship between the two bodies."

The President and Trustees agreed that Dartmouth would continue with unimpaired curriculum and no weakening of the personnel of instruction, despite the war. This action was taken, according to the announcement, "that thus the college might preserve its organization for the double purpose of giving opportunities of maximum usefulness during the war to the great number of men not yet of military age or ineligible for other reasons, and of being in a position to carry on college work at the close of the war without the necessity, through several years, of recovery of educational headway which had been lost.

"No man of the instruction corps of any grade will be given reason for having the slightest uneasiness with regard to his position; no proposition looking toward the scaling down of salaries will be considered; and all normal increases in rank and salary grades will be carried through.

"This action was taken in full recognition of the financial factors involved. The financial budget for the coming year was carefully studied and the fact was recognized that after observing all possible economies the carrying out of this policy would mean a deficit of considerably above $100,000 for the first year. Whatever it may cost, however, the college plans to fund its necessary deficits incurred under this policy and to carry them as a war debt incurred by Dartmouth in fulfilling its required functions during the period of the stress of war."

TIGHTEN PASSPORT RULES.

Steamship Lines Advised That Identification Cards Must Be Viseed.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The Government today began to tighten restrictions governing travel between the United States and foreign countries.

Secretary Redfield directed all steamship companies to accept no passengers for foreign ports, either American citizens or aliens, unless they possess passports from the State Department. The Department of Labor at the same time ordered its agents to be particularly careful in admitting persons into the country.

To put a double check on outgoing passengers, Mr. Redfield directed the shipping companies to accept no passports unless viseed.

NEW NEWFOUNDLAND TIME.

Advanced One Hour to Give Its Citizens More Daylight.

The legal time in Newfoundland was advanced one hour at 9 P. M. on Sun

MISS CUTTING ONE OF BRIDES OF A DAY

Daughter of Mrs. Bayard Cutting Marries Henry James of Rockefeller Institute.

MISS HARTSHORNE WEDS

Becomes Mrs. Lloyd Richards in St. Thomas's Church—Nuptial of Dr. N. E. Titus and Miss De Witt.

Miss Olivia Cutting, daughter of Mrs. Cutting and the late W. Bayard Cutting of 24 East Seventy-second Street and Westbrook, L. I., was married yesterday to Henry James, manager of the Rockefeller Institute of this city. The ceremony was performed at Emanuel Church, Great River, L. I., by the Right Rev. J. W. Atwood, who was assisted by the Rev. W. M. Webbe.

The wedding, the date of which was settled on short notice, was attended only by a small group of the immediate relatives. Mrs. Cutting announced her daughter's engagement two months ago.

The bride's father, who was a prominent lawyer of New York, died in March, 1912. She is a member of the Colony Club. Mr. James originally lived in Cambridge, Mass. He is the son of the late William James of Harvard University, who was America's foremost philosophical writer, and is a nephew of the late Henry James, the author. At the beginning of the war Mr. James was sent abroad by the Rockefeller Foundation, and spent several months in Belgium and Northern France.

Bride of Lloyd Richards.

The wedding was celebrated at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon of Lloyd Richards, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lloyd Richards and Miss Eleanor Hartshorne, the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Mott Hartshorne, in St. Thomas's Church, the Rev. Dr. Ernest M. Stires officiating.

The bride walked up the nave with her father, who gave her in marriage. She wore a simple white tulle robe over chiffon, with a square neck and long tulle sleeves. Tulle bordered with silver lace formed the standing collar that was low in the front. The full tulle veil was held in cap fashion to her coiffure with orange blossoms and was bordered at the end with heavy silver lace, which held it in place across the long court train. She wore a string of pearls and carried a large spray of Ascension lilies.

Mr. Richards had Dr. Samuel Bell as his best man, and the ushers were Harold Hartshorne, Donald Cowl, Truman P. Handy, Charles Baker, Robert Seeley of Texas, Dr. E. Richmond Ware, and Dr. Randolph West.

A reception followed at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Hartshorne, 40 East Sixty-fifth Street.

Mr. Richards is a member of Squadron A, and is a Princeton graduate, class of 1913.

Titus-De Witt.

The marriage of Dr. Norman E. Titus, a son of Dr. Edward Coddington Titus, and Mrs. Titus of 127 West Eleventh Street, and Miss Helen Anita De Witt, a daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. William P. De Witt, took place at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in St. Thomas's Church. The ceremony was performed by the rector, the Rev. Dr. Ernest M. Stires, and the Rev. Dr. Percy Stickney Grant, rector of the Church of the Ascension.

The bride walked to the altar with her uncle, J. Hornblower De Witt, who gave her in marriage. She wore a gown of cloth of silver draped with old point lace, arranged to show a panel effect at the sides where orange blossoms crossed the panels. The corsage was entirely of point lace with long point lace sleeves and the cloth of silver train was heavily embroidered on the edges of the train with silver, and a point lace shawl, also worn by her mother, formed the veil, which was held at the back of her head with orange blossoms. She wore a diamond bar pin on the corsage and a string of pearls and carried lilies of the valley and orchids.

Miss Dorothy Dillon, the maid of honor, wore a frock of yellow taffeta combined with mauve tulle, the yellow forming a pannier drapery and her large mauve crin hat was trimmed with yellow wheat. Her flowers were purple orchids. The bridesmaids were the Misses Marie Osterholt, Dorothy Sherman, Anne Burghard, and Ada Gibson Titus. They wore lavender tulle frocks, with the square necked corsages and long wing sleeves embroidered in mauve crystals, and from Russian coronets of tulle and crystals mauve tulle veils fell below the waist line. They carried sprays of small yellow orchids.

Dr. Titus is a member of the Medical Division of the Officers' Reserve Corps, and on June 16 will go to Fort Benjamin Harrison, near Indianapolis, Ind.

Wed on Lawn at Wave Crest.

The marriage of Edgar J. Nathan, Jr., of New York and Miss Mabel Unterberg, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Israel Unterberg of 127 West Seventy-fourth Street, this city, was celebrated yesterday at the country home of the bride's parents, Wat Jean Hill, Wave Crest, L. I., by the Rev. Dr. H. Pereira Mendes and the Rev. Dr. de Sola Pool.

The ceremony was celebrated on the lawn and the bride was attended by her sister, Miss Doris Unterberg, as maid of honor. Little Miss Emily S. Nathan, a sister of the bridegroom, was the train bearer and little Miss Carol Rubin the flower girl.

Mr. Nathan's best man was Henry H. Hendricks, and the ushers were David Unterberg, Edward S. Greenbaum, Edward L. Falk, all of New York, and D. Hayes Solis-Cohen of Philadelphia. Mr. Nathan was graduated from Williams College in 1913 and from the Columbia Law School in 1916, and is a member of the Sons of the American Revolution.

Lipner-Lewin.

Miss Mae Costa Lewin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Leon Lewin of 600 West 116th Street, was married last evening to Frederick Lipner of this city at the Hotel Savoy by the Rev. Edward Lissman. A dinner for about sixty guests followed the ceremony.

The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Eva Frances Lewin, and Miss Gussie Lipner, a sister of the bridegroom, as bridesmaids. Mrs. Abraham Pearl was matron of honor. Irving Lipner was best man for his brother.

Miss Angus to Wed J. H. Clark, Jr.

Mrs. John Angus of 52 West Ninety-third Street, Manhattan, announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Mary Elizabeth Angus, to John Holley Clark, Jr., of 231 Sanford Avenue, Flushing. Mr. Clark is a son of Professor John Holley Clark, Principal of the Flushing High School, and is secretary to Colonel William Hayward of the Public Service Commission. The wedding will take place at the Summer home of the bride's mother at Pleasantville, N. Y., early in July. It is hastened because of the probability that Mr. Clark, who is an adjutant in the Fifteenth Regiment, New York National Guard, will soon be called to active service. Mr. Clark is a graduate of Princeton.

R. I. Plaut's on Motor Honeymoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert I. Plaut, who were married on Saturday, have left on a motor trip through the Berkshires. Mrs. Plaut was Miss Margaret Virginia Strauss, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Seymour A. Strauss of 18 East Eighty-first Street, and Mr. Plaut is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Plaut of Elmsford, N. Y., and a graduate of Cornell, '14. They were married at the Plaza, the Rev. Dr. John L. Elliott officiating. Miss Ernestine Mayer was maid of honor. The couple will live in New York on their return.

War Benefit in Ward Rose Garden.

Rear Admiral Aaron Ward, U. S. N., retired, and Mrs. Ward will open their rose garden at Roslyn, L. I., to the public, from Saturday next until Thursday, June 21, from 2 to 6 o'clock. The admission will be $1. This is an annual event for the benefit of the American Ambulance in Paris. Last year the receipts were $1,400.

GORDON RAND DECORATED.

Long Island Lad Wounded with Ambulance Corps in France.

According to cable advices received here yesterday, Gordon L. Rand, son of Mrs. G. C. Rand of Lawrence, L. I., and the late G. C. Rand of the firm of Hard & Rand, coffee merchants, has been decorated with the War Cross for gallant conduct under fire in France.

Rand was wounded in the arm and chest by an exploding shell last Saturday. He is now recovering in Dr. Blake's hospital in Paris. He was a member of Squadron A, in which he recently served on the Mexican border. After returning from the South he enlisted with the American Ambulance Corps in France.

Earl of Haddington Dies at 89.

LONDON, June 11.—George Baillie-Hamilton Arden, eleventh Earl of Haddington, died today. He was 89 years old and owned about 34,000 acres. He had been Representative Peer for Scotland since 1874.

Swift & Company's sales of Beef in New York City for the week ending Saturday, June 9th, averaged as follows: Domestic Beef, 16.11 cents per pound.—Advt.

PROHIBITION FIGHT STARTED IN SENATE

Only Three Dissenting Votes to Committee Report on Sheppard's Resolution.

WHOLE COUNTRY INCLUDED

Texas Sponsor Declares He Will Insist on Ballot on Measure Before Adjournment.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The threatened fight for nation-wide prohibition assumed definite shape when the Senate Judiciary Committee, with only three votes in opposition, reported out today a resolution framed by Senator Sheppard of Texas, proposing an amendment to the Federal Constitution by which the sale or manufacture of whisky or other intoxicating liquors or beverages would be made illegal.

Senator Sheppard announced after the committee report had been received by the Senate that he would not press the legislation until important Administration measures pending in both houses were disposed of, but that he would insist on the issue being brought to a vote before Congress adjourned.

Under the Sheppard resolution Congress is called upon to ask the Legislatures of the various States to vote for the nation-wide prohibition amendment. It would take a two-thirds vote of both houses to pass the resolution and a vote of three-fourths of the States to pass the amendment to the Constitution. The effort is predestined to bitter opposition in both houses, and it is regarded as doubtful if it can be put through.

Text of Sheppard Measure.

Senator Sheppard's resolution, as reported to the Senate, was as follows:

Joint resolution, proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States:

Resolved, That the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States in Congress assembled, (two-thirds of each house concurring therein,)

That the following amendment to the Constitution be and hereby is proposed to the States, to become valid as a part of the Constitution when ratified by the Legislatures of the several States as provided by the Constitution:

Section 1—The manufacture, sale or transportation of intoxicating liquors within, the importation whereof into, or the exportation thereof from the United States, and all territory subject to the jurisdiction thereof for beverage purposes is hereby prohibited.

Section 2—The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

Senator Overman for the Judiciary Committee made the report to the Senate after a meeting of the committee this morning. In the report the committee stated that the time for national prohibition "seemed to be at hand," and that every means should be exerted to put all the nation's energy into the prosecution of the war. In years past, the report goes on to say, the people have waged a fight for nation-wide prohibition but without encouragement of national legislation. Any effort of State and local forces, it maintains, to make prohibition really effective has been weakened through lack of national law that would put the force of the Government behind it.

"The question considered by the committee," says the report, "is not one primarily touching the merits of the proposed amendment itself, but whether there is sufficient public sentiment in favor of the submission of the amendment to the action of the people to require the passage of the resolution.

Urge National Legislation.

"The majority of the committee believe that the minds of the most careful and conservative students of the liquor problem are rapidly coming to the conclusion that this national evil must and only can be removed by national legislation enforced by the national will in co-operation with the States.

"I shall press for a vote on the prohibition resolution," said Senator Sheppard tonight. "I do not expect to demand action if it interferes with war measures recommended by the President, but we will have time enough for consider the national prohibition question before Congress adjourns. I think I can count enough Senators to give the resolution two-thirds of the vote in the Senate. If we can get action now we may achieve a nation-wide prohibition—a thing greatly desired—before the war is over, for enough Legislatures will act favorably on the article we suggest to make it part of the Constitution."

Senator Wadsworth of New York submitted to the Senate Committee on Agriculture today an amendment to the food control bill that would give power to the President to prevent the use of foods and food materials in the manufacture of distilled liquors and beers. Senator Wadsworth's idea is not to establish this prohibition unless the President considers that national necessity demands it.

MRS. REGINALD BROOKS WEDS HON. R. H. BRAND

One of Five Noted Langhorne Sisters of Virginia, a Divorcee, Marries London Banker.

LONDON, June 12.—The Morning Post says Mrs. Reginald X. Brooks, daughter of C. D. Langhorne of Greenwoods, Va., was married quietly in London last Saturday to the Hon. Robert H. Brand, partner in the banking firm of Lazard Brothers & Co.

Mrs. Brooks was formerly Phyllis Langhorne. She received a divorce from Mr. Brooks in 1915, and was reported to have been engaged to marry Captain the Hon. George Henry Douglas-Pennant of the Grenadier Guards, who was killed in battle in March of 1915.

Mrs. Brooks was one of five sisters who were noted for their beauty, the others being Mrs. Waldorf Astor of London, Mrs. Moncure Perkins of Richmond, Va.; Mrs. Charles Dana Gibson of New York, and Mrs. Paul Phipps of London.

BENNET SUED FOR $1,006,620

Broker Alleges Ex-Congressman Owes Commissions Due on Ship Sale.

Ex-Congressman William S. Bennet was sued in the Federal District Court yesterday by George Carragan, a shipping broker, for $1,006,620, which he said was due him as commissions for having found a purchaser for five steamships of the Atlas Line Steamship Company. The plaintiff said in his complaint that he made an agreement with Mr. Bennet in April last to find a purchaser for the ships, that he did so, but was informed by Mr. Bennet that the ships had already been sold.

WILLIAM WARM DEAD.

His Plan to Cause Munitions Strikes Was Indorsed by Dr. Dumba.

William Warm, the Hungarian journalist and former member of the Hungarian Parliament, who drew up the plan to cause munitions strikes, which was indorsed by Dr. Theodor K. Dumba, the Austrian Ambassador, and led to his recall, died in this city yesterday morning at his home, 553 West 144th Street. Heart disease was the cause of his death.

He was born in Hungary about fifty years ago, became a journalist, entered politics, and was elected to the Hungarian Parliament, from which he was expelled in 1906 after he was accused in Parliament of disbursing money in connection with the Khuen-Herdevary bribery scandal. His real name was Martin Dienes, but when he came to this country after that incident he assumed the name of William Warm. In this country he was employed by the North American Lloyd and later on the editorial staff of the Szabadsay of Cleveland. He produced here in 1915 a play written by himself, called "Blood Thicker Than Water," which was an appeal to Germans and Hungarians to quit work in mines and munitions plants. Later he drew up in detail the plan to cause strikes, which Dr. Dumba sent with enthusiastic recommendations to the Austrian Foreign Minister. This plan, with Dr. Dumba's words on it, were taken from J. F. J. Archibald when the British seized a packet of letters which he was carrying into Germany.

Warm was the author of several novels on Hungarian-American life. Recently he had been employed on Berko's Illustrated Magazine.

Obituary Notes.

The Rev. JAMES MOFFITT, a prominent Methodist minister and for thirty-one years a member of the New York East Conference, died at Methodist Episcopal Hospital, Brooklyn, yesterday after an operation. Mr. Moffitt was 64 years old, and at the time of his death was pastor at Centre Moriches, L. I. He had also held pastorates at Oyster Bay, Good Ground, L. I., and in Brooklyn.

JAMES D. WRIGHT, a retired machinist for many years in the employ of the E. W. Bliss Company, died on Sunday at his home, 192 Willoughby Avenue, Brooklyn, from heart disease. He was 84 years old, and for forty years had been active in the work of the Episcopal Church of St. Mary.

EDGAR C. VANDERHOEF, 49 years old, for twenty years connected with the Brooklyn Post Office, died at his home, 139 Rogers Avenue, Brooklyn, on Sunday.

AMOS C. MacDONALD, 65 years old, a department manager for Macy & Co., died on last Saturday at his home, 1,070 Halsey Street, Brooklyn.

WILLIAM J. CONLON, a charter member of Old Glory Council, R. A., died at his home, 419 Clermont Avenue, Brooklyn, on Saturday.

MYRON C. RUSH, a Brooklyn contractor and builder, died on Sunday at his home, 324 Franklin Avenue, at the age of 69 years. Mr. Rush was the builder of twenty-eight public school buildings in Manhattan and Brooklyn, and of several of the largest business buildings. He was a charter member of the Parkway Driving Club, and was an active member of the Jefferson Club.

Mrs. ALICE MAUDE DEXTER, widow of Frederick C. Dexter, a Brooklyn lawyer, died on Sunday at her residence, 1,268 Eighty-first Street, Brooklyn, aged 53 years. She was a daughter of the late William Vail and was President of the Women's Guild of the Church of St. Philip and a member of the Church Temperance Society and the Women's Auxiliary of the Episcopal Church.

Mrs. EMMA FRANCES BRIGGS, widow of Marvin Briggs and a resident of Brooklyn for half a century, died from heart disease on Sunday at her home, 23 Hampton Place, Brooklyn, in her seventy-eighth year. She was an active member of the Noble Street Presbyterian Church, of which her husband was an elder.

DANIEL F. KINGSLAND, President of the firm of Kingsland & Comstock, Inc., wholesale fish dealers in Fulton Market, which was established by his grandfather, Aaron Kingsland, died on Sunday at his home, 274 Jefferson Avenue, Brooklyn. Mr. Kingsland was born in that borough sixty-eight years ago and left a son, Howard F. Kingsland, who is Secretary of the Fulton Market firm, and a daughter, Miss Eva C. Kingsland.

EDWIN H. STONE, head of the E. H. Stone Company, monument designers and builders at 170 Broadway, Manhattan, died from pneumonia on Sunday at his home, 725 Kenmore Place, Brooklyn. He was 58 years old and was a member of Brooklyn Lodge of Elks, Anglo-Saxon Lodge, No. 137, F. and A. M., and the South Midwood Association, of which he was Treasurer.

Miss LILLIAN CHAMBERS, a worker in charitable institutions, died yesterday at the home of her sister, Mrs. Edwin Beckwith, Montclair, N. J.

HENRY ROEMER of the editorial staff of The New York Tribune died on Saturday, following an operation. He had been for several years previous to his connection with The Tribune a member of the editorial staff of The New York Evening World and dramatic critic of The St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

THOMAS HEANEY of Whitestone, a stationary engineer in the employ of the Water Department of this city, died on Saturday at the Flushing Hospital.

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MORRIS RENO DIES AT 83.

A Founder of New York Oratorio Society and Once Active in Opera.

Morris Reno, formerly active in the musical world of this city and at one time Treasurer of the New York Symphony Society, died last night at the home of his daughter, Mrs. A. Reno Margulies, 673 West End Avenue, in his eighty-fourth year. Mr. Reno took part with Leopold Damrosch in the production of German opera at the Metropolitan Opera House many years ago, and was one of the founders of the New York Oratorio Society.

His other daughter, Mrs. Elinor Boccomi of Rome, Italy, has received a distinction from the Italian Government for her services in Italian war hospitals.

JAMES CHAMBERS DEAD.

New Solicitor General for Ireland Succumbs in Belfast.

LONDON, June 12.—James Chambers, member of Parliament for Belfast South, who was recently appointed Solicitor General for Ireland, died in Belfast yesterday. He was a Unionist.

Recently Mr. Chambers introduced a motion in the House of Commons during a discussion of the Military Service bill urging the inclusion of Ireland in its provisions.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Engaged.

WARD—REINMUND.—Aimey M. Reinmund to Leslie W. Ward.

Married.

DODD—NEWELL.—Mrs. Mary Bailey Newell announces the marriage of her daughter, Agnes Mary, to Mr. Marvin James Dodd of East Orange, N. J., on Saturday, June 9.

HARRIS—ENO.—On Monday, June 11, 1917, by Rev. William H. Morgan, D. D., Mrs. Estelle Selleck Eno to George W. Harris of Hudson, New York.

JAMES—CUTTING.—On Monday, June 11, 1917, at Emanuel Church, Great River, Long Island, by the Right Rev. J. W. Atwood, D. D., assisted by the Rev. W. M. Webbe, Olivia, daughter of Mrs. W. Bayard Cutting, to Henry James.

LIPNER—LEWIN.—On Monday, June 11, 1917, by the Rev. Edward Lissman, at Hotel Savoy, New York City, Mae Costa, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Leon Lewin of 600 West 116th St., to Frederick Lipner of New York City.

ROSE—NORTHROP.—On June 5, 1917, at Trinity Church, Fredericksburg, Va., Helen Margaret Northrop, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Howard Gould Northrop, to Charles Alfred Rose, son of Mrs. Charles Alfred Rose of New York.

STEELE—MAIGNE.—On June 12, at Church of St. Mark, Brooklyn, by Rev. John D. Kennedy, Edythe J., daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Maigne, to Dudley Sanford Steele, son of Mrs. Dudley S. Steele and late General Steele.

Brooklyn.

MARINO — ABRUZZO. — June 10, Felicia Abruzzo to Gaspare Marino.

Died.

BAERMANN.—On June 10, 1917, at his residence, 1 West 89th Street, New York City, Jacob B. Baermann, beloved husband of Hermine Baermann. Funeral from his late residence, Wednesday, at 1 o'clock.

BARKALOW.—At Paterson, N. J., at her residence, June 11, 1917, Esther E., widow of John Swartwout Barkalow. Funeral service at the Church of the Redeemer at 2:30 o'clock Wednesday, June 13, 1917.

BAUMGARTEN.—Robert, son of the late William and Clara Baumgarten, of the Hotel Gotham, on Monday, June 11, in the 31st year of his age. Funeral services will be held from the residence of his sister, Mrs. Paul Reinhardt, 850 Park Av., on Wednesday, June 13, at 2 o'clock. Interment at convenience of family.

BEHR.—Pauline S., widow of Moses Behr, suddenly, at 230 West 99th St., June 10, 1917. Services at 10 East 22d St. on Monday, June 11, at 5 P. M. Interment at Amsterdam N. Y., on Tuesday, June 12. Amsterdam (N. Y.) and Wilkes-Barre (Penn.) papers please copy.

BENTON.—Joseph Lee, aged 4½, son of Eleanor T. and the late Eugene W., on June 10. Funeral services at 233 Dean St., Brooklyn, Tuesday, at 3 o'clock.

BLANDY.—Suddenly, at her home, Greenwich, N. Y., Sunday, June 10, Charlotte Bullions, wife of Isaac C. Blandy. Funeral Tuesday at 11 o'clock at Greenwich. Kindly omit flowers.

BLEIL.—On Sunday, June 10, George F. Bleil, beloved father of Dr. Frederick Bleil, in the 81st year of his age. Funeral Tuesday, June 12, at 2 P. M., from his late residence, 1,330 Lexington Av.

BRAINARD.—Suddenly, George H., beloved husband of Ida L. Funeral services at his late residence, 30 Exeter St., Forest Hills Gardens, Long Island, Tuesday evening, at 8 o'clock.

BRIGGS.—Emma Frances, Sunday, June 10, in her 78th year, widow of Marvin Briggs. Funeral service Tuesday, 8 P. M., at her late residence, 23 Hampton Place, Brooklyn. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

BROWNING.—J. H., only child of Eva B. and the late J. Hull Browning, Tenafly, N. J., Sunday, June 10, 1917. Services at residence, Wednesday, June 13, 1917, 11 A. M. Train leaves Jersey City by way of Erie Railroad, 10:01 A. M., returning, leaves Tenafly, 1:44 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

CAVANAGH.—Owen I., beloved husband of Mary A. Cavanagh, (nee Gillan,) and father of William, May, Walter, Francis, and Joseph, on June 11, 1917. Funeral from his late residence, 103 Berkeley Place, Brooklyn, Thursday, at 9 A. M. Thence to the Church of St. Augustine, where a solemn mass of requiem will be sung. Kindly omit flowers. Masses appreciated.

CHAMBERS.—At Montclair, N. J., Monday morning, June 11, 1917, Lillian U. Chambers. Funeral services will be held at the home of her sister, Mrs. Edward G. Beck, with, 27 Fairfield St., Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

COWAN.—Effie I. Services "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," Broadway and 66th, (Frank E. Campbell Building,) this day, later.

DEXTER.—On Sunday, June 10, 1917, at her residence, 1,268 81st St., Brooklyn, Alice Maude Dexter, widow of Frederick C. Dexter, and daughter of the late William Vail. Funeral services will be held on Tuesday, June 12, 1917, at 3 P. M., at St. Philip's Church, 11th Av., corner of 80th St., Dyker Heights, Brooklyn.

ESTES.—Captain Milo D. Estes of Sea Gate. Funeral services at his late residence, Estes Lodge, Sea Gate and Maple Avs., Wednesday, June 13, at 8 P. M. Rochester and Newark papers please copy.

FLETCHER.—Sunday, June 10, 1917, Anna L. Kimball, widow of Joshua Fletcher, at Lodi, N. J. Funeral service at her late residence, 224 North Main St., Lodi, N. J., Tuesday evening, June 12, at 8 o'clock.

FLYNN.—Anna. Funeral from "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," Broadway and 66th, (Campbell's,) Tuesday morning, 10 o'clock.

FOREN.—At Atlantic City, N. J., on Sunday, June 10, 1917, Cynthia Dickerson, aged 72, wife of James Foren. Funeral services at M. E. Church, Lawrence, L. I., on Tuesday, June 12, at 3:30 P. M.

GIBSON.—Mrs. Margaret E., June 11, aged 71. Funeral services on Wednesday at 3 o'clock at her late residence, City Island.

GUNTHER.—At Mamaroneck, N. Y., on Monday evening, June 11, 1917, Henriette Van Valkenburg Gunther, widow of C. B. Gunther. Funeral services at her late residence, Thursday, June 14, at 2 P. M. Interment strictly private.

HARRISON.—H. W., Second Lieutenant of the British Army, succumbed to wounds in France, June 9, aged 24, beloved son of Mrs. Douglas Eskell of Great Neck, L. I.

HEFFERNAN.—Sunday, June 10, 1917, at her residence, 1,247 Bloomfield St., Hoboken, N. J., Minnie V. Heffernan, (nee O'Brien,) beloved wife of William O. Heffernan. Funeral on Wednesday morning at 9:30 o'clock, thence to Church of Our Lady of Grace, where a solemn requiem mass will be celebrated. Interment Holy Name Cemetery.

HEILNER.—Seligman L., on June 9, aged 67. Funeral in Baltimore, Md., at convenience of family.

HUNT.—Suddenly, Sunday, June 10, 1917, at her home, 303 West 4th St., Elizabeth Hunt. Funeral services at the Church of St. John the Evangelist, 223 West 11th St., Wednesday morning, June 13, at 11 o'clock. Interment private.

KELLOGG.—Kenneth E. Kellogg, M. D., of pneumonic meningitis, at New Britain, Conn., on June 10. Funeral June 13 at 3 P. M.

KING.—Julia. THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th, (Campbell's,) Tuesday, 2:30 o'clock.

McCARTHY. — On June 10, Lucy Hayes, widow of James J. McCarthy. Funeral from her late residence, 245 West 14th St., to Church of St. Francis Xavier, West 16th St. Wednesday, June 13, at 9:45 A. M. Interment private, Holy Cross Cemetery.

McINTYRE.—At Linlithgo, N. Y., June 9, 1917, Elizabeth, daughter of the late John McDonald and Matilda Bradford McIntyre. Funeral from the residence of her nephew, John McDonald Crofts, Linlithgo, N. Y., Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Interment Albany Rural Cemetery.

McKEON.—On Monday, June 11, at her late residence, 166 West 122d St., Elizabeth I. McKeon, dearly beloved daughter of the late Peter and Rose McKeon and sister of Susan McKeon and dearly devoted Aunt Bess of Mrs. John G. McTigue and Annie A. Callahan. Requiem mass at Church of St. Thomas the Apostle, 115th St. and St. Nicholas Av., on Thursday, June 14, at 9 A. M. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

Died.

McKEON.—William, on Sunday, June 10, son of Elizabeth and the late Robert McKeon. Funeral services Wednesday, June 13, at his late residence, 279 West 150th St., at 2 P. M.

MAUGER.—At Plainfield, N. J., Monday, June 11, 1917, Isabella, wife of Nicholas Mauger, in her 67th year. Funeral services from her late residence, 705 West 7th St., Plainfield, N. J., Wednesday, June 13, at 3:30 P. M. Interment Thursday, Greenwood Cemetery, Brooklyn.

MEYER.—Brauner, Monday, 11 A. M. Funeral will take place on Tuesday, June 12, at 11 A. M., from his late residence, 1,450 Madison Av. Burial place at Mount Carmel Cemetery, Brooklyn.

MUNOZ.—On Sunday, June 10, at Pinelands, Centre Harbor, N. H., after a short illness, Mercedes Posey, wife of the late Adolfo Munoz of Cuba and Philadelphia, in the 71st year of her age. Funeral at Troy, N. Y.

NEWELL.—At Pleasantville, N. Y., June 9, 1917, Mrs. Martha C. Newell, widow of the late Colonel John W. Newell, in the 88th year of her age. Funeral services at her late residence, 2,414 University Av., New York City, on Tuesday evening, June 12, at 8 o'clock.

NIEPOTH. — Mrs. Mary Raymond, beloved wife of Edward Niepoth; survived by her husband, one son, Crittenden R., and her sister Katherine Raymond Briggs. The deceased and her sister are well known former residents at Long Branch and West End. Requiem mass at St. Michael's, West End, N. J. Interment Wednesday in Mt. Carmel Cemetery, West End, N. J.

PEAT.—On Sunday, June 10, 1917, John Peat. Funeral service will be held at his late residence, 526 West 161st St., on Tuesday, June 12, at 2 P. M. European papers please copy.

RENO.—Morris, on June 11, 1917, at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. A. Reno Margulies. Funeral private.

ROCHE.—At her late residence, 295 Hancock Av., Jersey City, on Saturday, June 9, 1917, Eugenie C., wife of the late Jean Roche, (nee Moisseau,) aged 71 years. Funeral Tuesday, June 12, at the convenience of the family.

ROGERS.—June 11, 1917, Matilda J., beloved wife of John F. Rogers and mother of Florance and Mabel Rogers. Funeral Wednesday, 9:15 A. M., from late residence, 938 St. Nicholas Av., thence to St. Catharine's Church, 153d St., near Amsterdam Av. Mass 10 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.

RONSHEIM.—At her residence, 481 Bainbridge St., Brooklyn, Sunday, June 10, Karoline, (nee Goldsmith,) beloved wife of Siegmund and devoted mother of Henrietta Meyer, David, Celia Mock, Joshua, and Blanche, in her 69th year. Funeral private.

SCHMITT.—(Nee Dempsey,) Rose, beloved wife of Conrad Schmitt, on Sunday, June 10. Funeral from her late residence, 46 Herriman Av., Jamaica, on Wednesday, June 13, at 10 A. M., thence to St. Mary's R. C. Church, where a requiem mass will be offered. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

SEYBEL.—On June 10, 1917, Anna Lowry Seybel, wife of Frederick W. Seybel. Funeral services at her late residence, 319 West 23d St., on Tuesday, June 12, 1917, at 2 P. M. Interment private.

SLOAP.—Henry E., ex-mounted patrolman, on Monday, June 11, 1917, in his 45th year. Services at the M. E. Church at Hillsdale, N. J., on Wednesday, June 13, at 2:30 P. M.

SMITH.—Henry, late of Norwood, Mass., father of Elmer Smith. Funeral services at John Graham's Undertaker's Grier, 4,221 Park Av., Bronx, at 8 P. M. Tuesday. Members of Bronx Lodge, 876, I. O. O. F., invited to attend. Norwood (Mass.) papers please copy.

STONE.—On Sunday, June 10, Edwin H. Stone, in his 59th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 725 Kenmore Place, Brooklyn, Tuesday evening, June 12, at 8 o'clock.

TAYLOR.—On June 10, Kate Slater, aged 46, beloved wife of Wayland Hoyet Taylor. Services and interment at Hollywood, Richmond, Va.

WERTHAN. — David, 515 West 143d St., suddenly, beloved husband of Theresa Werthan and father of Mrs. Michael Levy, Mrs. Rose Cahn, Mrs. A. Herbst, Mrs. Joe. Oppenheimer, Mr. George Werthan, Mr. Sidney Werthan and Ida Werthan. Chicago papers please copy.

CARROLL.—Regina, 1,439 Amsterdam Av., June 10, aged 21 months.

DUFFY.—Francis J., June 9. Funeral 525 Hudson St., today, 2 P. M.

GISHLICK.—Alois, 4,442 Matilda Av., Bronx, June 10, aged 48. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

HAGEN.—Charles, June 9. Funeral 2,386 2d Av., today, 2 P. M.

LEPPER.—Carl, 382 1st Av., June 9, aged 77. Funeral service today.

McMAHON.—Catherine V., 1,449 1st Av., June 10. Funeral tomorrow, 1 P. M.

O'BRIEN.—Mary or Mayme, Monday or Tuesday. Special Vacation School for Grammar and High School Boys, seven weeks, from July 5 to Aug. 24. Bulletin on request.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Generally Lower in Less Active Session—Cotton at New High Record.

Stocks were reactionary throughout most of the session yesterday, with industrials off nearly a point at the close and the rails generally below Saturday's final prices. There was a disposition evident at the opening on the part of traders to switch to the coppers and rails at the expense of the steel issues which have been leading the advance in recent weeks, but the early strength in those issues was not well maintained. Much talk was heard in brokerage circles of a strengthening in money rates. Call money loaned yesterday at 4½ per cent. for most loans with mixed collateral, and at 5 per cent. for loans secured entirely by industrial issues. Time money was also firmer. This higher tendency is easily explained in view of the loss in cash shown in the bank statement last Saturday, and in view of the preparations for the initial payment on the Liberty Loan issue, due June 15. Bonds of the higher class were also generally lower, New York City issues making new low records for this movement. Business in the bond department has been very much restricted by the mobilization of interests in the Government financing, and no attempts have been made to push corporation or municipal issues. Dealers look for much greater activity in other bonds on the completion of the campaign to sell the Liberty Loan.

Sales on the Stock Exchange did not quite reach a million shares yesterday and prices fluctuated without any pronounced trend. Steel common closed off 2 points at 129¾, and Industrial Alcohol off 3¾ at 162¾, the latter issue rallying from its low price of 160¾. Most of the other industrial issues which have figured prominently in recent strong days lost a part of their gains by yesterday's dealings. The reaction seemed to be based very largely upon the expectation that money rates will be higher until the demands of the big loan are satisfied.

The feature of the commodity markets was supplied by a spirited advance on the Cotton Exchange. Spot cotton sold yesterday at 24.65 cents a pound, which is the highest level touched in more than two-score years. Future deliveries all made new high records for this move. The advance over Saturday's closing quotations ranged from 60 to 70 points at the high of the day. The rise in this staple seems to be adequately accounted for by the legitimate demand of spinners, who foresee a short supply promised by the poor beginning which the new crop has had, and the fact that a very small surplus will be left from the old stocks on hand.

With only four days left in the campaign to place $2,000,000,000 of Government 3½s, there were plenty of signs yesterday that at last the public has come to realize the necessity of countless individual small subscriptions to bring up the total. A great many investors have until this time regarded the loan as something that did not directly concern them. The receipt of many big subscriptions in the early days of the campaign made it appear that the full amount would be quickly taken, and the publication of actual figures showing that one-third of the amount still remains to be subscribed proved an incentive that brought in a great number of new buyers yesterday. Wall Street will be glad when this offering is out of the way, for it has held back a considerable amount of corporation financing, which it is hoped can be attended to in the breathing space that is expected to intervene between the closing of the books on this loan and the offering of the next.

LONDON MARKET IS ACTIVE.

Good Business Due to Accumulation of Week-End Orders.

LONDON, June 11.—Business transacted on the Stock Exchange today was fair, due to the accumulation of week-end orders, principally the war loan. Home rails and industrials brought steady prices. Argentine rails were firm on a shortness of stock.

Explosives and shippings were features in the miscellaneous section. Mines were cheerful on the report of the Transvaal gold output. Russians were uncertain. There was little doing in the American department, but prices ruled steady.

Trading Inactive on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, June 11.—Trading was inactive on the Bourse today. Three per cent rentes, 61 francs for cash. Exchange on London, 27 francs 18 centimes. Five per cent loan, 88 francs.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans.

High ..... 4½ Last 4½
Low ..... 4½ Renewals 4½

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLATERAL		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Thirty days	4½@5	Thirty days	5¼
Sixty days	4½@5	Sixty days	5¼
Ninety days	4½@5	Ninety days	5¼
Four months	4½@5	Four months	5¼
Five months	4½@5	Five months	5¼
Six months	4½@5	Six months	5¼

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days	3 @3¼
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days	4 @4½

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.

30 to 90 days	4¾
4 to 6 months	5

Other Names.

4 to 6 months	5¾

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Demand	$4.7545	$4.7545	$4.7545	—.0005
Cables	4.76¼	4.76¼	4.76¼	..
Francs—				
Demand	5.73½	5.73½	5.73¾	—.00¼
Cables	5.72½	5.72½	5.72½	—.00¼

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.	Yesterday's Close Demand	Yesterday's Close Cables.
4.8665 London	4.7645	4.76¼
5.1825 Paris	5.73½	5.72½
China—		
Hongkong	57.50	57.60
Peking	92.00	92.25
Shanghai	86.00	86.25
19.295 Greece	19.85	19.90
32.44 India—		
Bombay	32.78	33.00
Calcutta	32.75	33.00
5.1826 Italy	7.05	7.04
40.84 Japan—		
Kobe	51.37½	52.00
Yokohama	51.37½	52.00
80.00 Philippine Islands—		
Manila	50.12½	50.25
40.10 Holland	41.25	41.37½
51.86 Russia	34.20	34.30
26.79 Scandinavia—		
Copenhagen	28.70	28.88
Stockholm	30.00	30.15
Christiania	29.25	29.40
9.305 Spain	23.00	23.20
South America—		
42.44 Buenos Aires	44.25	44.37½
32.44 Rio	26.62½	26.75
5.1826 Switzerland	5.01¾	5.00

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers.		Commercial.	
60 Days.	90 Days.	60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.71¾	$4.69¾	$4.71¾	$4.69¾

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $406,945,760; balance, $34,978,945; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $9,025,040; Federal Reserve credit balance, $21,211,960.

Domestic Exchanges.

Boston, par; Chicago, 15c discount; St. Louis, 25@10c discount; San Francisco, 10c premium; Montreal, .15625 discount@ par.

Silver.

Bar silver in London, 38¾d up 5-16d; in New York, 76¾c up ⅜c; Mexican dollars, 59½c.

BOSTON BANK STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, June 11.—Following is the weekly statement of the local associated banks with comparisons:

	June 9, 1917.	Increase from Prev. Week.
Circulation	$6,680,000	4,000
Loans, disc. investm'ts	460,023,000	$21,000
Ind. deposits in U. S.	348,243,000	*$1,316,000
Due to banks	130,749,000	3,887,000
Time deposits	33,805,000	190,000
Exch. for Clear. House	34,061,000	*$3,052,000
Due from banks	40,970,000	87,000
Cash reserve	23,950,000	1,088,000
Res. in Fed. Res. Bank	30,912,000	657,000
Res. with other banks	40,842,000	4,004,000
Cash excess	4,062,000	1,833,000
Excess in New York	28,747,000	3,962,000
Total excess	34,809,000	5,881,000

*Decrease. †Add with Federal Reserve note.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

MONDAY, JUNE 11, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	942,373	698,936	664,518
Year to date	89,216,521	77,132,707	57,584,198

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
5	5¼	6,800	Alaska Gold Mines	5¼	5¼	5	5¼	+ ⅛
29¼	29⅝	1,300	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	30⅜	30⅜	29½	29⅝	+ ⅛
85	85¾	200	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	86	86	86	86	— ⅛
91½	93	100	Am. Agricul. Chem	93	93	93	93	— ⅛
95½	96¼	3,800	Am. Beet Sugar	96¾	97¼	96¾	96¾	+ ⅛
180	190¾	200	Am. B. S. & F. pf	196¾	200	196¾	200	+15
50⅝	50¾	4,900	Am. Can	52	53¾	50⅝	50⅝	—1⅛
110	111½	300	Am. Can pf	110	110	110	110	..
76	76⅝	2,500	Am. Car & Fdry	77½	77½	76¼	76½	+ ⅛
40	42¾	100	Am. Cotton Oil	41½	41½	41½	41½	— ⅛
14⅞	15	3,400	Am. H. & Leather	15⅛	16¼	14⅝	14⅝	— ⅛
68½	84⅝	800	Am. H. & Leath. pf	66	66	64⅜	64⅜	— ⅜
24½	25¼	1,500	Am. Linseed	24½	24⅝	24⅜	24⅝	— ⅜
61¼	62	100	Am. Linseed pf	61¾	61¾	61¼	61¼	—1¼
78	79½	3,600	Am. Locomotive	74½	74½	73	73	—1⅞
10	13	800	Am. Malting	13	13	11¼	11¼	—1⅞
59¾	60	1,500	Am. Malting 1st pf	60	60¼	59½	60	—1¼
108¾	109¼	14,700	Am. Smelt. & Ref	110⅜	110⅝	108¾	108¾	—1¼
113	114	100	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	113¾	113¾	113¼	113¼	+ ¼
100⅜	101⅜	100	Am. Smelt. S. pf. A	101¼	101¼	101⅛	101⅛	..
100⅜	101¼	48	Am. odd lot	101	101	101	101	..
72	73	1,200	Am. Steel Fdries	73¼	73¼	72	72	—2½
121½	121⅝	11,200	Am. Sugar Ref	124⅛	124⅝	121	121¼	—2½
85	85½	1,500	Am. Sumatra Tob	86¼	86¼	84¾	84¾	—2½
121⅝	122	400	Am. Tel. & Tel	121⅞	121⅞	121½	121½	— ¾
102	108	20	Am. Tob. pf. new	106	102	102	102	—1⅛
56¼	56⅝	6,900	Am. Woolen	56⅝	58⅜	56¼	56⅝	—1⅛
99¾	100	400	Am. Woolen pf	100	100	100	100	..
45¼	46½	800	Am. Writing P. pf	46½	46½	45¼	46¼	+ ¼
33⅝	33½	1,400	Am. Zinc L. & S	35	35	33⅝	33⅝	— ⅛
63	65	400	Am. Zinc L. & S. pf	63¾	64	63¾	64	..
85¼	85¼	42,700	Anaconda Copper	86¼	86⅜	85¼	85¼	— ⅞
101½	102	500	Atch., Top. & S. F	102⅝	102⅝	102	102	— ⅛
96¼	96¾	200	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	97	97	96¾	96¾	— ⅜
16	16½	200	At., Birm. & At	16½	16¼	16	16	— ⅜
113⅜	114	5,200	At. Gulf & West I	116	116⅜	113⅜	113⅜	—2½
63½	66	6,000	Baldwin Loco	66⅜	66⅜	63½	63⅞	—1⅜
98	100	100	Baldwin Loco. pf	99	99	99	99	—1½
72	72¼	2,400	Baltimore & Ohio	72⅜	72⅞	72¼	72¼	..
69¼	70¾	200	Baltimore & O. pf	69½	69½	69½	69½	— ½
118	120	800	Barrett Co	120½	120¾	120¾	120¾	—1
1	1¼	500	Bonanlas Mining	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼	+ ⅛
152¼	154½	1,500	Bethlehem Steel	152	156	151	134½	—3½
149	149¾	91,600	Beth.S.class B t.cfs	148	153	146¾	149¾	+1¾
59¼	60	700	Bklyn Rapid Tran	61	61	59¼	60¼	—2⅝
73½	75	800	Brown Shoe	73	73½	73	73	+ ½
10	10½	1,400	Bruns. Ter. & R. S	10⅜	10⅝	10	10⅛	— ⅛
100	101	700	Burns Brothers	102	102	101	101	—2
45¼	46	1,600	Butte & Superior	46¾	46¾	46	46	— ⅜
38¾	38¾	400	California Packing	38¾	38½	38	38	— ½
21½	22	100	California Petrol	22	22	22	22	—1
53½	54½	100	California Pet. pf	54½	54½	54½	54½	+ ½
161	161½	1,100	Canadian Pacific	162½	162¾	161½	161½	+ ⅜
98⅜	99	65,400	Central Leather Co	99	101¼	98⅜	98⅝	—1
89	90	800	Chandler Motor	90	90¾	90	90	..
60	60½	1,900	Chesapeake & Ohio	60¼	61¾	60	60	— ⅛
11	11¼	300	Chi. Great Western	11¼	11¼	11	11	— ⅛
33½	34½	100	Chi. Great West. pf	33⅜	33⅜	33⅜	33⅜	—¼
74½	74½	1,700	Chi., Mil. & St. P	75	75⅞	74½	74½	—¼
110¼	110⅝	500	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	110⅞	110⅞	110¼	110⅝	+ ⅛
110½	111½	300	Chi. & Northwest	111	111⅜	111	111½	+ ½
44	44½	1,400	Chi., Rock Island & Pac. cfs.of 1d pd	43¼	44¼	43	44¼	+ ⅝
33¼	34	900	Chi., R. I. & P. w. i	34	34	33¾	33¾	..
66½	67	700	Chi., Rock Island & Pac. 6 p. c. pf. w.i	66½	67¼	66½	67	+ ½
77	78	300	Chi., Rock Island & Pac. 7 p. c. pf. w.i	77¼	77¼	77¼	77¼	— ½
22½	22¾	3,400	Chile Copper	22⅞	22⅞	22¼	22¼	+ ½
60	60¼	8,100	Chino Copper	61¾	61¾	59⅝	60¾	+ ¼
38	43	100	Clev., C., C. & St. L.	41	41	41	41	..
53¼	54	4,300	Col. Fuel & Iron	56	56	53¼	53½	—2½
41	41	1,700	Columbia Gas & El	41½	41½	40¾	41	— ⅞
106	106½	200	Consolidated Gas	106½	106½	106¼	106¼	—1½
16	18	200	Con. Int. Cal. Min	16½	16½	16½	16½	—1½
22	22¼	12,100	Corn Products Ref	22⅝	23	22⅛	22⅛	— ⅜
104	105	400	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	104⅞	104⅞	104⅛	104⅛	— ⅜
80¼	80¾	24,200	Crucible Steel	81⅞	81⅞	80¾	80¾	—2⅞
106	106	100	Crucible Steel pf	106½	106¾	106¼	106¼	—1⅜
45¼	45¾	23,800	Cuba Cane Sugar	45½	46⅝	44⅞	45⅜	+ ⅜
91½	92	600	Cuba Cane Sugar pf	92	92	92	92	..
192	197	200	Cuban-Am. Sugar	196	193	192	192	—6
110	110¾	800	Delaware & Hud	111½	111⅞	110⅝	110⅝	—1
207½	210	300	Del., Lack. & West	210	210	210	210	..
16	18	200	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	17	17	17	17	—2
21½	23¾	18,800	Distillers' Secur	25⅜	26¼	23¼	23½	..
9¾	10	200	Dome Mines	9¾	9⅞	9¾	9⅞	..
34½	35	200	Elk Horn Coal	34½	34½	34½	34½	— ⅝
45½	49	100	Elk Horn Coal pf	45¾	45¾	45¾	45¾	— ⅝
25¼	26	4,700	Erie	26¼	26⅜	26	26	..
38	38⅝	700	Erie 1st pf	38	38⅜	38	38⅛	— ⅛
29	30	300	Erie 2d pf	30	30	29½	29½	— ⅛
44¼	45	100	Federal M. & S. pf	44⅞	44⅞	44⅞	44⅞	—1⅞
87½	88½	100	Fisher Body pf	88	88	88	88	..
32¾	33¼	100	Gaston, W. & W	32⅝	32⅝	32⅝	32⅝	..
162	164	100	General Electric	163¼	163¾	163¼	163¾	— ⅛
108½	109	17,500	Gen. Mot. temp. cfs	111¼	112	108	109¾	—1⅛
82¾	82¾	1,300	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	83½	83½	82¾	83¼	+1⅛
107¾	108¼	800	Great Northern pf	108½	108½	108	108	..
34	34½	3,100	Gt. Nthrn. Ore Ctf	34½	35	34	34	—1⅞
44½	45	500	Greene-Cananea	45½	45¼	45¼	45¼	— ¾
124½	125	400	Gulf States Steel	126¾	126¾	125	125	— ¾
101¼	101¾	400	Hav. El Ry. & Lgt.	101¾	101¾	101¾	101¾	..
108	108	10	Homestake Mining	108	108	108	108	..
64¼	64½	37,850	Inspiration Copper	65¼	66¼	64¼	64½	— ⅝
10	10	1,000	Interboro Consol	10	10	9¾	9¾	— ⅛
56	58	600	Interboro Cons. 6 d	58	58	56¾	56¾	—1½
19	21	100	Int. Agricultural	19¼	19¼	19¼	19¼	..
50	51	100	Int. Agricultural pf	50	50	50	50	—1
70	72	100	Int. Harvester Corp	71	71	71	71	+ ½
28	28¼	3,200	Int. Mer. Marine	29¼	29¾	27⅞	28	—1½
80¼	81	7,500	Int. Mer. Marine pf	82¾	82¾	80¾	81	—1¾
41¼	41⅝	6,500	Int. Nickel	42¾	42¾	41⅜	41⅝	..
100½	102¼	100	Int. Nickel pf	103¾	103¾	103⅛	103⅜	— ⅝
42¾	43	800	Int. Paper	43	43⅛	41¾	41¾	—1
76	76½	100	Int. Paper pf. sta	76½	76½	76½	76½	..
22	23	100	Kansas City South	23	23	23	23	..
49½	51	200	Kelly Spring Tire	50⅝	50⅝	50¼	50¼	—1½
47¼	47¾	8,900	Kennecott Copper	47¾	48⅜	47⅛	47⅛	—1⅝
100¾	100¾	11,600	Lackawanna Steel	102¾	102¾	100¾	100¾	—1⅞
18	19	200	Lee Rubber & Tire	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾	— ¼
63	65	600	Lehigh Valley	63	65¼	64¼	64¾	— ¼
126¾	127	100	Louis. & Nash	125	125	125	125	—2
48½	49	1,500	Maxwell M. x d	50	50	48¾	48¾	—1⅝
65	65¾	200	Maxwell M. 1st pf	66	66	65¾	65¾	— ⅝
31	32	100	Max. M. 2d pf x d	32	32	32	32	— ⅝
99	99½	7,300	Mexican Petrol	101¾	101¾	99	99	—2½
11¼	11¾	8,500	Miami Copper	11¾	11¾	11¼	11¼	+ ⅛
64½	64¾	10,300	Midvale Steel	66	66¼	64½	64½	— ¾
6¼	6⅝	200	Mo., Kan. & Texas	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼	..
27½	27¾	1,800	Mo. Pacific	28	28	27½	27½	— ⅛
112	112	200	Nat. Biscuit Co	110	110	110	110	—1⅛
40½	40¾	4,600	Nat. Enam. & S	42⅜	42⅜	40¾	40¾	—1⅛
57	58	500	Nat. Lead	58	58¼	58	58¼	—1
108	112	100	Nat. Lead pf	108	108	108	108	—1
25¾	26	4,700	Nev. Con. Copper	26	26¼	25⅞	25⅞	— ⅛
91	91½	3,800	N. Y. Central	91¾	92½	91¾	91⅞	— ⅛
35¼	36½	1,200	N. Y., N. H. & H	36¾	37	36¼	36¼	— ⅛
22¾	28	100	N. Y., O. & W	23	23	23	23	+ ⅝
124¾	125	100	Northern Pacific	125¼	125¼	124¾	124¾	—2
103¼	104	700	Northern Pacific	103⅞	104⅜	103¼	103¼	— ⅛
96	106	500	Nova Scotia S. & C	98	95	93	95	+ ⅛
138⅛	139	8,200	Ohio Cities Gas	140¼	140¼	137¼	138¼	— ⅛
92	94	100	Owens Bot. Mach	92	92	92	92	..
27¼	28	4,600	Pacific Mail	27¼	28¼	27	27⅜	+ ⅝
83	83½	1,675	Penn. Railroad	83	83½	82¾	82¾	—2
71½	72¼	700	People's Gas, Chi	74¼	74¼	71¾	72	—2
40¾	41	2,400	Pitts. C. cfs. of dep	40¾	40¾	40¾	40¾	— ¾
28¼	28½	900	Pitts. & West Va	28¾	28¾	28¼	28¼	+1
63	63	300	Pitts. & W. Va. pf	63	63	63	63	— ¼
77¼	78	800	Pressed Steel Car	78	78	77¼	77¼	—1
145½	145	200	Pullman Co	144¾	144¾	144¾	144¾	..
..	..	40	Rd. S., Ill. Cent. s. f.	82¾	82¾	82¾	82¾	..
57	58	1,900	Ry. Steel Spring	57¾	58	56¾	56¾	— ⅝
95	96	100	Ry. Steel S. pf	96¾	96¾	96¼	96¼	— ⅜
30½	30¾	9,500	Ray. Con Cop	30¼	31¼	30¼	30¾	— ⅛
87	87¼	31,400	Reading	95¾	96¾	95¼	95¾	—1⅛
91	91¾	9,300	Repub. I. & S	92	92¾	90¾	91¼	—1⅝
105½	105½	100	Repub. I. & S. pf	105	105	105	105	..
64½	65	200	Royal D. & tr. cfs	65	65	65	65	..
17¾	17¾	500	St. L. & San F. 1st	17¾	17¾	17¼	17¼	..
30	30	300	St. L. & San F. pf	29	29	28½	29	+1
80	83	100	Savage Arms	80	80	80	80	+ ⅛
27	28	700	Shattuck-Arizona	27½	27¾	27½	27½	+ ⅛
64½	65	4,800	Sinclair O. & R	64⅝	65	64⅜	64⅜	— ⅛
30	40	100	Sloss-S.S. & I. Co	40¾	40¾	40¾	40¾	—1⅝
93	93	1,500	South. Pacific	93¾	93¾	93¼	93¼	— ⅝
28	28¼	1,900	Southern Railway	28	28¼	27¾	27¾	— ¼
56½	56¾	200	Southern Ry. pf	56½	56¾	55¾	55¾	— ½
54	54¼	16,200	Studebaker Co	54	54½	51¾	51¾	—1¼
47¼	47¾	600	Superior Steel	47¾	47¾	47¼	47¼	— ¾
101	..	100	Sup. Steel 1st pf	101¼	101¼	101¼	101¼	+ ¼
17	17	1,200	Tenn. C. & I	17	17	16¾	16¾	— ⅛
216¾	216¾	1,200	Texas Co. x d	217¾	217¾	216¼	216¼	—2
20	20	900	Third Avenue	21¾	21¾	19¾	19¾	—3½
58½	58¾	9,600	Tobacco Prod	60	60¼	57¾	58¾	—1¾
12	12	100	T., S. L. & W. pf	12	12	12	12	—2
11	11	100	T. & S. L. & W. pf tr.	11	11	11	11	—3½
46¼	46¼	100	Third Rail Corp	46¼	46¼	46¼	46¼	—1¼
11	11	100	Union B. & P	11	11	11	11	+ ¼
84	90	100	Union B. & P., new	84	90¾	84	86	+9
137¾	138¼	9,500	Union Pacific	137¾	138¼	136½	137	— ½
79	80¾	350	Union Pac. pf	79¾	79¾	79¾	79½	— ¼
47	47	500	United Alloy Steel	47¼	47¾	47	47	—1
100	100¼	1,400	United Cigar S	100⅝	100⅝	100	100	— ½
7	7¼	500	United Rys Invest	7¼	7¼	7	7	— ⅛
160	163	20,600	U. S. Indus. Alcohol	168½	168¾	160¼	162¾	—3¾
61½	62¾	1,000	U. S. Rubber	62¾	62¾	61	61¼	—1½
61¾	62	200	U. S. S. R. & M	62	62	61¾	61¾	..
129¾	130	220,200	U. S. Steel	132	132	129¾	129¾	—3
116¾	117¾	3,400	U. S. Steel pf	117¾	117¾	116¾	117¼	+ ¼
115¾	116¾	9,400	Utah Copper	116¾	118	115¾	116¾	— ¼
19¾	19¾	100	Utah Securities	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾	+1
44	44	500	Va.-Car. Chemical	44	44	44	44	—1
12¼	12¾	100	Wabash	12¾	12¾	12¼	12¼	+ ⅛
48¾	48¾	1,100	Wabash pf. A	48¾	48¾	48	48	— ¼
25	25¾	400	Wabash pf. B	25¾	25¾	25¼	25¼	— ¼
19¼	20	500	West. Maryland	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾	— ¼
93¾	94	100	West. Union Tel	94½	94½	94½	94½	+ ¼
53¾	53¾	8,600	Westing. E. & M	54½	54¾	53½	53½	— ¼
14½	15	300	Wheel. & L. E	14¾	14¾	14¾	14¾	+ ⅛
46¼	47¾	400	White Motors	49¾	49¾	47¾	47¾	—1¾
72	73	700	Wilson & Co	72¾	72¾	72	72¾	..
103	106	100	Wilson & Co. pf	104¼	104¼	104¼	104¼	+2¼
28¾	29	9,400	Willys-Overland	29¾	30	29	29	— ¼
92½	95	100	Willys-Overl'd pf	94	94	94	94	— ¼
32½	33	100	Worthington Pump	32¾	32¾	32¾	32¾	—1¼
96	98	40	Worthing. P. pf. A	97¾	97¾	97¾	97¾	..
57	58¼	100	Worthing. P. pf. B	58	58	58	58	..

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs receipts	$5,412,530	$213,676,887
Ord. internal revenue	22,230,051	414,918,001
Income tax receipts	33,661,207	208,112,184
Miscellaneous	5,078,072	73,833,186
Total receipts	$71,381,870	$904,854,906
Exc. of ord. receipts over ord. disburse	33,173,869	
Exc. of ord. disburse. over ord. receipts		36,014,169
Exc. of total receipts over total disburse	187,190,084	177,844,862
Expenditures	33,208,001	940,522,078

FINANCIAL NOTES.

J. Frank Howell was installed as President of the Consolidated Stock Exchange yesterday. An unusual feature was supplied to the ceremony by the gift by the incoming President of gold keys, as watch fobs, to each Governor of the board.

The Bankers Trust Company has called for redemption on July 1 of ten 6 per cent. fifteen-year gold bonds of the Cumbria Fuel Company.

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Asked.
Balt. & Ohio	1918-'27	4, 4½, 5	4.50	4.30
Buff., Roch. & P.	1918-'22	4½	4.65	4.50
Can. Northern	1917-'26	4½	4.70	4.60
Canadian Pacific	1917-'26	4½	4.75	4.65
Ches. & Ohio	1917-'27	4½	5.00	4.75
Chi. & N. W.	1917-'26	4½	4.80	4.60
Cin. N. O. & Tex.	1917-'26	4½	4.90	4.80
Cin. S. & M. C.	1917-'26	5	4.95	4.72
Colo. & So.	1917-'

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Toole, Henry & Co.
J. R. Bridgeford & Co.
Didricksen & Co.
Chase & Falk

ROCK ISLAND FREED OF ITS RECEIVERSHIP

System Turned Back to Stockholders by Judge Carpenter, with Funds in Plenty.

TRIBUTE TO DICKINSON

Court Praises Receiver's Work—Reid-Moore Crowd Ousted and Amster the Man of the Hour.

CHICAGO, June 11.—The receivership for the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway Company was terminated by Judge Carpenter in the United States District Court here today. Judge Carpenter announced that he would discharge the receiver, Jacob M. Dickinson, ex-Secretary of War, the reorganization plans being acceptable to the court.

"The able administration of this property by Judge Dickinson as receiver has made this extraordinary proceeding possible," Judge Carpenter said. "This is a reorganization without sale, the property returning to the original company, and in this the proceeding is historical in the annals of receiverships. The Rock Island will pay its debts and has plenty of money with which to do so."

A meeting of stockholders will be held here June 21 and another, as legally required, at Davenport, Iowa, June 22. The reorganization plan calls for the issuance of $65,000,000 new stock in two classes of preferred. Banks and other creditors have agreed to take, par for par, stock for their debts to the extent of approximately $30,000,000. Other problems will be taken care of by sale of the remaining stock.

Financial Buccaneering.

The financial collapse of the Rock Island has repeatedly been cited, in Congress, in courts and before investigating bodies, as one of the most flagrant cases of financial buccaneering in the history of the country. When Mr. Dickinson took hold he found what had been a magnificent property all but wasted. Rails were worn out and the roadbed in many places growing weeds; rolling stock was crippled and the stock had been so manipulated and the road's resources so milked that the stock of the corporation had scarcely any value. It was quotable around 13. Under the receivership, repairs were made, new rolling stock was purchased, departments were consolidated, many economies were instituted and, under the stimulus of war prosperity, earnings steadily increased.

The reorganization plan was submitted to Judge Carpenter and the details made public three months ago. New capital and a new company from which the Reid-Moore control is said to have been eliminated are cardinal points of the reorganization.

Among many investigations that by the Interstate Commerce Commission was the most important. In its findings the commission remarked that stock of the system in the course of the Reid-Moore control dropped from $200 a share to $20; that actual mismanagement, aside from stock juggling, had cost the road $20,000,000 actual cash, and that of this more than $1,000,000 was paid as gratuities to officials of the road, in addition to exorbitant salaries; that capitalization of the road grew from $20,000,000 to $300,000,000; that the company was "bled to death" through two holding companies, and that Directors of the road misrepresented assets to stockholders. It was further alleged that the syndicate put the road into a receivership to serve its own ends.

Amster's Day of Triumph.

Nathan Amster of Boston, previously unknown to railroading and to railroad finance, took the lead in attacking the Reid-Moore syndicate. The receivership found him in control of the great majority of the proxies of the road's stockholders.

Mr. Amster was in court today. He explained that $55,000,000 of the stock was to be issued at once, $30,000,000 bearing 7 per cent. interest and $25,000,000 6 per cent. The remaining $10,000,000 may be issued at either rate, if needed, in the discretion of the stockholders. The common stock, hitherto the only issue, remains at $75,000,000.

Under the plan $17,180,000 in receivers' certificates will be taken up for cash at once. On July 1 gold bonds amounting to $12,500,000 will be paid off in cash. The road is now earning twice the amount of its fixed charges, which amount to $10,000,000 a year.

EARNINGS.

Public Utilities.

HAVANA ELECTRIC RAILWAY, LIGHT & POWER—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
April gross	$634,613	$466,554	$168,059
Net after tax	304,414	273,581	30,457
Sur. after chg.	179,979	161,644	18,336
4 mos. gross	2,181,823	1,612,767	213,056
Net after tax	1,228,435	1,170,407	58,615
Sur. after chg.	731,819	721,640	10,179

ILLINOIS TRACTION CO. for year ended Dec. 31—

	1916.	1915.	Increase.
Gross earnings	12,946,447	11,167,968	1,778,479
Net earnings	5,076,469	4,430,426	646,228
Bal. for com. dividend	484,284	$75,683	108,672
Surplus	116,670	8,143	108,527
Total surplus	1,817,277	1,700,607	116,670
P. & L. sur.	1,697,643	1,700,607	*22,964

*Decrease.

Miscellaneous.

OHIO FUEL SUPPLY CO. for the fiscal year ended April 30—

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Gross earnings	$9,410,233	$7,129,738	$6,134,128
Net earnings	3,478,485	2,460,660	3,052,705
Surplus	1,560,160	1,152,143	677,373

PACIFIC COAST—

	1917.	1916.	Decrease.
April gross	$235,219	$31,499	$44,580
Net	28,406	32,857	*4,050
10 mos. gross	4,177,992	4,041,675	$83,687
Net	843,088	925,089	$2,081

*Increase. †Steamship gross and operating not included in gross earnings or operating expenses. Steamships operated under charter to Pacific Steamship Co., one-half the stock of which is owned by the Pacific Coast Co.

Sales of the ACME TEA CO. for the four weeks ended June 2 were $2,076,882, compared with $1,328,408 last year, a gain of $748,450. For the first five months of the year sales were $12,704,583, compared with $8,724,620 for the same period of 1916, a gain of $3,979,932.

The GRAND UNION TEA STORES and the GLOBE GROCERY STORES, operated by the Jones Bros. Tea Co., report sales for May of $1,024,182, compared with $820,601 last year, a gain of $194,581. For the five months ended May sales were $4,544,272, compared with $3,835,745 for the same period a year ago, a gain of $718,527.

S. S. KRESGE—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
May sales	$2,945,463	$2,503,721	$441,742
5 months	15,330,750	9,305,883	1,415,867

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Asked.
Tin, spot	50.75	51.50	50.00	51.50
Lead	12.00	....	11.75	....
Spelter	9.62½	....	9.62½	....
Antimony	20.00	21.00	20.50	21.50
Quicksilver	$85.00	....	$80.00	....
Aluminium	*60.00	62.00	*60.00	62.00
Iron, No. 1X Nthy.	45.50	46.50	45.50	46.50

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 23@23¼c. carload lots, spot delivery; 20½@23c, third quarter; 23½@23¾c, fourth quarter, delivered. London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Saturday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	130	0	0	130	0	0
Copper, futures	129	10	0	129	10	0
Tin, spot	236	10	0	238	15	0
Tin, futures	233	10	0	236	5	0
Spelter	54	0	0	54	0	0
Lead	30	10	0	30	10	0

DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Hold. of Record.
Am. Pub. Utilities pf.	1¼	Q	July 2	June 20
Homestake Mining	.60	M	June 25	June 20
Int. Harvester	1¼	Q	July 16	June 25
Linde Air Products	2	Q	June 30	June 20
Linde Air Prod. pf.	1½	Q	July 2	June 20
Lone Star Gas	1	Q	July 2	June 20
Pittsburgh Plate Glass	1¼	Q	July 2	June 15
Pittsburgh Plate Glass pf.	1½	Q	July 2	June 15
Reynolds (R. J.) Tob.	3	Q	July 2	June 21
Reynolds (R. J.) Tob.	10	Ex	July 2	June 21
Reyn. (R. J.) Tob. pf.	1¾	Q	July 2	June 21

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Am. Oil	38	39	Iron Bloss.	1½	1¾
B. St. Gas.	8	10	Jerome V.	1¾	2
Bingham	12¾	13¼	La Rose	40	46
Bohemia	1¼	1¾	Majestic	45	49
Begole	76	80	Mex. Metals	35	40
Boston Ely	55	60	Moj. Tung.	43	45
Bos. & Mon.	63	64	New Baltic	1¼	1¾
Butte & L.	19	21	Nev. Doug.	1¼	1¾
Butte & N.	62	63	N. U. Ring.	1	80
Bos. & Ariz.	1¾	2	Nixon	41	45
Calaveras	5¼	4	N. Cornelia	16¾	17
Chief Con.	2¾	3	Nat'l. & J.	64	67
Crown Res.	80	85	Oneco	60	80
Con. Ariz.	2¼	2¾	Onondaga	40	50
Cortez	30	80	Ohio Cop.	1⅜	1¼
Champ. Cop.	7	9	Pion'r C. M.	1¼	1¾
Cal. Corbin	1¼	2	Rilla	3	4
E. & B. B.	2¼	2¾	Ray Hero	2¾	4
Earl-Eagle	21	24	S.W. Miami, part paid	2	2¼
Fortuna	8	11	full paid	2	2¼
Gold Lake	5	6	S.W. Miami, part paid	2	2¼
Houghton	90	1.00	Truro Steel	1¼	1¾
Sloma Oil	1¼	1¾	Tonopah	1¼	1¾
Humboldt	90	95	Tn. V. Exch.	39	40
Iron Cap.	19	19¼	Yukon Gold	2	2¼
Iron C. pf.	19	19¼			

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

Underlying conditions in the wheat market are very much unsettled and with restrictions still imposed upon operations, quotations are subject to quick and violent fluctuations. During yesterday's session there was an early decline of 4 to 7 cents, followed by a rally of 11 to 13 cents, and final prices were only slightly below the top, with net gains of 5 to 7 cents. Stocks of old wheat are steadily decreasing, and the visible showed a loss for the week of 8,073,000 bushels, bringing the total down to 88,234,000, compared with 58,177,000 last year. Shipments from Australia and India are increasing, although North America is still furnishing by far the bulk of Europe's importations.

Rye—Market steady. No. 2 Western, $2.45, cost, insurance, and freight, New York.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	2.09	2.01	2.05	2.05	1.04¾
September	2.10	1.98	2.09	2.09	1.04¾

CORN.

The corn market early felt the influence of very favorable weather for the new crop, but after declining 2¼c to 2½c under selling by some of last week's buyers prices rallied very sharply, and at the close were ¼c to 4½c net higher. The cash position was strong, and while the visible supply showed an increase of 79,000 bushels for the week, the total is only 3,703,000, compared with 13,892,000 a year ago. There were some complaints of slow growth and poor cultivation as a result of the recent heavy rains. In the local cash market No. 2 yellow corn was quoted at 91.85½, cost, insurance, and freight, New York.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	1.59	1.55	1.57¾	1.57¼	70¾
September	1.53¾	1.47¼	1.51¾	1.50	62¾
December	1.16	1.12	1.15	1.10¾	60¾

OATS.

The oats market rallied sharply from a slight early decline, and at the close prices were 1½@1½c net higher. Cash interests were good buyers of July, and exporters were said to have taken 300,000 bushels. The visible decreased 798,000 bushels, with a total of 14,681,000, compared with 15,600,000 last year. The local cash market was firmer; standard quoted at 76@76c; No. 2 white, 76c; No. 3 white, 74@75½c; No. 4 white, 74@75c; fancy clipped white, 76@77c; ordinary clipped white, 74@75c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	61¾	60¾	61¾	61¾	39¾
September	55¾	53½	55	53¾	39¾
December	57	54¾	57	55¾	39¾

PROVISIONS.

The market for hogs was inactive, and early prices showed an easier tone, due to a decline of 5 to 10 points in the hog market and in sympathy with grain. When the grain markets rallied in the afternoon, however, a better demand developed, and prices showed a good recovery, closing at the best and considerably above the final of last week. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 44,000; estimated for today, 16,000. Kansas City received 5,000 and Omaha 4,900.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
July	21.55	21.42	21.45	21.55	12.70
September	21.80	21.67	21.80	21.67	12.82
Ribs—					
July	21.07	20.87	21.07	20.90	12.02
September	21.20	21.00	21.20	21.02	12.00
Pork—					
July	24.90	24.25	24.60	24.25	23.50
September	23.75	23.50	23.75	23.50	21.50

COTTONSEED OIL.

The market for cottonseed oil was distinctly nervous, owing to the conflicting movements in other markets which usually exert more or less influence. Lard was heavy early, but rallied at the close, and all prices, after moving within a comparatively narrow range, closed steady at unchanged to 7 points net higher. Total sales for the day were 22,700 barrels. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot			16.20	16.45
June			16.35@16.70	16.50
July	16.55	16.31	16.35@16.37	16.55
August	16.50	16.25	16.46@16.50	16.44
September	16.54	16.44	16.50@16.51	16.45
October	16.47	16.38	16.43@16.46	16.40
November	16.10	16.03	16.06@16.10	16.02
December	16.20	15.97	16.03@16.05	15.97
January	16.04	15.90	15.94@16.00	15.97

COFFEE.

The coffee market showed a steadier tone yesterday and business was more active, sales of 65,250 bags being reported. The market opened at an advance of 1 to 4 points, and the active months sold about 6 to 9 points net higher, with September trading at 7.95c and March at 8.37c. The close was a point or two off from the best, but steady at a net gain of 4 to 7 points. The local spot market was irregular on the basis of 10c for Rio 7s and 10¼c for Santos 4s. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
June			7.82@7.84	7.73
July	7.88	7.80	7.87@7.88	7.80
August			7.91@7.92	7.85
September	7.98	7.90	7.96@7.97	7.90
October			7.99@8.00	7.94
November			8.03@8.04	7.98
December	8.06	8.05	8.07@8.08	8.06
January			8.12@8.13	8.08
February			8.16@8.20	8.13
March	8.37	8.35	8.34@8.36	8.18
April			8.29@8.30	8.23
May	8.32	8.30	8.34@8.36	8.28

SUGAR.

The volume of transactions in the market for sugar futures was only moderate, total sales amounting to a little less than 10,000 tons. The market opened 1 point lower to 3 points higher and closed 1 to 2 points net higher. There was a good trade demand, but offerings were limited, due to the steadiness displayed in the spot market; holders clung tenaciously to their stocks, and with the demand from local refiners was light. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
June			5.09@5.10	5.08
July	5.10	5.10	5.11@5.12	5.06
August	5.17	5.17	5.16@5.17	5.13
September	5.22	5.21	5.21@5.22	5.19
October			5.25@5.26	5.20
November	5.30	5.30	5.29@5.30	5.25
December	5.06	5.06	5.04@5.07	5.03
January			4.81@4.83	4.80
February			4.87@4.90	4.85
March	4.88	4.88	4.86@4.89	4.83

The market for refined sugar was steady and unchanged at 7.80c for fine granulated. There was only a moderate buying interest, but holders maintained their position and the market closed steady with little or no open offers being made. Operators bought 10,000 bags Cubas, second half July shipment, at 4.45c, cost and freight, and local refiners took about 20,000 bags Porto Ricos, prompt and June shipment, at 5.17c, cost, insurance, and freight. There was a sale of 6,500 bags Cubas, June shipment, at 4½c, cost and freight to New Orleans. Canadian refiners bought 500 tons Peruvian sugars, July shipment, at 4.91c, cost, insurance, and freight. At the close local refiners would buy prompt Cubas at 4¾c, cost and freight, but holders withdrew offerings. Operators seemed to be interested in July positions at 4.45c, cost and freight, with holders asking higher prices. Cuban shippers feel confident of higher levels, and the fact that they have made heavy sales for European account places them in a position to hold the balance of their stocks without being forced to lower prices. Quotations follow: Centrifugal, 5.89c; molasses, 5.01c; cost and freight, 4½c.

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 8,488 packages. Under considerable pressure to sell, prices declined another ½c, and at the reduced figures the feeling is unsettled, with a tendency toward still lower rates. There is no present speculative support, and the consumptive demand is much less than usual at this season of the year. Creamery, higher than extras, per pound, 30¾@34¾c; extras, (92 score,) 33½c; firsts, (86 to 91 score,) 32½@33c; seconds, 88 to 87 score,) 27@30c; thirds, 25½@26½c; dairy, unsalted, finest offered, 32½@33c; extras, 31½@32c; firsts, 29@30½c; seconds, 27½@28½c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 30@33½c; good to prime, 27@29½c; common to fair, 24@26½c; renovated, extra, 29½c; firsts, 27½@28c; lower grades, 24@26½c; imitation creamery, firsts, 28@29c; ladles, current make, firsts, 24@24½c; seconds, 23½c; lower grades, 22@22½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 23½c; No. 2, 23c; lower grades, 22@22½c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 15,290 cases. The tone of the market is very unsettled, and the feeling is rather weak even at the decline quoted. This is especially true of medium grades. Average firsts freely offered at 32@32½c, and sales up to 33c exceptional. Fancy marks difficult to sell above 34c, though a good many are going to storage rather than sacrifice. Fancy nearby white eggs about steady; browns weaker. Fresh-gathered, extras, per dozen, 32@33½c; storage packed, firsts, 31½@32½c; fresh gathered, extra firsts, 31½@32½c; firsts, 29@30c; seconds, 30½@31½c; thirds and lower grades, 27@30c. Gathered, No. 1, 31½c; No. 2, 30c. Nearby and poorer, 27@31c, checks, good to choice, dry, 30½c; undergrades, 27@30c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby White-fire, heavy weights, fine to fancy, 32½@33c; ordinary to good, 31½@32c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 31½@32½c. State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, heavy weights, fine to fancy, 32½@33c; gathered browns and mixed colors, ungraded, 30@32c.

NEW COTTON RECORD

With Gain of 107 to 125 Points, July and October Are Highest in 46 Years.

A big wave of buying orders swept cotton prices into new high ground yesterday, and the market closed excited at a net advance of 107 to 111 points. At one time, just before the close, the market sold fully 125 points, or $6.25 per bale above Saturday's final figures, July selling at 24.57c and October contracts at 24.01c, representing the highest levels in forty-six years. Spot cotton in New York was quoted at 24.65 cents.

The advance was unusual in that it was not accompanied by the large commission house trade that ordinarily attends such a tremendous upturn. Much of the buying behind the rise came from trade interests, which bought contracts to protect themselves against huge sales of goods for forward delivery. Spot people here found New England mills unwilling to bid for spots, claiming they were well supplied for immediate requirements, but in absence of new crop offers, were buying contracts in the open market instead. This cotton was taken off the market entirely, and when local traders and Western interests endeavored to cover sales made to mills earlier in the day, they found the market bare of contracts. The result was a vigorous buying movement in the last hour, and violent advances in some cases of 5 and 10 points between sales.

Both Liverpool and New Orleans also bought more or less cotton during the forenoon, and the Liverpool market was very strong, being fully 30 to 35 points net higher at the hour of the local opening. It closed firm and 51 to 59 points net higher.

Although the weather was considered mainly favorable over the belt, many bullish advices were received from different sections, generally describing the crop as late. A wire from Denison, Texas, said the Oklahoma crop was nearly a month late. The eastern part of the State has had plenty of rain, but the western half needs moisture. The crop summary of a Memphis paper said planting had been completed with the plant small but healthy and two to three weeks late. Cultivation has been good except in the northern part of the central belt, where it is grassy from excessive moisture. Boll weevil inactive. Over Sunday there was considerable rain in the South Atlantic States, and this was continued along coast districts yesterday. A letter from a North Carolina cotton man said the crop had been injured in that State by excessive rains and hailstorms. Through Texas temperatures were high with very little rain, averaging above 100 degrees at many stations both Sunday and yesterday.

No exports were reported for the day, although the talk of a possible lowering of insurance rates gave hopes of an increased business in this particular. Southern spot markets all made sharp responses to the advance in futures here, Houston advancing 1¼ cents to 24.25c, with sales of 2,856 bales.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
June			24.34@24.39	23.28
July	24.57	23.40	24.42@24.44	23.32
August	23.83	23.40	24.25@24.27	23.13
September			23.79 Bid	22.90
October	24.01	22.51	23.87@23.89	22.80
November			23.90 Bid	22.89
December	24.13	22.93	24.00@24.04	22.91
January	24.20	22.97	24.06@24.10	22.97
March	24.24	23.18	24.20@24.23	23.18
May	23.98	23.50	24.35 Bid	23.25

The local market for spot cotton was steady and 85 points higher at 24.65c. Southern spot markets were as follows: Galveston, 23.75c; New Orleans, 23.00c; Savannah, 23½c; Augusta, 23.19c; Memphis, 22.75c; Houston, 24.25c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics follow:

	Monday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Port receipts	6,376	9,466	11,558
Exports		18,527	14,149
Port stocks	886,887	827,347	956,894
New York arrivals	6,600		
New York stocks	55,278	52,685	144,337

Liverpool Cables—Spot cotton in fair demand; sales, 8,000 bales; speculation and export, 800; American, 6,000. Imports, 8,000; American, 2,000. Midupland, 15.36d. Futures opened excited and irregular, 42 to 54 points higher. Closed firm, 51 to 59 poins higher. July-August, 15.00; October-November, 14.10; January-February, 13.85; March-April, 13.17.

Manchester: Yarns, fair business doing; cloths, good inquiry.

B. R. T. DELAYS BUYING CARS

Obtains Court Writ for Review of Service Board's Order.

The Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company has obtained from the courts a writ of certiorari for the review of an order issued to it last December by the Public Service Commission to buy 250 extra cars for use on the surface lines of Brooklyn.

In adopting a resolution directing William L. Ransom, chief counsel for the commission, to appear in opposition to the action, the commission, in an opinion written by Commissioner Whitney, criticised the company. Mr. Whitney said that a representative of the company had admitted that the court action was taken for the purpose of delay. He also said that at the conference in which the question of permitting the railroads to charge 2 cents for transfers was discussed, Commissioner Hervey suggested that before any concessions could be made an appraisal of the company's property would probably have to be made. In reply Colonel Williams of the company said:

"The objection I have to your undertaking a physical valuation is that it will take as long as the valuation of the Interstate Commerce Commission, and by the time you get through we will all be dead and buried."

Mr. Whitney described this desire for haste when the company wanted something as being in violent contrast to its tactics in seeking delay when it was the public that wanted something. He also said that the Brooklyn company had supported the measures introduced in the Legislature to strip the commission of its power to compel public utility corporations to obey its orders, which measures were not enacted.

TO THE HOLDERS OF ELECTRICAL SECURITIES CORPORATION

Fourth Series Collateral Trust Sinking Fund Five Per Cent. Bonds.

Notice is hereby given that Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as successor to The Standard Trust Company of New York, as Trustee under Trust Agreement dated January 1, 1906, between the Electrical Securities Corporation and said Trust Company to secure the FOURTH SERIES of Collateral Trust Bonds of said Electrical Securities Corporation, has on hand applicable to the redemption of said bonds at a price of 103 and accrued interest the sum of Five thousand two hundred and seventy-five dollars ($5,275).

As provided in paragraph Sixth of said Trust Agreement the Trustee has selected by lot the following $5,000 par value bonds for redemption:

$1	$4	$75	$15	$10

Upon presentation and surrender of the bonds enumerated above at the office of the undersigned on or after July 1, 1917, with coupons due January 1, 1918, and thereafter attached, there will be paid by the bearer thereof One Thousand and Thirty Dollars ($1,030) per bond. Coupons maturing July 1, 1917, will be paid on or after said date upon presentation in the usual manner.

After July 1, 1917, interest on the bonds enumerated above shall cease and said bonds shall not be entitled to the benefit of the security of the Trust Agreement.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

By CHARLES H. SABIN, President.

New York, June 8th, 1917.

LOST—40 shares Atlantic Gulf & West Indies Stmp. Co. Certificate No. 1,672—15 Bertha S. Bacon. 1,775—25 Jacquelin & De Coppet.

100 Shares Cuba Cane Sugar Co. Certificate No. 9,288—10 Foster, Beale & Prentice. 9,289—20 Foster & Adams. 9,290—20 Moore, Leonard & Lynch. 9,291—10 Jacquelin & De Coppet. 9,292—20 Samuel Wolfe. 9,293—20 Sundry.

10 Shares of Amer. Woolen Pfd. No. 5,100—5 E. M. Chapin & Co. 5,101—5 Jacquelin & De Coppet.

Certificates are unsigned and transfer has been stopped, and all parties are cautioned against negotiating the same. If found, kindly notify

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To anyone purchasing a Liberty Loan Baby Bond on the Partial Payment Plan within the next 8½ days through me or my firm, I make this statement:

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Up to and including June 15th the offer previously made will hold good to lend money to Partial Payment purchasers at the rate of 3½%. This gives a 3½% return during as well as after paying for the bond.

John Muir
61 Broadway, New York City.
June 12, 1917.

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The services of this corporation should be utilised

—when an industrial enterprise needs money,
—when re-organization is necessary,
—when it is a question whether liquidation, refinancing or a change in management is best.

Banks and trust companies employ us, constantly, in such circumstances as these; as do also men who have a substantial interest in businesses, the future of which is uncertain.

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a subsidiary of
Finance and Trading Corporation
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Second National Bank
Fifth Avenue and 28th Street
Established 1863
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$4,500,000

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VAN BUREN BRIDGE COMPANY
Proposals for Bonds.

The undersigned Trustee, under the First Mortgage of the Van Buren Bridge Company, dated April 1st, 1914, having received the sum of $4,000 available for the purchase of bonds, will accept tenders of bonds issued under said mortgage to an amount sufficient to exhaust said sum.

Proposals will be received by the undersigned at its office, 55 Cedar Street, New York City, up to 12 o'clock noon on June 19, 1917.

The right is reserved to reject any and all proposals.

UNITED STATES MORTGAGE & TRUST COMPANY,
By CALVERT BREWER, Vice President.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Buy

50 Buffalo Copper & Brass
50 Cons. Car Heating
50 Empire Steel & Iron Pfd.
50 Hanover Insurance
50 Independent Lamp & Wire
50 Jos. Dixon Crucible
50 Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
50 Mercantile Trust & Deposit
100 Pocahontas Cons. Collieries Com.
100 Penn. Coal & Coke
100 Vulcan Detinning Pfd.
50 Warren Mfg. (R. I.)
50 Winchester Repeating Arms
50 Yorkville Independent Hygeia Ice

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell

100 Celluloid Co.
2 Choctaw & Memphis 5%
10 Childs (Rest.) Com.
100 Empire Steel & Iron Com.
115 Federal Sugar Com.
25 Guaranty Trust "Rights"
85 German Alliance Insurance
200 Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
100 National Fuel Gas
5 Otis Elevator 5% 1920
200 Penn Coal & Coke
100 R. J. Reynolds "Warrants"
100 U. S. Radiator Com. & Pfd.
500 Ward Baking Com.

J.K.Rice, Jr.&Co.
Phones 4001 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

Wanted
Amer. Sumatra Tobacco Pfd.
Colorado Power Com.
Nat'l Bank of Cuba
O'Gara Coal Pfd.
Pettibone-Mulliken 1st & 2d Pfds.
Pierce, Butler & Pierce Stks.&Bds.

For Sale
Bronze Metal Com. & Pfd.
Elmira Water, Lt. & R. R. 1st Pfd.
Goldschmidt Detinning Com.
Milliken Bros. Pfd.
Richmond Radiator Com. & Pfd.
Standard Coupler Com. & Pfd.
Texas & Pacific Coal "Rights"

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200 Charcoal Iron
5 Nova Scotia Steel 5s
300 Paige-Detroit Pfd.
100 Repub. Mtr. Trk. Pfd.
20 Semet Solvay

We Offer For Sale
300 Hupp Motor
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10 Lake Superior 1st 5s
50 Pack'd Mtr. Car Pfd

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American Manfg.
Johns-Manville
Realty Associates
STUART ROBSON & CO.
INVESTMENT SECURITIES.
15 William St., N. Y. Tel. Broad 2725.

Toledo, Johnstown & Gl. 4½s & 4s
Wash. Shore 4s 2361 (Tax exempt)
Balt. & Terre Haute 5s 1942
Gulf, Mobile & Northern Pfd.
Wolff & Stanley
1 Broadway or 8357 Broad 27 William St.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

Inasmuch as the bulk of the business in United States Government bonds is done over the counter, and not on the Stock Exchange, THE TIMES gives the following quotations, obtained from bond dealers:

	Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered, 1930	95½	97
2s, coupon, 1930	95½	97
3s, registered, 1918	99	101
3s, coupon, 1918	99	101
3s, registered, 1946	99	99
3s, coupon, 1946	99	99
3s, conversion, 1947	99	99
4s, registered, 1925	104½	105
4s, coupon, 1925	105	107
3s, coupon, 1933, reg	95½	97
2s, Panama, '36, coupon	95½	97
3s, Panama, 1961, reg	99	99
3s, Panama, '61, coupon	99	99

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

		Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Saturday. Bid.
6s	Sept., 1917	100¼	100⅜	100¼
4½s	June, 1965	102	103	102⅝
4½s	Mar., 1963	102	103	102⅜
4½s	Nov., 1957	102	103	102⅜
4½s	May, 1957	102	103	102⅜
4½s	Nov., 1917	100	100	100
4½s	June, 1917	100	100	100
4½s	May, 1930-80	98½	100	98½
4½s	April, 1966	98	99⅛	98
4½s	Mar., 1964	98	99⅛	98
4½s	Mar., 1962	98	99⅛	98
4½s	Sept., 1960	98	99⅛	98
4s	May, 1959	97	98¼	97⅛
4s	Nov., 1958	97	98¼	97⅛
4s	Nov., 1958	96¾	98	97
4s	Nov., 1636	97	98	97

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

		Bid.	Ask.
4½s	1924-1930	4.25	4.00 4.25
4½s	1916-1923	4.25	4.00 4.25
4½s	1924-1961	4.25	4.00 4.15
4½s	1921-1928	4.15	4.00 4.15
4½s	April, 1920	4.10	4.10
4½s	1917-1919	4.10	4.10
4s	1940-1953	4.30	4.30 4.30
4s	1930-1939	4.30	4.30 4.30
4s	1922-1929	4.25	4.05 4.25
4s	1926-1930	4.30	4.05 4.30

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,500	‡Aetna Exp.	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
2,500	‡Am. Red'n.	97	92	92
300	A. B. M. Co.	8	7	7
100	Am. W. P'r.	4¼	4¼	4⅜
1,100	Boyd Motors.	2	1⅝	2
200	But. Judson.	44	44	44
250	‡Carbon S'l.	105	104⅜	104⅝
200	‡Car L. & P.	2⅞	2⅝	2⅝
500	Carwen S'l.	12¼	12	12⅛
600	‡Cent. Fdy.	34	33½	33⅝
400	‡Do pf.	53½	53	53
5,000	C. I. Co. of A	9¼	8⅞	9¼
900	Chev. Motor.	102	98	98
3,000	Curtiss Aero.	37½	35½	36½
7,200	‡Elite P. S.	7	¼	¼
100	Ev. H., Inc.	22¾	22⅝	22⅝
300	‡Hall Signal.	7¼	7¼	7¼
100	‡Do pf.	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜
375	H. & B. C'co	40⅜	40¼	40⅜
400	Int. Rubber.	12	11⅛	11⅜
1,200	‡Int. T. Cp.	⅝	⅝	⅝
900	‡Do pf.	1	1	1
200	‡Lake T. El.	8¼	8¼	8¼
1,700	Man. Transit	⅝	⅝	⅝

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARY.

400	Ang.-Am. Oil	18⅝	18½	18⅝

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

4,500	††Allen Oil.	58	55	58
2,500	††Am. Ven. O.	19	18	19
1,450	‡Barn. G. & G.	2⅜	2⅛	2⅛
250	‡Con. Mex. Oil (a pros.)	60	60	60
500	‡Cos. & Co. (Oil Ref.)	13½	13¼	13¼
700	‡Cos. O. & G.	13½	13	13
500	‡ Do ctf.	13½	13	13
3,800	‡CrosbyPet. (a pros.)	36	34	35
300	‡Elk B. Pet.	10¼	10¼	10¼
3,000	‡Elk G. G. (a pros.)	⅝	⅝	⅝
42,000	‡Esmer. O. C.	2⅛	1⅞	2
1,000	‡Federal Oil	5¾	5½	5⅝
300	‡Inter. Pet.	13⅞	13⅝	13⅝
1,000	‡Kenova. Oil (a pros.)	⅞	⅞	⅞
1,050	Key. Con.	8½	8½	8½
600	‡Knic.-Wyo. Oil pf.	9¼	9¼	9¼
1,500	‡Merritt Oil.	26¾	26½	26¾
2,700	‡A. C. H. M.	⅛	⅛	⅛
2,100	A.-B. Col. M	⅛	⅛	⅛
2,700	A. M. Corp.	⅛	⅛	⅛
3,700	‡A. S. Cop.	39	37	38
900	‡A. S. Co.	6	6	6
2,000	††Atlanta	12	12	12
1,200	‡Atlas Cop.	⅛	⅛	⅛
500	‡Bed Rock	1¼	1¼	1¼
4,700	B. L. C. Co.	3¼	2⅞	3
800	‡Bisbee Cop. (a pros)	⅝	⅝	⅝
1,000	‡‡Booth	8	8	8
2,100	Boston & M.	63	61	63
1,425	‡‡Brad. C. M.	*1⅛	1	*1⅛
3,000	Butte C. & Z. v. t. ctfs.	12⅝	12⅛	12⅛
1,700	Butte Detroit	⅛	⅛	⅛
200	Butte N.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
6,000	††Caledonia	55	53	54
1,800	‡Cal. & Jer.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
35,000	Can. Copper.	3	2⅝	2⅞
2,000	‡Cashboy	8	8	8
400	‡Coco R. M.	1¼	1¼	1¼
4,400	Con. Sm.	2½	2⅜	2⅜
2,000	Con. Cop. M.	6⅜	6⅛	6⅛
500	‡Con.-Home.	⅝	⅝	⅝
1,600	Cresson C. G.	5⅛	5	5⅛
1,800	Crystal Cl. M.	1¾	1¾	1¾
900	Davis-D. C.	7¼	6⅝	6⅝
3,700	††Eastern C.	55	53	54
5,500	‡Emma Con.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
5,000	‡Ferro Cop.	63	62	63
700	First Nat. C.	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
3,800	‡Globe D. C.	⅛	⅛	⅛
1,000	‡Gold. Con.	54	54	54
1,000	‡‡Gold. M'r.	6	6	6
600	‡Gt. Bend.	1¼	1¼	1¼
2,000	‡‡Har. Mining	13	13	13
800	Hecla Min.	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛
100	Howe Sound.	5¾	5¾	5¾
400	H. B. Z. M.	1¾	1¾	1¾
3,500	‡Ind. Lead.	12	12	12
2,500	‡Iron Blos'm.	1¼	1¼	1¼
10,000	‡J. Verde, (a pros)	11½	11½	11½
2,000	‡Jerome-K. (a pros)	⅝	⅝	⅝
1,500	‡Jumbo Ext.	39	38	39
1,000	‡‡Kewanas	15	15	15
25,000	La Rose Con.	⅞	⅞	⅞
35,000	Louis'a Con.	1½	1½	1½
2,000	‡Magma C'f.	½	½	½
250	Magma Cop.	48	*46	47

BONDS.

$38,000	‡Am. Sm. 5s	93½	92½	92½
1,000	‡Beth. St. 5s			
	2-yr. notes	98¾	98¾	98¾
5,000	‡Cos. Oil 6s.	102½	102½	102½

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted.
Note—Saturday 100 Central Foundry pf. sold at 53, and 50 Mauma Copper at 45.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of previous day:

INDUSTRIALS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Saturday. Bid.	Saturday. Ask.
Aetna c. of d.	3½	3¾	3¼	3¾
Aetna Ex. pf.	14	16	14	16
A.-Br. Mfg. pf.	30	35	30	35
Am. Drug. Syn.	10	15	10	15
Am. Int. Corp.	49½	50	49½	50
Am. Stores	35	37	33	37
Am. S. 1st pf.	96	98	96	98
Am. W. Wheel	19½		19½	
Atlantic Steel	125	140	125	140
Br.-Am. Tob.	16¾	17¼	16¾	17¼
Brit.-Am. Tob. ord. bearer	17⅝	18¼	17⅝	18¼
Cal. P. Corp.	35¾	36¼	35¾	36¼
Can. Nat. Carb.	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
Chal. Motors	10	12	10	12
Chare. Iron pf.	6⅞	8⅜	6⅞	8⅜
Cramp Ship.	85	89	85	89
Curtiss Aer. pf.	60	80	60	80
Eastern Steel	116	118	116	118
Electric Gun.	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
Emer. Phono.	7⅝	8¼	7⅝	8¼
Fisk Tire	78	80	78	80
Gramophone	4½	5¼	4½	5¼
Hendee Mfg.	30	34	30	34
Hol. Sugar pf.	99	101	99	101
Holly Sug. Cp.	40	45	40	45
Int. A. F.	27¼		27¼	
Kath. Br.	1¼	2¼	1¼	2¼
Keyst'e T. & R.	16⅜	17½	17	17½
Do pf.	17¼	17⅝	17¼	17⅝
K. (S. S.) n.	100	105	100	105
Kwa. (S. S.)				
Do pf. n.	105	110	105	110
Lake Tor. Boat 1st pf.	8½	9½	8½	9½
Lima Loco.	55	58	55	58
L. Val. C.	71	78	71	78
Lukens St.	41	45	41	45
Do 1st pf.	102	104	102	104
Man. E. Sup.	42	47	42	47
Do pf.	95	99	95	99

INDUSTRIALS. Continued.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Saturday. Bid.	Saturday. Ask.
Motor Prod.	43	46	43	46
Mitchell Mot.	48	58	48	55
Nat. Auto Cp.	15	25	15	25
N. Y. Transp.	16½	17	16½	17
Peerless T. M.	15⅝	16	15⅝	16
Pierce-Arrow	40	42	40	42
Do pf.	95	100	95	100
P. E. & M. Co.	78	82	78	82
Pyrene Mfg.	10	12	10	12
Redden M. T.	17¾	20	17¾	20
Rep. Truck pf.	93	95	93	95
Smith. (A. O.)	34	35½	34	35½
Do pf.	93	97	93	97
Stand. Motors	12	13	12	13
St. L. R. M. & Pac	83	85	82	85
Texas Free-Port Co., old	630	675	625	630
Do new	44	45¼	44	46
U. S. Aircraft	5½	5⅝	5½	5⅝
U. S. L. & H.	1¼	1⅜	1¼	1⅜
United Sugar	36	36¼	36	36¼
United Zinc	5	5⅜	5	5⅜
West I. Syn.	40	45	40	45
Wright-Martin Aircraft pf.	45	55	45	55

OIL STOCKS.

Am. Oil, N. E.	43	44	43	44
Cos. O. & G. pf.	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾
Houston Oil.	22¾	23	22½	23
Knic.-Wy. Pet.	1⅝	2	1⅝	2
Lor. City	50	51	50	52
Midwest Ref.	135	137	135	137
Okla. Oil pf.	67	70	67	70
Pierce Oil	12¾	12¾	12½	12¾
Tex. Co. rights	23¾	24	23½	24
Tide Wat. Oil	202	205	205	210

BOND.

Pierce Oil 6s.	81	84	81	84

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Saturday. Bid.
Anglo-Am. Oil	18	18¼	18
Atlantic Refining	930	975	960
Borne-Scrymser	420	450	420
Buckeye Pipe Line	96	100	98
Chesebrough Mfg.	390	410	390
Colonial Oil	290	300	297
Continental Oil	510	525	510
Crescent Pipe Line	37	39	37
Cumberland P. L.	160	170	160
Eureka Pipe Line	212	217	210
Galena Signal Oil	150	160	154
Galena Sig. Oil pf.	137	140	137
Illinois Pipe Line	214	218	214
Indiana Pipe Line	95	99	95
Int. Pet. Co.	13¾	14	13¾
National Transit	15	17	15
N. Y. Transit	193	197	192
Northern Pipe L.	96	100	103
Ohio Oil	360	363	360
Penn. Mex. Fuel Co.	48	52	48
Prairie Oil & Gas.	535	545	540
Prairie Pipe Line	296	300	298
Solar Refining	345	355	345
Southern Pipe Line	195	200	195
South. Penn Oil	290	300	297
Southwest. Penn.	112	116	112
Stand. Oil of Cal.	268	272	270
Stand. Oil of Ind.	770	780	770
Stand. Oil of Kan.	450	475	450
Stand. Oil of Ky.	330	350	330
Stand. Oil of Neb.	510	530	510
Stand. Oil of N. J.	615	620	618
Stand. Oil of N. Y.	290	294	293
Stand. Oil of Ohio	433	445	435
Swan & Finch	100	110	100
Union Tank	92	94	92
Vacuum Oil	365	370	367
Washington Oil	30	34	30

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Saturday. Bid.
Colt's Arms	106	110	101
Du Pont	252	253	248
Do old com	107		107
Do deb. Dg	98	101	99
Hercules Powder	235	240	235
Do pf	115	118	115
Niles-Bem't-Pond	165	169	165
Scovill Mfg.	613	625	615
Winchester Arms	725	775	725

TOBACCO STOCKS

Closing quotations of stocks not quoted elsewhere:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Saturday. Bid.
American Cigar	100	112	109
Do pf	95	99	98
Conley Foil	220	235	230
R. J. Reynolds	160	165	160
Do pf	110	114	110
Johnson T. F. & M.	100	125	100
MacAndrews & F.	205	215	205
Do pf	99	99	99
P. R. Am. Tob.	215	220	215
R. Reynolds	160	165	160
Do pf	110	114	110

PUBLIC UTILITIES

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Closing Bid.	Closing Asked.
1,225	Cities Service	257	252	255	256
650	Cities Service pf.	56¾	54¾	55	56

Closing quotations for issues not included in above transactions:

Stocks.

	Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec. Power	20	24
Adiron. Elec. Pow. pf.	76	77
American Gas	118	120
Am. Gas & Electric	130	134
Am. Gas & Elec. pf.	49	50
Am. Light & Traction	330	333
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	110	112
Am. Power & Light	67	68
Am. Power & Light pf.	87½	90
Am. Public Utilities	30	35
Am. Pub. Utilities pf.	64	67
Am. Water W. & Elec.	7¾	9¾
Am. W. W. & El. 1st pf.	75	78
Am. W. W. & E. part.	24	26
Carolina Power & Light	35	38
Carolina P. & L. pf.	96	100
Cent. States Electric	11	15
Cent. States Elec. pf.	73	76
Colorado Power	29	31
Colorado Power pf.	99	102
Consumers' P. pf.	93	99
Commonwealth P. & L.	43	51
Com'wealth P. & L. pf.	74	76
Dayton Power & L. pf.		92
Duluth Edison	80	90
East Texas Electric	57	60¾
East Texas Elec. pf.	84	88
Electric B. & S. pf.	99½	100
Electric Properties	62	66
El Paso Electric	98	
El Paso Electric pf.	102	106½
Empire Dis. Elec. pf.	90	94
Empire Gas & Fuel	99	100
Federal Light & Trac.	10	13
Fed. Light & Trac. pf.	40	45
Galveston-Hous. Elec.	27	27
Galveston-Hous. Elec. pf.	70	75
Gas & Elec. Securities	280	310
Gas & Elec. Sec. pf.	94	100
Interstate Elec. Corp.	32	42
Interstate El. pf.	90	95
Lincoln Gas & Electric	47	49
Miss. River Power	9	10
Miss. River Pow. pf.	33	34
Northern Ohio Electric		38
Northern Ohio Elec. pf.	69	74
North. Ont. Lt. & Pow.	11	15
North. Ont. Lt. & P. pf.	61	65
Northern States Power	97	98
Northern States P. pf.	98	100
North. Texas Elec. pf.	80	84
Ozark Power & Water	35	45
Pac. Gas & Electric	59	60½
Pacific Gas & Elec. pf.	89½	90½
Pine Bluff 7 p. c. pf.	97	100
Republic Ry. & Light	32	33½
Republic Ry. & Lt. pf.	66	67
Sierra Pacific Elec. pf.		75
Southern Cal. Edison	89	91
South. Cal. Edison pf.	104	106
Southwest. P. & L. pf.	97½	100
Stand. Gas & Electric	11½	12¾
Stand. Gas & Elec. pf.	37	38
Tampa Electric	122	127
Tenn. Ry., L. & Power	5½	6½
Tenn. Ry., L. & P. pf.	25½	26½
Texas Power & Lt. pf.	97	100
Tri-City R. & L. pf.	91	93½
Un. Gas & El. 1st pf.	70	75
United Gas Improve.	89	89¼
United Light & Rys.	40	41
United L. & Rys. 1st pf.	69	71
West. Light & W. P.	14	16
W. P. Tr. & W. P. pf.	66	71
Western Power	15	15½
Western Power pf.	52½	55
Wisconsin Edison	46	50
Yadkin River P. 7% pf.	98	101

Bonds.

Am. W. W. & E. cl. 5s.	72	74	
Appa. Power 5s, 1932	78	80	
Cent. Gas & E. 1st 5s	95	96	
Central Ill. Light 5s	96½	98	
Cin. G. & E. Co. 1st 5s, 1956	99		101
Col. G. & E. 1st 5s, '27	88	90	
Col. G. & E. Ref. 5s, '29	80	85	
Com'wealth P. (Neb.) 1st 6s, 1944	97		100
Conn. River P. 5s, 1937	95	99	
Cum. Co. & L. 1st 5s, 1942	96		98½
Cum. Gas & El. 1st 5s	100¼		101½
Defiance G. & E. 5s, '42	89	92	
Denver G. & E. gen. 5s	96	97	
Detroit City 5s	90	92	
El Paso El. 5s	98		90
Fed. Light & Tr. 5s	87½		90
Fed. Light & Tr. 6s	90	93	
Gal. Hous. El. 1st 5s	85	88	
Gt. West. Pow. 5s, '25	95	99	
Kan. Pub. Svc. 5s, '41	93	96	
Knox. Gas 1st 5s, '36	85	88	
L. G. & E. Co. 1st 5s, '41	95	98	
Mich. Light 5s, 1946	97½	99	
Middle West U. 6s, '25	96½	99	
Minn. & St. P. & S. S. M. 5s, '23	93	95	
Nat. Sec. p. l. 6s	89½	92	
Nat. Sec. deb.	48		53
Nat. Sec. income	10		13
N. O. L. & P. 1st 6s, '31	80		88
Nor. States P. 5s, 1926	98		99
Nor. States P. 5s, 1941	94½		98
Nor. Tex. El. col. tr. 5s	83		92
Ohio Gas 1st 5s, 1939	100¼		102
P. G. & E. (Ariz.) 6s, '31	95		100
Portland Gen. Elec. 5s	99		101
Puget Sd. Trac. notes	98		100
Seattle Elec. con. 5s	91		93
Stand. Gas & Elec. 6% notes, 1935	90		96
Stand. G. of N. J. 5s, '46	94		96
So. Cal. Ed. 5s, 1929	95		97
Twin Cities Gas & El. 5s, 1953	89		92
Un. Light & Rys. 1st 5s, 1932	85		91
Un. Light & Rys. deb. 6s, 1926	97		99
United Util. cv. 6s, '43	96		98¼
U. S. S., R. & M. 6s, '26	111		113
Utah Sec. 6s	93		96
W. W. Light Co. 5s, 1925	96		98
Western Power 1st 5s	96		98
West. S. G. & E. 1st 5s	91½		93¼
West. P. P. 1st 5s, '46	97		98½
Wis. Edison 5s, 1936	95		97
Yadkin River Pow. 5s	83		87

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

The market on the Consolidated Exchange generally displayed a receding tendency at the close, although there had been a number of spots of firmness earlier. The railroad stocks and the copper shares rose for a time and Central Leather was also particularly strong early. United States Steel common, which was dealt in to the amount of more than 45,000 shares, reflected heaviness practically all day.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Allis-Chalm.	30¾	30¾	30¾
540	Am. Beet Sug.	97½	96¾	96¾
580	Am. Can	52	50½	50½
100	Am. Car & F.	77¾	76½	76½
270	Am. Locomo.	74¾	74	74
890	Am. Smelt. & R.	110¾	108¾	109
250	Am. Sugar	124½	121¼	121¾
100	Am. Woolen	57¾	56¾	56¾
180	Am. Zinc	34¾	34¾	34¾
4,480	Anaconda	69	67¾	68
20	A., T. & S. F.	102	101¾	102
780	B'dwin Loco.	66¾	65¾	66¼
10	Balt. & Ohio	73¾	72¾	73¾
5,210	Beth. Steel. B.	153	146¾	149½
40	B'klyn R. T.	80	79¾	80
50	Butte & Sup.	46½	45¾	45¾
50	Cal. Petrol.	22¾	21¾	21¾
7,620	Cent. Leath.	101¾	98¼	98¾
40	Ches. & Ohio	61	60	60
100	C. M. & P.	74½	74½	74½
200	Chile Copper	22¾	22¾	22¾
280	Chino Copper	61½	59¾	60¼
830	Col. Fuel & I.	54¼	53¾	53½
10	Columbia Gas	41¼	41¼	41½
660	Corn Prod.	32¾	32¼	32¼
2,560	Crucible Steel	81½	80¼	80½
680	Cuba C. Sug.	46¼	45	45
810	Distr. Secur.	26¼	23½	23½
450	Erie	20¾	20	20
100	Gen. Motors	104½	102½	103
150	Gt. Nor. Ore.	35½	34½	34½
750	Insp. Copper	66¾	65	65
230	Int. Met. Mar.	29¾	28½	28½
510	Do pf.	80¾	80¼	81
50	Int. Nickel	43	42	42
150	Int. Paper	43¾	41¾	41¾
120	Kan. City So.	23	22	23
750	Kennecott	48½	47¼	47¾
930	Lack. Steel	103¾	100¾	100¾
100	Maxwell Mot.	50	49¾	49¾
600	Mex. Petrol.	101¼	98¾	98¾
50	Miami Cop.	41¾	41	41¾
150	Midvale Steel	66	64¾	64¾
100	Nev. Con.	26¼	26¼	26¼
450	N. Y. Cent.	92	91½	91½
40	N. Y. N. H. & H.	36¼	36¼	36¾
30	North. Pac.	103¾	103¾	103¾
50

GOETHALS ORDERS 16 WOODEN SHIPS

First Hull to be Ready April 1, 1918—New Contracts Raise the Total to 30.

ROLLING STOCK FOR RUSSIA

Shipping Board Plans to Rush Supplies Overland for Shipment to Vladivostok.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 11. — Sixteen wooden ships are provided for in the new contracts announced today by General George W. Goethals. This brings the total of wooden ships contracted for up to thirty. The summary follows:

"Total number of contracts executed, 29; total number of ships and hulls contracted for, 104; complete steel ships, 18; complete composite ships, 82; complete wooden ships, 80; total complete ships, 80; wooden hulls, 24."

General Goethals's statement contained this further information:

"General George W. Goethals, General Manager of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, announces the following additional contracts for the construction of merchant vessels in addition to the contracts previously announced: Sanderson & Porter, 52 William Street, New York City, with works at Willats Harbor, ten wooden hulls, first hull to be delivered on April 1, 1918, and one hull every fifteen days thereafter ending Aug. 30, 1918.

"Maryland Shipbuilding Company, Lexington Building, Baltimore, Md., with works at Sillar's Point, Maryland, six wooden hulls, first hull to be delivered April 30, 1918, and one hull to be delivered on the last day of each succeeding month ending Sept. 30, 1918."

The statement made today under the date of Greenwich, Conn., to the effect that General Goethals had awarded a $10,000,000 contract to the firm of Terry & Tench of New York is correct, although this is not a new award. This was made about May 20, when it was first expected that these vessels would be constructed at Moss Point, Miss., but the place of construction is now announced to be near Savannah, Ga.

The United States Shipping Board today announced further allotments of steamships to Governments allied with the United States in the war. The Italian Government will receive the former German steamships Ida, 3,063 net tons; Dora, of 4,586 net tons; Rhaetia, 4,184 net tons; Prinz Oskar, 8,777 tons, and Magdeburg, 2,976 net tons, on time trip charters.

The allotment of the former German steamship Ockenfels, 3,452 net tons, to the French Government on a trip time charter is also announced. The Arcadia is ready for assignment, but has not yet been designated. The Shipping Board is in receipt of a telegram from Special Agent Fillsbury, now on the Pacific Coast, saying that, with the approval of the board, the names of the five German sailing vessels taken over and put in service will be changed. The proposition is to give these five sailing vessels names borne by the famous clipper ships of the fifties, which carried the United States flag to all parts of the world. The board invites suggestions as to the names that will be selected accordingly, and it is possible that this plan will be carried out as regards any other sailing vessels that are taken over or purchased. Typical American names are to be given the four German steamers now being repaired.

Information was obtained here today that the Russian Government had American orders placed for 500 locomotives and 10,000 cars for use on its railroad systems, and that the Shipping Board was trying to arrange for their shipment at once, to be completed from Seattle to Vladivostock. This is in addition to 200 locomotives and 7,000 cars, which Russia contracted for through England, and which the representatives of the latter country want the United States shipping authorities to take over. Russia, it is said, is also prepared to place another contract for 500 locomotives and 10,000 cars if the transportation facilities can be arranged. Most of the locomotives and cars are needed for the Trans-Siberian Railroad system, to carry food supplies to the Russian armies on the eastern battle front. American engineers who have gone to Russia to make a survey of the railroad situation are anxious that as much rolling stock as possible be sent there without delay, as the lack of it is one of the great problems which confront the experts in solving the transportation problems of Russia.

Most of the railway supplies which have been sent to Russia under the old contracts have gone by way of the Panama Canal. The Shipping Board experts feel that a water haul of some 6,000 miles can be saved by shipping the locomotives and cars, as well as other supplies, overland to Seattle. The next problem is to obtain sufficient tonnage for the transportation across the Pacific. At present the Japanese interest controls about 60 per cent of the transpacific tonnage. Plans are now under consideration to place as many Pacific ships as possible in the service of Russia. If powers are conferred on the Shipping Board by Congress to commandeer ships, it is believed that much progress will be made.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 11.—Forecasts: W. Car., S. Car., and Ga.—Fair Tues. and Wed.; moderate s. winds.

Fla., Ala., and Miss.—Probably fair Tues. and Wed.; gentle, variable winds.

Tenn. and Ky.—Fair and warmer Tues. Wed. probably fair.

Ohio—Fair and warmer Tues. and probably Wed.; moderate, variable winds.

Ind.—Fair Tues., except probably showers in extreme n. Wed. fair; fresh s. winds.

Lower Mich.—Thunder showers Tues. Wed. probably fair and cooler; fresh s. winds.

Upper Mich.—Thunder showers Tues., cooler in n. Wed. fair; fresh s. to w. winds.

Ark. and Okla.—Cloudy Tues. and Wed.

La., Tex., and Texas Panhandle—Fair Tues. and Wed.

Ill.—Unsettled Tuesday, with thunder showers in n. and w.; cooler at night. Wed., probably showers.

Mo.—Unsettled Tues. and Wed., with probable showers; cooler.

Wis.—Showers Tues.; cooler in s. Wed., cloudy.

Minn.—Cloudy Tues. and Wed.; probably showers in n. Tues.; cooler Tues.; fresh winds.

Iowa—Unsettled and cooler, with thunder showers in e. Tues. Wed., probably showers.

N. Dak.—Cloudy and probably unsettled Tues. and Wed.; cooler in e. Tues.; warmer Wed.; fresh n. winds.

S. Dak.—Cloudy Tues. and Wed.; cooler in e. Tues.; warmer Wed.; fresh n. w. winds.

Neb.—Showers Tues. and Wed.; cooler Tues.

Kan.—Unsettled Tues. and Wed., with probable showers by Tues. night; cooler.

LAY LARGEST PHONE CABLE.

Eighty-Six Pairs of Wires Contained in Line Under Raritan Bay.

The laying of the largest submarine telephone cable in the world, that under Raritan Bay between Eltingville, S. I., and Keansburg, N. J., was completed yesterday, according to an announcement by the New York Telephone Company. The work of laying the cable was begun last Friday, with officers of the New York Telephone Company, the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, and the Western Electric Company as witnesses.

The new cable is nearly five and one-half miles in length, and is the longest maximum size duplex submarine cable in existence. There are underwater telephone cables on the Pacific Coast and across the English Channel which are longer than the Raritan Bay cable, but they contain only from two to sixteen pairs of wires, as compared with the seventy-four pairs of wires for transmitting telephone calls and the twelve pairs of wires for testing purposes which are in the Raritan Bay cable. Recently the New York Telephone Company laid a submarine cable of the same capacity, but not so long, across the Hudson River between Tarrytown and Nyack.

Besides completing a new all-cable toll line fifty miles long between New York City and Spring Lake, N. J., the new submarine cable increases the number of circuits available for handling telephone traffic from New York and Newark to telephone central offices in Monmouth and Ocean Counties, N. J., and materially improves the transmission qualities of these circuits. Some of the larger communities served by this toll line are Asbury Park, Long Branch, Red Bank, and Sea Bright.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 11.—Thirty-eight new corporations, having an aggregate capitalization of $1,871,000, were chartered today. They include:

Glassbrook Store Co., Inc., Stony Creek, Warren Co., general mercantile business, $7,500; C. and V. Glassbrook, M. E. Brooks, Stony Creek.

Whiten Mineral Co., Inc., Buffalo, quarrying and construction work, $50,000; F. H. Whitten, A. H. Tennent, A. H. Cormack, Buffalo.

Idasol Realty Corp., Manhattan, realty and construction, $10,000; D. Friedman, S. Salmanshon, M. Welder, 230 East 5th St.

Metropolitan Weather Strip Co., Inc., Manhattan, weather strips and hardware specialties, $10,000; G. A. Robbins, E. F. Bosley, H. H. Mullin, 117 Chambers St.

Crest Picture Corp., Manhattan, motion picture, $50,000; C. E. Carlton, S. Sonnenschein, M. Kegley, Times Building.

U. S. Patent Ink Sales Corp., Manhattan, inks, acids, and paper, $50,000; S. Werner, J. Mann, C. E. Ackerman, 1,502 Broadway.

Edna Millinery Co., Inc., Bronx, millinery and children's clothing, $5,000; A. L. and E. Klopper and A. Galer, 1,095 Prospect Av., Bronx.

The Wakefield-Ridings Realty Co., Inc., Syracuse, real estate and brokerage, $50,000; E. O. and E. W. Ridings, E. D. Wakefield, Syracuse.

Highbrook Arms, Inc., New Rochelle, general real estate, $10,000; E. L. Fallon, J. E. Ryan, J. Watts, New Rochelle.

Independent Koenig Brewing Co., Inc., Auburn, brewing and bottling business, $450,000; C. and W. and C. Koenig, Auburn.

Caswell Construction Co., Inc., Syracuse, construction and contracting; C. and M. A. Caswell, H. H. Vanton, Syracuse.

Northeastern Commercial Corp., Manhattan, exporting and importing, $25,000; W. C. Stone, H. O. Walter, G. J. Connolly, 654 W. 184th St.

M. Lovejoy & Co., Inc., Manhattan, women's wearing apparel, $10,000; E. R. Jacobs, S. Hendelman, R. Lovejoy, 386 W. 152d St.

Parish-Watson & Co., Inc., Port Ewen, maintain art galleries, silversmiths, &c., $1,000,000; M. Dreicer, W. D. N. Perine, M. Parish-Watson, 471 Park Av.

The Castine Ship Corp., Inc., Patchogue, bathing pavilion and restaurant, $10,000; D. and E. Hedges, C. A. Beach, Patchogue.

Louis G. Cronheim & Co., Inc., Manhattan, laces and veilings, $10,000; L. G. and N. B. Cronheim, H. E. Van Benschoten, 1,746 Topping Av.

Lounis & Co., Inc., Manhattan, fancy paper goods and novelties, $10,000; A. Lounis, A. C. Otto, V. J. Cagliostro, 277 B'way.

Brandman Schuffman Corp., Manhattan, silk wool and other textiles fabrics, $20,000; S. and M. Schuffman, A. Brandmen, 16 W. 111th St.

Milbaur & Mostofsky, Inc., Manhattan, ladies' and misses' garments, $5,000; W. and A. Mostofsky, S. A. Milbaur, 2,085 Lexington Av.

Jay White Mfg. Co., Inc., Brooklyn, drugs, chemicals and dyestuffs, $5,000; M. Hillowitz, C. Jacobs, B. Rabinovits, 895 Georgia Av., Brooklyn.

French-American Mfg. Co., Inc., Manhattan, hats, caps, and general headwear, $10,000; E. Lefkowitz, G. A. and R. Colvin, 848 E. 167th St.

Capital Increases—Superior Seal and Label Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $14,000; Naples Canning Co., Inc., Atlantic, N. Y., $20,000 to $30,000; George Broadhurst Corp., Manhattan, $1,000 to $100,000; William Call Bitmo Co., Manhattan, $15,000 to $30,000.

Reorganization: The Taggert Bros. Co., Inc., Manhattan, 4,000 shares preferred stock to $100 each, 2,000 shares common stock no par value, active capital $650,000.

Authorizations: Rionor Silk Co., Inc., Pennsylvania, manufacture and sell silk, (no capital given.) Representative, W. E. Kappur, 440 4th Av.

Alliance Shipping Co., Inc., Maine, build and operate boats, navigation, and transportation, $300,000. Representative, M. Van Rensselaer, 15 Broadway.

J. F. Patton & Co., Delaware, buy and sell pulp, paper, &c., $100,000. Representative, J. F. Patton, 38 West 42d St.

Dissolutions: George Ronsse Baking Co., Inc., Manhattan; Indian Church Road Land Co., Inc., Buffalo; Stoller, Lisbenthal & Eliner, Manhattan; Brooklyn Live Poultry Dealers' Associates, Inc., Brooklyn; Hill & Wrubel, Inc., Manhattan; W. D. Watt Mfg. Co., Herkimer; Bowe Granite Co., Albany.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., June 11.—Charters filed: United Grocery Co., Newark, deal in groceries and other food stuffs, $10,000; Abraham Geller, Joseph Geller, and Samuel Burgstein, Newark.

Elite Realty Co., Newark, deal in real estate of every description, $10,000; Henry Vander Reest, Patrick Campbell, and Julius Glaser, New York.

Raldi and Garow, Inc., Jersey City, conduct a general advertising business, $100,000; Samuel B. Collins, Alfred K. Moe, and F. Rurede, Jersey City.

Valley Farm and Realty Co., Township of Mendham, to own and sell live stock, $10,000; Luther Martin, West Hampton, L. I.; Luther Martin, Jr., West Orange, and Lillian Lewis, New York City.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., June 11.—Charters filed: Wonder Paper and Fabric Co., manufacture, buy, sell, and deal in and with all kinds of paper, leather, cardboard, $2,100,000; Herbert E. Latter, Henry M. Robinson, Clement M. Egner, local Wilmington (Del.) incorporators.

The Commandenza Shipbuilding and Drydock Co., build and operate boats, vessels, &c., $1,000,000; F. D. Buck, K. M. Longfield, M. L. Horty, local Wilmington (Del.) incorporators.

Crescent Rubber Corporation, deal in and with rubber and its products, $1,500,000; H. R. Kelly, Elgin, Ill.; George H. Gilberts, R. S. Hanford, Chicago.

The Richards Co., deal in and with building material of all kinds, $1,500,000; Herbert E. Latter, Clement M. Egner, Henry M. Robinson, local Wilmington (Del.) incorporators.

Irvine Kentuck Oil Co., acquire oil lands and develop the same, $1,000,000; Arnold N. Steinberg, Lexington, Ky.; John H. Wynmen, Chester C. Mercey, John H. McBride, Abraham Voorhees, New York.

Intercoast Gulf Oil Co., produce and refine oil and its products, $6,000; D. L. Peters, J. Fried, M. Caldwell, all of New York.

AUCTION SALES. AUCTION SALES.

CHARLES SHONGOOD, United States Auctioneer.

Will sell at public auction on

THURSDAY, JUNE 14, 1917,

at 10:30 A. M. pursuant to an order of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, made in the matter of

A. J. CRAWFORD COMPANY,

Bankrupt, on behalf of Julius Lewis as chattel mortgagee, the property located at the premises of A. J. Crawford Company,

No. 5 EAST 48TH STREET,

Borough of Manhattan, New York City. The property consists of

Art Furniture, Curios, Antiques, Chinaware, Silverware and other rare and valuable articles of Household Furniture and Decorations, such as Mahogany Furniture, Chippendale Furniture, Satinwood Furniture, Glassware, Tapestry, Mahogany Clock, Tea Sets, Andirons, Antique Jewelry, Open Furniture, Safe, Desk, Table, Chairs, Oriental Rugs.

The property may be examined on any day between now and the day of sale and catalogues of sale may be had upon application at the premises at any time after Monday, the 11th day of June, and for further particulars application may be made either to the Auctioneer at his place of business, No. 539 Broadway, or to Leo Oppenheimer, attorney for the chattel mortgagee, No. 80 Wall Street.

Important Trade Sale at Public Auction to the highest bidder.

VAN PRAAG & CO., Auctrs.

will THURSDAY, June 14th, 1917, commencing at 10:30 A. M., at their sales rooms, 15-17 Greene St., N. Y. C.

200,000 Feet of LEATHER

in chromed tannage black bearded side leather in the highest grade and quality that can be had in this class of leather, suitable for manufacturers of Shoes, Leather Suit Cases, Belts, Suspender trimmings, etc. It is an unusual occurrence for a staple commodity of this kind, especially under present market conditions, to be placed at public auction to the highest bidder, and manufacturers should not fail to attend this sale.

Further particulars at Auctioneer's office, or telephone Spring 2302-3.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 28343.

Notice is given that JOSEPH WEINTRAUB, a bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on July 18, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Dated New York, June 11, 1917.

AUCTIONEERS.

HIRAM H. PARKE, Art Auctioneer Galleries, 324-326 Broadway, M. Y. City.

BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

BRAIDS, buttons, trimmings, ornaments, novelties; cash for jobs, any description. Spring 7950.

CASES SQUIRREL, 3-inch stripe, also plushes and velours. Chelsea 2706.

CHINCHILLAS, Raritans 1272s, &c.; will pay cash. Phone Spring 1304.

CLOTHS—BOTANY, F. & H. Columbia broadcloth, kersey, American velour, for cash. Madison Square 4962.

CLOTHING CONTRACTOR with 20 machines wants work, military coats or sailor blouses. Singer, 382 Bowery. Phone Spring 8022.

COATS, SUITS, AND DRESSES for mail order houses; will look Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, 9 to 11:30. Williams, Belmont & Co., 23 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

COATS.—Will look at children's and infants' coats; snappy style. Call Harry Rubin, 24 W. 28th St.

COATS AND SUITS.—Looking at coats and suits every morning. 152 W. 27th St., one flight up.

COATS.—Jobber placing orders on Fall coats. 5th floor, 45 West 27th St.

COATS, SUITS.—Looking at better grade Fall line. 131 West 26th St., 4th floor.

COATS, SUITS.—Jobber looking at snappy styles; third floor, 11 West 25th St.

COATS.—Looking at coats all week. 43 West 27th, 5th floor.

COTTON GOODS.—Interested in large offerings, white muslins, cambrics, nainsooks, spots or futures. Phone Gramercy 4006. Dept. W.

CUTTING MACHINE, straight knife. Phone Chelsea 2736.

DRESSES.—Jobber looking at children's dresses, Fall, 6-14, better grade. Call with samples, 2-6 P. M., 15 West 24th, 4th floor.

DRESSES.—Contractors wanted on taffeta and serge dresses; call with samples. Excel Mfg. Co., 145 West 30th.

DRESSES.—Jobber placing orders on serge and new Fall silk dresses. Call with samples, 11th floor, 54 West 26th St.

DRESSES.—Contractors for better grade silk and serge dresses. Call with samples, 3d floor, 153 West 23d St.

DRESSES.—Contractor for medium-price silk dresses. Call, with samples, 12 West 31st St., third floor.

DRESSES.—Contractors wanted on ladies' silk dresses, better grade. 22 West 26th St., 4th floor.

DRESSES.—Jobber looking at Fall silk and serge dresses. Call with samples, 7th floor, 51 West 28th St.

GABARDINE.—Garfield 4976-5008, tan, 25 pieces, or similar fabric. J. Hert & Sons, 99 Madison Av. Mad. Sq. 8585.

GEORGETTES, flesh and white, for spot cash. Columbia Ladies' Waist Co., 149 Spring St. Telephone Spring 8390.

JOBBER wanted; we are sub-manufacturing for the last 4 years and are looking for a jobber who can keep us busy on 30 machines. Farr. 2138.

LONSDALE JEANS.—Will buy quantity for cash. Phone Spring 2058.

PLUSH.—Will buy any quantity of Salts's plush, for cash. Farr. 9802.

POPLINS.—Open for P. P. L. or 767 green poplin; also wide wale corduroy 3150, brown and navy, at a price. H. B. Schwartz, 127 West 26th St.

POPLINS.—Can use all shades, both Spring and Fall; large lots preferred; pay cash. Woolens, P 29 Times.

POPLINS, Serges, etc.; will buy any quantity. T. Weinberg & Son, 144 W. 27th.

POPLINS.—Open to buy 300 pieces for cash; all colors. P 30 Times.

POPLIN.—Light gray, any mill. D. Bussell & Co., 40 West 22d.

POIRET TWILL—Tan shade wanted. Posner-Marinace, 31 West 31st; Madison Sq. 478.

SERGES.—Will exchange navy for black; style 5.5.5.5046. Farragut 622.

SILKS.—Will buy silks of all description, large or small quantities. 3867 Mad. Sq.

SILKS, part pieces and short lengths; also white khaki-kool. P 22 Times.

SILKS, direct from mill; crepes, wash satins, Jap silks, etc. Henry J. Jackson, 20 E. 20th.

SILKS.—Will buy silks in stripes and plaids for cash. Chelsea 492.

STRIPES.—Will buy stripes and plaids, taffeta and satin. 1231 Madison Square.

SUITS.—Will place stock orders on suits and broadcloth coats; snappy styles; call. Rothstein and Nelson, 129 West 29th.

SUITS.—Jobber placing stock orders. Call all week, first floor, 14 West 31st St.

WAISTS.—Lewin Neiman of Pittsburgh are open to buy jobs of waists for spot cash. Call with samples Tuesday morning. S. Solomon, 470 4th Av.

WOOLENS.—Will buy any quantity mixtures, light and heavy weights; also navy blue and black serges, all makes; spot cash. Elias Surut, 19-21 Greene St. Tel. 9097 Spring.

WOOL CREPE.—Open for Juilliard's No. 3904 in burgundy and colors. F 92 Times.

WOOL VELOUR, American 544; will buy any quantity; spot cash. J 160 Times.

WOOL VELOURS.—Open to buy for cash. Farragut 2947.

Offerings to Buyers

ADDRESSOGRAPH, Model B, with table; 14 drawers; good frames; like new; used about three times; few extra attachments. Freydberg Bros., 44 West 18th.

BOYS' SUITS.—Boys' wash suits, 178 dozen, $6-$12; closing out. Dainty, 9 West 20th St. Chelsea 8874.

BROADCLOTH.—29 pieces white broadcloth, 22 pieces white flannel; will close low figure. Stuyvesant 4542.

BURELLA.—American, style 09037, all colors; will sell reasonable. F 157 Times.

COATS.—See our all-wool American poplin coats, length 48 inches, full sweep, in the sizes 14 to 20 only, black, at $6.75 net. A most wonderful value for sales. I. & B. Sapiro Cloak Co., 37-45 West 20th St.

COATS.—Jobs in ladies', children's, and infants' Spring coats, to close out very cheap. Fidelity Cloak Co., 135 West 17th. Chelsea 6122.

COATS.—Kayser silk jersey sport coats, all colors; exceptional values; immediate delivery. Goldberg & Rosenblatt, 137 W. 25th St.

COATS.—Silk plush, 48 inches long, 72-inch sweep, 11-inch collar; belt nicely trimmed; guaranteed lining; $10.50. Merit, 22 W. 27th.

COATS.—500 Fall velour coats; latest models to close out at $4.25 apiece. Botwinick & Asinovsky, 55 East 8th St., 1st floor.

COATS.—Jobs in ladies' and misses' Spring coats; close out very cheap. S. & M. Silverstein, 12 West 27th.

COATS-SUITS to close out; sport, jersey, taffetas, satin, velours, all shades; splendid assortment. J. & M. Schwartz, 22 West 32d.

COATS AND SUITS.—Palm Beach silks and cloth to close out. T. Weinberg & Sons, 144 West 27th.

COATS.—Charmeuse, satin, taffeta, on racks to close out. Meseritzky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th St.

COATS.—100 desirable ladies' coats, close out, own price. Denne, 27 West 24th.

COATS, SUITS.—New styles; all shades; low prices. Talbot Co., 114 West 27th.

COATS, SUITS to close; desirable styles; all colors. Jacobus Bros., 1,261 Broadway.

COATS-SUITS to close out; poplins, serges, and velours. Plager, 46 West 27th.

COATS.—Corduroy coats to close out, $1.50 each. I. Novick, 40 West 26th.

COATS.—Silk, jersey coats, exceptional style and values. I. Novick, 40 West 28th.

DRESSES-SUITS.—We have in stock for immediate delivery navy taffeta dresses in jersey silk, and bongee sport suits, $7.50 up. Tip Top Dress, 134 West 37th.

DRESSES.—250 navy taffeta, for immediate delivery; also 150 tussahs to close out. Gress & Leibowitz, 134 West 26th.

DRESSES.—300 silk afternoon and evening dresses to close out. Globe Dress & Suit Co., 19 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—Nifty navy, taffeta dresses for immediate delivery. Dicker & Ginsberg, 148 West 30th St.

DRESSES.—Navy taffeta; also gingham and cottons; splendid values. Glockner, 40 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—Taffeta and bets, to close very cheap. Normana Dress Co., 1,263 Broadway.

DRESSES.—200 white misses' children's, to close out, cheap. Subin, 36 West 20th.

DRESSES, navy, taffeta, and georgette, to close out. Modern Costume, 138 West 21st.

DRESSES, Coats, and Suits, to close out. 43 W. 24th, top floor.

EMBROIDERIES.—Domestic, large stock; closing out at sacrifice. Meyer Barish, 346 Broadway.

MOHAIR and Sicilliana.—Immediate delivery for coat trade direct importers. Arthur Walker & Co., 345 Broadway. Phone Franklin 8886.

PIECE GOODS.—Wool jerseys, Yo-san silks, wool plushes at clearance prices. Phone 969 Greeley. Mr. Leifer.

PLUSH.—For sale cheap, 4,500 yards 56-inch striped plush, suitable for upholstery, cloak and export trades. Unity Co., 615 South 8th St., Philadelphia, Penn.

RAGS and remnants, also gray goods; large stock; special prices. F 162 Times.

SATINS, wash; Dutchess, crepe de chines, immediate delivery. Marks Benner, Mad. Sq. 9280.

SERGE.—Will sell 6301 and 7301 serge, all colors, also Sidney Blumenthal Carany. Call Mad. Sq. 6130.

SERGE.—Botany 12215, green, $1.50; Thugut's 16-ounce Jersey, $1.50 net. Farragut 2016.

SILKS.—White yarn-dyed satins and taffetas; immediate delivery. E. E. Elwood, 11 Madison Av.

SKIRTS AND DRESSES.—Silverbloom suits to close out. Rosella, 127 West 17th.

SKIRTS, COATS.—Silk jersey skirts, $2.75, and coats, $5 up. Daily Wales, 5 West 19th.

Offerings to Buyers

SKIRTS.—Have on hand 2,000 wash skirts, assorted materials, styles and sizes; ready to ship, arranging in prices from $18-$36 per doz.; willing to close out at a special price, $12 net; also have 150 black and navy taffeta skirts at $3 net. Itzkowitz Bros., 245 7th Av., corner 24th St. Telephone Farr. 9043.

STOLES.—Capes in plush, moleskin, all fur effects; we are headquarters in this line. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th St.

SUITS, navy poplin, for immediate delivery, at special price. Hirschhorn, 12 West 27th.

SUITS.—Must close out, sacrifice price. D. Gutman Co., 48 West 24th.

TAFFETAS.—Retiring from silk department; closing out large quantities of black and navy taffetas. Dorothea Silk Mills, 119 West 25th St.

TRICOTINE, 25 pieces navy and black; will close low figure. Orchard 2740.

VELVETEENS.—24-inch twill back, all colors, to close out, 85c.; plain back, black, only 50c. F 153 Times.

VELVETS.—Good quality in one to five yard lengths, black and colors, at 60c. per yard. 7984 Spring.

WAISTS.—Attention, waist buyers! Georgettes and crepe de chines; best values in town. Standard Silk Waist Co., 524 B'way.

WAISTS.—300 dozen cotton waists to close, valued $18 to $27, low price. Arsdale Blouse Co., 153 West 27th.

WAISTS.—Georgette and cotton waists, close out, reasonable prices. Deutschman Bros., 15 West 20th St.

WASH SKIRTS.—500 dozen khaki kools, stripes, whites, seconds, and perfects to close $5.50 dozen up. Queen, 149 W. 36th.

WASH SKIRTS.—Immediate delivery, $6.50 per doz. up. A. Russakow, 136 West 21st St.

WASH DRESSES.—2,000 to close out. S. Simon, 135 West 27th St.

WOOL.—Jersey rose, formerly $2.10 per yard, close out $1.26. Farragut 9728.

Help and Situations Wanted.

SALESMAN who can sell military equipments wishes position reliable firm. M 292 Times Downtown.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday.....5 per cent. for the best names
Saturday.....5
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Hats and Parasols to Match.

Dealers in fancy ginghams are selling light open checks in delicate colors to be made up into garden hats and parasols to match. The hats are simple, in the order of the shade hat, and the parasol is of plain shape, with simple wood handle, light in tone as a rule. The combination is pretty, worn on Summer mornings with a white frock in the country or at the sea shore.

Few Fancies in Dress Goods.

Dress goods factors believe that, until normal conditions return, there will be few goods placed on the market in the nature of fancies. The Fall demand has been strictly on staple goods such as poiret twills, tricotines, poplins, and serges. Sellers reason out that in confining themselves to staples they are running less risk. In event of a sudden change, a fair percentage can always be realized on merchandise of the ordinary variety, whereas fancy goods might have to be sacrificed at very large reductions.

Burlap Shipments Very Small.

Burlaps continue to attract a strong demand, with spot supplies low and much smaller shipments than usual. The report for May shows that only 42,000,000 pounds were received on the East and West coasts of this country and Canada. This is said to be the first time that the receipts have been bulked, and shipments for the East coast have ordinarily exceeded the combined figures by from 10,000,000 to 15,000,000 pounds. Prices quoted yesterday were as follows: 10 ounces, 12.50 cents; 10¼ ounces, 12.75 cents; 7½ ounces, 9.50 cents, and 8 ounces, 9.75 cents.

Form-Fitting Soft Collars.

The form fit idea, brought out by a leading shirt and collar concern, has been carried out in soft collars upon which the first orders are now being taken. The advantage claimed for the design is that the shaping of the collar band to fit over the shoulder eliminates the unsightly wrinkling that appears soon after the old type collar has been put on. Another feature to the new soft collar design is the use of a collar button to bring the fronts together where formerly a button was placed.

Trend Toward Wide Ribbons.

In two weeks' time the ribbon trade will be called upon to supply the needs of the milliners. Lines are now prepared for the buyers, but manufacturers naturally do not want to say much about what they have to present. Some general information is forthcoming, however, and the trend is expected to bring wide ribbons into more general use. It is predicted that 40, 50, and 54 ligne goods will be largely sought, and there will be a fair showing of fancy effects. At present some business is being done on 80 ligne fancies.

Designs in Cretonne.

Designs in cretonnes run largely to the Chinese and Oriental which are popular. An attempt has been made to bring in Egyptian designs, but they are less well known, are more or less crude and do not harmonize with the furnishings of the average home when they are used for upholsteries or draperies. One of the attractive designs in cretonne among those just out is semi-Japanese. There is a trellis with the Japanese cherry blossoms, and a gray little bird perches at intervals in different postures throughout the pattern. The design comes in different combinations of colors.

For the Stout Collar Wearer.

Quite a good deal of trouble has been experienced by haberdashers in fitting their stout customers with soft collars. Allowances have to be made in these collars for shrinkage. When the stout party finds that his size 17 slightly overlaps his collar button when he first puts it on, he objects. The fact of the matter is, however, that soft collars are not laundered by the makers, because the finish which the retailers desire would be lost. Consequently when they are washed there is a shrinkage. In the case of a size 17 one inch is lost, and the stout party must take this into account.

Silk for the Civilian Trade.

Quite a little interest has been aroused in the silk trade by the suggestion that silk may be substituted in a number of cases for more expensive woolen goods. A leading manufacturer pointed out yesterday that, besides the fact that a silk dress of good quality can be bought more cheaply than a woolen one, the garment manufacturer may decide to use more silk because he will have more assurance of being able to fill his orders as war time conditions will not affect his source of supply. The garment maker, he stated, will realize the uncertainty of production based in a large part on any other material than silk.

Suit Demand on Normal Basis.

Although the Fall buying is not well under way as yet, factors in the garment trade have not much complaint to make over the outlook. From the road the orders are being put in for one garment of a size. This, however, is the usual practice of the buyers at this time, and the trade is considered to be in fairly normal shape. What makes the manufacturers believe that Fall business will be up to the mark is that the lines being shown reflect the spirit of the time. "Safe and sane" merchandise, according to one man, is the order of the day. The trade is expected to become active within a month.

Prices on Gray Goods Withdrawn.

Owing to the rise in cotton yesterday afternoon prices on gray goods were withdrawn. This action came as the climax of a day of very active trading, with price increases almost all along the line. The aggregate sales reached an unusually large volume. For July-August delivery of 38½-inch, 64-60s, 10 cents was asked, and for the same construction for shipments, July to January, the price was 9¾ cents. There were sales of 80-48s at 8¾ cents and 12½ cents was paid for August-September delivery of 72-70s. Eighty squares for this and next month sold at 13½ cents. Following were the quotations before prices were withdrawn:

39-inch, 80-80s.....12½c|38½-inch, 64-60s..10c
39-inch, 72-72s.....11½c|38½-inch, 64-48s..9½c
39-inch, 68-72s.....11½c|38½-inch, 64-64s..9½c
39-inch, 64-64s.....10½c|38½-inch, 64-56s..9½c
38½-inch, 64-60s..10½c|37-inch, 64-64s..9½c

To Arrive.

FORMS BROOKLYN CHAMBER.

Manufacturers' Association of Borough Broadens Scope.

The Manufacturers' Association of Brooklyn voted yesterday to broaden its scope by changing its title to Chamber of Commerce of Brooklyn. The association, which is more than twenty-three years old, has been active in advocating the Brooklyn spirit. "One for all, all for one, and every one for Brooklyn."

To proselyte or contribute to the elimination of organisations having fields of operation in which they are needed and fitted to serve, would not be any part of the plan of the chamber it was said yesterday. Its desire is to continue its regular line of work and advocate vigorously a unification of effort wherever practicable on the part of individuals and organisations.

TAXIS REPLACE FREE LUNCH.

Jersey Liquor Dealers Will Take Care of Intoxicated Persons.

TRENTON, N. J., June 11.—In an effort to check prohibition and local option sentiment, the Mercer County Liquor Dealers' Association announced today that henceforth free lunches will be eliminated in saloons and hotels in the county and liquor will be refused to intoxicated persons, who will be sent home in taxicabs at the expense of the Liquor Dealers' Association.

In addition, the request of any member of a family not to sell to another member will be obeyed. The sale of cheap whisky will be forbidden and beer will be limited to fourteen-ounce glasses.

Why Oriental Goods Cost More.

While there is a large preponderance of Oriental goods on the market owing to the inability to get goods from other places, the dealers in these goods are having their own troubles. A big Japanese wholesale house which has been doing business over 40 years in this city says that the increase in the cost of shipping is phenomenal even in these troubled times. Freight on merchandise which formerly was $2.50 a ton now costs from $30 to $40. England having withdrawn her lines from her home ports to her colonies, the Japanese steamship lines running hitherto directly between Japan and this country are now picking up the ports England has dropped, hence the difficulty of getting freight service and the increased cost. This adds to the prices of goods.

BUSINESS RECORDS

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

In Town.

KENNEDY, MITCHELL & CO., INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Kennedy, Mitchell & Co., 35 Wall Street, by these creditors: Frederic A. De Pelis of Matteon, Va., $20,000, for salary and expenses; Mutual Alliance Trust Company, $3,863, and George P. Pratt of Chicago, $200. KING, DAVIDSON & CO., INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against King, Davidson & Co., Inc., manufacturers of dresses, 151 West 30th Street, by these creditors: Kate Davidson, $500; M. A. Dessoff, $10, and Henry Greenstein, $100. It was alleged that the corporation had transferred its assets. Judge Manton appointed Myles Furvin receiver, in bond of $10,000. Liabilities are $40,000, and assets $20,000.

LORETTA CORPORATION.—Judge Manton has appointed James A. Foley receiver of the Loretta Corporation of 54 Canal Street, in bond of $2,500. It was organized in 1914 to take over the assets of Meyer Jarmulowsky, private banker, who had arranged a composition with his creditors. It is alleged that the whereabouts of Meyer Jarmulowsky are unknown. The company was managed by a brother, Elias Jarmulowsky, against whom a petition in bankruptcy was filed on May 11, and a receiver was appointed. The assets consist of a great many parcels of real estate.

MAX PSAITY.—Judge Manton has appointed E. Bright Wilson receiver for Max Psaity, builder and contractor, 147 East 125th St., in bond of $2,000. Liabilities are $25,000, and assets $4,000.

PEERLESS WHEEL COMPANY.—Judge Manton has appointed Paul Gruber ancillary receiver for the property in this city of the Peerless Wheel Company of Pittsburgh, Penn., the New York office of which is at Columbus Circle, in a suit brought by Mrs. W. Johnston, John Schweiss, and other stockholders. A receiver was appointed in Pittsburgh and Chicago in May.

LEVINSON & WEYLE, Inc., dealers in meat, 1,074 Lexington Avenue, has filed schedules showing liabilities of $3,593 and assets of $2,923.

CHARLES WILDER, trading under the name of Leon Wilder & Sons, has made an assignment to Moses Feld. He was a jobber in jewelry at 580 Broadway. The business was established by Leon Wilder in 1861.

LONG & HELLER, INC.,=manufacturers of lantern slides, 124 East Twenty-third Street, has made an assignment to Julius A. Newman.

LOUIS STEINGARTEN, grocer, 365 East Broadway, has made an assignment to Joseph Suchoff.

LEVY & BAIRD.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Levy & Baird, 44 Court Street, Brooklyn, by the following creditors: Solomon Gunner, $1,000; Samuel Brill, $100, and Louis Stern, $20. They made an assignment to William J. Mooney.

GEORGE C. LONGYEAR, garage owner, 41 Marion Street, Brooklyn, has filed a petition in bankruptcy. Liabilities, $2,434.98; assets, $187.50.

WILLI

COMMITTEE DROPS RIVERSIDE PLAN

Asks Board of Estimate to Relieve It from Further Responsibility.

OTTINGER BILL IS BLAMED

Controller Prendergast Says Its "Arbitrary Provisions" Make Proposed Agreement Impossible.

The proposed agreement between the city and the New York Central Railroad Company regarding the west side improvement was declared off yesterday, so far as the Port and Terminal Committee of the Board of Estimate and the railroad company were concerned. At a meeting of the committee in Controller Prendergast's office the Controller declared that because of the arbitrary and mandatory provisions of the Ottinger bill, signed by Governor Whitman, which gives the Public Service Commission joint power with the Board of Estimate in settling the west side matter, the proposed agreement could not be carried out.

After Vice President Ira Place of the New York Central Railroad asserted that upon the enactment of the bill all the obligations his road had entered into with the city were canceled, the committee adopted a resolution requesting the Board of Estimate that it be discharged "from all further responsibility as far as the proposed form of agreement is concerned." The committee will make its report to the Board of Estimate at the meeting on Friday and will present a resolution providing for the appointment of the three board members on the Conference Committee, which will also have two members from the Public Service Commission, as provided for in the Ottinger bill.

It was said yesterday that the railroad officials will refuse to make the same concessions again to the city, and if it is ordered to do so, the matter will be taken to the courts. Those present at yesterday's meeting, besides the Controller and Mr. Place, were the Mayor, Borough Presidents Marks and Pounds, Dock Commissioner R. A. C. Smith, Deputy Commissioner A. Harrison, and Consulting Engineer Schaefer. The Controller recited at length what had happened at the various meetings of the committee and what terms had been finally agreed upon, and concluded:

"It will be noted that the fundamental basis of such proposed agreement was a present settlement of the entire matter, so far as property valuations were concerned, for all time. In other words, the company was to know what the cost of the new right of way was to be, and under the terms of the proposed agreement, by reason of the large expenditures for park and other municipal improvements, that cost was largely in excess of any real estate value which had been or could be placed thereon."

It was said yesterday that the Board of Estimate on Friday would in all probability accept the suggestion of the committee and discharge it.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.
By Henry Brady.

Southern Boulevard, e s, 122 ft s of Jennings St, 75x100, vacant; Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank against Rosa Smith et al.; R. & E. J. O'Gorman, attorneys; due, $6,694.34; taxes, &c., $328.62; to the plaintiff for $6,000.

By James J. Donovan.

176th St, e s, 100 ft e of Anthony Av, 210x134x irregular, vacant; Moreland Mortgage Co. against Ambrose Realty Co. et al.; Alexander & G., attorneys; due, $12,589.99; taxes, &c.; $1,847.75; to the plaintiff for $10,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Washington Av, w s, 81 ft n of 178th St, for a one story brick garage, 81x33; Pompei Construction Co., Antonio Bonagusi, on premises, owner; M. W. Del Gaudio, 401 Tremont Av, architect; cost, $1,000.

151st St, n s, 325 ft w of Courtlandt Av, for a one-story brick garage, 25x25; Ferdinand Thomas, 357 East 156th St, owner; Moore & Landeldel, 3d Av. and 148th St, architects; cost, $500.

215th St, n s, 300 ft e of Bronxwood Av, for a one-story stone garage, 25x24; Constantino Birdine & Co., 214th St. and Bronxwood Av, owners; Anthony J. De Pace, 637 Post St, architect; cost, $500.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

Broadway, 216, Ann St, 10 to 18, and Fulton St, 153 to 159, to a one-story bank; National Park Bank, premises, owner; D. Barber, 101 Park Av, architect; cost, $30,000.

Brook Av, e s, 154.37 ft s of 167th St, to a two-story brick factory, 98.91x118.6; Giles W. Lebing, 2 West 45th St, owner; S. J. Stammers, 320 5th Av, architect; cost, $6,000.

Mott St, 128 and 130, to a seven-story factory; E. C. Rueff, premises, owner; H. Regelman, 133 East 7th St, architect; cost, $5,000.

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

8TH AV, 96, all; Frederick Frevert to L. Krongold, 96 8th Av, 5 years from May 1, 1917; address, on the premises.....$1,380

110TH ST, 55 East, east store floor and basement; Louis H. Rayner to Philip Zimmerman, on the premises, 5 years from May 1, 1917.....$780

Bronx.

ALEXANDER AV, 88 and 90, and 133d St, 834 and 840 East, all; Patrick Goodman to George W. Demarest, 140 Alexander Av, 10 years, from June 1; attorney, Wallace B. Fraser, 2,806 3d Av.....$7,500

133D ST, 453, 455, and 457 East, all; same to same, 10 years, from June 1; attorney, same.....$8,000 to $3,200

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

PIKE ST, 64; Sam Michelow against Fred Runeta, notice of attachment; attorney, S. N. Tuckman.

3D AV, 1,587; Adelaide C. Korner against Moses Nussbaum et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, W. G. Whaley.

167TH ST, 17 East; Farmers' Loan and Trust Co. against Martin Schrenkeisen et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Geller, Bolston & Horan.

Bronx.

194TH ST, s s, 329 ft w of Willow Av, 17.7x108.4; Carolina Bersani against Frederick A. Lane et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, J. J. Stahl.

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

BOLTON ROAD, e s, intersection centre line of 214th St and 215th St, 284x177x280x237; Max Rosenbaum against Cornelius Kahlen, owner; John Peralder, lessee, contractor.$39

JOHN ST, 15; John T. Lind against John B. Cockcroft, owner; F. B. Monell, contractor.....$559

84TH ST, 64 East; Thomas Galligan, Inc., against E. W. Dickerson, owner; Louis Green, contractor.....$280

116TH ST, 8 and 5 West; Ikonowitz Glass Co., Inc., against Louis Hyman, owner; Peaty Construction Co., contractor.....$105

137TH ST, 166 East; Epstein & Dienstfriend against Edward Quittner, owner; William Kits, contractor.....$29

137TH ST, 164 East; same against same.$31

Bronx.

MATTHEWS AV, 1,917; Israel Bornstein against Joseph and Marie Adamec, owners; Joseph Adamec, contractor.....$40

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

1ST AV, n w corner of 24 St; Joseph Moss against estate of Herman Fichter et al., Nov. 21, 1916.....$623

97TH ST, 204 and 206 West; Clements Contracting Co. against Graphic Arts Realty Co. et al., May 16, 1917.....$76

115TH ST, 31 West; American Elevator and Machine Corporation against Regina Rothchild et al., May 31, 1917.....$266

123D ST, 468 and 470 West; Wander Iron Works against Bromar Realty Co. et al., Dec. 5, 1916.....$488

State Gets $31,391 Inheritance Tax.

Transfer Tax Appraiser Clark of Westchester County filed his appraisal at Mount Vernon yesterday of the estate of the late Ernest Simons, a Port Chester manufacturer, at $1,145,318. The inheritance tax which the State collects amounts to $31,391. The estate is made up principally of $100,000 worth of bonds of the Simons Company and 631 shares of the same corporation valued at $810,-166. The factory building and other real estate left by Mr. Simons, who was the pioneer shirt manufacturer of Port Chester, is appraised at $56,975.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

An interesting deal in the downtown coffee centre was closed yesterday in the purchase by Adolph C. Israel of the five-story building at 103 Front Street, northwest corner of Jones Lane, covering a plot 21.10 by 71.6 feet. It was bought from Thomas Mathews through the brokerage firm of Leonard J. Carpenter. The property is a few doors south of Wall Street and the buyer is a coffee importer of 107 Front Street, who owns other parcels in the vicinity. It is the third deal made in the block by the same brokers within six months.

Artists' Homes in Charlton Street.

William S. Coffin, who recently purchased several old dwellings in Charlton Street from the Trinity Church Corporation, has recently increased his holdings there by acquiring the four residences, 28 to 32, each twenty-five feet front, from the estate of Francis C. Cummings. The Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company were the brokers. Mr. Coffin now owns the nine houses on the south side of Charlton Street, from 16 to 32 inclusive, and five on the north side, being 27 to 31 and 39 and 41, between Varick and Macdougal Streets. Varick Street has lately been widened for the Seventh Avenue extension

This Charlton Street block contained some of the most attractive of the old time Greenwich Village homes, and several of those purchased by Mr. Coffin retain evidences of their former charm. He is having them remodeled in keeping with their Colonial characteristics into rest homes for artists and others. The work is being done by the architects Henry W. Wilkinson and Max G. Heidelberg and several have been leased. The rear yards are being transformed into artistic gardens.

Heights Apartment Sale.

The five-story apartment house at 237 and 239 West 142d Street, 50 by 99.11, has been purchased by a client of Bing & Bing from Mrs. E. K. Gunning, who acquired it in a trade a short time ago. Slawson & Hobbs were the brokers.

Times Square Hotel Transfer.

Title to the Times Square Hotel at 206 West Forty-third Street, 30 by 100.5, has been transferred by Morris Newgold to the Atlantic Dock Company. The consideration was the cancellation of a mortgage for $159,000 and the assumption of $20,000 in taxes.

Harlem Church Transferred.

The transfer was recorded yesterday from the New York City Baptist Mission Society to the Metropolitan Baptist Church of the church property at 45 and 47 West 134th Street, 150 by 99.11 between Fifth and Lenox Avenues. The consideration was $21,962, and a mortgage was taken back of $21,462.

Dividing Old Simpson-Crawford Building.

An important change is about to be made to the former Simpson-Crawford department store building on Sixth Avenue in the alterations for which the contract has been let to John I. Downey for the portion on the northwest corner of Nineteenth Street, being 307 and 309 Sixth Avenue. That corner is owned by Lord William Waldorf Astor. It is a 7½-story structure and the changes will consist in the equipment of new elevators and a sprinkling system, with the floors fitted up as lofts. It will be entirely separated from the remainder of the big structure. M. & L. Hess, Inc. have been appointed agents of the building.

Recent Buyers.

John A. Burns was the buyer of the four-story residence at 581 West End Avenue, northwest corner of Eighty-eighth Street, on plot 30.8 by 83.4, sold by William H. S. Houghton.

Orton G. Orr has taken title to the dwelling at 315 Riverside Drive, sold recently by Slawson & Hobbs for Everett and N. Randolph Jacobs.

Judge Gustav T. Manton was the purchaser of the five-story dwelling at 38 East Sixty-eighth Street, 16 by 100.5, sold by Sophie J. Hammerling.

Bronx Sales.

The two six-story apartment houses at 1,437 and 1,439 Boston Road, each on plot 26.5 by 100, and the vacant plot at 1,453 and 1,455 Boston Road, 63 by 130, have been sold by the State Building Department in settlement of the Adolf Mendel bankruptcy case.

The dwelling at 1,486 Vyse Avenue, 25 by 100, near Jennings Street, has been purchased by Minnie Berger from Hermine Roth.

The northwest corner of Union Avenue and 168th Street, 22.6 by 96.8 has been sold by Henry M. Denton to Irene W. Hartt.

The four-story flat at 354 St. Ann's Avenue has been sold by Nicholas Lopard for James Shea to Henry Wolger.

Sale in Westchester Club Grounds.

Max B. Kaesche purchased at auction for $33,000 last Saturday afternoon the Marsh cottage, on the southwest corner of South and East Roads, in the grounds of the Westchester Country Club, on Pelham Bay, consisting of 6½ acres of land, a three-story residence and a garage. The property was sold on the premises by Bryan L. Kennelly.

Brooklyn.

The plot 60 by 136 on the Shore Road near Ninety-ninth Street, in the Bay Ridge section, has been sold by Frank H. Malone for Theodore Schneider to an investor for improvement.

Long Island.

S. T. Hicks has sold to M. Sieke the tract 173 by 437 on the west corner of Jamaica Turnpike and Newtown Road, Jamaica.

The Broadway-Astoria Company, Inc., has purchased from W. F. Chappell, a plot 85 by 103 on the northeast corner of Broadway and Third Avenue, Long Island City. An apartment house will be erected on the property.

H. C. Gough sold to J. Church 100 by 177 feet on the northwest corner of Jefferson Avenue and Wyckoff Avenue, Ridgewood, and a similar plot on the southwest corner.

White-Goodman have sold for the Whitestone Model Homes Company to Amiel Cattadoris of Winfield, L. I., a plot 50 by 100 on Seventh Avenue at Whitestone.

George A. Baldwin, President of the Baldwin Chemical Works, has purchased a new house on Abingdon Road, Kew Gardens.

Staten Island Sale.

The former residence of Max Maretzek with forty lots at Pleasant Plains, Richmond Borough, has been sold by P. G. Allman, Jr.

Westchester County.

Mrs. Rita Earle's country home at White Plains, fronting on the old Mamaroneck Road, has been purchased by Wallace W. Lyons. The property contains two acres of land. It was held at $27,000. Griffen, Price & Ripley were the brokers. They recently sold Mr. Lyons's country home in the Quaker Ridge section.

The Mount Vernon residence at 41 North Terrace Avenue and rear plot has been sold by James Tichborne for Mrs. Annie Murtha. He has also sold the residence at 21 South Fourteenth Avenue for A. E. Scarlett to Mrs. S. Heidtmann, and a two-family house at Vista Place and South Fourteenth Avenue for the Mount Vernon Trust Company to Mrs. Cordula Dornheim.

Commercial Leases.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co. have leased for the Tinker Realty Company, represented by Cammann, Voorhees & Floyd, the former residence of E. R. Tinker at 48 East Fifty-seventh Street to Mrs. N. F. Kilgore, who will use the premises for business.

Alexander Selkin and Louis R. Goldschmide have leased for Philip Wattenberg, for ten years, the garage on the west side of Webster Avenue, 100 feet south of 167th Street, to Nathan Levitch and Harry Jacob.

The Charles F. Noyes Company has leased for the Old Slip Realty Company (F. H. & W. J. Peck,) the building at 84 Old Slip, to Giacomo Siccardi for five years.

Seventh Addition to Queens Shoe Factory.

Plans for the seventh addition to the factory of Rosenwasser Brothers, shoe manufacturers at Long Island City, have been filed. All of the additions have been planned within the last two months, and work is progressing on six of them at present. When completed the factory will cover up the entire block bounded by Jackson Avenue, Queens Street, the Long Island Railroad, and Orchard Street. The latest addition will be a brick structure 175 by 125 feet on the northeast corner of Jackson Avenue and Queens Street. When completed it will cost $40,000. The factory is now working night and day on a $3,000,000 Government order.

Urges Liberty Bond Subscriptions.

At the request of M. Morxenthau, Jr., Chairman of the Liberty Loan Committee of the Real Estate Association of the State of New York, President Alfred H. Wagg has sent out a call to the presidents of the various local boards in the State urging their co-operation in securing subscriptions for bonds from real estate owners.

Realty Notes.

Joseph P. Day will sell today in the Vesey Street salesrooms the properties of F. A. Fogarty estate. There are eleven parcels in all, including four corners, chiefly east side tenements.

Plans have been filed by Donn Barber, as architect, to alter the old building at 18 Ann Street, adjoining the National Park Bank, and purchased by the latter recently for banking uses, connecting it with their main building. The cost is placed at $30,000.

Dr. Franklin A. Dorman, the owner of the dwelling at 133 East Fifty-seventh Street, has taken title to the former James De Wolf Cutting house at 135, adjoining, recently sold through Arthur C. Sheridan. Dr. Dorman now controls a 40 foot plot.

The General Drafting Co. of 9 Church Street has issued a new map of the five boroughs on one side of one sheet, in correct geographic position, based on data supplied after special resolution by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

MONDAY, JUNE 11.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

BLOOMINGDALE ROAD, s w corner of 131st St, 25x97.4x24.11x95.9; Hubert Realty Co. to Hy. Schluter, 2,779 Pond Place, Bronx, mtg $10,000, all liens, June 9...$100

CHERRY ST, 355, e s, —x—; Grace Hartnedy to Mary E. Hartnedy, 7,823 14th Av, Brooklyn, a. t., q. c., Jan. 7; attorney, Nathan D. Levy, 2 Rector St.....$1

KING ST, 52, s s, 154.3 ft e of Varick St, 20.9x100; Serafina Sisti to Vincenzo Lanza, 208 Prince St, June 2; address 185 Bleecker St.....$1

LEXINGTON AV, 1,642, w s, 50.11 ft n of 104th St, 16.8x56; Grace Hartnedy to Mary E. Hartnedy, 7,823 14th Av, Brooklyn, q. c., Jan 7; attorney, Nathan D. Levy, 2 Rector St.....$1

MULBERRY ST, 81 and 83, w s, 175 ft s of Walker St, runs w 100x e 100 to street x21 to beginning, errors in description; Michael Palliding to Rose N. Bove, 1,150 51st St, Brooklyn, one-seventh part, May 31; Agnes Avieta, 304 East 110th St...$1

PARK AV, 1,021 and 1,023, n e corner of 85th St, 47.2x82.2; Amos R. E. Pinchot to Judith C. Stettinius, 16 East 73d St, mtg $100,000, June 8; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

VERMILYEA AV, n w s, at n e s of Academy St, (631-64,) 150x150; Marva Realty Corp. to Delta Holding Corp., 217 Broadway, mtg $208,000, May 2; attorney, Robert C. Buhlmahn, 43 Exchange Place.....$1

1ST AV, 1,456, e s, 42.2 ft s of 76th St, 20x78; Jacob Ulmar et al., executors, to Hy. and Alfred Ulmar, 36 Greenwich Av, and Rose Jacobsen, 215 West 108th St, mtg $8,000; attorney, Bertram Levy, 27 Cedar St.....$17,000

2D AV, e s, 106.2 ft n of 77th St, 21.6x75; Jacob Ulmar et al., executors, to Hy. and Alfred Ulmar, 35 Greenwich Av, and Rose Jacobsen, 215 West 108th St, mtg $6,000, May 31; attorney, Bertram Levy, 27 Cedar St.....$14,000

3D AV, 1,759, e s, 73.9 ft s of 98th St, 25x80.5; Benjamin M. Gruenstein et al. to Dora Kessler, 644 Wales Av, all liens, May 15; attorney, Gruenstein & M., 220 Grand St.....$100

27TH ST, 235 East, n s, 150 ft w of 2d Av, 20x98.8, foreclosure June 8, 1917; Abraham Greenberg, referee, to August Ruff, 52 West 120th St, June 9; attorney, John C. Ruff, 309 Broadway.....$1,000

63D ST, 46 East, s s, 198 ft w of Park Av, 18x100.5; Maria L. Hoyt to Thomas H. Crawford, 2,089 Amsterdam Av, June 11.$100

55TH ST, s s, 191 ft e of Madison Av, 20x100.5; Meta R. Sedgwick to Chalmers Wood, 20 East 53d St, and another, trustees, all liens, June 11; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

57TH ST, 351 West, n s, 175 ft e of 9th Av, 22x100.5; George B. Frisbie and another to Real Realty Co., 36 West 50th St, mtg $25,000, all liens, June 11; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

80TH ST, 321 West, n s, 217 ft w of West End Av, 24x60; Anna L. Luquer to Jasamine R. Goddard, at Brooklin, Me., all liens, June 11; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

89TH ST, 312 East, s s, 175.6 ft e of Avenue A, 18.9x100.5; Joseph Brull to John C. Brull, on premises, 1-5 part, June 11; attorney, John W. Claney, 51 Chambers St..$1

95TH ST, 223 East, n s, 250 ft w of 2d Av, 25x100.8; Adolph Lazarus, individually and as executor, to Annie Connor, 25 East 95th St, mtg $11,000, June 11; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

102D ST, 251 West, n s, 110 ft e of West End Av, 18x100.11; Abraham L. Werner to Annette R. Morris, 602 West 137th St, c. a. g., mtg $18,000, all liens, June 11; attorneys, Miller & Auchincloss, 61 Broadway.....$1

122D ST, 411 East, n s, 171.3 ft s of 1st Av, 16.8x100.11, with a. t. to strip on s 0.1x100.11; Hudson P. Rose Co. to Rosario Bruno, 174 Elizabeth St, mtg $3,250, all liens, June 9.....$1

122D ST, s s, 170 ft w of 7th Av, 15x100.11; Jacob Mendowitch to Cora E. Picotte, Schenectady, N. Y., mtg $5,250, March 21; Pauline B. Mendlewitch; 138 West 136th St.....$100

130TH ST, 44 to 62 West, s s, 85 ft e of Lenox Av, 25x90.11, foreclosure May 29, 1917; Israel J. P. Adlerman, referee, to New York Savings Bank, 81 8th Av, June 9; attorney, John A. Dutton, 802 Maiden Lane.....$75,000

134TH ST, n s, 388 ft w of 5th Av, 50x99.11; New York City Baptist Mission Society to Metropolitan Baptist Church of City of New York, 45 West 134th St, mtg $21,462, June 8; attorney, I. N. Williams, 233 Broadway.....$21,962

150TH ST, n s, 225 ft w of Broadway, 75x99.11½; Simeon Wolf et al., executors, to Mabel G. Maynard, 385 Valley Road, West Orange, N. J., 1-6 part, mtg $20,000, all liens, rerecorded from Sept. 8, 1915; attorney, New York Title & Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.....$5,500

Bronx.

BOSTON ROAD, n w corner of 181st St, 100x130 to 182d St x100x124; Central Feed Co. to William Lowe, Phillipstown, N. Y., June 8; attorney, John E. Roeser, 150 Broadway.....$1

CHATTERTON AV, s s, 104.11 ft e of Av D, 49.11x108; John W. Diuk to Caroline J. Dick, 26 Rumsey Road, Yonkers, mtg $9,000, June 9; attorney, C. J. Dick, 26 Rumsey Road, Yonkers.....$100

MORRIS AV, n e corner of 188th St, 53x101; Clinton Av Realty Co., Inc., to Olds Holding Corporation, mtgs $46,600, April 27; attorney, J. H. Beer, 317 Broadway.....$1

SPOFFORD AV, n w corner of Coster St, 25x100; William Lowe to William Lowe, Jr., 1,413 Clinton Av, June 5; attorney, John E. Roeser, 150 Broadway.....$1

UNION AV, n w corner of 166th St, 17x96.3; Henry W. Denton to Irene W. Hartt, 532 W. 111th St, May 29; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$1

SAME PROPERTY; Corwin E. Sayer to same; mtg $22,000, May 31; attorney, same.....$1

VYSE AV, 1,486; Minnie Borger to Hermina Roth, 159 East 104th St, June 9; attorney, Herman Rosenblum, 132 Nassau St.....$100

184TH ST, 19 West, s s, 25x112.6; Harry N. French, referee, to Hy Heyman, 247 East 45th St, May 24; attorney, M. Steiner, 35 Nassau St.....$5,000

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

MADISON ST, 116, s s, 25x100, May 31; Samuel D. and George H. Cohen and Eva M. Jackson to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, due and interest as per bond.....$6,000

53D ST, 46 East, s s, 198 ft w of Park Av, 18x100.5; Maria L. Hoyt to Thomas H. Crawford, 2,089 Amsterdam Av, June 11.$100

102D ST, 251 West, n s, 1,100 West End Av, 18x100.1, June 11; Annette R. Morris to Abraham L. Werner, 157 West 79th St, 3 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $18,000; attorneys, Kursman & F., 25 Broad St.....$10,000

122D ST, 411 East, n s, 171.3 ft e of 1st Av, 16.8x100, June 5; Rosario Bruno to Hudson P. Rose Co., 7 West 45th St, 3 years.....$1,200

134TH ST, n s, 385 ft w of 5th Av, 50x99.11, June 8; Metropolitan Baptist Church of the City of New York to New York City Baptist Mission Society, 56 South Washington Square, due and interest as per bond; attorney, I. N. Williams, 233 Broadway, gold.....$10,462

SAME PROPERTY, June 8; same to same, due July 1, 1923; attorney, same.....$3,000

Bronx.

BRACKEN AV, e s, 178 ft s of Jefferson Av, 50x100; Frances Faber to Benj. Citrin, 832 East 165th St, April 27, due May 1, 1917, 6 p. c.; attorney, Benj. A. Citrin, 46 Fort Washington Av.....$200

245TH ST, s s, indicated by the co-ordinates 5,572.91 n x 1,198.85 w, runs s e 32.7x24.6x98.11x n w 78.6x85.9; Parkway Heights Co. to Laura T. Worthington, Park Av and 40th St, May 25, due as per bond; attorneys, Delafield, H., T. & R., 27 Cedar St.....$3,000

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Modern hotel; extensive improvements; many private baths; lavatories with running hot and cold water. Public baths on each floor. Electric lights, steam heat, pure spring water, sanitary plumbing.
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CALENDARS AND DECISIONS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(4) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—826—Washn. Ry. & Elec. Co., plaintiff, v. A. C. Seals, admx. of estate of A. J. Seals, deceased.—Judgment affirmed with costs.

902—American Express Co., G. C. Taylor, indiv. and as Prest. American Express Co., and Wells Fargo & Co., plaintiffs, v. State of South Dakota ex rel. C. C. Caldwell, as Att'y Gen. of South Dakota, et al.—Judgment modified as indicated in opinion of this court, and, as so modified, affirmed with costs, and cause remanded for further proceedings not inconsistent with opinion of this court.

978—J. Adams et al., appellants, v. W. V. Tanner, Att'y Gen. of State of Washington, and G. H. Crandall, Prosecuting Att'y of Spokane Co., Wash.—Judgment reversed with costs, and cause remanded for further proceedings in conformity with opinion of this court.

617—R. L. Greene, auditor, et al., &c., et al., appellants, v. Louisville & Interurban R. R. Co., and 618—Same v. Louisville Railway Co.—Decrees affirmed with costs.

778—Louisville & Nashville R. R. Co., appellant, v. R. L. Greene, auditor, &c., et al., &c., and 779—R. L. Greene, &c., appellants, v. the Louisville & Nashville R. R. Co.—Decree upon appeal in No. 778 reversed with costs; and upon appeal in No. 779 affirmed with costs, and cause remanded for further proceedings in conformity with the opinion of this court.

641—Illinois Central R. R. Co., appellant, v. R. L. Greene, &c. 643—R. L. Greene, &c., appellants, v. Illinois Central R. R. Co. 644—Illinois Central R. R. Co., appellant, v. R. L. Greene, &c., and 645—R. L. Greene, &c., appellants, v. Illinois Central R. R. Co.—Decrees affirmed, with costs.

216—R. Darnell, appellant, v. G. R. Edwards et al., constituting the Mississippi R. R. Commission.—Decree modified and affirmed, with costs.

219—Southern Ry. Co., plaintiff, v. H. B. Puckett.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

220—Puget Sound Traction, Light and Power Co., appellant, v. C. A. Reynolds et al.—Decree affirmed, with costs.

245—F. G. Lanham, as admin. of the estate of Mary J. Lanham, deceased, et al., plaintiffs, v. J. F. McKeel.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

476—W. McCoach, Collector of Internal Rev., petitioner, v. Insurance Co. of North America.—Judgment of Circuit Court of Appeals reversed, with costs, and judgment of Dist. Court of U. S. for Eastern Dist. of Penn. affirmed, with costs, and cause remanded to said District Court.

234—O. H. Hopkins et al., appellants, v. F. Walker et al.—Decree reversed, with costs, and cause remanded for further proceeding in conformity with opinion of this court.

170—Santa Fe, Pacific R. R. Co., appellant, v. F. K. Lane, Sec. of the Interior.—Decree reversed, with costs; and cause remanded for further proceedings in conformity with opinion of this court.

28, original—Ex parte in matter of the Indiana Transportation Co., Petitioner—Writ of prohibition granted.

24—Paine Lumber Co., Ltd., et al., appellants, v. E. H. Neal, indiv., &c., et al.—Decree affirmed, with costs; and cause remanded to District Court of U. S. for Southern Dist. of New York.

361—E. Valdes, plaintiff, v. U. S.—Judgment affirmed.

31, original—Ex parte in the matter of the Park Square Automobile Station, petitioner,—Rule to show cause, discharged and petition for writ of mandamus dismissed.

764—First National Bank of Bay City, plaintiff, v. G. Fellows, Att. Gen. of State of Michigan on relation of Union Trust Co., et al.—Judgment reversed, with costs; and cause remanded for further proceedings not inconsistent with opinion of this court.

The Chief Justice also announced the following orders of the court:

657—J. H. Bash et al., plaintiffs, v. W. Howald.—Per curiam: Dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

1035, 1036, 1037, and 1038—Western Union Telegraph Co., plaintiff, v. Louisville & Nashville R. R. Co.—Per curiam: Judgments affirmed, with costs.

1123—Carolina, Clinchfield & Ohio Ry., plaintiff, v. G. W. Stroup.—Per curiam. Dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

1029—Omaha Baum Iron Store Co., formerly Omaha Iron Store Co., appellant, v. Molins Plow Co.—Per curiam. Dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

1102—P. C. O'Brien, County Treasurer of Cuyahoga County, appellant, v. John D. Rockefeller.—Per curiam. Dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

—Original—Ex parte in the matter of D. M. Roberts, petitioner, and —Original—Ex parte in the matter of Dennis Shea.—Per curiam. Motions for leave to file petitions for writs of habeas corpus denied.

786—Empire Mill Co., plaintiff, v. Blackwell Lumber Co.—Per curiam. Dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

—Original—Ex parte in the matter of Frank & Thiford, petitioners.—Motion for leave to file petition for writ of mandamus granted and rule to show cause awarded, returnable on Oct. 2 next.

—Original—Ex parte in the matter of A. Hughes, petitioner.—Motion for leave to file petition for writ of prohibition and mandamus denied.

208—H. Iwata, appellant, v. C. T. Cornell, as Immigration Inspr. in charge.—Motion for leave to present petition for rehearing within sixty days denied.

20—October term, 1911.—S. Henry et al. v. A. B. Dick Co.—Motion for leave to file bill of review in the District Court of the United States for Southern Dist. of New York granted.

855—S. C. Cohen, as trustee &c., petitioner, v. E. W. Samuels.—Motion to advance granted, and cause assigned for argument on Oct. 2 next.

1118—Crew-Levick Co., plaintiff, v. Commonwealth of Penn.—Motion to advance granted, and cause assigned for argument on Oct. 2 next.

919—W. Cramp & Sons Ship and Engine Building Co., petitioner, v. International Curtis Marine Turbine Co. et al.—Motion to advance for hearing with Case 483 granted.

1189—City of Richmond, petitioner, v. E. W. Bird et al.—Petition for writ of certiorari to U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals for Fourth Circuit granted.

920—J. Freedman, petitioner, v. United States.—Petition for writ of certiorari to U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals for First Circuit denied.

1,062—W. F. Tucker, petitioner, v. Crawfordsville State Bank.—Petition for writ of certiorari to U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals for Fifth Circuit denied.

1110—Indian Land and Trust Co. et al., petitioners, v. R. L. Owen.—Petition for writ of certiorari to Supreme Court of State of Oklahoma denied.

1118—H. L. Biggs, petitioner, v. G. E. Morris et al.—Petition for writ of certiorari to Court of Errors and Appeals of State of New Jersey denied.

1114—Crane Company, petitioner, v. Fidelity Trust Co., Trustee.—Petition for writ of certiorari to U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals for Ninth Circuit denied.

1128—C. B. Riggs et al., petitioners, v. J. J. Gillespie.—Petition for writ of certiorari to U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals for Fourth Circuit, denied.

1126—Illinois Central R. R. Co., petitioner, v. United States.—Petition for writ of certiorari to U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals for Eighth Circuit, denied.

1120—Del., Lack. & Western R. R. Co., petitioner, v. R. H. Madden.—Petition for writ of certiorari to U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals for Second Circuit, denied.

1131—M. Jaffe et al., petitioners, v. J. A. E. Pyle, as trustee.—Petition for writ of certiorari to U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals for Fifth Circuit, denied.

1132—The Standard Gas Light Co. of City of New York, petitioner, v. R. G. Packard Co.—Petition for writ of certiorari to U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals for Second Circuit, denied.

1133—J. F. Wallach et al., petitioners, v. C. K. G. Billings.—Petition for writ of certiorari to Supreme Court of State of Illinois, denied.

1136—Felt & Tarrant Mfg. Co., petitioner, v. Burroughs Adding Mach. Co.—Petition for writ of certiorari to U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals for Seventh Circuit, denied.

141—F. Welch, petitioner, v. G. W. Ellis et al.—Petition for writ of certiorari to Supreme Court of State of Oklahoma, denied.

1148—W. H. Lyon, petitioner, v. J. P. Bleeg, trustee.—Petition for writ of certiorari to U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals for Eighth Circuit denied.

1146—M. F. Witte, petitioner, v. W. A. Shelton, as U. S. Marshal.—Petition for writ of certiorari to U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals for Eighth Circuit denied.

1147—C. H. Tiedemann, petitioner, v. same. —Petition for writ of certiorari to U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals for Eighth Circuit denied.

1149—The Aeolian Co., petitioner, v. Victor Talking Machine Co.—Petition for writ of certiorari to U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals for Third Circuit denied.

1151—J. E. Wise et al., petitioners, v. C. C. Watts et al.—Petition for writ of certiorari to U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals for Ninth Circuit denied.

1153—The Barrett Co. et al., petitioners, v. T. Ewing, Commis. of Patents.—Petition for writ of certiorari to U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals for Second Circuit denied.

1154—S. M. Kintner et al., receivers, petitioners, v. Atlantic Communication Co. et al. —Petition for writ of certiorari to U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals for Second Circuit denied.

—Original—State of Wyoming, complainant, v. State of Colorado et al.—Ordered assigned for reargument on first Monday in January, 1918. Briefs for complainant to be filed not later than Sept. 1 next; briefs for defendants to be filed not later than Oct. 1 next, and brief for United States to be filed not later than Dec. 1 next. All briefs in reply to be filed not later than the first Monday in January next.

971—Chicago Life Insurance Co. et al., plaintiffs, v. B. R. Cherry.—Motion of plaintiff to tax costs of printing parts of transcript of record unnecessarily printed at the instance of the defendant granted, the Clerk to tax the amount to be paid.

643—Illinois Central R. R. Co., appellant, v. R. L. Greene et al., &c.; 643—R. L. Greene et al., &c., appellants, v. Illinois Central R. R. Co.; 644—Illinois Central R. R. Co., appellant, v. R. L. Greene et al., &c., and 645—R. L. Greene, &c., appellants, v. Illinois Central R. R. Co.—Leave granted to present petition for rehearing within sixty days, on motion of counsel for the Illinois Central R. R. Co.

97—The Pure Steel Co. et al., petitioners, v. National Supply Co., and 98—The R. E. Supply Co., petitioner, v. Elyria Iron & Steel Co.—Leave granted to present petition for rehearing within sixty days, on motion of counsel for the R. R. Supply Co.

1115—Union Pac. R. R. Co., petitioner, v. E. J. Phillips, as admx. of estate of R. C. Phillips, deceased.—Motion for leave to present petition for rehearing within thirty days submitted for petitioner, and motion denied.

342—The Cuyahoga River Power Co., plaintiff, v. Northern Realty Co. et al.—Leave granted to present petition for rehearing within sixty days, on motion of counsel for plaintiff.

It was ordered by the court that all the cases on the docket not decided and all the other business of the term not disposed of be continued to the next term.

Adjourned to the time and place appointed by law.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Mack, J.—Room 401, P. O. Bldg., at 11 A. M.—Jury calendar. Note.—Cases to be sent from Room 537 as required.

DISTRICT COURT—Grubb, J.—Room 337, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.

Hughes<N Y, O & W RR.
Coleman<Fish, (2.)
Medlar<Standard Gas Power Co.
Heider<NY, NH & H RR.
Austin<Booth SS Co.
Oetjens<Finnegan Brown Co.
Donohue<C RR of NJ.
Wood<Penn RR.
Ahles<C RR of N J.
Bailey<same.
Note.—Cases to be sent to Room 401 as required.

Van Dyke<NY & Cuba Mail SS Co.
Beale<Int Mer Mar.
Williamson<Universal Film Mfg Co.
Balonowski<Erie RR.
Knick Tr Co<Hanna.
US ex rel R P Fisher Co<Robinson.
J S Boyd Co<Smith.
Futrelle<Universal Film Mfg Co.
Island Creek Coal Co<McArthur Bros Co.

DISTRICT COURT—Augustus N. Hand, J.—Room 227, 2d floor, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.

Moore<Tug Owen J McWilliams.
O'Boyle<Hutten Co.
Van Boyen<SS Belgier
Melachrino<SS Athanai.
Willis<Barnes-Ames & Co.
Hastorf<Stand Oil Co.
Rice<Erie Barge 225.
Lorillard<Austro-Am SS Co.
Dean<Clonin.
Dittmar<Tug Ashbourne.

Hallenbeck<St Paul F & M Ins Co.
Penn RR<Tug Kinetic
Lyman<Frederick SS Co. (2.)
Dailey & Irving<Harms & Co.
Donovan<Moran Tow, &c. Co.
Crew<Tug Morristown
Wilson<SS Verdi.
Wasson<Barge Wm G Howard.

DISTRICT COURT—Learned Hand, J.—Room 433, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Equity.

Stoddard<Mut Film Corp.
Klaw & Erlanger<Nirdlinger.
Ruud Mfg Co<Long-Landreth-Schneider.

Romeike<Romeike & Reube.
F I A T<A Elliott Ranney Co.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—Room 323, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Admiralty.

Lee<SS Dell.
Scully<Dougherty Co.
Wright & Cobb<SS Bernia.

Bouchard<SS Tijuca.
Re limitation of T W Wellington.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

DAY CALENDAR.

People<Gaab.
Same<Wallace.
Same<Wetzel.
General Hydrator Co<Insuring Co.
Re Hendrix.

Aparicio<New England Equitable Ins Co.
Re Spaulding.
Crane<Ormond.
Re Farmers' Loan & Trust Co<Mott.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—First Department—Clark, Laughlin, Scott, Page and Davis, JJ.—Enumerated motions at 2 P. M.

Hanlon-Gregory Galv Co<Vogelstein.
E Fougera & Co<CNY.
Crittenton<same.
Planten<same.
People<McSherry.
Re Hoyt.
Frank<Vogt.
Laskowitz<Ratner.
Bailey<SS Stafford (2)

Re Conway.
Pomeranz<Schlesinger
Levine<Borden's Condensed Milk Co.
Waters<Smith, Lord Elec Co<Barber Asphalt Co.
Callahan<London & Lancashire Fire Ins.
People<Epstein.
Gibson<Hitchcock.

APPELLATE TERM—First Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Ford, J.—At 10:15 A. M.

The calendar of Special Term, Part I., will hereafter be called by the Justice at 10:15 A. M. for the purpose of noting defaults, adjournments, and motions ready for argument and to allow submission of motions where papers are complete. At 10:30 A. M. the motions not thus disposed of will be heard in their regular order by the Justice presiding.

Ferguson & Wheeler L, I & R Co<Perry.
Terry<Hart.
Nebb<Blum.
Lamport<Matschak.
Re Woolverton.
Re Theiss.
Manuka Soro Asphalt.
Martin<Adelson.
Stern<Stark, (2.)
Weiher<Chalmers Mot
Wyckoff Gaunther Pub Co.
Rifkin<Newman.
Furey<86th St Amus.
Busch<Colt-Stratton.
Brill<Brill.
Ipschutz<Ipschutz.
Re Baskin.
Altmayer<Rickerson.
Varese<Doktor.
R A Corroon & Co<Reeve.
Kline Bros & Co<Hanover Ins Co.
Lunes<Schwarz Bitter (2)
Abrams<Smith, Hauser & MacIsaac, Inc.
Von Grimm<same.
Nelson, Lee & Green, Inc<Weil.
Focht<Int Filtration Corp.
Busoni<NY Theatre.
Guaggenti<R Hill, Inc
Lewis Mfg Co<Schlesinger.
Nathan Kronman Co<Palmigian.
Pacini<Ansonia Clock.
Zimmerman<C I & B Ry.
Re Duffy.
Jacobson<Fidelity & Casualty Co.
Wood<Amsterdam News Pub Co.
Guaranty Tr Co<2d Av RR. (Anerling<Kalbach.)
Prushansky<Fisk Rub
Hale<Donnelly.
Busoni<NY Theatre.
Re Haviland Av.
Emmett<Friedman.
Re Golding.
Schmidt<Scottish Un & Nat Ins Co.
Gamble<Gamble.
Rosenthal<Auto Wear
Berger<Berger.
Landsman<Kleith.
Rosenberg<Degenar.
Carney<Hart.
McKeon<Frohman, Inc. (2.)
Kearns<Rosenthal.
Kirke La Shelle Co<Armstrong.
Lutkins<Lutkins.
Tupper<Tupper, James<James.
Mazzochi<Mazzochi.
Strachan<Strachan.
Heider<Heider.
Preferred causes:

Hirsch<Kaplan.
Federal Motor Truck Co of N Y<German Odd Fel Home Assn.
Miller<Merrill.
Herman & Herman, Inc<Brown.
Farone<Phelps Stokes Estates, Inc.
Auto Mort Co, Inc<Huriburt Motor Truck
Normandy Waist Co., Inc<Chelsea Fireproof Storage W. Safe Cabinet Co<Neuberg.
Chemical Nat Bank of N Y<Lamport.
Lewis<Ocean Accident & Guar Corp, Ltd. of London, England.
Deville<Worpitzkyas.
Oppenheimer<Roberts.
Leavitt<Lamborn.
N E Con Co<CNY.
Durant<Berger.
Rogers<Frear, (2.)
Burken<Kaltman.
Newschaefer<Miller.
Diamond<Kirschenbaum.
Cooper<Norove.
Allen<McGirr.
Schmid<Mitchell.
Canadian Bk of Com<Goolick.
Pitt<Reliance Ball Bear Door H Co.
Filippi<Drummond.
Oppenheimer<Curiel.
Palmer<Schirmer, Inc.
I R T<N E Con Co.
Spencer, Jr<CNY.
Aquino<Russo.
Weisbader<Kaufmann.
Skolnik<Albany B Co.
Seamens<Chelsea Exchange Bank.
Sarno<Soc Bk of NY.
S A T H & G<Birdsong<Wasserman, Brown<Putnam.
Well<Garoy.
Knowles<Pollak.
Olanoff<Home Nat Bk
Odell, Jr<CNY.
Rothschild<same.
Hickson, Inc<Cornell.
Saxe Bros<B Shapiro.
Iselin<Miller.
Case on.

Marriage Lic Corp<Heinze, (2.)
Stamatopulo<Hoy.
Studin<Shonsiger.
Harden, Orth & Hastings, Inc.<Baldwin.
Honig<Adler.
Kronish<Eisenberg.
Hiland<M H. Tracy & Co, Inc.
Nehrich Co<Hanson.
S & R Frame Mfg Co<Bausch Mfg Co.
Solomon<NY Rys.
Ladd<Craft.
Weir<Hobson.
Levy<Third Prss Ch.
Goldsmith<Loeb.
Montagnino<Del Gaizo
Salwen<Walker.
Kraus<Bleakman.
Healey<Krisky.
King<Tex Coast Dev.
Oscar P Daniels Co<Nat Surety Co.
Madison Glue Mfg Co<Adamson.
Cragin<Berkley.
Steele, Jr<Arizona Cross Bar Mining.
Herring<Mall.
Colton's<Agnew, O'Connell<Lyons.
Simpson<Ashburn.
Hull<Mutr.
Henkel, Jr<Rudolphy, CNY<James Everard's Breweries.
Nicholas<Am Surety.
Lander<same.
Stockum<Lambert Hoisting Eng Co.
Perlman<Donohue.
Martinelli & Co, Inc<Beatty.
Greef Eng & Mfg Co<Scourene Mfg Co.
Warner<French.
Hughes, Jr<C W Chadwick & Co.

PART XV.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XVI.—Newburger, J.—At 10 A. M.—Held in Trial Term, Part XVIII. Room. Case on.

PART XVII.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XVIII.—Not in session.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, Motion calendar:
Eugene Van Schaick, Henry D Borup, Philip Leisenheimer, Abraham Ratner, Mary E S Williams, Mary A Mc[illegible], George I Landon, George Schuchman, Samuel Longstreet, Fannie L Strouse, Joseph A Joel, Joseph Unger, Anna Habicht, Antoinette Kellogg, Lena Gerard, Hannah C Walker, Emily S Holbrook, Henry S Wynkoop, Norbert Landau, Clementine M Silverman, Amelia G Cutter, George A Blessing, Maria Pehlich, Bridget Connolly, &c, Samuel H Blum, Frank E Waters, Jacob H Westheimer, George Schaefer, Nathan F Strauss, Edward Clarke, Edward Michaelis (2.) Ralph Greenberg, Herman Greenberg, Giovanni Esposito, William J McDonald, Mary A Halorau, Jacob H Westheimer, Joseph Blonsky, Henry Jaeger, Frederick De Coppet, Martha Hannan, Inf.

S.—At 10:30 A. M. Alice M Boyle, John H Degenhardt, Mary E S Williams, Robert McAllister, Andre Bardyga, &c, James Moriarty, Edward J Hatch, Ethel Katz, Fanny L Crawford, Henry May, Charles Reichert, John R Crowley, Rebecca Seidman, Jennie Rosenberg, Emanuel Berg, Lena Gerard, Hildeburn Janeway, Bridget Kavanagh, &c, Marie A Bernard, Lydia A Cornelius, Thomas H Odell, John Foran, Sr, &c, Ann A H Lynde, Simon Mendelson, Curtis B Favor, John Turnbull, John H Fisher, August Hopper, John Brosnahl, Harry Costello, William J Brown, George H Huber. Wills for probate:
John F Galvin, James R Raymond, William S Flagg, William C Byrne, Katharine A Paine, James Clark, Solomon Berliner, Mary B Schwab, Margaret R Bradshaw Henry Kahn, Charles P Trapp, Ellen Jennings, also known as Nellie Jennings.

Contested wills:
Case on—Catherine Cahrns.
Mary L Fanning.
William H McIntyre.
Mary E Headden.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Strasbourger, J. —At 10 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Window<Century Am Corp.
Stewart<Hardiman.
Bernstein<Deutsch.
Eisenkorn<Mayer.
Albert<Fleck.
Olstock<Sweiller.
Shumlauer<Phillips.
Moore<C Butler, Inc.
Deretchen<Workingmen's Co-op Pub Assn
Schabeitts<Gen Elec. Allen Pressure System Co<Risch.
Sena<Wadler.
Rothschild<Behrman.
Budashevsky<Steiner.
Green<Wilk.
Flascher<Brinkman.
Kerostoff<Timme.
Slasenger<Brocker.

PART II.—La Fetra, at 10 A. M.

TRIAL TERM—Part 9:45 A. M.

Franco-Am Chemical Co<B T Babbitt, Inc.
Klee<Klein.
Cohen<Hopaltrum, Realty Co.
Damica<Levburg.
Benjamin<Zipperl.
Reilly<Oh<NY Rys.
Gross<Dublin.
De Luca<Goodwin.
Weisbrot<IRT Co.
Morfino<Sti Top, &c.
Greater NY Feather Co<Steinberg.
Baum<Young.
Netter<Reliable Cloth Sponging Co.
Hoban<Adam, (2.)
Kreop<Christal.
Kerner<Jacobs.
Strohan<Strohan.
Carmel<Sheffield Farms-S-D Co.
Suffern<King Fire Signal Co.
Saperstein<NY Rys.
Dorfman<same.
Bagby<Elliott Fisher.
Capenegro<Friedland
Sabratska<Goldfarb.
Licate<Lynch.
Wolf<same.
Sussman<same.
Berman<same.
Yellen<Jarmulowsky.
Davis<Stamotis.
Malkowitz<Barnett.
Pomariel<Collina.
Cohen<Goldfarb.

Richards<Helfand.
Vos<Davies.
Schmidt<Union Ry.
Chiappise<F. L. Cranford.
Stasbr<NY Rys.
McAuliffe<same, (2.)
Green<Int R T.
Weinstein<same.
Margolin<same.
Shoren<same.
Nagan<same.
Dubyn<same.
Saponick<Pakar.
Putzer<Sonis.
Nichols<NY Rys.
Sheehan<same.
Mitchell<Glos.
Cohen<Finkelstein.
Mestler<St Clair Rty.
Kalsfeld<Int R T.
Bernstein<Weiner.
Halligan<Dillingham Theatre Co.
Moran<Met Sec Co, (3)
Marino<NY Rys.
J Hoffman Brew Co<Kramer.
Richman<Freed.
Klein<Clover Farms, Inc.
Lapidus<Beaver, (2.)
Babich<Harlem River Park Co.
Schoenkas<Feldman.
Fanelli<Penn T & T.
Mandels<McClure.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases will be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial.

Berkowitz<Jacobsohn
Reiff<Barnett.
Page<Clark.
Nons<Hotel Shelburne.

PART II.—Finelite, Clear.

PART III.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M. Calendar

Bacon<Sobels.
Seiner & Kaplan Co<Leven Burgh.
Van Nostrand & Co<Virginia Zinc, &c.
Behan<New Amsterdam Cas Co.
Kaufman<Stuart.
Weisser<Kinstler.
Hirshberg<Schnurmacher.
A Altbri & Co<Peerless Am Prod Co.
Simplex Trunk, &c, Co<Goldsmith.
Ross<Lewinson.
Hadfield<Colter.
Kelly<Marinucel.
Consol Gas Co<Aster.
Rosebos<Phila & So Amer SS Co.
Bachman<Wheelwright.
Fried<Perman.
Mann<Engel.

Spencer<Carlson.
Murphy<Pearson Pub Co.
Falvey<Imp Warehouse Co.
Wertheimer<NY Rys.
Murphy<McGrath.
Green<Carmara Rty.
Schatte<Ilinger.
Reiner<Acadia Rty.
Jaffe<Property Realization Co.
Dalleo<U S Steel Co.
Schramm<Burns Bros.
Patton<Lacey.
Grossman<Spots Rty.
Kellar<Harmon.
Landes<Hornthal.
Castelli<Delmonicos.
Dilewe<Schwing.
Smith<Trieh.
Stapp<Rosoff Corp.
J Wonneberg<Irion.
S Wonneberg<same.
Bessner<Dougherty.
Kalina<Levingson.
Staudinger<Ebrot.
Duffy<George Beckhaus Co.
Murphy<CNY.

PART IV.—O'Dwyer, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.

PART V.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.
PART VI.—Walsh, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART VII.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART VIII.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Ford, J.—Emigrant Ind. Sav. Bank<Goldberg—Charles E. Hoyt.

Immigrant Ind. Sav. Bank<McKean—Joseph N. Tuttle, Met. Life Ins. Co.<Delehanty—P. J. Doyle, Re Cosmos Co.—Ely Rosenberg.

SUPREME COURT—Greenbaum, J.—Bialock<Russell—Benjamin Tuska. Re Harmon—Stanley M. Isaacs. Sinclair<Domb—William Bondy. Guenther<Seidel—Michael H. Cardozo.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Greenbaum, J.—Irene M. Bryson<Otto M. Wiistock et al.—Irene M. Bryson. Citizens Sav. Bank<Abraham J. Dworsky—Maximilian J. Morgenthau, Jr.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Weeks, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM—Weeks, J.—Motion calendar.

Re CNY.
Brinckman<Dorn.
De Haven<Seddon Rty
Re Berlin.
Gunns, Ltd<Pillsbury, Scocloff<Heit.
Koppelmann<Newman.
Patterson<Pam Rty.
Veith<Kahrs.
Mutual Life Ins Co<Mahler.

Levy<D'Auria.
De Luca<Andrews.
Huckman<NY Tel.
Levy<Kerr.
Gochovitz<Gochovitz.
Better<Better.
Krall<Steinfeld.
Robitzek<Robitzek.
Noble<Noble.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS.—Weeks, J. Case on—McDermott & Hall<St Anselm's Ch. No day calendar.

TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Donnelly, J.

Inq—Abel<Mader.
Inq—Absey<Loria.
Balnbridge Const<Lutheran Hospital &c.
Cronsky<C I & B RR.
Part<Gorges.
Wood<CNY, (2.)
Poti<Gilman.
Weinberg<Weinberg.
Gray<Yonkers RR.
Ellis<Utility Rty Co.
Bonadonna<3d Av RR.
McGrath<Union Ry.
Abrgam<NY Con RR.
Kantar<Carvel Co.
Fisk<Schmuck.
Gross<Rodgers & H.
McCabe<Cherey, (2.)
Sherurman<Alt Ry.
Donnelly<Union Ry.

Highest number reached on regular order, 974.

Swarnofsky<Bath (2).
O'Donnell<N Y Rys.
Swenson<Union Ry.
Weber<same.
Schultz<Morris.
Freed<C I & B Ry.
Smelts<N Y Cons RR.
Dahlander<Park & Tilford.
Hammer<Wents.
Anton<Mutual-McDermott Dairy Corp.
Strassberger<Egerton.
Sun Stamped Warse, &c. Co<Canal Mfg.
Bennett<Hetzner.
Shanley<Lawrence.
Tulchiner<Malcolm.
Fitzgiarte<Tobin.
Heaton<Talbot.

Highest number reached in the regular call, 4446.

PART II.—Weeks, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

PART III.—Mullan, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

Case on—Katz<Gerber eux Co.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schuls, S.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERM—Schuls, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J. No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM—Nye, J.—No day calendar.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Weeks, J.—Barber<Roeser et al—Joseph L. Berry. Durell<Adler—Frank E. Holahan. Hentse<Dorey et al—Arthur N. Giegerich. Lawyers Mortgage Co<Hasinsky et al—Joseph P. Hennessy. Meyer<Burland et al—Hugh McLaughlin.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Tompkins, J.—Motions at 10 A. M.

Fisher<Fisher.
Segall<Bklyn YMCA.
Connell<Connell.
Re St James St & Corona Av.
Re Caldwell Av.
Re 17th St.
Howe<Macoabs.
Holland<Barter.
Butterworth<Butterworth.
McLoughlin Mfg Co<Hicks Mfg Co.
Re 17th Av.
Young<Petrucello.
De Vito<Sussman.
Widness<Ryan.
Murdock Realty Co<Aries Realty Co (3.)
Zoffer<Dougherty.
Bernstein<Gabriel (2.)
Babich<same.
Feinberg<Feinberg.
Waterman<Fort Masonry Co.
Seaboard Land & Mtge Co<Miller.
Scranton & Lehigh Coal Co<Wels & Zerweck, a corp.
Clarke<Bryce.
Fox<195 Broadway Corp (2.)
Parker<Haig (3.)
Petrozza<Ingalls.
Cleary<Adonas.
Miller<Newtown Basin Properties.

Bell<Bell.
Mittermeier<Schinsel.
Trovato<B H RR.
Elsner Bros.<Elsner Bros.
Dean<Million Bros.
Levine<Mandel (2.)
Sackett Coal Co<Link Realty & Constr Co.
Rothensen<Rothensen.
Pouch<Cantus.
Scott-Uda<Oakwood Terrace Realty Co.
Lawyers Mtge Co<Montague Constr Co.
Blau<Stevens.
Re Corrigan.
Mesarole<Mesarole.
Cohen<A I Namm & Son.
Re Gravesend Neck Road.
The Thrift<Hutcheson.
Re Thatford Av (Peirson.)
Swasey<Swasey.
Block<Frost.
Carroll<McGovern.
Kaiser<Kaiser.
O'Shea<Bklyn Ice Palace, Inc.
Re Bass (Timm.)
Goldberg<Midtown Holding Corp.
Peru Holding Co<Liberal Trading Co.

Highest number reached on the general calendar is 1592.

County Court.

TRIAL TERM—Humphrey, J.—At 10 A. M.

Strang, inf<Lloyd.
Nawrod<Whelen.
Gunzer<Longobar.

Fritz<Anna Neustadt.
Green<Baplat.

Richmond County.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Aspinall, J.—At 10 A. M.

Zito<Sullivan.
Mahakat<Rich, L & RR.

Sweeting<S I Mid Ry & CNT.
Brendgen<Clemens.

GOEBEL ESTATE $1,408,759.

Mortgages Appraised at $718,618 and Securities at $569,728.

The estate of Julius Goebel, who died April 1 and who was the head of Julius Goebel & Co., dealers in crucibles at 129 Maiden Lane, was appraised yesterday at $1,408,759. He left jewelry, appraised at $353, to his wife, Anna M. Goebel, and explained that he made no further bequest to her because he had provided for her amply during his life. The rest of the estate went to his son, Julius Goebel, Jr., and Elfrida Watson.

Mr. Goebel owend mortgages aggregating $718,618 and stocks and bonds appraised at $569,728.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of F. WESTPFAL CO., INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, June 19, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 56 Warren St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of a large stock of Cutlery, Raw Materials, Blades, Tools, Barber Supplies, Hardware, Office Furniture, Safe, Typewriter, Fixtures, &c. Also the receiver's right, title, and interest in and to the Trade Marks, trade names, and good will of said business.

VINCENT H. ROTHWELL, Receiver.
BLAU, LALKIN & COHEN, Attorneys for Receiver, 170 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOHNSON SALKELD CO., INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Monday, June 25, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at Twelfth Street Garage, 245 West 12th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of One Ford Runabout Car.

B. W. B. BROWN, Trustee.
KATZ & SCHOLER, Attorneys for Trustee, 149 Broadway, New York.

MAGGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy. Woolworth Building.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Autocar Sales Co., 553 West 23d Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, will sell at public auction at its Garage, 546 West 24th Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on this day, the 12th day of June, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, by Charles Shongood, auctioneer, Autocar Truck No. 16,549, manufactured by the Autocar Sales Company, belonging to Lorena C. Drew, 2,268 Church Av., in the Borough of Brooklyn, County of Kings, and State of New York, in order to satisfy its lien for garage charges, repairs, and its lien under a conditional bill of sale.

AUTOCAR SALES COMPANY.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOSEPH SCHROEDER, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Monday, June 18, 1917, by order of the Court, at 2 P. M., at 719 East 11th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of machinery and fixtures used by a first-class manufacturer of provisions.

JOSEPH P. MORRISSEY, Receiver.
LEON DASHEW, Attorney for Receiver, 220 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HEATHER SILK CO., INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Monday, June 18, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of a large stock of silk, desks, chairs, fixtures, &c.

BERTHA KEMBLOCH, Receiver.
JULIUS G. KRAMER, Attorney for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

SPECIAL FUND OF $100,000
4½%
FOR CHOICE MORTGAGES
M

PB

NEW APARTMENT HOUSE.
N. W. Cor. West End Av. & 104th St.
In course of completion.
The most modern idea in residential building construction.
NOW RENTING FROM THE PLANS
Apartments of
6, 7 & 8 ROOMS, 2 & 3 BATHS
Large foyers, abundance of light and closet room. Southern exposure, etc.
Plans can be seen on premises daily, including Sunday.
Full list of apartments, 4 to 12 rooms, $720 to $4,200 per annum, for rent from October 1st in other high-class houses under our management and ownership can be had by writing, telephoning or calling at the main office of
PATERNO BROS., Owners,
JOSEPH PATERNO, Pres. ANTHONY A. PATERNO, Sec'y
Office, 601 West 115th St., at Broadway. Open Sunday.
Tel. 1114 Morningside.

The Langham
73d St.—Central Park West—74th St.
Offer a few desirable
Suites of 8 Rooms and Upward
Representative on Premises, or
L. J. Phillips & Co., Agents
72d St. & Columbus Ave. Telephone Columbus 2750

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

ALWYN COVRT
One of the Finest Residential Buildings in the world. Includes Every Modern Improvement & Convenience.
One suite of 10 rooms and one of 12 rooms each having 5 baths
For entertaining these apartments are unsurpassed. A big, spacious living room, 30x19, with open fireplace, adjoins the music room, salon, reception hall and conservatory, making it possible, with the special arrangement of folding doors, to throw all of these rooms together. The Chambers are of good proportions and, facing directly outside, have an abundance of air and sunshine. SERVICE AT ALWYN COURT EQUALS THAT FOUND IN NEW YORK'S BEST HOTELS.
Inspection invited.
Renting Agent on Premises.
182 West 58th Street

Strathmore House
Riverside Drive
At 113th Street
Southeast Corner
9 Rooms and 3 Baths, 12 Rooms, 4 Baths, $3,000-$4,000
Splendid view of river. Large, sunny rooms. Exceptionally large closets. Decoration to suit.
Owner on Premises.
Telephone 488 Morningside.

40 West 84th St.
"A home that *is* a home!"
A FEW 5-ROOM SUITES IN NEW BUILDING
Open for Inspection
Apply on premises or to
HERMAN AXELROD
200 West 72nd Street
Phone Col. 3957

166 W. 87th St.
Two Apartments:
ONE 4-ROOM, ONE 5-ROOM.
Apply on premises, or to
J. AXELROD,
200 West 72nd St. Columbus 3957.

Peter Stuyvesant Apts.
258 RIVERSIDE DRIVE
Will sublet beautiful 7-rooms and 2 baths to October 1, 1919. All outside rooms. Inspection daily between 10 A. M. and 5 P. M.
Phone SAUNDERS—*Tel. 4615 John*
40 Pine St. New York

22 West 30th St.
2 ROOMS & BATH, $50.
3 ROOMS & BATH, $60.
All Improvements, Elevator Service
J. Romaine Brown Co.
299 MADISON AVE.

Exceptional Opportunity
on wide 57th St.—No. 428 & 430.
Single flat of six extra large, light, bath, steam and hot water; $43 and $45. Apply on premises.
GOODWIN & GOODWIN, 148 W. 57th.

ROCKLEDGE COURT
3,044 ALBANY CRESCENT
at 231st St. Broadway subway station.
4-room apartments, $28-$32; all improvements; apply on premises; tenants restricted.

45 PINEHURST AVE., Cor. 179th St.
4-5-6-7 LARGE, LIGHT, CORNER ROOMS
Two Baths. Every Modern Improvement.
RENTS $40 TO $70 MONTH.
Supt., or Schlechter, 217 W. 110th.

Skylight Studios
5 West 16th Street
Bachelor Apartments
$30 to $60
MANHATTAN—East Side.

A—640 Madison Ave.,
"HOFFMAN ARMS," N. W. Cor. 59th
6 to 9 Large Rooms,
$900 to $1,900.

SALE OF UNLISTED SECURITIES.

In the Open Security Market of The Annalist, every Monday, are offered at stated prices bonds and stocks not listed on the Exchanges. 10 cents on all news stands—$4.00 a year. The Annalist, New York—Adv.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

NEW BUILDING
14 story; in this exclusive section; managed by owner as a PERMANENT INVESTMENT.
815 PARK AVE.
SOUTHEAST CORNER 75TH ST.
6,7,8 ROOMS
3 Baths
$2,500 to $3,600
Renting Agent on premises. 'Phone River.—7847.

A FEW
STUDIOS AND APARTMENTS IN NEW BUILDING,
135 East 55th St.
Real north and top light.
2 rooms, electric bath, electric light, parquet floors, fireplaces, maid service and meals by arrangement. Rent $50 to $65.
James Kyle & Sons, Lex. Av. & 58th.

BRONX.
CRESTON ARMS
Open for Inspection
3-4 ROOMS
With Every Modern Convenience
2,420 Creston Ave.,
South of Fordham Road.
MODERATE RENTALS.
Agent on Premises 4d.
E. G. SMITH, 188th St., Creston Ave.

MORRIS AVE. and 181st ST.
ONE BLOCK FROM NEW SUBWAY.
3-4 EXTRA LARGE ROOM APARTMENTS TO LEASE; UP TO DATE. $25-$35
NEW BUILDINGS
S. W. Corner of Shakespeare Ave. and 169th St., West Bronx
JUST COMPLETED.
3-4-5 Rooms at Moderate Rentals
Every Modern Improvement
Agent on Premises.
Bedford Park-Mosholu Arms Apts.
199th St., Briggs to Bainbridge Ave.
4 ROOMS $29. 5 ROOMS $30.
6 ROOMS $43.
Class of tenants restricted.

REAL ESTATE.

"A MOVE TO LONG ISLAND IS A WISE MOVE."

Real Estate—Insurance in all its branches.
DOUGLAS L. ELLIMAN & CO.,
414 Madison Avenue, at 48th Street.
Telephone Murray Hill 5600.

RULAND & WHITING CO.
REAL ESTATE.
5 BEEKMAN ST. Tel. Cortland 1132.
710 MADISON AV. Tel. Plaza 4951.

"ALONG THE SOUND."
For Sale or Rent.
Chas. Field Griffen & Co., 11 E. 42d St., N. Y.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Old homestead, with 8 acres of fine, cleared farm land, beautiful shade trees, apple and peach orchard, &c.; barn, chicken house and outbuildings; on main road, in good-sized town; stores, schools, churches; commuting distance to New York City; will sell cheap and on easy terms to a reliable family wanting such a place. Write for further information. Hocker, Box 297 Times Downtown.

84,000 square feet of fine, fertile farm land, with small lake and shade trees, suitable for duck farming, &c.; will sacrifice to quick buyer. Treles, Box 270 Times Downtown.

$975 for small house and land; room for garden and chickens; needs some repairs; will make nice year-round home; $100 cash, balance $8 monthly. B James, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

Will sacrifice 37,500 square feet valuable building site, with large shade trees, in finest residential neighborhood of Brightwaters, far half its actual value. P 88 Times.

CHEAPEST FARM ON L. I.
20 acres; good house and barn, $1,500. Very easy terms; immediate possession. Daniel Gerard, 1,170 Broadway, (26th) N. Y.

REAL ESTATE.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

$15,000, on easy terms, will buy a fine all-year-round house at Shoreham, L. I., built five years, has 10 rooms and 3 bathrooms; extensive heating plant, electric light; garage with man's room; three acres of pine grove and lawn; original cost $36,000; I bought this property on foreclosure, I occupied my other property in this fine village, which has also unsurpassed roads, beach, and bathing, for the last nine seasons already. ROBERT RUMLER, Shoreham and New York, and Brooklyn.

Five-room seashore bungalow, all large rooms, steam heat, water, gas, electric, &c.; fireplace, beamed ceilings and paneled walls, modern kitchen and bath, decorated to suit; half block from bathing beach; plenty of fishing and boating; lawn flowers, hedge, &c.; near trolley and station to N. Y. C.; bargain in price and terms to right, quick buyer. Write for further details, Shore Bungalow, Box 273 Times Downtown.

$15 lots, (in plots of 5 lots each,) cleared or wooded land, high location; near depot and water; bargain for home or investment; good title; only $1 down and 50c. weekly. Call for free railroad tickets, B Seaman, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

If you are looking for an old house needing a few repairs, with a half acre of good land for cultivation of vegetables and chickens, near water and station, complete for $1,500, for $75 down and $10 monthly, answer at once to Johnson, Box 277 Times Downtown.

WOODMERE.—Irving Place, near Central Av., modern 10-room three baths dwelling and garage; newly decorated; fine shrubs; sacrifice. J. IRVING WALSH, 73 West 11th St., New York City.

FREEPORT WATERFRONT.—Bungalows and houses, $2,500 up; also building plots on Randall Bay and Woodcleft Bay; low prices, easy terms; send for circular. JOHN J. RANDALL CO., Freeport, L. I.

Cozy little home, with 2 acres of fine, tillable farm land for $1,450 on easy terms; some shade trees; high elevation; near beautiful lake; positive bargain. Inquire (B) Owner, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

New, ideal home, large plot, 7,500 square feet; 7 rooms, bath, sleeping porch, large return verranda, hardwood floors, steam heat, tiled bath, gas range, open fireplace, sewer, water, gas, electricity; fine shade trees; 4 minutes from railroad station; 40 trains daily; 30 minutes to New York; restricted, restricted surroundings; best suburb in the State; price $5,200; terms to suit. Call, write, or phone owner, M. D. Ayers, 146 West 36th St. Tel. Greeley 4535.

IF SOLD THIS WEEK, $200 down and small monthly payments like rent, buys my beautiful suburban home, 30 minutes from New York; 7c fare; Craftsman design; 6 rooms, tiled bathroom; parquet floors, beamed ceiling, open fireplace, and built-in bookcases in living room; hardwood trim; all rooms in white enamel, steam heat, water, gas, electricity, sewer; near station and public school; 70 trains daily; trolleys also. JOHN A. BALDWIN, 80 Maiden Lane, N. Y. 5047 John.

Exceptional Bargains.—$2,700 to $3,300 buys my modern homes and bungalows; sacrificing $500 under value, as building materials were bought last Fall, when prices were low; buyer gets benefit; six rooms, bath; gas, electricity, steam, beam ceilings; 30 minutes on Erie; near station and trolley; restricted; high elevation; small payment down, balance like rent. W. Brady, 21 Park Row.

Rutherford—Well furnished, sale or rent; excellent main line commutation New York; nearly new eight-room house; steam heat; shower bath; 75 ft. plot; garage; excellent neighborhood; convenient, high location; reasonable rent, to responsible party. Van Mater, owner, 28 Montross Av. Phone 1327 Rutherford.

Hotel for sale or rent, Parker House, Sea Girt, N. J.; one block from ocean; 56 rooms, 40 guest rooms, fully furnished; terms to suit; established business for 35 years; illness only reason for renting; also cottage for rent. Address Owner.

CRANFORD, N. J. Three beautiful detached houses, just finished; each seven rooms, bath; most attractive surroundings in best neighborhood; $6,800 to $7,800; terms. Droescher, Owner, 79 Warren St., N. Y.

MONTCLAIR.—New, modern residence, delightfully located; large living room, dining room, butlery, kitchen, 6 bedrooms, 2 baths, sleeping porch, sun porch, every appointment; $7,500. Murdoch, opp. Lackawanna. Phone 675 Montclair.

MONTCLAIR.—Will sacrifice $9,000 residence for $7,500; 9 rooms, 2 baths, 6 bedrooms, sleeping porch, latest appointments; only $600 cash required. Frank Hughes Taylor Company, at Lackawanna Ter., Montclair, N. J.

DANDY FARM.
154 acres, Basking Ridge; two houses, large barns, three wells; splendid views; $4,000 worth timber; bargain. LEWIS B. PRESTON, INC., 165 Broadway.

Beautiful modern house, in pink of condition, best location in Westfield, $7,500. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

This office specializes in Connecticut inland and shorefront acreage, old houses with histories, big fireplaces, and Dutch ovens; also hilltops with fine views; what you want may be here. John Crawford, 7 East 42d St., N. Y.

North Carolina—For Sale or To Let.

River plantation down south, 4,000 acres; 800 cultivated, 2,500 timber; two-story mansion, ready furnished; two baths, laundry, three servant rooms; plantation furnished with complete farming machinery; daily communication by boat; price, $10 per acre. Thos. J. Jerome, Greensboro, N. C.

10,000 acres long-leaf pine timber lands; will cut 30,000,000 feet; fine farming land when cleared; price, $12.50 per acre. Thos. J. Jerome, Greensboro, N. C.

Real Estate Wanted.

Will buy two-family house on or near Grand Concourse; small payment down, balance like rent. Fordham, 162 Times Downtown.

MORTGAGE LOANS

First mortgage $1,000, 6 p. c., for sale in a week; new cash. Inquire De Lorenzo, 746 East 179th St.

SUMMER HOMES—Furnished.

Will rent for Summer months attractive, furnished house in South Yonkers; nine rooms, all improvements; no children. Mrs. Wüst, 233 Valentine Lane, Yonkers. Phone 1767.

Westchester County.

LARCHMONT.—Handsomely furnished, attractive Summer home of nine rooms, two baths; all latest improvements; two minutes' walk from station; 35 minutes from Grand Central. Telephone 658 Larchmont. 133 Larchmont Av.

RENT FURNISHED—12 rooms, 4 baths; double inclosed porch; old shade; garden planted; two-car garage; corner plot, over ¼ acre; in Beechmont Park, New Rochelle; rent for Summer months. EGGER, 51 East 42d St. Murray Hill 2326.

July, August, and September—Furnished 8-room house, thoroughly modern; ground in good condition; garage; 10 minutes station; nominal rent to proper party. Dr. G. T. Jackson, Briggs Av., Bryn Mawr Park, Yonkers, N. Y. Phone Yonkers 4715.

Country Place at Tarrytown, for the season; high elevation, fine view. Tribune Building, Room 400. Tel. 4870 Beekman.

Long Island.

SUMMER RENTALS.—Cottages and estates, Huntington, North Shore and Shelter Island. Daniel Gerard, 1,270 B'way, (33d St.,) N. Y.

Ten-room house, finest street Rockaway Park, half block from ocean, furnished; sale or rent, Farrell, 140 Nassau.

New Jersey.

Artistic cottage for rent, $1,500; just completed; handsomely decorated and furnished; Persian rugs, Steinway grand piano, paintings, fine library, &c.; large lawn and porches; exclusive Chelsea section. 4 South Aberdeen Place.

BRADLEY BEACH.

Furnished bungalow, half block from ocean; three large rooms downstairs, porches with wash trays; four bedrooms; good state of repair; cash price $2,500. Z 298 Times Annex.

Belmar, N. J.—Attractive bungalow, four bedrooms, large living room, with open fireplace, one block from beach; large porch, gas and electricity; $350 for season. Address William J. McFadden, 1,000-A Street, Belmar, or 810 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

Greenwood Lake.—Four to nine room bungalows, fully equipped; twenty-room boarding house, ready for immediate occupancy. Apply K. Creighton, Sterling Forest, N. J.

Riveredge, 8-room cottage, 2 acres, 7 rooms, 4 lots, 5 acres, for farming; $30 Summer; $20 Winter, monthly. Tottenville, $15. Ackerman, 187 Greenwich St.

Sparta, 5, 7 rooms, bath, $110, $175 season. Berkan, 875 Riverside Drive.

Miscellaneous.

TO LET, HARPSWELL, ME.—Furnished cottage, 6 rooms and bath; fireplace; garage; modern conveniences; $300 season. Room 206, Leighton Building, Portland.

Wanted—Furnished.

Wanted to rent until Oct. 15, furnished house, 5 or 6 master's, 3 servants', 2 bathrooms, with garage; short commuting distance; ample grounds; answer, giving price and location; near water preferred. Address A. B. B., 564 Columbus Av.

Furnished five-room bungalow wanted July-August, all conveniences, reasonable; commuting distance, Connecticut or Jersey shore; near resort and station; mail full particulars. P 23 Times.

Fully furnished bungalow wanted, one hour from New York; mountainous country preferred; all improvements. Address, with price and full particulars, Z 297 Times Annex.

Wanted—Bungalow with three bedrooms for small family, within one hour's ride from New York City. Address Murdered, 2,181 Broadway, N. Y.

HOUSES TO LET.

City—Unfurnished.

120 East 76th St.—Three-story high stoop dwelling, 9 rooms; dining room on the main or parlor floor. FIRM L. J. CARPENTER, 25 LIBERTY ST.

FARMS.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

Fruit and general farm, 128 acres, Hudson River section; charming 10-room house, views; good land; price $7,000, $5,000 cash. Farm & Estate Clearing House, 141 B'way.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Fruit farm, 62 acres exceptional, level land; 600 bearing trees; good buildings; near village and stone road; price $5,000; half cash. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

Farm, 230 acres; 9-room house; gravity water; practical barn; record corn land; 800 fruit trees; 3 acres berries; river affords boating and fishing; price $6,500. Farm & Estate Clearing House, 141 Broadway.

Miscellaneous—For Sale or To Let.

Would you buy 250-acre farm, good buildings, that will keep 30 cows and team if you could buy it cheap? If so write N. J. Potwin, South Royalton, Vt.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Loft, 247-253 West 19th St., 7,500 sq. ft., modern building, sprinkler system; rent reasonable. Supt., or Revel Realty & Securities Co., owner, 51 Chambers St., or your own broker.

OFFICES AND LOFTS TO SUBLEASE.—Large and small, uptown and downtown; most prominent buildings. G. M. Pearson & Co., Inc., 120 Broadway, Phone 5664 Rector.

85TH ST., 157 EAST.—Rear two-story building, suitable for light manufacturing shop or factory, $45 per month; plenty light and air. Apply Owner, 155 East 85th St.

Rent, 3,500 square feet light, dry basement, 350 fireproof, 8-13-12 Forrest St., Brooklyn. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building.

NEW desk, $5 monthly; newly furnished or unfurnished private offices, $16 to $40; mail privilege, $2; telephone and towel service. Apply 309 Broadway, Suite 807.

Tenant of first-class office building in financial district will sublet one room, 9 by 17. Telephone Rector 1729.

STORE.

Northeast Corner Broadway and 148th St. W. D. MORGAN, 3,578 Broadway, (147th.)

At 404 4th Av., 9th floor, (corner 28th St.;) private offices; desk room or mail privilege; excellent service.

CORNER STORE, $150; SMALL STORES, $45 PER MONTH. 101 WEST 51ST ST.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

5TH AV., 748.—Sublet for Summer unusually attractive furnished front apartment, two rooms and bath; very cool; eighth floor; windows on three sides; valet, butler, and chambermaid service.

30TH, 151 EAST.—5 rooms, bath, fully furnished; rent $75. Apply janitor or Folsom Bros., 127 East 34th St.

30TH, 24 EAST.—Rent until Oct. 1, furnished apartment, near Madison Av.; sitting room, 2 bedrooms, bath; maid service; elevator; catering in house. Call anytime.

53TH, 77 EAST.—Until Oct. 1, a non-housekeeping apartment of two large rooms and bath, very attractively furnished; ideal rooms for Summer; quiet street; rent $75 month.

60TH, 18 EAST.—Cool, attractive, two bedrooms, parlor, bath; reasonable rent; restaurant; non-housekeeping. Mrs. Elliot Smith. Plaza 4570.

81ST ST., 75 EAST, (corner Park Av.)—Cool, attractive 7-room furnished apartment; reasonable rent. Cunningham.

86TH, 103 EAST.—Furnished apartment, 10th floor, six rooms, two baths; delightfully cool and comfortable; can be seen by appointment. Phone Lenox 1831.

ATTENTION.—Summer rates now; apartments, furnished, 2 rooms, bath; full hotel service; block from subway; $10.50-$14 weekly. Hotel Senton, 35 East 27th St. Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St.

GRAMERCY PARK, 13, (20th.)—Charmingly furnished apartment for the Summer; three rooms, bath, kitchenette, porch. Apply Superintendent after 11 A. M.

MADISON AV., 675.—Attractive small apartment to sublet. Brainard.

TO SUBLET, bedroom and bath, also a suite of parlor, bedroom, and bath; can be connected if desired; attractive rate. THE LORRAINE. 2 East 45th St.

Furnished—West Side.

44TH, 210 WEST, (Westover Court.)—Bachelor, 2-3 rooms, bath, $50 up, with service.

45TH, 341 WEST, (Just Off Broadway.)—New elevator housekeeping furnished apartments, 1, 2, 3 rooms, tiled bath, shower, tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; highest references indispensable; $50 up monthly. Tel. Bry. 6255.

47TH, 112 WEST.—A completely furnished bachelor apartment, three rooms, bath; high-class elevator house; free maid service; electric light; linen included; rental, $95.

47TH, 143 WEST.—Furnished or unfurnished housekeeping apartment, four rooms and bath, in private house.

47TH, 119 WEST.—Cool, attractive apartments, two rooms, kitchenette, bath; reference. Schuyler 5127.

55TH, 19 WEST.—Sublet large, airy studio, bedroom, bath, artistically furnished antique mahogany, grand piano. Inquire 11-12, 4-5. Heath.

56TH, 208 WEST.—An especially attractive apartment, 2 rooms and bath, just vacated; full hotel service free. Thorndyke Apartments.

57TH, 58 WEST.—Delightful three corner rooms, bath; piano, elevator; references. Baxter.

59TH, 48 WEST. (Near Plaza.)—Handsomely furnished duplex; to careful tenant, rental less than unfurnished, $150; call mornings, Whelen.

59TH ST., 38 WEST.
Neatly furnished two or three rooms, bath, kitchenette; monthly or yearly.

61ST, 10 WEST.—Sublet (Summer) unusually attractive corner apartment, four large outside rooms, completely furnished, kitchenette, overlooking park. Steele.

69TH, 243-245 WEST. (The New West End.)—One, two, three rooms, bath, and kitchenette; Summer rates; $45-$85; completely furnished; satisfactory references absolutely necessary. Supt., on premises. Open evenings.

69TH, 231 WEST.—Five rooms, June 15th to Sept. 15th; reasonable. Greenburgh.

72D ST., (Near Riverside Drive.)—Four rooms and bath, sublet, completely furnished, July 1 to Oct. 1; $125 per month. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

72D, 260 WEST.—NEWLY FURNISHED FIVE ROOMS, TWO BATHS, TILL SEPT. 15. FOX.

75TH, 14 WEST.—3 rooms, bath, kitchenette, electricity, maid; entire floor. Columbus 5330.

80TH, 412 West End Av.)—Six rooms, beautifully furnished, for immediate occupancy; sacrifice. Apply to Captain Hunt; phone Columbus 7627.

81ST, 169 WEST.—Clean, simply furnished, 7 rooms; $80; three months. Morton.

83D, 324 WEST.—Six-room apartment, handsomely furnished; bargain until Oct. 1; immediate possession. See Superintendent.

86TH, 257 WEST.—Studio apartment; studio, bedroom, kitchenette, and bath; maid service. Superintendent.

86TH, 200 WEST.—Beautifully furnished five-room apartment; less than rent. Apt. 52.

96TH, 257 WEST.—SEVEN-ROOM DUPLEX APARTMENT, $125. SUPERINTENDENT.

100TH, 514 WEST.—Sublet, June-November, seven beautifully furnished rooms, two baths; top floor elevator apartment, north, south, western exposure; unobstructed view Hudson. Fountain.

110TH. (Near Broadway.)—Six rooms; convenient subway, bus, elevated, furnished, to Oct. 1; lease can be continued unfurnished. Phone Morningside 5200.

115TH, 507 WEST, (Apt. 1A.)—Special Summer rates; 2, 4, 5, and 6 rooms; exquisite apartments; furnished complete, including silver and linen. Phone 8240 Morningside.

115TH, 610 WEST.—Three rooms, kitchenette, bath, high-class elevator apartment. 33 B.

124TH, 267 WEST.—Convenient to Columbia; whole or part; breezy corner, five rooms; elevator; $25, $30. Morningside 2394.

119TH ST., 421 WEST, (Near Columbia.)—3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; large, light, attractive; piano, phonograph, sewing machine; complete in every detail; sacrifice rental. Mrs. Fay's apartment.

121ST, 414 WEST.—Four rooms; piano; $60 per month. Apply to Superintendent.

104TH, 245 WEST.—Fully furnished, desirable apartment, 3 rooms; all sides exposed; reasonable. 104th and B'way. Phone Beidler.

137TH, 609 WEST.—4 rooms, elevator; exceptionally light, cool; one door Riverside; block B'way subway; $45. Apt. 41B.

141ST, 422 WEST.—Elegant 5-room; $62 elevator apartment at Riverside; sublet to October, at $45. Robinson, 4D.

A NEW APARTMENT HOTEL.
Newly furnished and decorated; complete hotel service; two and three rooms and bath; 9 to 14 windows, with unobstructed views and three exposures to each suite; rates $30 monthly and up; also weekly rates; breakfast & dinner if desired; references. HOTEL NOBLETON, 129 WEST 73D ST. One block from subway express and elevated. All cars and bus lines.

APPLY 103 West 74th; exquisitely furnished apartment, piano, Broadway Seventies, $95 monthly, till October (longer) less than unfurnished.

39TH ST., 38 WEST.
Neatly furnished two or three rooms, bath, kitchenette; monthly or yearly.

61ST, 10 WEST.—Sublet (Summer) unusually attractive corner apartment, four large outside rooms, completely furnished, kitchenette, overlooking park. Steele.

69TH, 243-245 WEST. (The New West End.)—One, two, three rooms, bath, and kitchenette; Summer rates; $45-$85; completely furnished; satisfactory references absolutely necessary. Supt., on premises. Open evenings.

69TH, 231 WEST.—Five rooms, June 15th to Sept. 15th; reasonable. Greenburgh.

72D ST., (Near Riverside Drive.)—Four rooms and bath, sublet, completely furnished, July 1 to Oct. 1; $125 per month. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

72D, 260 WEST.—NEWLY FURNISHED FIVE ROOMS, TWO BATHS, TILL SEPT. 15. FOX.

75TH, 14 WEST.—3 rooms, bath, kitchenette, electricity, maid; entire floor. Columbus 5330.

80TH, 412 West End Av.)—Six rooms, beautifully furnished, for immediate occupancy; sacrifice. Apply to Captain Hunt; phone Columbus 7627.

81ST, 169 WEST.—Clean, simply furnished, 7 rooms; $80; three months. Morton.

83D, 324 WEST.—Six-room apartment, handsomely furnished; bargain until Oct. 1; immediate possession. See Superintendent.

86TH, 257 WEST.—Studio apartment; studio, bedroom, kitchenette, and bath; maid service. Superintendent.

86TH, 200 WEST.—Beautifully furnished five-room apartment; less than rent. Apt. 52.

96TH, 257 WEST.—SEVEN-ROOM DUPLEX APARTMENT, $125. SUPERINTENDENT.

100TH, 514 WEST.—Sublet, June-November, seven beautifully furnished rooms, two baths; top floor elevator apartment, north, south, western exposure; unobstructed view Hudson. Fountain.

110TH. (Near Broadway.)—Six rooms; convenient subway, bus, elevated, furnished, to Oct. 1; lease can be continued unfurnished. Phone Morningside 5200.

115TH, 507 WEST, (Apt. 1A.)—Special Summer rates; 2, 4, 5, and 6 rooms; exquisite apartments; furnished complete, including silver and linen. Phone 8240 Morningside.

115TH, 610 WEST.—Three rooms, kitchenette, bath, high-class elevator apartment. 33 B.

124TH, 267 WEST.—Convenient to Columbia; whole or part; breezy corner, five rooms; elevator; $25, $30. Morningside 2394.

119TH ST., 421 WEST, (Near Columbia.)—3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; large, light, attractive; piano, phonograph, sewing machine; complete in every detail; sacrifice rental. Mrs. Fay's apartment.

121ST, 414 WEST.—Four rooms; piano; $60 per month. Apply to Superintendent.

104TH, 245 WEST.—Fully furnished, desirable apartment, 3 rooms; all sides exposed; reasonable. 104th and B'way. Phone Beidler.

137TH, 609 WEST.—4 rooms, elevator; exceptionally light, cool; one door Riverside; block B'way subway; $45. Apt. 41B.

141ST, 422 WEST.—Elegant 5-room; $62 elevator apartment at Riverside; sublet to October, at $45. Robinson, 4D.

A NEW APARTMENT HOTEL.
Newly furnished and decorated; complete hotel service; two and three rooms and bath; 9 to 14 windows, with unobstructed views and three exposures to each suite; rates $30 monthly and up; also weekly rates; breakfast & dinner if desired; references. HOTEL NOBLETON, 129 WEST 73D ST. One block from subway express and elevated. All cars and bus lines.

APPLY 103 West 74th; exquisitely furnished apartment, piano, Broadway Seventies, $95 monthly, till October (longer) less than unfurnished.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

APARTMENTS—SUBLET, handsomely furnished; any period. Summer rates. EXCLUSIVE REALTY SPECIALISTS, 176 West 72d. Phone 848 Columbus.

APARTMENT HUNTING unnecessary. Consult Mrs. Singleman, Renting Specialist, 154 West 72d. Columbus 836.

APARTMENT SEEKING made easy. Consult Elite Renting Co., 25 West 42d St.

Attractive apartments; hotel conveniences; apartment rates; inspection invited.
CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY,
110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
We have 1, 2, 3, 4 room apartments
$35, $45, $55, $65 UP MONTHLY.
Fully furnished; dishes, silver, cooking utensils; maid service optional; each apartment has private bath and kitchenette; concessions lease or unfurnished; near subway and "L"; must be seen to appreciate. Phone Academy 613. Fifth Av. bus stops at door.

BEAUTIFULLY furnished apartment, two rooms, kitchenette; block from Ritz. P 35 Times.

BROADWAY, 3,810, (Corner 159th.)—Sublet until October 1, 5-room, elevator apartment; nicely furnished, including piano; immediate possession; references; rent $65. Wright, Apt. 23.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 378. — Attractive six-room corner apartment, overlooking Central Park, until October; bargain. Apply Superintendent.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 302, (Corner 91st.)—Apartment hotel, two large, attractive rooms; maid service; roof restaurant; excellent view.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 285, (at 169th St.)—Five or six rooms, corner apartment; unobstructed view of Hudson, facing south; no long hall; June 15 to Sept. 15 or 30. Swazey.

FURNISHED apartments to rent; list on request. See Slawson & Hoobs, 162 West 72d St. Tele. 7240 Columbus.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED APARTMENTS Concessional prices from now until October, $75-$200 month; long, short leases. CLARK REALTY COMPANY, 30 E. 42nd. Telephone Vanderbilt 1450

HOTEL, West 70s, corner; 12th floor, southern exposure, 2 rooms, bath, furnished, $125 per month; July and August only. F 165 Times.

MANHATTAN AV., 540.—Furnished or unfurnished four corner rooms; modern house, to October; very reasonable. Phone 1275 Morningside.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 227, (95th.)—Handsomely furnished 6 rooms; grand piano, linen, silver, Oriental rugs; superb view; sublet. Coyle.

67 RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
Magnificent corner, ten rooms, three baths, all or part; ninth floor; rare furnishings; artistic atmosphere. Jackson, 9066 Schuyler.

SEVEN beautifully furnished outside rooms, three baths; very reasonable. Phone Riverside 206.

SPECIALIST.
Handsomey furnished apartments, wonderful Summer bargains. Gray 269 West 73d. Columbus 3974.

SUBLET for one month or longer, completely furnished housekeeping apartments, 2 and 3 rooms; rent very reasonable. Apply M. Gilbert, 100 Cathedral Parkway, or telephone Academy 613.

Sublet, one, two, or three months, two large, unusually attractive, outside rooms and bath. Ask for Apartment 31, St. Hubert Hotel, West 57th St.

SUBLET SUMMER.—Attractively furnished 3 rooms, bath; ideal location for all transits; call before noon. Schuyler 4537.

SUMMER RATES.—Large, light apartments, with bath, $50 monthly; suites, $100 up; complete hotel service; excellent restaurant. HOTEL GREGORIAN, 42 WEST 35TH ST.

THE ESTLING.
223 Riverside Drive, between 96th and 95th Sts.; 8 rooms and bath; very comfortable large and sunny rooms; moderate rent.

Two to six rooms and bath, with or without kitchen and dining room, completely furnished, including hotel service. $1.00 PER ROOM DAILY.
HOTEL SCHUYLER ARMS, 305 W. 98TH St. Phone 6100—Riverside. Modern building, half block from Riverside Drive; 3 minutes from 96th St. express station; nicest location; best value in city; restaurant attached.

TWO or three room independent suite; running water, electricity; desirable. Riverside 8221.

WASHINGTON SQUARE NORTH, 27½ (Hotel Earle.)—Charmingly cool apartments overlooking park; southern exposure; 1 to 3 rooms with bath, completely furnished, $12 week up. Send for illustrated booklet.

WEST END AV., 740, (96th St. Subway.)—Apartment of highest class; beautifully furnished 5 rooms; 8th floor; exceptionally cool, spacious; seen 2:30 to 4:30.

WILL RENT for Summer, seven rooms and three baths, furnished, on 86th St., near Riverside Drive; most modern apartment; terms reasonable. Phone Schuyler 8864. Write M 226 Times Downtown.

7 ROOMS.
Ground Floor Corner.
PRICE, $2,500.
601 West End Avenue.

Bronx.

Woman has attractive apartment; share with refined woman; equal privileges. Tremont 5371.

Unfurnished—East Side.

183D ST., 313 EAST.—High-class apartment five large rooms; modern improvements; rent $35.

TO SUBLET, unfurnished, an attractive corner suite of parlor, bedroom, and bath; present tenant's lease expires Oct. 1st, 1918. THE LORRAINE, 2 East 45th St.

Unfurnished—West Side.

12TH, 15 WEST.—Two rooms, with bath; elevator, electricity, maid service; modern improvements.

21ST ST., 234-8 WEST.
Four, five, and six rooms and bath. Elevator, &c.; $510 to $720. See Supt.

28TH, 254 WEST.—Six large rooms; high-class elevator; rent very moderate. Inquire superintendent.

57TH, $40 WEST.—(Hotel Calumet.)—Save money and housekeeping worry; furnished and unfurnished apartments to suit refined people; modern fireproof hotel; high-class service; references.

110TH, 515 WEST.—Six-room apartment, fireproof building; two street bedrooms; possession July 1. Apt. 6C.

111TH ST., 516 WEST.—Apartment to sublet; 6 fine, light rooms, unfurnished; will sublet to October at $50 per month; elevator apartment. Nicoll.

116TH ST., 438 WEST, Corner Amsterdam Av.—Three large, sunny rooms and bath; rent moderate. Inquire Apartment 5B.

141ST, 610 WEST.—Sublet 3 large rooms and bath; immediate possession. Apt. 4D.

150TH ST., 515 WEST.
8 rooms and bath, heat, hot water; lower part 2-family house, $60.

161ST AND 160TH, (Near Riverside Drive.)—3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 rooms; rents $40 to $115. Inquire office, 900 Riverside Drive. Telephone Audubon 4657.

EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY.
Apartment to sublet, 6 light, large and cheerful rooms; elevator service; all modern improvements; desirable location; near Hudson River; can be leased at an exceptional price. Apt. 52, 351 West 181st St.

HIGH CLASS
Elevator apts., 4-8 rooms, two baths; rent reasonable. 41 Convent Av.

RIVIERA,
799 Riverside Drive.
High-class elevator apartments.
4-5-6 large, light rooms, with all improvements.

SAN JOSE.
500 West End Av., corner 84th St.
11th floor, 5 rooms, 2 baths, $100 per month, furnished or unfurnished; sublet to October 1, 1917. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

906 WEST END AV.
New building, northwest corner 104th St.; now leasing from plans, 6, 7, and 8 rooms, 2 and 3 baths. Full particulars from Paterno Bros., 601 West 115th St.

WEST END AV., 817.—6 rooms and bath; immediate possession. Apt. 1E.

Bronx.

BLACKROCK AV., 2,220.—Six rooms; improvements; beautiful large garden; select tenants; $30.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Unfurnished.

Four, five rooms, kitchen; 70th to 112th St.; immediate occupancy to October, 1918; about $700. O 117 Times.

FOUR or five rooms from Oct. 1, west side, 72d to 110th St., $70; new apartment house. D 347 Times Downtown.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

318T, (Corner Lexington.)—Comfortable outside room in elevator apartment; gentleman. Lexingtonia, Apartment 10.

43D, 16 EAST.—Large room, with bath; also small room; comforts of home, with liberty of hotel; references.

45TH, 16 East.—Handsome room, private bath; square room, single room; references.

48TH, 29 EAST.—Comfortable front room; use of bath; business man.

76TH, 37 EAST.—Large, airy room, with or without kitchenette; every convenience; telephone.

86TH ST., 153 EAST. (Y. M. C. A.)—

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

SELL YOUR CAR AT AUCTION; QUICK DECISIONS; SATISFACTORY RESULTS. VAN TASSEL & KEARNEY SALES RING, 160-162 EAST 125TH ST.

SPECIAL DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION. OUTSIDE EXHAUST. POINTED RADIATOR. SIMPLEX 38, 1914, TOURING, 7 PASSENGER. GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY, 565 FIFTH AV. PLAZA 4875.

STEARNS-KNIGHT, eight-cylinder, 1916, seven-passenger touring; two disappearing seats facing forward; Fleetwood paneled body; one-man top; ventilating windshield; Westinghouse lighting and starting; newly painted gun metal gray, satin finish; sold with new car guarantee. Stearns Used Car Department, 417 West 55th St.

STEARNS-KNIGHT—$800 BUYS 1916 five-passenger touring car; used less than 5,000 miles; runs and looks like new. 130 Clymer St., near Williamsburg Bridge, B'klyn.

STEVENS-DURYEA 5-Passenger Touring Car; first-class condition; equipped electric lighting system, self-starter, demountable rims, newly painted; great bargain. H. C. Beaver, Telephone Columbus 8161.

STUTZ 1917 BULLDOG SPECIAL.
STUTZ 1916 BULLDOG SPECIAL.
MERCER 1916 TOURING.
HUDSON 1917 TOURING.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY, 565 FIFTH AV. PLAZA 4875.

STUTZ 1917 BULLDOG SPECIAL. WALLACE, 1,739 BROADWAY.

VELIE, 1916, 6 cylinder; bargain; used about 2,500 miles; bring your own mechanic for inspection. 360 Cumberland St., Brooklyn.

WHITE TOURING, SIX-CYLINDER. Beautiful 7-passenger, like new; cost $4,500, condition guaranteed. 160 West 58th, Phone Circle 1808.

"2-35" PACKARD—BRAND NEW. 1917 Salon type, 7-pass. touring; special maroon color; no brokers. Phone this A. M. Cortlandt 418.

Automobiles for Rent.

LOZIER.—Beautiful seven-passenger high-grade Lozier touring, late model, monthly preferred; owner drives; excellent references. D 182 Times.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire; hour, day, week, trip; superior service; sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. WILLIAMSON, 20a West 43d St. Phones 4219-3530 Bryant.

PACKARDS.—Beautiful cars, by hour; monthly preferred; very reasonable; references. Champion Auto Co., 171 West 80th. 5618 Riverside.

PACKARD.—Beautiful new Packard touring, $2.50 hourly; experienced owner drives; references. Morningside 7385.

PACKARD, limousine, Westinghouse springs; recent model; owner drives; hourly, monthly. 5837 Columbus.

PACKARD twin and sixes, beautiful touring, hour, day, week. Telephone Plaza 1885.

PACKARD, 7, touring, reasonable; monthly. De Bouver, 212 West 89th. 6200 Riverside.

REO bus, season's rental; fine for club or Summer home; seats fourteen; moderate. Telephone Kingbridge 123.

WHITE bus, season's rental; splendid for club or Summer hotel; moderate; capacity, twenty. Telephone Kingsbridge 123.

Automobile Garages.

GARAGE.—Two-story fireproof; no elevator; runway space for 200 cars; $100 and up. 125th Street Garage, Inc., 213-223 East 125th St., (near 3d Av.) Harlem 1486.

Automobiles Wanted.

Wanted.—Small used sedan car in good condition; prefer to buy from private party. T 272 Times.

FORD touring 1917 car wanted. J 149 Times.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL. Booklet I explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced. Classes 236 A.C. 57th St. classes now forming. "Honesty at Broadway. 1909 Prospers on Merit."

Auto School. Largest and best school in the WEST SIDE U.S. Send for booklet and pass Y.M.C.A. to school. Telephone Columbus 302 W. 57th St. 7020. Spec. classes for ladies.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL. Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment; write for booklet. 285 West 50th St. Ladies' classes.

COSMOPOLITAN AUTO SCHOOL. Practical, Thorough, moderate, Reliable, Ladies; also Ford. Booklet. 231 WEST 50TH ST.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

ATTENDANT, trained, Swiss lady, desires position for Summer with lady in country; best references. Write C. Schneider, 347 West 21st St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Over 11 years' experience as office manager; university training in modern accounting methods; competent to handle important or complicated work. S 338 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, typist; eight years' experience; render trial balance, financial statement; age 25; highest credentials; $18. S 344 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT; first-class office worker; experience manufacturing concerns, typewriting. P 40 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, and typist, thoroughly experienced; best references. D. 321 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, absolutely qualified take full charge books; A1 stenographer. Expert, 174 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER.—6 years' experience; capable taking charge; American; $18. P 294 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant stenographer; four years' experience; accurate; references; trial balance; $14. M 296 Times Downtown.

DRESSMAKER by day; artistic, expert fitter; good lines; reasonable; references. J 166 Times.

GOVERNESS.—American lady, 29, governess, Protestant, trained here and Europe, wishes tutor children piano and literary branches during Summer; references; $50 and home. J 171 Times.

GOVERNESS or COMPANION.—21, experienced, references, refined young lady, pleasing disposition, wishes out-of-town position. J 168 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER, &c.—Refined lady for last 14 years employed in private school, desires position as lady housekeeper, house mother or matron in private school or family; very best references. Z 294 Times Annex.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Position wanted; willing to leave city for Summer; references. J 39 Times.

MANAGER.—School, factory, store, lunch-room manager; experienced woman. J 48 Times.

NURSERY GOVERNESS, best references, speaking French, German, English; good sewer and fond of children. 160 East 37th.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Good penmanship; knowledge of switchboard; four years' experience. M 285 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—2 years' experience; good, permanent, accurate, conscientious; $8. T 279 Times Downtown.

PIANIST, accompanist, wishes position for Summer; would go to mountains. J 170 Times.

POSITION in intelligence or complaint office, woman pleasing personality. J 41 Times.

SECRETARIAL POSITION WANTED.
A young woman secretary-stenographer, possessing unusual tact and ability, with several years of banking and bond experience, and possessing good technical knowledge; also experienced bookkeeper and capable taking charge of office; over six years with a good commercial house; will be open for a position about June 15, owing to dissolving of partnership in present banking house; excellent reference with regard to ability and character. Address H., P. O. Box 1,936, New York City.

SECRETARY. — Experienced, efficient,; college graduate; stenographer, correspondent; salary, $35 weekly. S 333 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate, knowledge bookkeeping; six years' technical experience; conversant office detail; assume responsibility; not afraid work; excellent credentials; $15. M 260 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Cultured, eight years' engineering, export, banking experience, absolutely reliable, quick comprehension, seeks situation any capacity; original thinker, wideawake; $20. M 259 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, 8 years' technical experience, assume entire charge; accurate; can take 100 words per minute; $20; references. Edith Bell, 129 Edgecombe Av.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, two years' experience; high school graduate; neat, conscientious; rapid. Stenographer, 200 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - BOOKKEEPER, 7 years' thorough experience, desires good connection; can come highly recommended. Box 264, 1,476 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, ambitious, neat worker, desires position; chance for advancement. Estelle Brown, 37 East 58th St. Plaza 2903.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced, capable, good recommendation; $15. Alma Bloch, 1,676 Broadway. Audubon 4213.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate, knowledge bookkeeping; four years' experience; $12. M 290 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; rapid worker; reference former employer; $12. T 289 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, assistant bookkeeper; experienced, competent; references; $15. R., 1,391 Madison Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Neat appearance; thoroughly competent; familiar with office work; $15. M 288 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Can take dictation rapidly and transcribe accurately; $10. Miss Bryant, 3616; 1,476 Candler Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, interested in her work; salary $14. Manhasset 512 Y.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT.—Trial balances, audits; $5 monthly, upward; books opened, closed, systematized; profit and loss statements, corporation work. Friedlander, 19 Cedar St. Telephone John 5655.

ACCOUNTANT-OFFICE MANAGER. — Businessman well educated, thoroughly trained, 35; expert accountant; able executive; long experience; highest recommendations. T 284 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Opens, closes, keeps books for firms not employing bookkeepers. J 169 Times.

ADVERTISING MAN, designer, copy writer, printer, business and sales experience, young, desires position on part time. M 299 Times Downtown.

ARCHITECTS, Contractors.—Man, 26; experience four years College of Architecture, Cornell; five years' general contracting in various capacities; last, Superintendent; location immaterial. J 151 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, age 20, experienced; New York University graduate, to connect with reliable house; American Hebrew. T 283 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (28,) thoroughly competent man, five years with present employers, seeks new connection; military exempt; A1 references. P 84 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man, 21, high school graduate; experienced, energetic, hard worker; A1 references. J 161 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 23; trial balances, control accounts, excellent handwriting, correspondent; $20. M 287 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and typist; two years' experience. M 286 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS EXECUTIVE, 33, technical college education, desires change; only high-est grade opportunities considered; transportation work preferred. P 37 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced, expert driver and machinist, single, 35 years of age, wishes steady position with private family, city or country; high-class cars only; salary $25 weekly. Rosati, 447 West 166d St.

CHAUFFEUR, with many years' experience, wants good position; references. H. Martin, care Society Professional Automobile Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Phone Columbus 4066.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic; private or commercial; city or country; excellent horseman. W. Mooney, 398 Edgecombe Av. Phone 7170 Audubon.

CHAUFFEUR.—Would like to place reliable chauffeur after June 15; will give high recommendation. Apply T. W. H., 22 East 68th St., or Fred Schir, 346 East 80th St.

CHAUFFEUR wishes private position; mostly desires to drive women and children; Liberty car; best references. Schmitt, 774 Tinton Av., Bronx. Tel. 1880 Tremont.

CHAUFFEUR.—I want to place my colored chauffeur; honest; exceptionally satisfactory servant; good driver. V. C. Brown, 2 West 45th St., New York City.

CHAUFFEUR, reliable, experienced, own repairs, best references, wishes position. Telephone Lenox 8196.

CHAUFFEUR, (21,) wishes private position; 3 years' experience. Lorch, 780 Elton Av., Bronx.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, wishes position, private; country preferred; references. Tiernan, 162 West 61st.

CHAUFFEUR, colored; experienced driver, mechanic; strictly sober. Smith, care Weir, 444 West 163d.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic; 8 years' experience; sober, reliable, careful. Havcanek, 1,855 Avenue A.

CHAUFFEUR; two years' experience; useful; moderate salary; city or country. H. O., 184 Times.

CHEMICAL PLANT STAFF.

THE ENTIRE FACTORY ORGANIZATION THAT, DURING THE PAST TWO YEARS, HAS HANDLED THE CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATION OF A CANADIAN CHEMICAL PLANT EMPLOYING ONE THOUSAND WORKMEN AND ENGAGING IN THE MANUFACTURE OF ACIDS AND EXPLOSIVES IS ON ACCOUNT OF DISCONTINUANCE OF OPERATIONS HERE, ABOUT TO BECOME FREE TO FORM NEW CONNECTIONS.

THE ORGANIZATION CONSISTS OF THREE EXPERIENCED ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENTS, TECHNICALLY TRAINED, EACH OF WHOM HAS ACTED IN ROTATION AS OPERATING SUPERINTENDENT; A STAFF OF TWELVE TRAINED CHEMISTS, HEADED BY A CHIEF CHEMIST WHO IS AN EXPERIENCED CHEMICAL ENGINEER; A MECHANICAL SUPERINTENDENT OF LONG EXPERIENCE IN CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE AND WHOSE STAFF INCLUDES YARDMASTER, A MASTER MECHANIC, A CHIEF POWER ENGINEER, WITH FIRST-CLASS PAPERS; A DRAFTSMAN, A MACHINE SHOP FOREMAN, A MILLWRIGHT FOREMAN, A FOREMAN CARPENTER, A FOREMAN LEADBURNER, A FOREMAN BLACKSMITH, AND THREE RESERVE CREWS; ALSO SIX EXPERIENCED MANUFACTURING DEPARTMENT HEADS RATED AS SUPERVISORS AND EXPERIENCED SULPURIC AND NITRIC ACID FOREMAN. A COMPLETE CLERICAL DEPARTMENT, INCLUDING CHIEF CLERK, ACCOUNTANT, CHIEF TIMEKEEPER, PAYMASTER, PURCHASING STOREKEEPER, CLERKS, AND STENOGRAPHERS. NEW CONNECTIONS INDIVIDUALLY OR COLLECTIVELY WILL BE MADE, AND THOSE INTERESTED IN SECURING DETAILS ARE INVITED TO CORRESPOND WITH A. W. PHILLIPS, GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT, DRUMMONDVILLE, P. Q., CANADA.

CLERK would like to connect with reliable firm. Kline, 178 Huron, Brooklyn.

COLLECTOR,—Young man, 20, desires position as collector; three years' experience. D 322 Times Downtown.

COMPANION, Secretary, Confidential Representative, Amateur Auto Operator.—By possessing medical knowledge, will fill responsible legal, social, and educational standing. 480 Marlborough Road, Brooklyn, N. Y.

COMPANION-TUTOR.—Summer engagement in congenial environment desired by college undergraduate; well informed, responsible, experienced; familiar; highly recommended; experienced in sports. J 168 Times.

COUPLE, man first-class waiter, wife Vienna Hungarian cook or help; country hotel. Apt. 2, 203 East 77th.

EXECUTIVE position wanted with bank or corporation by young man, 32 possessing legal training and long practical business experience, G., care of Landy, 60 Church St., New York.

EXECUTIVE, 26, married, ten years' accounting and business experience, graduate N. Y. U., desires confidential position. M 278 Times Downtown.

GARDENER.—English young man, single; 3 years here; experienced flowers, vegetables; good references. J 162 Times.

JAPANESE couple wish to secure position together; can do cooking, chamber work, and waiting on table. F 90 Times.

MAN, 33, best reference, wishes opportunity to connect with wholesale house where promotion depends on ability; salary to object to start, providing a good future. J 174 Times.

MAN, 27, wishes position; five years' experience special officer and detective. J. T., care Harris, 200 West 38th St.

MARRIED MAN, Irish, take care private country place, drive automobile; 18 years last employer. 423 Parsons St., Yonkers, N. Y.

MECHANIC'S ASSISTANT in garage or in automobile factory, willing, handy with tools; no previous experience. J 172 Times.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR; owns multigraph; part or full time. A. G., 2,960 3d Av.

OPPORTUNITY wanted, industrial organization; man, 26, university graduate, technical experience. T 273 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, traveling Middle West, experienced, five years selling; or department store's cars and wholesale trade; open for good permanent position. P 41 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

SALESMAN.—TEN YEARS' ROAD EXPERIENCE, CORDAGE, CANVAS, MARINE EQUIPMENT, SUPPLIES. Z 292 TIMES ANNEX.

SECRETARY, (32,) thoroughly experienced American; exceptional correspondent, stenographer, conscientious executive. M 298 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Thoroughly experienced; good executive abilities; highest references. T 269 Times Downtown.

SHOE STORE MANAGER, SHOE SALESMAN, RETAIL OR WHOLESALE BUYER.
Christian, 31 years old; 12 years' experience in high-grade retail shop; 6 years with present firm; best of references. P. O. 16, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER, (19,) high school graduate; knowledge bookkeeping, French; two years' experience; rapid and accurate; $15. Blumberg, 338 East 78th.

STENOGRAPHER.—Can handle rapid dictation; anxious to work. Mr. A., 220 West 42d St., City. Room 1606. Phone Bryant 1119.

STENOGRAPHER, office clerk, six years' experience, desires position with advancement. J 159 Times.

TRAFFIC MAN, 10 years' railroad experience in traffic department, wishes position, preferably with coal company; thorough familiarity with rates, tariffs, tracing, reconsignments; American; 32 years old. J 165 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (American,) 32, married, active and neat appearing, fifteen years' experience, office details, export and domestic shipping, efficient, thorough, reliable, wishes to connect with some good firm where initiative and ability will procure advancement; excellent references. T 275 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, thoroughly familiar with most important secretarial duties, correspondent, stenographer, proven exceptional executive ability, present and only position nine years. T 271 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 28, ambitious, would like to connect with good concern where advancement is possible; manufacturing or wholesale; experience salesman, manager groceries. M 284 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 28, married, extensive sales and detail experience, knowledge of banking, desires opportunity where integrity and resourcefulness will insure rapid advancement. P 25 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20 years old, wishes clerical position with progressive concern; has had 2 years' high school instruction; can furnish reference. T 278 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 23, wishes position where hard, conscientious work will secure future, in or out of town; 4 years shirt manufacturing training. J 285 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, thoroughly conversant with insurance business in all branches and with plenty of tact and initiative, desires connection with insurance office; can furnish best of references. P 39 Times.

YOUNG MAN (24) wishes to connect with mercantile concern where there is chance for advancement; have 10 years' reference from last employer. P 21 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, desires clerical position, outside preferred; has experience in collecting, investigating, and adjusting; salary, $15. P 33 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, one year college, clerk, correspondent, or office assistant; at present employed; references. M 289 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) experienced payroll, cost production, distribution clerk, timekeeper, desires position with established firm. B., 2,025 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN, (25,) N. Y. U. graduate, B. C. S. degree, 5 years' bookkeeping experience, desires position with C. P. A. P 28 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, well educated, refined, seeks position evenings; hours about 7 to 11. Cutler, 1,171 2d Av.

YOUNG MAN, 3 years' office experience, with knowledge of bookkeeping. P 27 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, capable of taking charge, desires position with reliable concern; can furnish A1 reference. P 26 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, high school graduate, stockroom experience, desires position. P 24 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18, well recommended, experienced in dress house, wishes position. A. Stern, 1,469 Webster Av., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, 20, college education, desires position for Summer. Riecker, 442 E. 83th.

YOUNG MAN, (18,) desires position with reliable concern; anything. J 158 Times.

YOUTH, 17, ambitious, capable, conscientious worker, seeks opening with concern where opportunity for advancement is offered; must have high school and business training; excellent references; salary $8. M 50 Times Harlem.

HELP WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT; must be bright, operate typewriter, write good hand, quick and accurate at figures, and have knowledge of bookkeeping, in office of manufacturing concern; give age, experience, salary expected. Reply in own handwriting, Box O 189 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—EXPERIENCED DOUBLE ENTRY; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY DESIRED. H. C., 290 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER.—Good appearance and pleasing personality; state age, experience, and references; salary, $15; good opportunity for advancement. W. F., 277 Times.

BOOKKEEPER wanted, slight knowledge of stenography; $60 month and meals; permanent. Hotel Holley, 36 Washington Square.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, clean cut, with brains, for position with advancement; hours 8 to 5; salary moderate; state experience, salary. R., 148 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, experienced; manufacturing line. Apply by letter only, Equity Mfg. Co., 130 West 17th.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, also knowledge of stenography, by dress house. Address J. B., 176 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Must be typist and stenographer, cloak and suit experience. Kagel & Kagel, 39 West 32d St.

BOOK SALESWOMAN, experienced, for a $50 per week proposition; suited to present national conditions; sales steadily increasing; salary and commission. The King-Richardson Co., Springfield, Mass.

GIMBEL BROTHERS, NEW YORK,
Require the services of
Experienced Saleswomen
for their Housefurnishing Department.
Apply Superintendent's Office, 5th Floor.

GIRLS wanted in coupon department of downtown financial institution; must be of neat appearance and write clear hand; salary $8 per week. T 270 Times Downtown.

GOVERNESS wanted to care for two children, 3½, 8½ years old; must speak German and English; references required. Apply Tuesday, between 10-1. Dr. Horowits, 61 West 73d.

GOVERNESS wanted, experienced; call with reference Tuesday and Wednesday morning, 9 to 10, Hotel Ansonia, 73d St., Broadway; Apartment 137, 3d floor. Dannenberg.

MAID for general housework. 17 Chestnut St., Flushing, L. I. Phone 277 Flushing.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR, experienced, to distribute, set-up, and run; call Bryant Multigraph Co., 18 West 42d St.

NURSES.—Under-graduate nurses. Apply 10 A. M., New York Orthopaedic Hospital, 420 East 59th St.

REGISTERED SCHOOL FOR NURSES. SYDENHAM HOSPITAL, 348 East 116th Street, New York City. A few vacancies exist for women desiring two or three years' training; diploma granted after passing successful examination. Apply by letter or in person, Superintendent of Nurses.

SALESGIRL EXPERIENCED IN CONFECTIONERY; PERMANENT POSITION; REFERENCE. SCHRAFFTS, 11 W. 34TH ST.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, expert operator, with initiative, commercial experience, capable assuming responsibility; preferably familiar electrical and engineering expressions, good at figures; $20 with advancement; Christian firm; vicinity Grand Central. J 175 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—A good position is open in the offices of one of our department managers for an experienced stenographer; preferably one who can operate the Oliver machine; must be able to take notes rapidly and to transcribe them accurately and neatly; there is a splendid opportunity here for one who can fulfill these requirements. Apply J. S. Elliott, National Cloak and Suit Co., 207 West 24th St., New York.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced and intelligent; capable taking rapid dictation and transmitting same accurately; rapid advancement to right party; state nationality; $12. D 318 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER with experience in stock brokerage work and who can relieve at switchboard. Mr. Jordan, care of E. Bunge & Co., 44 Broad St.

STENOGRAPHER, one year's experience, for general office work; refined surroundings; state salary and religion. O 83 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, experienced; salary $12. Call Consolidated Manufacturing Co., 130 Washington Place, near 6th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST, competent American girl, with executive ability; reference requested. P 41 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, office assistant; state experience, references, salary. Address L. J., Station O, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Must have experience, good ears and salary expected. D 311 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Female

STENOGRAPHER, who can operate dictaphone; state experience; Protestant organization. Address F 165 Times.

TEACHERS.—An exceptional opportunity for normal school or college trained women in high-class traveling position; must be 25 to 40 years of age, good personality, and able to demonstrate the fundamental principles of pedagogy; salary and commission; $1,500 to $2,500 per year. N. C. McReynolds, 347 8th Av., New York. Vanderbilt 4885. Call afternoons, 2 to 5.

WOMAN wanted; experienced corset and undermuslin woman for New York State specialty house. Apply by mail, giving telephone number, to W. A. Dodd, 404 4th Av.

YOUNG LADIES, American, neat appearance, rapid and conscientious; good opportunity, salary depending on ability. Call Room 1601, 50 East 42d St., after 5:30 P. M., Tuesday.

Employment Agencies.

BOOKKEEPERS.—A LARGE NUMBER OF OPENINGS, ALL SALARIES, ALL LINES OF BUSINESS.
CALL, 9 TO 1 DAILY.
NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, ROOM 725, 30 CHURCH ST., N. Y. CITY.

STANDARD COMMERCIAL BUREAU, (Agency,) 185 Madison Av., at 34th St.—Worth-while positions with worth-while uptown and downtown firms for worth-while young business girls, beginners or experienced; no registration fee, just a standard. Miss Shelley, Prop.

STENOGRAPHERS, $75; monthly, commercial law, $15; many positions at $10; ledger clerks, $15; hours 9-5, (downtown;) discount clerks, $10; typists, $10, Jersey City; assistant bookkeepers, Jersey City, $10; bookkeeper, stenographers, Brooklyn, $15; office assistants, $8; beginner stenographers, $12; no registration fee. Diehl Agency, 20 Vesey St.

EFFICIENT EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE Agency, 10 East 43d.—Assistant advertising manager, knowledge layout and type, $25. Miss Budenbender, Prop.

F. X. GOGGIN, Agency, 200 Broadway.—Register free; superior stenographers, typists, clerks, telephone operators, brokerage experience, $15.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, Wall St., $15; stenographer, automobile, $15; bookkeeper, Wall St., $22. Office Service Co., 149 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers; numerous positions unfilled; free registration. Van Tyn Agency, 1 West 34th St.

STENOGRAPHERS, (French-Spanish); bookkeepers; bill clerks; typists; clerks. Mighill Agency, Flatiron Building.

STENOGRAPHERS - SECRETARIES, (brokerage,) $20; bookkeeper-typists, $15. Wall Street Agency, 20 Broad.

CLERICAL.— Stenographers, typists, Edison dictaphone operator switchboard. Florence Block Agency, 47 West 42d St.

STENOGRAPHER, $18, $12, $8; law, four, $10; three, $15; bookkeeper, $20; clerks, $15, $10. Jupp Agency, 87 Nassau.

STENOGRAPHERS, Switchboard Operator, and Typist; good positions. Tighe-Murphy Agency, 99 Nassau.

STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeeper, typist, $15; adding machine operators, clerks. Hirst Occupational Exchange, 95 Liberty St.

STENOGRAPHERS, typists, bookkeepers, clerks; permanent. Doyle Agency, 154 Nassau; 39 East 42d.

Instruction.

STENOGRAPHERS WANTED.
The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented; why not qualify when in days the average student writes 100 words per minute by Boyd's Syllab-ic Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Special Summer rates. Call, write, or telephone for three trial lessons and convince yourself. MOORE SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., 527 West 181st St., N. Y., and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

$10
this week only, day or night, pays for complete course in Stenography, Typewriting, Telegraphy; positions guaranteed. Est. 1884. Gaffey's School, 25-27 West 34th St.

FILING AND SECRETARIAL COURSES. Instruction in day and evening classes. NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING, Singer Building, N. Y.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, experienced in the handling of men and in auditing and preparing financial statements. Send written application, with full statement of past experience and references, to Z 299 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT.—Experienced junior in office of certified public accountant; state age, nationality, experience, and salary desired. T 274 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING MAN ON ROAD FOR LEADING TRADE PAPER, CHIEF CITIES; COMMISSION AND EXPENSES. O 176 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, over 30, experienced double entry, voucher system factory; good, quick worker; state age, stating particulars, salary, Electrical Testing Laboratories, 80th St. and East End Av.

AUTOMOBILE SALESMAN, on commission and salary basis, Ford, Reo, Stearns-Knight, and automobile trucks; good opportunity for right man. Call at once, Lackawanna Garage Inc., 55 Park Pl., Hoboken.

BOOKKEEPER wanted; New York Stock Exchange firm has excellent opening for young man, with bookkeeping experience, in Wall St.; write with full record, which will be treated in confidence; state salary desired. M 297 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant; must have knowledge of stenography and typewriting and be a good penman; state age, salary expected, &c. P 31 Times.

BOY.—Respectable, intelligent boy wanted to start work July 2 in large steamship office; American, English, Scotch, or Irish; about 14 years old; $5 week to begin. Address Ocean, M 291 Times Downtown.

BOYS.—Bright young boys, 15 to 17 years, neat appearance, for stock and apprentice salesmen; positions permanent. Apply personally or by letter, Revillon Freres, 26 West 35th St.

BOY, typewriter and switchboard operator; one who is willing to make himself useful generally. W. C., Times Harlem.

BOYS in large manufacturing concern to learn the business; good future for bright, steady workers. M 256 Times Downtown.

BOY.—Bright, courteous, school graduate, about nineteen, in office; $30 monthly to start. Pine, 301 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted for mailing department; good opportunity; $6 to start; give age and reference. F 155 Times.

BOY in law office; neat appearing; boy just out of school preferred. Apply Room 1003, 27 William St.

DESIGNER WANTED, EXPERIENCED ON BOYS' WASH SUITS, BY PROMINENT FIRM. F 151 TIMES.

DRAFTSMAN
Wanted—We require the services of a first-class draftsman; preferably one experienced in light machine design and small tools; this is a desirable opening for the right man; in answering please outline your previous experience, specify age, salary expected, nationality, and when available. F 178 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical; unusual opportunity for man who has had designing experience on accurate machinery and knowledge of interchangeable manufacturing; state age, nationality, education, and salary expected. F 153 Times.

DRUG CLERKS wanted, not over 25 years old, ambitious and intelligent, as city and country salesmen; salary and expenses. Apply Tuesday evening, 8 P. M., Aeolian Building, Room 1048, American Druggists' Syndicate.

LANDSCAPE MAN wanted to represent first-class nursery; good proposition; commission or salary. M. H. Harman Nursery Company, Inc., Geneva, N. Y.

LIVE WIRE wanted for factory office of manufacturing concern in Harrison, N. J., to keep manufacturing records, cost books, &c.; state age, previous experience, and salary expected. Address Opportunity, D 314 Times Downtown.

MACHINISTS, moulders, all around men, engine lathe, planer, boring mill, steady work; no labor trouble; good wages. Apply Room 6, Barge Office, Battery Park, New York City.

MACHINISTS.—Milling machine hands for work on small parts for night shift. Apply Mergenthaler Linotype Co., 24 Ryerson St., Brooklyn.

OFFICE BOY.—Young man, 17 to 21, wanted as office boy by real estate office handling business properties; applicant must be bright in appearance, willing to start at starting at a small salary, to learn the business; a good opportunity is offered to one who is serious about entering the real estate business. Address in own handwriting, giving full details, A. Y. Z., 20 Times.

OFFICE BOY with sufficient education to warrant advancement wanted in accounting department; state age, nationality, religious belief, education, and salary expected. T 276 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY wanted, bright, reliable, for good position; reply in own handwriting, giving age and references. T 277 Times Downtown.

PHOTOGRAPHER wanted, who has had experience as salesman; salary and commission. A. M. Simon, 32 Union Square.

REPORTER wanted; out-of-town newspaper; experience required. Address Z 295 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.
Coat and suit salesman for Southern territory; only those with good record will be considered, to handle medium to better line. Address F 157 Times.

SALESMAN WANTED.
The launching of a vigorous nationwide sales campaign necessitates the addition of several experienced men to our co-operative sales organization; we have a unique selling plan whereby capable men, who are salesmen by design and not through the accident of having failed at everything else, can earn, and are now earning, up to $200 weekly; high school education and references necessary; drawing account against commissions; must be over 25 and under 45 years of age. Mr. Clampitt, sixth floor, 120 West 32d St.

SALESMAN WANTED.
Corporation marketing widely advertised product desires immediate services of proved salesman; high integrity, good address, and at least a high school education are essential.
Every co-operation, including drawing account against commissions, will be given man who can qualify; please state age and line sold. Address Box J 70 Times.

SALESMEN. — Two more high-class men wanted immediately by a concern of $21,000,000 of assets; our men making from $250 to $800 per month; brokerage or renewal commissions; increasing income, big future. Apply Mr. Wadsworth, 111 Broadway.

SALESMAN, experienced, for dry goods and notions, thoroughly understanding taking import orders in city. Call between 5 and 6 P. M., Room 1168, Fifth Avenue Building. Reference requested. Commission, with salary possible.

SALESMAN for new $10 automobile accident policy, big commission; the only policy issued which covers drivers and chauffeurs while operating, adjusting or cranking any automobile. Fred J. Schaefer & Co., managers, 1,123 Broadway, New York.

SALESMEN to sell a high-grade electric vacuum cleaner in special campaign; leads furnished; no experience necessary, but will prefer men who have sold sewing machines, talking machines, or similar lines; good commissions. Address J 152 Times.

SALESMEN, live wires, to sell 5, 10, and 15 cent paint brushes as a side line to jobbers, New York, Southern and Middle West States; commission basis; references. D 319 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, covering New York City and vicinity, wanted by muslin underwear and specialty house; only those having a following need apply; commission. F 154 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced popular line of crepe de chine underwear for department stores and office trade, on commission basis. F 156 Times.

SALESMEN, experienced specialty men looking for quick money can make desirable connection on high-grade proposition; commission; see Croft, 15 Park Row.

SALESMAN, experienced in chemicals and allied lines; salary or commission; state full particulars and references. D 316 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted by Japanese importer of silk goods and novelties; must be experienced; commission basis. Address F 118 Times.

SALESMAN, fair education, work evenings; leads furnished; commission. All day, 132 Nassau St., Room 305. See Mr. Shapiro.

SALESMAN for kimonos for South; commission basis. American Silk Garment Mfg. Co., 18 West 21st.

STENOGRAPHER.—Growing automobile factory, New York City, requires stenographer in its sales department; must be neat and accurate and possess initiative and perseverance; capable of handling filing system; splendid opportunity in a profitable industry; application must be typewritten; salary, $15. F 158 Times.

STENOGRAPHER wanted in factory office; chance to learn interesting business and advance; those not desiring permanent position need not apply; state age, experience, and salary expected. O 70 Times.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER in public accountants' office; must be familiar with use of wide carriage machine; state salary expected. T 281 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant; experienced young man; good opportunity. Apply in person to H. W. Tetjen, 45 Pearl St.

STOCK SALESMEN WANTED.
We want ten high-class, clean-cut stock salesmen with unimpeachable record, highest class references, to present the security of new oil and refining company owning properties in Wyoming, Oklahoma, Texas, Louisiana, and Kentucky; liberal commission basis. Apply in person, with references, 10 to 2; except Saturdays, Okla-Wyo Oil and Refining Co., Suite 901, 160 Broadway.

TECHNICAL MEN.
Mechanical, age 25 to 27 years, to start with the sales department of a large company; must have high school training, experience record and photograph; salary $100 per month to start; big opportunity for training and advancement; only those who have shown in their letters that they have the right training and ability will be even considered. Technical, Box 206 Times Downtown.

TO REAL SALESMEN.
I want to interview two men who can make good in a sales organization, where ordinary results mean $10,000 to $20,000 commission per year; they must be real men of character, fluent talkers, quick thinkers, with force and earnestness, who can prove fitness for association with business of high quality and absolute integrity; to the men I seek an immediate income is assured, and prompt advancement to managerial position is certain. This is a genuine offer and a real opportunity, and should appeal to the best salesmen in New York. Telephone Cortlandt 4881 for appointment after 9:30 A. M.

WINDOW TRIMMER and card writer for Indianapolis (Ind.) department store; kindly call with samples of work, 5:30 Tuesday evening. Ben F. Levis, 72 Madison Av.

YOUNG MAN wanted in ship brokers' office, about 18 years old, as assistant; some familiarity with accounts and typewriting desirable; answer in own handwriting, stating experience and references. Trustworthy, M 300 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted to take care of cash; must be honest and have knowledge of bookkeeping. Call any time between 11 and 12, H. & I. Newman, 406 East 103d St., Harlem Market, New York.

YOUNG MAN about 18 for clerical work in office

CREDITORS AFTER KENNEDY'S ASSETS

Seek Involuntary Bankruptcy for Concern with French War Contracts.

$11 FOUND IN TWO BANKS

District Attorney Cables to Budapest for Information Before Submitting Case to Grand Jury.

Kennedy, Mitchell & Co., Inc., which occupied the ground and first floor at 35 Wall Street, employed eighty clerks, and announced possession of contracts worth 600,000,000 francs for reconstruction in France, had shrunk yesterday afternoon to a working staff of three, consisting of a man, a young woman stenographer, and a boy telephone operator. During the day Deputy Sheriffs paid a visit to the offices to execute a judgment for $600 obtained by L. H. Bigelow, a stationer. Daniel W. Blumenthal of 35 Nassau Street, representing several creditors, filed a petition in involuntary bankruptcy with Federal Judge Mayer against the corporation.

The investigation to discover how the firm handled more than $300,000 received from Hungarians to be transmitted to Hungary continued at the office of the District Attorney, where it was said that a cablegram from Budapest was awaited to complete the case for presentation to the Grand Jury. Books of the firm show a deposit of $9 in one bank and $2 in another.

No word was received in this city yesterday to show whether or not William A. Kennedy, President of the corporation, who is on his way to Spain, had arrived there. It was learned that, with the departure of Kennedy the organization of the corporation had almost entirely dissolved, and the District Attorney is now having great difficulty in determing how far those who held offices and Directorships were familiar with its operations for several months past. The evidence indicates that Kennedy was practically all powerful in its affairs.

Evidence came to light yesterday and will be submitted to the District Attorney or to Federal authorities that Kennedy, in his efforts to interest capital in his ambitious financial and engineering plans, had stated in writing that stock to the amount of $5,000,000 had been purchased by European firms. At present Kennedy, Mitchell & Co., Inc., is capitalized at $10,000,000.

Among the operations directed by Kennedy, as alleged in one of the civil suits pending against him, was an attempt to raise a vast sum to employ Hungarian, Slovak, Italian, and other foreign politicians, writers, and labor leaders to enter upon a campaign to persuade foreign laborers to remain in this country after the war. This plan was launched late last Fall when Bethmann Hollweg's last proffer of peace was made. From high-paid German and Hungarian employes, who professed to have their fingers on the pulse of both allied and Teutonic statesmen, Kennedy had information which evidently convinced him that an early peace was certain. On his staff were men receiving salaries from $10,000 to $25,000 a year. On their reports that the German peace offer was certain to be accepted, Kennedy either went himself or sent agents to some of the largest industrial corporations in the United States to win subscriptions to keep alien workmen in this country.

Talked with Henry Ford.

Frederick A. De Pillis, a former employe of Kennedy, Mitchell & Co., Inc., alleged in a suit for salary and commissions against the firm that Kennedy has personally had a long interview with Henry Ford at Detroit on this subject and that his representatives laid the plan before officers of Armour & Co. in Chicago and before steel manufacturers and other large employers of labor. Nothing has been found to show whether any considerable sum of money was raised to finance this program.

District Attorney Swann sent a cablegram to Copenhagen to be forwarded to the Hungarian Banking and Trading Company of Budapest, asking that firm whether Peter Nemeth, a Vice President of Kennedy, Mitchell & Co., Inc., had the power of attorney to sign his name for the Hungarian concern. If this cablegram is answered in the negative, the District Attorney will proceed at once to the Grand Jury with the books and accounts of Kennedy, Mitchell & Co. because of the failure to account for more than $800,000 intrusted to the firm to be forwarded to Hungary. Various explanations have been made to the District Attorney of the failure of the books to account for this sum. One is that the money was carried to Hungary by messengers. Another was that Kennedy had taken $350,000 with him on his present trip to settle his Hungarian accounts. Another was that the $350,000 was turned over to the Hungarian Banking and Trading Company in the form of stock in Kennedy, Mitchell & Co.

If this transfer of stock took place, it was done on the authority of Peter Nemeth, acting for the Hungarian firm, acording to a statement to the District Attorney. Nemeth, who is now out on $1,000 bail on a charge of violating an immigration law in entering this country, has been questioned at length by Assistant District Attorney John T. Dooling. Nemeth's story was flatly contradicted yesterday by his private secretary, now living in another State, but who visited the District Attorney's office. He said he had handled all the correspondence between Nemeth and the Hungarian concern until early this year and that the Hungarian Banking and Trading Company had absolutely refused to make any purchases of stock, but agreed to take stock at the end of the war if Kennedy, Mitchell & Co., Inc., had in the meantime made a success. As it is not certain that the cablegram to Budapest, which would have to travel through Germany, will ever arrive at its destination, or that an answer will be received, this testimony may be used as a substitute.

The sudden collapse of Kennedy, Mitchell & Co., Inc., did not surprise Wall Street, where it had been known for weeks that the resources of the firm were exhausted. The dismissal of practically the whole office force became known early this Spring, and later the Mutual Alliance Trust Company, which leased the two floors at 35 Wall Street to the corporation, brought suit for unpaid rent. This company joined with other creditors in the application for a petition in involuntary bankruptcy.

During the little more than a year that he had been in Wall Street as a war financier Kennedy had become well known. When he had a new project to put before men with money, his habit was to give a large formal dinner. Many well-known men had attended these affairs, and several prominent men, including a city Commissioner and a county official, were among those whose names Kennedy used freely as backers of his enterprises. District Attorney Swann did not find evidence that these men had really interested themselves in his plans. Kennedy, who is 40 years of age, is a cripple. Both of his legs are afflicted, and even with the aid of crutches he moved painfully. This naturally attracted attention to him and added to his conspicuousness when stories about his financial methods and his rocketlike rise in the world of big business were discussed.

Says Contracts Are Good.

The only man left at the offices who had a place of any importance in the firm is James Alexander Comar, a Scotchman, who came over to this country at the request of Kennedy late in December of last year. Comar has taken upon himself the office of dealing with excited Hungarian patrons of the firm and others who have besieged it for information regarding money they intrusted to the firm. Comar told Assistant District Attorney Dooling that the contracts for $600,000,000 for rebuilding parts of France are bona fide, and that, if he is allowed to go through with them, Kennedy will be on his feet again. He said that these contracts were not directly with the French Government, but were with a committee appointed by the French Government to contract for reconstruction work. Representatives of the French Government in this country have denied that the contracts held by Kennedy are valid.

Daniel W. Blumenthal of 35 Nassau Street, who represented Frederick A. De Pillis and Mrs. Georgia B. Pratt and acted in behalf of S. Stanwood Menken for the Mutual Alliance Trust Company, in filing the petition in involuntary bankruptcy against Kennedy, Mitchell & Co., Inc., alleged in his complaint that the Wall Street firm was being sued for $35,000 for the Nyres Real Estate Corporation for failure to carry out its contract to purchase the skyscraper at 42 Wall Street. According to allegations made to Assistant District Attorney Dooling, Kennedy, Mitchell & Co., Inc., paid $15,000 on the contract to purchase the building and had a chance to sell it at a profit of $150,000, but refused the offer and were later unable to meet payments on the building. Mr. Blumenthal made the following statement yesterday:

"All of the creditors of Kennedy, Mitchell & Co., Inc., will be invited to join this committee so that quick action can be taken for the interests of all the creditors in order to protect their rights. About four weeks ago I personally called at the offices of Kennedy, Mitchell & Co., where I interviewed one of its representatives. I told him I had information which led me to believe that the statement given out by Kennedy, that the corporation had made a contract for construction work with France calling for more than 73,000,000 francs, was looked upon by my clients, who held more than $23,000 worth of claims against Kennedy, Mitchell & Co., with grave suspicion, and that my clients were under the impression that this information was given out to give Kennedy an opportunity to leave this country.

Could Not Find Kennedy.

"I told the representative that I had personally watched for Kennedy for more than five days at his office and at his home and could find no trace of him. The only answer that I received was 'It is all right; we have just made a 75,000,000-franc contract with France and we have a contract in view with the United States Government involving more than $20,000,000. We are absolutely solvent and Mr. Kennedy will be here tomorrow to see you.' But Kennedy never put in an appearance."

Mrs. Georgia B. Pratt, one of the petitioners, has a claim of $1,000 for salary and expenses in working up the campaign to induce alien workmen to stay in this country, while Frederick A. De Pillis, another petitioner, claims $21,240 for his dismissal in alleged violation of contract and for commissions. John Mitchell, Jr., who was a partner in the concern, but ceased to participate in its affairs several months ago, is now Vice President of the Havana Guarantee Trust Company. At Washington, D. C., where he lives, it was said that he was not in the city, but that he had been out of the Wall Street concern since last year.

ENDED SUFFERING WITH GAS

Mme. Marie Ranke, Playwright, Left Note Explaining Suicide.

Coroner Mills of Chappaqua, after an investigation yesterday into the death of Mme. Marie Ranke, a playwright, of 22 West Seventy-second Street, Manhattan, who was found dead in a gas-filled room at the Burke Foundation, on the outskirts of White Plains, on Sunday night, discovered a letter in which she said she was going to end her life because she suffered from rheumatism. He decided that she had committed suicide.

Mme. Ranke, who was 67 years old, went to the Foundation three weeks ago for treatment. She occupied one of the cottages, and some time during the night she made her way to the kitchen and turned on the gas.

RIPWOOD

Low enough in front to be comfortable, high enough in back to be correct in style. "Ripwood" is *the* collar for warm days.

E&W
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KILL TWO STRIKERS RESISTING GUARDS

Twelve Injured in Clash with New Men Engaged by Hermann-Aukam Company.

FIGHT LASTS FOUR HOURS

Six Arrested on Charges of Murder —Jersey Troops Called to Enforce Order at South River.

Special to The New York Times.

SOUTH RIVER, N. J., June 11.—State troops, quartered near this place and members of the Home Defense League were called out this afternoon to preserve order in the vicinity of the Hermann-Aukam handkerchief factory, following a pitched battle, which lasted four hours, this morning between strikers from the factory and strikebreakers and guards. Two men were killed and a dozen others injured in the fight.

The strike began three months ago but there had been no previous outbreaks. The men on strike, most of whom are Russians, learned yesterday that their employers had arranged to import a trainload of strikebreakers from New York and a deputation of fifty went to the Raritan River Railroad station to await developments. As soon as the strikebreakers, under a guard of twenty men, had alighted from the train the Russians began attacking them with sticks, bottles, and other missiles. Guards fired several shots in the air and this brought a hundred or more strikers and sympathizers from nearby places.

Several shots were fired into the mob by the guards, and the strikers retaliated with another volley of missiles. One of the guards attempted to arrest Vincent Sosnowski, a strike leader. According to bystanders Sosnowski seized a stone, beat the guard senseless, and made a break for liberty. The next instant a shot was fired, and Sosnowski fell dead.

In the meantime the guards had fought their way to the factory with the exception of one, Gordon Thom, who took refuge in a nearby house. The occupants of the house refused to permit him to stay there, it is said, and Thom was compelled to face a group of strikers waiting for him on the outside. He made a dash through the crowd, firing five shots to bring help. Thom escaped. Ignatz Maum, one of his assailants, was killed in the fight. Maum's aged mother cast herself upon the body and her wailing intensified the feeling of the strikers, who gathered around the body and for hours resisted the attempts of the authorities to remove it.

With the arrival of Sheriff Edward F. Houghton and a force of deputies, assisted by a number of volunteer assistants, the mob was dispersed. At night patrols in the vicinity of the factory were established.

Prosecutor Joseph E. Stricker came from New Brunswick, and after a preliminary investigation ordered the arrest of six men against whom he made charges of murder. They are Gordon Thom and James Van Allen, guards, and Alexander Tliti, Adolph Murkski, Anton Rabosski, and Mike Delkoss, strikers. The men were taken to New Brunswick, as the authorities feared a demonstration if they were kept here.

Today's trouble recalls the riot two years ago in Roosevelt, a few miles from South River, in which several were killed and many injured. The Roosevelt outbreak started from similar causes. According to the authorities, several of the rioters here also took part in the Roosevelt disorders.

TO TAKE UP COAL JUGGLING.

Report of Manufacturers' Association Will Be Laid Before Commission

The report of the Committee on the Coal Situation of the Manufacturers and Business Men's Association of Brooklyn, putting the blame for high prices and the alleged coal shortage on the speculators and the coal sales agents, was adopted by the association yesterday at its special meeting. Judson G. Wall, Chairman of the Committee on the Coal Situation, said the report had been adopted without discussion. The committee found there was not a shortage in coal, but the crisis was caused by a juggling of prices by sales agents and speculators.

Within a few days the committee will visit Washington to lay its findings before the Federal Trade Commission. The association wants Congress to give the Federal Trade Commission power to fix the prices at the mines; to determine what is a reasonable profit, and to see that an adequate supply is made available for retailers and consumers.

WIFE SUES HARRY FOX.

One of Dolly Sisters Asks Divorce from Vaudeville Actor.

Mrs. Yancsi Dolly Fox, one of the Dolly sisters, filed suit in the Supreme Court yesterday for a divorce from Harry Fox, vaudeville actor, whom she married in Greenwich, Conn., in 1914. She alleges misconduct by her husband with various women during the last few months in New York and elsewhere.

Mrs. Fox, her husband, her sister, Rozsika Dolly, and the latter's husband, Jean Schwartz, song writer, all received articles of jewelry under the will of James Buchanan (Diamond Jim) Brady.

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6 Wall Street

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Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—Platinum bar pin containing 19 diamonds, going from Flatbush to Frederick Loeser's. Liberal reward, no questions asked, if returned to H. A. Cobb, 2,114 Albemarle Terrace, Brooklyn. Telephone Flatbush 3551.

LOST—Diamond Brooch, keepsake, after midnight Thursday evening, Justine Johnstone Club; $100 reward; no questions asked. Bessie Kugeloff, 2,728 Broadway.

LOST—Sunday afternoon, between Fulton subway and Jersey Central, small gold monogrammed watch on fleur-de-lis pin; liberal reward. Apt. 62, 130 Claremont Av., city.

LOST—A vanity case, with the initials "I. V. C.," dropped on Midland Beach, Staten Island. Reward if returned to Midland Beach Company.

LOST—Red Chow dog, strayed from 729 Park Av. on Thursday; liberal reward; no questions asked. Morgan J. O'Brien. Rhinelander 9462.

LOST—Diamond brooch, about 54 diamonds; return, and receive very satisfactory reward. R. Atkins, 245 West 69th. Columbus 6468.

LOST or STRAYED.—White cat; one green and one blue eye; name Mother; reward. Emma Bruns, 8 East 33d.

LOST—Friday afternoon, in 42d St., envelope of private papers; reward. Address R. Wightman, Saybrook, Conn.

LOST—Will party finding painting of deer, 7th Av. bus, Friday, notify Eleanor Hotchkiss, 200 West 118th St. Morningside 9020.

LOST—On Saturday, small oval diamond broach, with pearl ends; keepsake; liberal reward. Hotel Ansonia. Apt 418.

LOST—Bag, green and blue, beaded; reward. Return Mrs. Leary, 610 West 111th.

LOST—Mesh bag, initials A. G. T. Reward. Tunewell, 523 West 112th.

LOST.—Watch fob, onyx stone, June 10; reward. Chapman, 154 West 106th.

$300 REWARD, no questions; diamond brooch, yellow topax centre, few pearls; lost Sunday night, June 10, between Biltmore Hotel and Cort Theatre, or in theatre. Return cashier, Biltmore.

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